

Foodborne Illnesses

Each year, there are about 1,000 foodborne illness outbreaks caused by foods contaminated with bacteria such as *Listeria*, *Salmonella* and *E. coli*. These illnesses sicken 1 out of 6 Americans and cause 3,000 deaths annually. Despite progress in reducing *Listeria* infections, there have been slight increases in *Salmonella* and *E. coli* infections – signaling the need for more work in these areas.

Trends in Food-Borne Illnesses

Key Indicator	2005	2013*	Progress
Rate of <i>Listeria</i> infection in the population (cases per 100,000 population)	0.29	0.26	▲
Rate of <i>Salmonella</i> infection in the population (cases per 100,000 population)	14.53	15.19	▲
Rate of <i>Salmonella</i> serotype Enteritidis (SE) infection in the population (cases per 100,000 population)	2.45	2.59 (2012)	▲
Rate of Shiga toxin-producing <i>Escherichia coli</i> (STEC) O157 infection in the population (cases per 100,000 population)	1.06	1.15	■



Trend in wrong direction



Insufficient Progress



Progress

* 2013 data are preliminary and reflect the most currently available data, unless otherwise noted.

Antibiotic Resistance Threatens our Ability to Fight Infectious Diseases

Each year, antibiotic resistance causes more than

2 MILLION illnesses



and

23,000 deaths

