What were the goals of the University of Washington HBRN?

The University of Washington Healthy Brain Research Network (UW-HBRN), as part of the UW Health Promotion Research Center, conducted community-based research to promote the health and well-being of middle-aged and older adults with particular focus on those with lower incomes and in ethnic and cultural populations most at risk for health disparities. UW-HBRN's goals included:

1) Establishing a consensus-based research, translation and dissemination agenda for the public health aspects of cognitive health and impairment.

2) Advancing collaborative and applied research in the area of cognitive health and impairment.

3) Supporting fellowship training of UW-HBRN scholars.

What did the UW-HBRN accomplish?

As part of the national HBRN Memory Messaging Workgroup, the UW-HBRN collaborated on cross-site analyses and dissemination efforts tied to a multicenter proof-of-concept study entitled: "Evaluating the Acceptability of Public Health Messages to Promote Early Detection of Dementia in Diverse Audiences Across the Country". Working with regional, state, and national partners, messages were tested with African Americans, Asian Americans, Latinos, and LGBT communities. Findings show that public health messages that incorporate cultural values are needed to encourage early dementia detection, and that those messages need to be culturally appropriate. Findings were presented in a poster session at the Gerontological Society of America 70th Annual Scientific Meeting, Boston, Massachusetts, November 2018.

UW-HBRN shared recommendations and resources to better support Asian American and Pacific Islander (AAPI) communities around dementia through the development and delivery of action guides for service providers and policy makers. One of these products, Connecting with AAPIs About Dementia: An Action Guide for Service Providers was awarded the 2018 APEX Grand Award for Publication Excellence.

UW-HBRN Connecting with AAPIs About Dementia: An Action Guide for Service Providers won the APEX Grand Award for Publications Excellence. In 6 months, the action guide was presented to more than 803 area providers representing over 46 organizations and was also distributed nationwide.

UW-HBRN investigators and scholars also conducted systematic and scoping reviews of scientific literature and informed the field by analyzing national data from sources including Centers for Disease Control (CDC) and Prevention Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. UW-HBRN work produced 12 publications and 38 scientific presentations.
What was the HBRN Scholars Program?

HBRN Scholars collaborated with project partners from the CDC, community partners, and other HBRN universities as part of research and dissemination initiatives. The Scholars Program developed, piloted, and shared models for scholarly engagement in cognitive health and impairment, locally and across the network nationally.

The UW-HBRN trained 11 scholars and trainees across multiple disciplines, some of whom have also received merit-based awards, including HBRN Scholar travel funds from the Alzheimer’s Association.

What is the UW-HBRN legacy?

The UW-HBRN legacy includes a cadre of scholars trained and supported to enter their fields with core competencies in cognitive health and impairment; an expanded, strengthened, and poised network of community organizations and academic centers; scholarly publications and presentations, and culturally relevant, research-based resources that can inform practice and continue to be promoted.

UW researchers, practitioners, and partners continue to build on HBRN efforts to promote cognitive health and to address the health needs of increasing numbers of older Americans living with cognitive impairment and the needs of their caregivers.

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