

prescribed by any health care provider who is licensed to write prescriptions. Talk to your health care provider if you think PrEP might be right for you. PrEP can be

Before beginning PrEP, you must take an HIV test to make sure you don't have HIV.

 Routinely as recommended for follow-up visits, HIV tests, and prescription refills or shots. You need to visit your health care provider again:

If you have any side effects while taking PrEP that become severe or don't go away.

If you don't have a health care provider, visit www.preplocator.org.

remembering to take PrEP pills as prescribed, or want to stop PrEP. Talk to your health care provider if you plan to miss a PrEP shot appointment, have trouble



also receive co-pay assistance from drug manufacturers or patient advocacy foundations. PrEP is covered by most insurance programs and state Medicaid plans. You may

Learn more at www.readysetprep.hiv.gov. The Ready, Set, PrEP program makes PrEP available at no cost to those who qualify.



medication assistance programs that may help pay for PrEP. If you do not have insurance, your health care provider can direct you to

service organizations for more information. You can also contact your local health department and HIV/AIDS







If you have a partner with HIV and are considering getting pregnant, talk to your health care provider about PrEP if you're not already taking it.

- have used multiple courses of PEP.
 - report continued risk behavior, or

You have been prescribed PEP (post-exposure prophylaxis) and

(for example, cookers).

- spare needles, syringes, or other drug injection equipment
 - have an injection partner with HIV, or

You inject drugs and

- have been diagnosed with an STD in the past 6 months.
 - viral load),
 have not consistently used a condom, or
- have a sexual partner with HIV (especially if the partner has an unknown or detectable

PrEP can help protect you if you DON'T have HIV and ANY of the following apply to you.

PrEP (pre-exposure prophylaxis) can be pills or shots that reduce your chances of getting HIV.

- PrEP can stop HIV from spreading throughout your body.
- PrEP is much less effective when it is not taken as prescribed.

Remember, PrEP protects you against HIV but does not protect against other STDs or prevent pregnancy.





For basic information on HIV, including PrEP, visit www.cdc.gov/hiv/basics.
To locate a PrEP provider near you visit www.preplocater.org.



Scan to learn more!



If you don't have HIV but are at risk, PrEP can help you stay free from HIV.

