New HIV Diagnoses in the United States, 2016

In 2016, 39,782 people received an HIV diagnosis. Some groups are more affected than others.

Route of Transmission

- **Male-to-Male Sexual Contact**: 67%
- **Injection Drug Use**: 6%
- **Heterosexual Contact**: 24%
- **Male-to-Male Sexual Contact and Injection Drug Use**: 3%

Race/Ethnicity

- **African Americans**: 44% of all new HIV diagnoses.

Number of diagnoses per 100,000 people**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Males</th>
<th>Females</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Whites</td>
<td>10.6</td>
<td>1.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanics/Latinos*</td>
<td>38.8</td>
<td>5.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blacks/African Americans</td>
<td>82.8</td>
<td>26.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Youth

- **21%**: of all new HIV diagnoses were among youth aged 13 to 24.
- **17%**: were among young gay and bisexual men.
- **9%**: were among young African American gay and bisexual men.

Maximize Your Prevention Efforts. Resources at www.cdc.gov/hiv