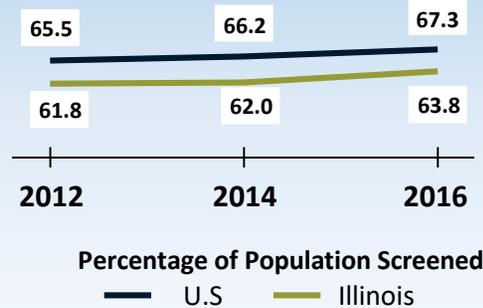


# Colorectal Cancer (CRC) Screening in Illinois

Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System - 2016

## CRC screening test use\* in Illinois has increased since 2012.

In 2016, 63.8% of age-eligible residents had a current CRC screening test. 1.3 million residents were not currently screened. While overall screening test use increased, African Americans and Hispanic/Latinos lagged behind whites when it came to having a current screening test. Screening occurred more frequently in women and people aged 65 to 75, who were likely insured by Medicare.



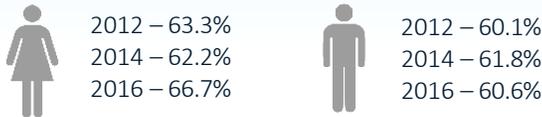
### CRC screening test use, by race/ethnicity:



### CRC screening test use, by insurance status:



### CRC screening test use, by sex:



### CRC screening test use, by age:



Men and women aged 65 to 75 years were eligible for Medicare insurance.

\*Proportion of people who reported completing a screening test for CRC among all people who could be screened based on age (50 – 75 years). People who were current with CRC screening in 2016 either received a home-based blood stool test within the past year; a colonoscopy within the past 10 years; or sigmoidoscopy within the past 5 years combined with a blood stool test within in the past 3 years (2008 US Preventive Services Task Force Recommendations).

**Footnotes:**

Prevalence of screening test use account for the differences in age among states; estimates based on small numbers not shown. The U.S. CRC screening test use prevalence estimate excludes Puerto Rico.

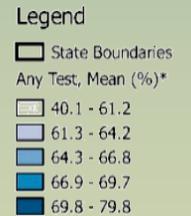
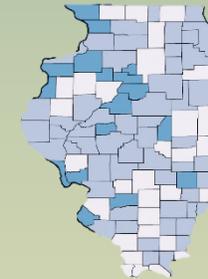
Self-reported screening test use comes from CDC’s Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2016.

Population estimates for states and D.C. are from CDC’s National Center for Health Statistics (released 6/26/2017).

Available on [CDC WONDER](#)

Population estimates for Puerto Rico are from the [U.S. Census Bureau](#), Annual Estimates of the Resident Population: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2016 (Release Date: June 2017).

### Estimated CRC Screening Test Use by County, 2014



County-level CRC testing prevalence was derived from small-area estimate models (Berkowitz, et al. CEBP 2018)

### Factors that affect CRC screening:

Data on factors—such as poverty, educational level, and insurance status—that affect who gets CRC screening tests are available at [statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov](http://statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov)

CRC Screening Info and Resources:

[IL Comprehensive Cancer Control Program](http://IL.ComprehensiveCancerControlProgram)

[www.cdc.gov/cancer/ncccp](http://www.cdc.gov/cancer/ncccp)

[www.cdc.gov/cancer/crccp](http://www.cdc.gov/cancer/crccp)

Learn more about CRC incidence and mortality at [CDC’s Cancer Data Visualizations Tool](#).



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