

# CDC— CHRONIC DISEASE PREVENTION AND HEALTH PROMOTION

FY 2017 President's Budget Request | \$1.12 Billion

## Mission

To lead the nation's efforts to create expertise, information, and tools to support people and communities in preventing chronic diseases and promoting health for all.

## Major Programs

- Alzheimer's Disease
- Arthritis
- Cancer Control
- Community Health
- Diabetes
- Epilepsy
- Good Health and Wellness in Indian Country
- Healthy Youth
- Heart Disease and Stroke
- Nutrition, Physical Activity and Obesity
- Oral Health
- Prevention Research Centers
- Reproductive Health
- Smoking and Tobacco Use
- Teen Pregnancy
- WISEWOMAN

## Goal Highlights

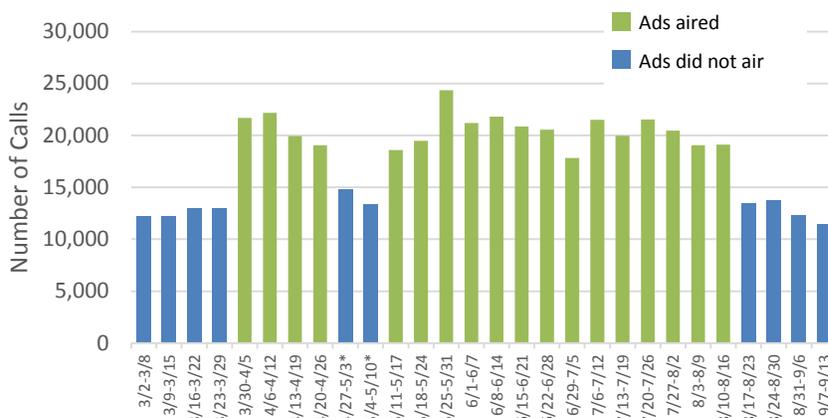
- Monitor, prevent, delay, detect, and control chronic diseases
- Conduct research and translate into practical and effective prevention strategies
- Provide the evidence base to inform implementation of environmental and systems improvements
- Achieve optimal health for all Americans
- Work with partners to increase program reach and effectiveness

## Why We're Here

Chronic diseases...

- Are responsible for 7 of every 10 U.S. deaths
- Account for more than 86% of annual U.S. medical care costs
- Afflict 117 million Americans who live with 1 or more chronic conditions
- Cause major limitations in daily living for about 1 of every 10 Americans
- Are largely preventable

### CDC's Tips from Former Smokers Campaign (TIPS) Dramatically Increased Calls to Tobacco Quitlines<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup> Number of weekly telephone calls made to 1-800-QUIT-NOW before, during, and after CDC's 2015 Tips from Former Smokers campaign in the United States during March 30 - August 16, 2015.

## How We Work

- Epidemiology and Surveillance collects, analyzes, and disseminates data
- Evaluation informs priorities, and monitors programs and population health
- Environmental approaches promote health and support healthful behaviors
- Improved community-clinical linkages ensure people who have or are at high risk for chronic diseases have access to quality community and clinical resources
- Health system interventions improve the effective delivery and use of clinical and other preventive services to reduce or eliminate risk factors, detect diseases early, and mitigate or manage complications



Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

## Impact Highlights



The proportion of persons age 18 and over with high blood pressure who have it controlled increased from 46% in 2010 to 49% in 2014



The rate of teen birth among 15-19 year olds decreased by 9% between 2013 to 2014, from 26.5 per 1,000 to 24.2 per 1,000



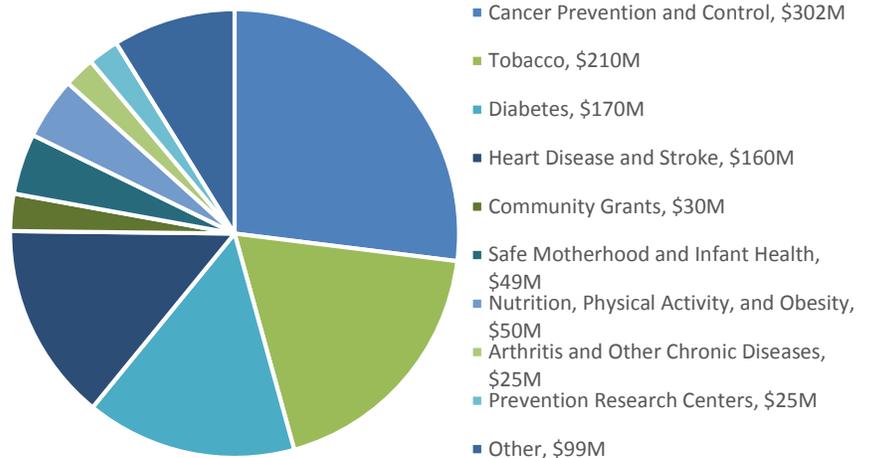
At least 300,000 smokers quit permanently as a result of the first three years of the *Tips* from Former Smokers campaign



Obesity prevalence among children ages 2-5 years dropped significantly from 14% in 2003 to 8% in 2012



## FY 2017 President's Budget Request



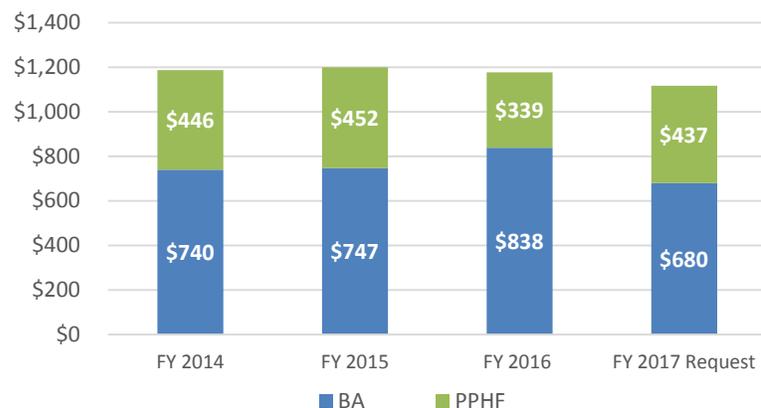
A total of \$1.117 billion requested includes:

- \$60 million below FY 2016 enacted level
- \$680 million in Budget Authority (BA)
- \$437 million from Prevention and Public Health Fund (PPHF)

### Budget Highlights

- A request of \$15 million in dedicated funding for Good Health and Wellness in Indian Country to grow CDC's investment in preventing chronic disease and injury among this disproportionately-impacted population.
- Reduces funding by \$21 million for Racial and Ethnic Approaches to Community Health (REACH), a national initiative to advance health equity and reduce health disparities among African Americans, American Indians, Hispanics/Latinos, Asian Americans, Alaska Natives, and Pacific Islanders. REACH supports community-based programs and culturally tailored interventions to reduce health disparities.
- \$40.8 million below FY 2016 for breast and cervical cancer screening, resulting in approximately 66,000 fewer screenings among low-income, high-risk women, and approximately 1,200 fewer breast and cervical cancers and pre-cancers detected through the National Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection and Control Program.

### Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Funding History



For more information, please visit [www.cdc.gov/budget](http://www.cdc.gov/budget)