Introduction to Digital Pathology

MariBeth Gagnon, MS CT(ASCP)HTL CDC/OSELS/LSPPPO/DLSS

CLIAC Meeting February 14, 2012



Office of Surveillance, Epidemiology, and Laboratory Services Laboratory Science, Policy and Practice Program Office

Outline

- Definition
- Background
- Purpose for CLIAC Discussion
- Questions for CLIAC Consideration
- Introduction of Speakers

Definition

- Digital Pathology is an image-based information environment enabled by computer technology that allows for the management of information generated from a digital slide.
- Digital pathology is enabled in part by <u>virtual</u> <u>microscopy</u>, which is the practice of converting glass slides into digital slides that can be viewed, managed, and analyzed.

- 1993: CDC Symposium on Cytology Proficiency Testing decided one alternative to glass slide testing might be a computer-based test
- 1995: CDC awarded cooperative agreements



1996: CDC developed a computer-based image capture system called MicroScreen 1997: First demo of MicroScreen for CLIAC



2003 First Annual Virtual Slide Symposium sponsored by the Medical University of South Carolina

- First meeting for pathologists interested in digital pathology
- Only one meeting took place, but a publication resulted
- 2005 CRC published Virtual Microscopy and Virtual Slides in Teaching, Diagnosis, and Research
- 2006 Advancing Pathology Informatics Imaging and the Internet (APIII) added a track for imaging
- 2010 Pathology Informatics
 - APIII merged with Lab InfoTech Summit



Technology Changes

- Digital camera
- Stacker
- Viewer Programs
- Whole slide capability
- Portable options
- Focal plane







Glass slide Microscopy

- View with microscope
- Only view one slide at a time
- Subjective manual analysis
- Sharing FOV requires attachment
- Burdensome archive and retrieval
- Slides break
- Pointer and describe orally
- Multi planes to focus through
 Source of images Google images



Digital Pathology

- View by computer monitor
- Tile multiple images for comparing
- Software analysis
- Share images with multiple sites
- Instant archive and retrieval
- Image is permanent
- Text annotation
- Best focal plane on flat image

Purpose for CLIAC Discussion

- Introduce the topic of digital pathology for CLIAC consideration
- Raise issues relevant to implementation in CLIA-certified labs, such as:
 - Interpretation in a CLIA-certified laboratory
 - Establishing or verifying performance
 - How long to keep images

Issues in Digital Pathology Questions for CLIAC Consideration

- 1. What steps can HHS take to facilitate the safe development and implementation of digital pathology?
- 2. Should HHS provide a clarification of the requirements that impact digital pathology? Possible CLIA issues might include:
 - a. Test system verification
 - b. Personnel
 - c. Definition of "laboratory"
 - d. Record retention

3. Are there non-CLIA regulatory issues to consider?

Introduction of Speakers

- Richard C. Friedberg, MD PHD, FCAP Baystate Health
- Digital Pathology: The Pathologist's Perspective
 Tremel Faison MS, RAC, SCT(ASCP); FDA-OIVD
- FDA Regulation of Whole Slide Imaging (WSI) Devices: Current Thoughts
- Aldo Badano; FDA-OVID
- FDA Research and Scientific Issues in Digital Pathology
- Debra Sydnor; CMS
- CLIA Guidance for Digital Pathology

For more information please contact Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

1600 Clifton Road NE, Mailstop F-11, Atlanta, GA 30333CLIA Information Line: 1-404-498-2290 TTY: 1-888-232-6348E-mail: mgagnon@cdc.govWeb: http://wwwn.cdc.gov/cliac/default.aspx

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

