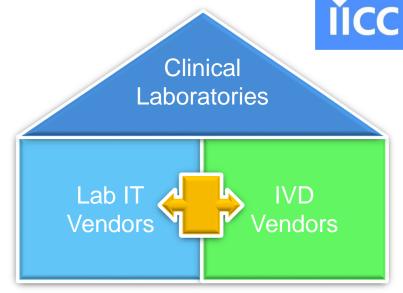
IVD Instrument Standards for Interoperability and the Harmonization of Laboratory Data

What is the IVD Industry Connectivity Consortium?

- Mission
 - Modernize connectivity between laboratory IT systems and analyzers
 - Enable clinical laboratories to achieve more and spend less
- Members: Abbott Laboratories, A&T, Beckman Coulter, Beckton Dickinson, bioMérieux, Data Innovations, Hitachi, IZASA SA, Orchard Software, Ortho Clinical Diagnostics, Roche Diagnostics, Samsung, Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics, Sunquest Information Systems, and Systelab Technologies SA.



Mission: "To create and ensure adoption of an interoperable connectivity paradigm to reduce the complexity and variability of data exchange between IVD testing systems and healthcare informatics systems"

Improve IVD Instrument Connectivity



- Time and money spent on interfacing should be spent elsewhere
- The ideal endpoint is plug and play interoperability
- Complexity can be reduced via elimination of variability in standards implementation at three layers:
 - Use Case Layer (major variation)
 - Messaging Layer (major variation)
 - Low Level Layer (minor variation)



Technology Adoption

- Partner with CLSI
- Laboratory standards publication of AUTO16

Use Case Layer

- Partner with IHE
- Created IHE's LAW (Laboratory Analytical Workflow)

Message Layer

- Partner with HL7
- Build on the work of HL7's v2.x Standard

Low Level Layer

- Partner with HL7
- Build on the work of HL7's MLLP (Minimal Low Level Protocol)

LAW Laboratory Analytical Workflow



- Standardizes the data flow of IVD patient and QC analytical work order steps (AWOS) and test results between instruments, middleware, and LIS systems
- Is commercially available and <u>ready for implementation</u>
- Is a global standard
- Will be published as CLSI AUTO16, replacing LIS01 and LIS02
- Substantially reduces connectivity installation cost and time

LAW Laboratory Analytical Workflow

ĬICC

- Support for IA, CC, Hematology, Microbiology, and Molecular testing
- Improves integrity of patient test result data
- Requires unique identification of each order request at the test or test panel level
- Supports LOINC, JLAC10, and SNOMED CT vocabularies
- Requires **UCUM** vocabulary
- Requires identification of the instrument performing the test and supports Unique Device Identifier (UDI)
- Provides the ability to capture and send better structured,
 standardized data from the lab

LIVD LOINC for IVD

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- Industry format for publication of LOINC codes for vendor IVD test results
- Human readable for use by laboratory personnel
- Enables automatic mapping of IVD vendor test results by the LIS
- Developed in collaboration with



















LIVD LOINC for IVD Content



- Supports localization
- Distinguishes between multiple vendor IVD instruments or manual test kits
- Supports Unique Device Identifier (UDI) for IVD instrument
- Captures the vendor's test result identification information
- Establishes the LOINC code for a specific configuration of an IVD Test Result

Vendor IVD Test Result Data



Data Element	Description
Vendor Analyte Code	Vendor Transmission Code for LIS reporting or Analyte Identifier for manual tests
Vendor Analyte Name	The human-readable test result name
Vendor Specimen Description	Is it serum, plasma, urine, etc.
Vendor Result Description	mg/dL, mmol/L, Binary (positive/negative)
Vendor Reference ID	For example, a reference to a package insert
Vendor Comment	Any further clarification to help IVD test result identification by a human

LIVD Table Format



- A spreadsheet format intended for use by a human
- The spreadsheet contains a worksheet for the mapping content, with each row of the worksheet containing an individual test result mapping to LOINC
- It is possible for a laboratory to combine spreadsheets from multiple vendors into a single spreadsheet

Demonstration of LIVD Table Format



See PDF Agenda Item #15b

https://wwwn.cdc.gov/cliac/Meetings/MeetingDetails.aspx#Docs

LAW & LIVD Summary



- An IVD Test Result's journey to an electronic data repository of Real-World Data (RWD) begins at the IVD Instrument
- Real-World Data must be Complete, Consistent, Accurate, and Contain all Critical Data Elements
- LAW and LIVD help IVD Test Results meet this criteria at the very beginning of the journey
- LAW and LIVD are the first steps to enabling Real-World Evidence (RWE) based on IVD Test Results

Next Steps



- Publish LAW as the CLSI AUTO16 standard
- Formalize the LIVD HL7 FHIR definition
- Explore Clinical IVD Value Set Mapping as part of the SHIELD initiative

References



LAW Profile – http://bit.ly/ihe_law_profile

LIVD Specification – http://bit.ly/iicc_livd

LIVD LOINC for IVD Participating Organizations

- Abbott Laboratories
- Advanced Medical Technology Association (AdvaMed)
- Association of Public Health Laboratories (APHL)
- BD Life Sciences
- bioMerieux
- Cerner Corporation
- Epic
- Geisinger Health System
- Health Level Seven® (HL7®)
- IHE Pathology and Laboratory Medicine (PaLM) Technical Committee
- Intelligent Medical Objects, Inc

- Medical Device Innovation Consortium (MDIC)
- Orchard Software
- Phast
- Regenstrief Institute, Inc.
- Roche Diagnostics International, Ltd
- Swiss Laboratory Interoperability Interest Group (Joint Venture of FAMH.ch, IHE-Suisse.ch, HL7.ch, SULM.ch)
- U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)
- U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)
- U.S. National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health (NLM/NIH)
- Vernetzt, LLC





Thank You!

www.ivdconnectivity.org