## SAFER FOOD CHOICES FOR PREGNANT PEOPLE

Always follow the four steps to food safety—<u>clean</u>, <u>separate</u>, <u>cook</u>, <u>and chill</u>—to protect yourself from food poisoning. Learn about <u>current foodborne outbreaks</u> and the foods linked to them.



| OODS           |                        | RISKIER CHOICE   | SAFER CHOICE   |
|----------------|------------------------|--|--|
|                | POULTRY &<br>MEAT      | <ul> <li>Raw or undercooked poultry or meat</li> <li>Poultry includes chicken and turkey</li> <li>Meat includes beef, pork, lamb, and veal</li> <li>Unheated deli meat, cold cuts, hot dogs, and fermented or dry sausages</li> <li>Refrigerated pâté or meat spreads</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Poultry and meat <u>cooked to a safe internal temperature</u>. Use a food thermometer to check.</li> <li>All poultry, including ground chicken and turkey, cooked to 165°F</li> <li>Whole cuts of beef, veal, lamb, and pork cooked to 145°F (then allow the meat to rest for 3 minutes before carving or eating)</li> <li>Ground meats, such as beef and pork, cooked to 160°F</li> <li>Deli meat, cold cuts, hot dogs, and fermented or dry sausages heated to 165°F or until steaming hot</li> <li>Pâté or meat spreads in sealed, airtight containers that don't need to be kept refrigerated before opening</li> </ul>   |
|                | DELI<br>SALADS         | <ul> <li>Premade deli salads, such as:</li> <li>Coleslaw</li> <li>Potato salad</li> <li>Tuna salad</li> <li>Chicken salad</li> <li>Egg salad</li> </ul>  | Homemade deli salads   |
|                | VEGETABLES<br>& FRUITS | <ul> <li>Any raw or undercooked sprouts, such as alfalfa and bean</li> <li>Unwashed fresh fruits and vegetables, including lettuce and other leafy greens</li> <li>Cut melon left out for more than 2 hours (1 hour if it's exposed to temperatures hotter than 90°F, such as a picnic or hot car)</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Cooked sprouts (until steaming hot)</li> <li>Washed vegetables and fruits (washed and then cooked are safest)</li> <li>Freshly cut melon or cut melon kept refrigerated for 7 or fewer days</li> </ul>  |
|                | JUICE                  | <ul> <li>Unpasteurized juice or cider</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Pasteurized juice or cider</li> <li>Unpasteurized juice or cider brought to a rolling boil and boiled for at least 1 minute before drinking</li> </ul>  |
|                | MILK                   | <ul> <li>Unpasteurized (raw) milk, and dairy products made from raw milk</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Pasteurized milk, and dairy products made from pasteurized milk</li> </ul>  |
|                | CHEESE                 | <ul> <li>Soft cheese made from unpasteurized (raw) milk—for example, queso fresco, brie, camembert, and blue-veined cheese</li> <li>Unheated cheese sliced at a deli</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Hard cheese, such as cheddar and swiss</li> <li>Cottage cheese, cream cheese, string cheese, and feta</li> <li>Pasteurized soft cheeses heated to an internal temperature of 165°F or until steaming hot</li> <li>Deli-sliced cheeses heated to 165°F or until steaming hot</li> </ul>  |
|                | EGGS                   | <ul> <li>Raw or undercooked (runny) eggs, and foods that contain raw or undercooked eggs, such as</li> <li>Caesar salad dressing</li> <li>Raw cookie dough or raw batter</li> <li>Homemade eggnog</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Eggs cooked until the yolks and whites are firm</li> <li>Egg dishes (frittata, quiche, casserole) cooked to an internal temperature of 165°F if they contain meat or poul</li> <li>Egg dishes cooked to an internal temperature of 160°F if they do not contain meat or poultry</li> <li>Pasteurized eggs in foods that will not be cooked to a safe temperature, such as mousse and salad dressing</li> </ul>  |
|                | SEAFOOD                | <ul> <li>Raw or undercooked fish or shellfish, including sashimi, sushi, and ceviche</li> <li>Refrigerated smoked seafood (except in a cooked dish). Refrigerated smoked seafood is usually labeled as "nova-style," "lox," "kippered," "smoked," or "jerky"</li> <li>Fish that contain high amounts of mercury, such as <ul> <li>Shark</li> <li>Swordfish</li> <li>King mackerel</li> <li>Tilefish</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Fish cooked to a safe internal temperature of 145°F or until the flesh is opaque and separates easily with a for</li> <li>Shellfish cooked until shells open during cooking or until flesh is pearly or white, and opaque</li> <li>After the shells open, boil live oysters for another 3–5 minutes.</li> <li>Smoked fish in sealed, airtight packages or containers that don't need to be kept refrigerated before opening</li> <li>Smoked fish cooked in a casserole or other cooked dishes</li> <li>Canned fish and seafood</li> <li>Fish that contain low amounts of mercury, such as</li> <li>Shrimp</li> <li>Canned light tuna</li> <li>Salmon</li> <li>Pollock</li> <li>Catfish</li> </ul> |
| Center Contest | FLOUR                  | <ul> <li>Raw dough or raw batter made with raw (uncooked) flour</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Food made with flour that is cooked following the package directions or recipe</li> <li>Dough and batter made with heat-treated flour and pasteurized eggs</li> <li>Dough and batter that is labeled "edible" or "safe to eat raw"</li> </ul>   |
|                |                        |  | Accessible version: https://www.cdc.gov/foodsafety/communication/pregnant-people.h   |