## THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH

convenes the

MEETING 40

### ADVISORY BOARD ON

RADIATION AND WORKER HEALTH

VOL. IV DAY THREE

The verbatim transcript of the 40th Meeting of the Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker Health held at the Westin Casuarina, Las Vegas, Nevada, on Sept. 21, 2006.

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#### TRANSCRIPT LEGEND

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-- (sic) denotes an incorrect usage or pronunciation of a word which is transcribed in its original form as reported.

-- (phonetically) indicates a phonetic spelling of the word if no confirmation of the correct spelling is available.

-- "uh-huh" represents an affirmative response, and "uh-uh" represents a negative response.

-- "\*" denotes a spelling based on phonetics, without reference available.

-- (inaudible)/ (unintelligible) signifies speaker failure, usually failure to use a microphone.

	PARTICIPANTS
	(By Group, in Alphabetical Order)
	BOARD MEMBERS CHAIR ZIEMER, Paul L., Ph.D. Professor Emeritus School of Health Sciences Purdue University Lafayette, Indiana EXECUTIVE SECRETARY WADE, Lewis, Ph.D. Senior Science Advisor National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Washington, DC
1 2 3	<u>MEMBERSHIP</u> CLAWSON, Bradley Senior Operator, Nuclear Fuel Handling Idaho National Engineering & Environmental Laboratory GIBSON, Michael H. President
	Paper, Allied-Industrial, Chemical, and Energy Union Local 5-4200 Miamisburg, Ohio GRIFFON, Mark A. President Creative Pollution Solutions, Inc. Salem, New Hampshire
4 5 6	LOCKEY, James, M.D. Professor, Department of Environmental Health College of Medicine, University of Cincinnati

# 6 1 MELIUS, James Malcom, M.D., Ph.D. 2 Director 3 New York State Laborers' Health and Safety Trust Fund 4 Albany, New York MUNN, Wanda I. Senior Nuclear Engineer (Retired) Richland, Washington POSTON, John W., Sr., B.S., M.S., Ph.D. Professor, Texas A&M University College Station, Texas PRESLEY, Robert W. Special Projects Engineer BWXT Y12 National Security Complex Clinton, Tennessee ROESSLER, Genevieve S., Ph.D. Professor Emeritus University of Florida Elysian, Minnesota STAFF LASHAWN SHIELDS, Committee Management Specialist, NIOSH STEVEN RAY GREEN, Certified Merit Court Reporter

### SIGNED-IN AUDIENCE PARTICIPANTS

ANSPAUGH, LARISA ANSPAUGH, LYNN, SC&A BEATTY, EVERETT "RAY", SR., FERNALD ATOMIC CO. BROEHM, JASON, CDC WASHINGTON OFFICE BUCHANAN, RON, SC&A CALLAWAY, ALLEN CARMOUCHE, ROBERT, NTS CHANG, C, NIOSH CHEW, MELTON, ORAU CLAYTON, DOROTHY COMBS-CROFTON, SYLVIA, OCHA NTS COOK, PATRICIA ELLENBERGER, JIM, ORAU ELLISON, CHRIS, NIOSH EVASKOVICH, ANDREW K., INTERNATIONAL GUARDS FITZGERALD, JOSEPH, SC&A FUNK, JOHN R., AVV NEVADA HINNEFELD, STUART, NIOSH HOWELL, EMILY, HHS HYATT, SALLY JACQUEZ-ORTIZ, MICHELE, CONG. TOM UDALL JENSEN, HARRY L. KOTSCH, JEFF, DOL LEWIS, MARK, ATL MAKHIJANI, ARJUN, SC&A MARSHALL, KENNETH MAURO, JOHN, SC&A MCFEE, MATTHEW, ORAUT MCGOLERICK, ROBERT, HHS MILLER, RICHARD, GAP MINGUS, RICHARD, FSI-LLNL WSI PAZ, DR. JACOB PRESLEY, LOUISE S., WIFE OF ROBERT PRESLEY RINGEN, KNUT, CPWR ROBERTSON-DEMERS, KATHY, SC&A ROGERS, KEITH, LAS VEGAS REVIEW-JOURNAL ROHRIG, NORMAN ROLFES, MARK, NIOSH OCAS ROZNER, KATHLEEN, SEN. REID RUIZ, HARRIET

RUTHERFORD, LAVON, NIOSH SCHAEFFER, D. MICHAEL, SAIC SHELL, LULA, AVV NEVADA SMITH, BILLY P., MH CHEW AND ASSOCS. STAUDT, DAVID, CDC ULSH, BRANT, NIOSH ZACCHERS, MARY JO, ORAU ZIEMER, MARILYN

# PROCEEDINGS

(8:35 a.m.)

# WELCOME AND OPENING COMMENTS DR. PAUL ZIEMER, CHAIR

1	DR. ZIEMER: Good morning, everyone. We're going to
2	get underway this morning. This is the third
3	day of meeting 40 of the Advisory Board on
4	Radiation and Worker Health. Welcome again to
5	everyone.
6	As is usual I'll remind you to register your
7	attendance in the registration book in the
8	foyer.
9	Lew, do you have any preliminary comments for
10	the Board or the assembly?
11	DR. WADE: Well, only to thank the Board for
12	its work to this point, and we look forward to
13	another very productive day. Your
14	professionalism and dedication is is noted.
15	I guess I would like to determine if Mike
16	Gibson is on the line?
17	MR. GIBSON: Yes, on here.
18	DR. WADE: Is Mike with us this morning? Yes,
19	Mike is with us.
20	DR. ZIEMER: Mike is with us. Thank you. And

1 2 DR. WADE: I know Mark will be joining us. Mark is here. He'll leave a bit early to go to 3 4 attend to his father, but he'll be with us this 5 morning. 6 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY (LANL) 7 SEC PETITION 8 **DR. WADE:** The first agenda item deals with 9 LANL, and we have a Board member whose waiver 10 has him conflicted at LANL. That's Dr. Poston. 11 So since we're dealing with an SEC petition, 12 our roles are that Dr. Poston would remove 13 himself from the table and not be involved in 14 the discussion. So John, thank you. 15 (Whereupon, Dr. Poston retired from the table 16 and joined the audience.) 17 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, we will proceed then with 18 the LANL SEC petition. The presentation will 19 be made by -- for NIOSH will be made by Stu Hinnefeld, and after that we'll have 20 21 opportunity to hear some comments from Michele 22 Jacquez-Ortiz, and then open the floor for 23 discussion, so... 24 NIOSH PRESENTATION 25 MR. HINNEFELD: Good morning, everybody. Thank

1	you, members of the Board and members of the
2	public, colleagues. Most of you who know me
3	know that I don't typically have a lot to say.
4	A trait in my job recently became a far better
5	trait since I now have many conversations with
6	Kate Kimpan, and since since one of us
7	doesn't have much to say, that keeps the
8	conversations at a reasonable length, so
9	But I'll try to provide sufficient information
10	to to provide an understanding of the
11	evaluation we went through on this particular
12	site.
13	The petition I'm talking about today pertains
14	to a particular type of exposure at the Los
15	Alamos National Laboratory, exposure to a
16	particular isotope, radioactive lanthanum, and
17	there was a specific purpose for those
18	exposures. This is petition number 61. We
19	number petitions in sequence as we receive
20	them, and this was the 61st. And this petition
21	is an 83.14 petition. It occurs under Part 14
22	of the rule regarding SEC classes and the
23	addition of classes to the SEC. Part 14 of the
24	rule is the resolution of cases where NIOSH
25	determines we don't have sufficient

1 information, and so it's not feasible to 2 reconstruct doses for some type of exposure. 3 And in that situation we reach that 4 determination and write an evaluation report 5 and then actually identify a claimant whose claim falls into the class and recruit --6 7 essentially recruit that claimant to be a 8 petitioner for the petition. 9 Now when we do that, we not only evaluate the 10 situation for the particular claimant that 11 we've made the petitioner, so we don't only 12 evaluate the petition, but we evaluate other 13 people whose exposures were similar. In other 14 words, who could not -- who were exposed to 15 this type of exposure that we find reconstruction infeasible and so we define a 16 17 class in that fashion. 18 Of course you're all familiar with the two-19 pronged test that's established by the -- by 20 the law and incorporated into our regulations, 21 Part 42 and Part 43. And the first question, 22 is it feasible to estimate the level of 23 radiation dose to individual members of the 24 class, all the members of the class, with 25 sufficient accuracy. And if it is not, then

1 the second question is is there reasonable 2 likelihood that -- that such radiation dose may 3 have caused harm to the people who were 4 exposed. 5 Okay, the -- at Los Alamos the activities with radioactive lanthanum -- the abbreviation RaLa 6 7 that often is pronounced "ralla" is radioactive lanthanum -- those activities occurred at 8 9 certain selective locations at Los Alamos. 10 Mainly -- that should be TA-10, not T-10 -- TA 11 at Los Alamos is Technical Area, so the plant's 12 divided into technical areas -- at TA-10, which 13 is also known as the Bayo Canyon Site; TA-35, 14 which is also known as the Ten Site; and then 15 Buildings U (sic), Sigma and U in Technical 16 Area 1. 17 The time period for the work with radioactive 18 lanthanum was from September 1st (sic) through 19 March 6th, 1962, with cleanup activities of 20 this area continuing through July 18th, 1963. 21 We know that the first radioactive lanthanum 22 arrived in -- at Bayo Canyon in September of 23 1944, and we know that the first shot was about 24 mid-September, using the radioactive lanthanum. 25 So not knowing exactly what day in September,

1 we chose September 1st as the start date for 2 the covered period. And then the July 18th, 3 1963 date is the date of essentially the 4 certification of the cleanup. There's a letter 5 saying okay, we've cleaned it up, there's no 6 more -- longer a problem, the buildings have 7 all torn down, there's just this one concrete 8 pad there. And so that was essentially the 9 termination date we chose for the oper-- for 10 the work there involving this exposure. 11 The purpose of the RaLa work or the RaLa test 12 was to test the uniformity of compression of 13 implosion assemblies. I don't know how many of 14 you know, but the plutonium weapons that were 15 developed during World War II had to be 16 imploded at a uniform compression in order for 17 the weapon to work. And so they used this 18 technique to test their explosives and their 19 explosive shaping to make sure they had a uniform compression, and it was done by --20 21 well, it must have been a particularly 22 sophisticated measurements of the radiation 23 from this source in the middle of the device as 24 a surrogate for plutonium, some metal that was 25 -- plutonium was crushed around it, you know,

1 by an implosion. So it was actually exploded 2 -- imploded down around this device, and the 3 changes in density of that metal -- whether it 4 would be iron or cadmium or whatever -- were 5 monitored by these very sensitive radiation detectors. And so they could measure not only 6 7 the extent of the compression, but also the 8 uniformity because they had detectors 9 apparently arrayed around it. 10 The radioactive lanthanum was separated from 11 its parent, barium-140 -- and there were 12 certain other impurities that came along -- in 13 the Bayo Canyon. There's a facility where the 14 chemists did the separation. Compared with 15 half-lives of those two isotopes, barium-140 is 16 about -- I think is around 13 days and 17 lanthanum-140, the isotope they would use, was 18 about 40 hours. And so the concept was the 19 same probably as a molybdenum technetium 20 generator in nuclear medicine facility where 21 you have a somewhat longer-lived radioactive 22 isotope. Molybdenum, the medical -- or barium 23 in this case -- that is continually generating 24 the one you want, so the barium is continually 25 generating the lanthanum-140, and you can

1 extract 140 chemically -- because its chemistry 2 is different now -- and purify it. Same thing 3 occurs in nuclear medicine laboratories today 4 when they extract technetium from molybdenum. 5 So anyway, since the longer half-lived parent, 6 you could -- it would last longer, you didn't 7 have to worry about extracting and using 8 lanthanum-140 purely within a -- or shipping it 9 all the way over to Bayo Canyon and -- and 10 trying to get it used before it decayed away. 11 The RaLa allowed a little extra life time. 12 The amount of radioactive lanthanum in a shot 13 varied by -- it was nominally about 1,000 14 curies per shot, and this was encapsulated in a sphere about a quarter of an inch diameter, so 15 16 this was a lot of radioactivity in a very small 17 source. 18 And of course since they were testing implosion 19 and they imploded -- this was imploded by high 20 explosive, clearly the radioactive lanthanum 21 was dispersed by the implosion. It would have 22 been vaporized and spread into the atmosphere. 23 And so it caused exposure hazard beyond those 24 just associated with chemical separation. You 25 know, this would have been chemical separation

1 of a very highly radioactive substance. It was not done in a hot booth with manipulators. 2 Ιt 3 was done actually behind shadow shields, 4 probably in more of a bench-top hood or 5 something like that. There are a number of comments in the -- that 6 7 are recorded in our evaluation report a little 8 more completely than I've put up here that 9 describe measurements that were taken and the 10 concerns that arose -- pretty much from the 11 start with the Los Alamos management -- about 12 the level of exposure that the chemists were 13 receiving who were doing the separation, and 14 about airborne activity generated. It wasn't just the direct radiation exposure from 15 16 (unintelligible), but there was a fair amount 17 of airborne radioactivity associated with that as well. There was -- they were -- had to take 18 19 protective measures for people who loaded the 20 plug -- you know, the plug being what the 21 assembly -- what hold this into the implosion 22 device to prevent them from being contaminated 23 just from loading the plug that was already in 24 a sealed source into the device. So there was 25 quite a number of quotes from reports from

1 those eras about concerns having to do with 2 this operation, the amount of exposure and 3 airborne. And there were also then concerns 4 about the -- the undesirably high radioactive airborne areas outdoors after the tests and as 5 the tests proceeded. And of course ultimately 6 7 there was remediation at the end of the radioactive lanthanum work that would indicate 8 9 that there was a fair amount of contamination 10 as well. 11 We don't have any personnel monitoring results 12 for radioactive lanthanum or what even seems to 13 be an analog for radioactive lanthanum in the -14 - in the data we received from Los Alamos, so 15 there are no personnel bioassay monitoring 16 results for internal exposure. We don't have 17 any actual internal -- or air monitoring data There is some 18 either -- inside the buildings. 19 -- there is some description of air monitoring 20 data outside, and results given in things like 21 counts per minute compared to a tolerance level of counts per minute so that -- so we know that 22 23 there was a considerably elevated airborne 24 concentration outside the building, as well as 25 during -- inside the building during the actual

1	chemical separation work.
2	Now it appears from the records we've been able
3	to examine that the workers were adequately
4	monitored for external exposure. We would
5	expect for people who worked there to have a
6	radiation exposure report from their rad
7	external exposure during this period. And so
8	we believe that we will have records sufficient
9	to do external dose reconstruction for for
10	the workers who worked there.
11	Similarly, we believe we understand enough
12	about the medical monitoring program at Los
13	Alamos that we could reconstruct the
14	occupational medical exposures that workers
15	were exposed to (unintelligible) member of the
16	class.
17	And so in terms of the actual handling of the
18	petition, we were unable to obtain sufficient
19	information to complete the dose reconstruction
20	for an existing claim, the claim that we
21	selected and the recruited as a petitioner.
22	And on May 30th we notified that claimant that
23	we could not that the dose reconstruction
24	cannot be completed. This is the process we
25	follow when we do this. We send the person

1	this letter saying we're sorry, we can't
2	reconstruction your dose. And we send them a
3	form Form A for the Special Exposure Cohort
4	petition, which is essentially this says we
5	can't do your radiation exposure; would you
6	please sign this petition report and send it
7	back to us so that we have a petition, because
8	the rule always deals with a petition and
9	petitioner in terms of adding a class to the
10	SEC, so in order to obtain a petitioner. And
11	then we obtain that that petition about a
12	week later.
13	The conclusions of our evaluation, which of
14	course were was essentially complete before
15	we sent the the Energy employee the "can't
16	reconstruct" letter is that we lack the
17	monitoring, process and source information
18	sufficient to estimate the internal radiation
19	doses to Los Alamos employees who worked with
20	radioactive lanthanum for this period,
21	September of 1944 through July of 1963, and
22	that we have sufficient information to estimate
23	other types the external and the medical
24	occupational dose. And we intentionally try to
25	make those determinations to establish what can

1	be done for people who would be members of the
2	class but do not have an SEC listed cancer, or
3	people who have some time in the class but not
4	sufficient time in the class, in order to
5	establish that while we can do some dose
6	reconstruction, it may not be sufficient to
7	to in in many cases to make the case
8	compensable, but it could be and so we want to
9	make that attempt.
10	We've concluded it's not feasible to estimate
11	with sufficient accuracy the internal radiation
12	doses, and the health of the covered employees
13	may have been endangered based on the potential
14	size of the exposures. And the evidence does
15	indicate, based on reports from the time
16	contemporary reports from the time about
17	concerns about exposures on this operation,
18	that in the class may have accumulated
19	intakes over of radionuclides over a course
20	of time.
21	The definition of the class as presented here -
22	- I don't suppose I'll read it verbatim, but it
23	includes all of DOE and predecessor agencies,
24	the employees of those agencies and their
25	contractors and subcontractors who were

monitored or should have been monitored for 1 2 radioactive lanthanum at these sites where that 3 was used during the effective period as we --4 as it's defined. And of course these days 5 could aggregate with other classes that have 6 been added or will be added. 7 And in summary we have our little pictorial 8 representation of what we've determined. We've 9 defined the period; that we cannot estimate 10 internal doses, we find it is not feasible; we 11 found that health was endangered because over 12 time the intakes could be considerable and 13 could result in a dose that just can't be 14 estimated. And so we're -- our evaluation 15 reports indicates that we don't feel like we 16 have -- we have sufficient information to 17 complete internal dose reconstruction and 18 complete an entire dose reconstruction for 19 members of the class. 20 I'll try to answer any questions. I know I 21 have some staff members here who probably are 22 more familiar with the issue that I am. 23 DR. ZIEMER: We'll hold the questions till 24 we've had some input, Stu. Thank you very 25 much.

1	PRESENTATION BY PETITIONERS
2	The petitioner will not be speaking to us
3	directly, but we will be hearing from Michele
4	Jacquez-Ortiz, who is district director for
5	Representative Tom Udall. And Michele, I think
6	you also have with you Harriet Ruiz, who's a
7	New Mexico state representative, and we'd be
8	glad to hear from her. And also is Andrew
9	MR. EVASKOVICH: Evaskovich.
10	<b>DR. ZIEMER:</b> Evaskovich, Andrew, right.
11	MR. EVASKOVICH: (Off microphone)
12	(Unintelligible)
13	DR. ZIEMER: Okay.
14	MS. RUIZ: Good morning, Board members, and
15	thank you for the opportunity to let me speak
16	to you once again. And I'd also like to thank
17	you for the work you do. I'm going to be very
18	brief this morning. As you know, my SEC 83.13
19	has been qualified. And in light of the 180-
20	day rule, I would ask the Board respectfully if
21	perhaps you could hold your March meeting in
22	New Mexico so the claimants also for the RaLa
23	83.14 and mine which I'm sure might be at
24	the same meeting because of the 180-day rule
25	if you couldn't have that in New Mexico. I

1	think it would be beneficial because many of
2	the claimants do not have any money to travel
3	anywhere, and I basically am their voice at
4	this time but I think it would be wonderful if
5	you could. And that's all I have to say today,
6	and again, thank you very much. I appreciate
7	it.
8	DR. ZIEMER: Thank you very much. Andrew, did
9	you also have some remarks?
10	MR. EVASKOVICH: Good morning. My name is
11	Andrew Evaskovich. I'm with the International
12	Guards Union of America, Local Number 69 in Los
13	Alamos. I'd like you to thank you for
14	taking time to listen to me speak this morning.
15	I've done quite a bit of research on safety
16	issues and I'm involved with safety issues with
17	the union at Los Alamos. And basically my
18	argument is the Technical Basis Document is not
19	sufficient. We did meet with a NIOSH
20	representative last year, but I have a problem
21	with the meeting because it occurred after the
22	document was written. I understand there's
23	been some work done since our meeting, but the
24	process I think is flawed.
25	I'm a former New Mexico State Police officer

1 and I've conducted numerous investigations, 2 from graphic accidents to homicides. And it 3 would seem to me process is process, and you 4 have to deal with people first to start knowing 5 where to look for your information. And I think that the process is flawed because they 6 7 don't do that when they're developing the 8 Technical Base (sic) Document. 9 Now Mr. Elliott said he likes site experts. Ιt 10 would seem to me they would consult with site 11 experts when they're developing the document as 12 opposed to afterwards. So I appreciate the 13 fact that there is an SEC for the RaLa, but I 14 think there are other issues. Harriet Ruiz has 15 issues as far as dose reconstruction, and we 16 have issues as well. And either we need to 17 correct the Technical Base (sic) Document and 18 we need to look at other possible classes being 19 developed. 20 Thank you for your time. 21 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Thank you, Andrew. 22 MS. JACQUEZ-ORTIZ: Well, thank you, Dr. Ziemer 23 and Dr. Wade and members of the Advisory Board 24 for allowing me to speak to an issue related to 25 the presentation that we just heard. My name

1 is Michele Jacquez-Ortiz and I serve as the 2 district director for U.S. Congressman Tom 3 Udall. I've served on the Congressman's staff since his -- since his first election to 4 5 Congress, and was at his side during the very 6 first community meetings that we hosted to 7 generate support for the passage of legislation 8 that created this program in 2000. 9 The Congressman's staff, both in Washington, 10 D.C. and especially in New Mexico, have spent 11 years since the program's inception trying to 12 realize justice for these claimants. On a 13 daily basis we offer support, advice and 14 quidance for the Congressman's claimants from 15 Most, if not all, are very sick. Los Alamos. 16 Some have passed away, and so we are working 17 with their families to get the compensation to 18 which they are entitled. 19 The Congressman has followed the proposed SEC 20 petitions closely. He felt it was important 21 that I be here today in person to stress upon 22 you a concern related to the RaLa SEC for LANL. 23 In reviewing the evaluation report that NIOSH 24 drafted for this petition, Section 4.5 talks 25 about job descriptions associated with LANL

1 RaLa operations at the Lab. That section reads 2 (reading) Due to uncertainties regarding worker 3 job descriptions and lack of knowledge 4 concerning worker movements among Bayo Canyon 5 facilities, NIOSH -- NIOSH is unable to rely solely on worker job descriptions to determine 6 7 potential for RaLa operations exposure. 8 NIOSH is unable to rely solely on worker job 9 descriptions to determine potential for RaLa 10 operations exposure. How is the Department of 11 Labor going to determine this? It's a question 12 that I pose, but I think it's an important question and I know there's a representative 13 14 here from the Department of Labor. I'm just 15 wondering if anyone from that agency can answer 16 that question. 17 DR. ZIEMER: We may have to defer getting the answer to you, though they can certainly follow 18 19 up on that. The question deals with a 20 statement made in Section 4.5, and let me also 21 clarify -- I believe that under this petition, 22 if the petition is successful, the job 23 description will not matter -- will it -- at 24 that point as long as they can establish that 25 they worked on the site.

1 MS. JACQUEZ-ORTIZ: Well, Dr. Ziemer, just as 2 was indicated on the record at the D.C. meeting 3 regarding Y-12, that -- there was a statement 4 by DOL that in the absence of work history to 5 the contrary, that workers at the LANL facility 6 who were employed during the class period will 7 be presumed to be RaLa workers. Congressman 8 Udall would urge the Advisory Board to 9 recommend that you include in your letter to 10 Secretary Leavitt wording to the effect that --11 that the policy be incorporated -- that in the 12 absence of work history to the contrary, workers at the LANL facility who were employed 13 14 during the class period shall be presumed to be 15 RaLa workers. 16 The Congressman also respectfully requests that 17 the Advisory Board include in its letter to Secretary Leavitt some wording that makes it 18 19 clear that external and medical dose be -- be -20 - can be reconstructed by NIOSH. And we think 21 that it's important for the Board to be 22 explicit in this point because it would allow 23 DOL to adjudicate the external dose for the 24 non-SEC cancers. 25 DR. ZIEMER: Yes, thank you. And in fact, I

1	think that has been our normal practice. It
2	certainly was in the petition that we approved
3	earlier this week to indicate what can be done
4	as well as what can't be done.
5	DR. WADE: Michele, could you read that first
6	sentence again, in the absence of work history
7	to the contrary?
8	MS. JACQUEZ-ORTIZ: Yes. (Reading) In the
9	absence of work history to the contrary,
10	workers at the LANL facility who were employed
11	during the class period will be presumed to be
12	RaLa workers.
13	So on behalf of the Congressman and all the
14	constituents that that he represents, we
15	thank you for allowing time on the agenda for
16	this issue.
17	DR. ZIEMER: Thank you very much. And let me
18	ask for a clarification either from Larry or
19	from Stu, the wording that we just heard in
20	fact does meet the intent, does it not, of what
21	your petition suggests; is that not correct? I
22	don't I don't want to put words into your
23	mouth. I'm I'm
24	MR. ELLIOTT: I can't opine upon this because
25	this is DOL's determination of eligibility

1	DR. ZIEMER: Oh, okay, I see.
2	MR. ELLIOTT: and what we heard from Pete
3	Turcic in D.C. about how they go about doing
4	that business is that if they don't have any
5	records that indicate the person worked in
6	those buildings or those areas, they simply go
7	after an affidavit. And then then beyond
8	that, if there's no information that refutes
9	that affidavit, they presumed the individual
10	worked in that position.
11	But I'm speaking, you know, as I heard Pete
12	Turcic's talk
13	DR. ZIEMER: You're talking about the Labor
14	determination, which in a you're saying in a
15	sense we don't control that, but we can still
16	make the recommendation to the Secretary.
17	MS. JACQUEZ-ORTIZ: Dr. Ziemer, Congressman
18	Udall's concern is rooted he has testified
19	before the Judiciary Committee. He testified
20	at the last meeting in D.C. with regard to
21	providing the DOL with more discretion than we
22	feel we we have some concerns with regard
23	to the passback memo and some other concerns
24	over at DOL, so the Congressman would urge the
25	Advisory Board to be explicit in its wording in

1 the letter. 2 DR. ZIEMER: Thank you. Understood. Okay. 3 Now --4 BOARD DISCUSSION 5 DR. WADE: I'd like to speak just briefly to 6 that. And again, the Advisory Board is free to do what it wishes in terms of, you know, the 7 8 wording of its recommendations. As Larry 9 pointed out, this is the responsibility 10 primarily of the Department of Labor, but there 11 is no limitation on this Advisory Board 12 speaking as clearly as it wishes to the 13 Secretary of HHS. 14 DR. ZIEMER: Larry? I want to reiterate something we 15 MR. ELLIOTT: 16 said at the D.C. meeting about this -- this 17 issue. It's our practice that once we have 18 developed the evaluation report and had a, you 19 know, technical review of that and come to 20 closure on it in our minds, we then share the 21 definition with Department of Labor to make sure that we have crafted that definition in a 22 23 way such that they can use it to determine 24 eligibility most effectively -- our intent is 25 most effectively -- for the claimants. And so

1 they have come back to us on this particular 2 one and said yes, they can work with it. 3 DR. ZIEMER: Thank you. Now I'd like to open 4 the questions for Stu. Let me begin, Stu. I'm 5 asking some questions a bit as a Devil's 6 advocate to assure myself that indeed you 7 cannot reconstruct dose. First, is the 8 lanthanum a volatile material in the way it's 9 used? Is there any concern about airborne from 10 volatility or is it merely from the explosions? 11 MR. HINNEFELD: There was apparently some 12 volatility associated because there are reports 13 from the period about the extensive airborne 14 activity --15 DR. ZIEMER: Prior to (unintelligible) --16 MR. HINNEFELD: -- during the separation 17 process --DR. ZIEMER: 18 Okay, that's --19 MR. HINNEFELD: -- before it was exploded. 20 **DR. ZIEMER:** Okay. Now -- oh. MS. JACQUEZ-ORTIZ: Dr. Ziemer -- Larry, did 21 22 you say that NIOSH requires claimants to file 23 an affidavit? No, I -- did I misunderstand? 24 Yeah, because I thought that the worker 25 interview was really...

1 MR. ELLIOTT: What I said was that DOL, in 2 absence of records to determine eligibility for 3 a member to be in the class, would look for 4 that -- that person to provide an affidavit 5 saying that the per-- their Energy employee worked in those areas. It's not our affidavit. 6 7 MS. JACQUEZ-ORTIZ: I'm not sure that that's 8 being readily done, but that -- that would be 9 for the DOL to answer, of which a representative is not available. 10 11 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Thank you. And then the 12 explosion tests are done inside of the 13 facility; did I understand that correctly? 14 MR. HINNEFELD: No, the explosions are outside. 15 DR. ZIEMER: All -- always in the air. 16 MR. HINNEFELD: Beg your pardon? 17 DR. ZIEMER: They're all open-air, the 18 explosions? 19 Well, they're --MR. HINNEFELD: 20 **DR. ZIEMER:** (Unintelligible) 21 MR. HINNEFELD: -- (unintelligible) open-air --22 I -- I sus--23 DR. ZIEMER: They weren't inside some kind of a 24 bunker or --25 MR. HINNEFELD: No, no.

1 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. And for the indoor work, I 2 -- I notice you have a source term which 3 indicates amounts -- it appears amounts of 4 (unintelligible) experiment, and if one assumed 5 100 percent of the material became volatile and 6 you knew the size of the facility, presumably 7 you could calculate a maximum air 8 concentration. I -- I'm trying to get a feel 9 for why you cannot bound the air intakes in 10 this case --11 MR. HINNEFELD: Well, I think it may have --12 **DR. ZIEMER:** -- and I'm not disputing, it may 13 be very difficult, I'm just asking to assure us 14 that you indeed cannot do dose reconstruction. MR. HINNEFELD: Well, I mean there's a --15 16 there's an element of -- of credible exposure 17 scenario that has to enter into saying we can bound exposures, as well. And so given -- you 18 19 know, we know roughly how much was done per 20 shot, we know roughly how many shots, so we 21 could do an integrated (unintelligible) source 22 term. But if -- I -- I think it would be a 23 fairly unrealistic scenario to say well, we can 24 cap the dose because we -- what if all this was 25 dispersed throughout the building and these

1 people -- you know, someone breathed 100 2 percent of this inventory or -- or something 3 like that. 4 DR. ZIEMER: Well, you'd have to use breathing 5 rate, but --6 MR. HINNEFELD: Right. 7 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah. 8 MR. HINNEFELD: Sure. And so once -- I don't 9 know that that would be a, you know, a scenario 10 that provides a really feasible or realistic 11 exposure scenario, so -- you know, it's -- it's 12 (unintelligible) say well, we know external dose was capped by 500 rads that year because 13 14 they would have died from acute radiation 15 syndrome if they had gotten that much, so it's 16 the same kind of reason why we wouldn't go to 17 those kinds of extremes just so we can cap the 18 dose. 19 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Other questions from 20 members of the Board? Dr. Lockey. 21 DR. LOCKEY: Stu, when I looked -- looked this 22 over, I -- the testing was done -- implosions 23 were done from 1944 to -- to '62? 24 MR. HINNEFELD: Yes. 25 DR. LOCKEY: And there were 254 implosions,

1	which are 14 per year, on average
2	MR. HINNEFELD: Okay.
3	DR. LOCKEY: I don't I mean they might
4	have been but how how does I guess how
5	does the 250-day rule come into effect here?
6	If you if you had to look at this in
7	relationship to that exclusion criteria, what
8	are your feelings about that?
9	MR. HINNEFELD: The right now we as I
10	understand it, we essentially have two options.
11	The options are either presence or 250 days.
12	DR. LOCKEY: Right.
13	MR. HINNEFELD: And
14	DR. LOCKEY: But I'm asking your opinion about
15	the implosion process and if there's one per
16	month and somebody worked there three months, I
17	mean is that is that something to be
18	concerned about or not?
19	MR. HINNEFELD: Well, I guess I personally
20	haven't tried to analyze that and determine
21	what the problem with having to say well, is
22	three months an issue or is six months an
23	issue, is in order to make a determination
24	whether I feel like that would be sort of a
25	level of harm or something, then I would have

1 to have some way to say well, what would they 2 get per shot or what would they get per month, 3 and we don't feel like we can do that. So when you try to decide -- you try to limit it to a 4 5 particular duration of time, then you would say that well, in order to do that, I have to make 6 7 some assumptions about an exposure or a dose 8 rate, and we generally -- you know, we 9 concluded that we don't feel like we can do 10 that in a realistic fashion. So it's very hard 11 to make a decision point -- reach a decision 12 point shorter than 12 months. I think it's --13 it's fairly -- we're confident from the control 14 and the fact that clearly the Lab management 15 was trying to control -- they were concerned 16 about the exposures to people and they were 17 making some attempts to control the exposures, 18 that we're not in the acute range where 19 extremely high dose rate of say hundreds of 20 roentgens or hundreds of rem per day, like 21 would be associated with a criticality 22 accident, would be relevant. So we're sort of 23 past the presence, you know, the -- what we 24 feel like would be the issue for presence, but 25 beyond that, if you try to make a determination

1 of a time period that's shorter, then you have 2 to have some process that says well, how -- at 3 what rate would he be accumulating dose in that 4 period of time, and we just don't feel like we 5 can. DR. LOCKEY: Maybe I'll ask my colleagues, can 6 you give me a handle on -- on biological 7 8 plausibility and being exposed to this on a 9 monthly basis for a year? I mean is this -- is 10 this a --11 MR. HINNEFELD: I don't think I quite 12 understood the question. 13 DR. WADE: He's asking the Board, but go ahead, 14 you need to speak closer to the microphone. 15 Is -- I mean I -- maybe you -- the DR. LOCKEY: 16 Board can educate me about biological 17 plausibility and cancer risk if somebody is 18 exposed to implosions once a month for less 19 than a year period of time. Is this a concern, 20 from a biological plausibility perspective? 21 MR. HINNEFELD: Well, it's hard for me to say 22 I mean standing at the podium and -now. 23 right now, I mean it'd be hard for me to make 24 an educated statement about that. I -- without 25 making some assumption about what exposure from

1 an implosion might be, and I don't know that I 2 can do that, I don't know that I can come up 3 with a duration or a meaningful thing to say. 4 I'm confident I can't do it standing here. I 5 mean I -- maybe we could -- you know, it would have to be something we would have to work on 6 7 or think about for a while. 8 DR. ZIEMER: If the material is fairly 9 volatile, like radioiodine, and I don't know 10 that lanthanum is or isn't, but it seems to me 11 that you could get significant internal doses 12 during the preparation process even though the 13 -- and presumably that would occur just before 14 you did the shot because of the half-life that 15 you indicated. But the -- once you did that 16 preparation, then if you released this material 17 with a 14-hour half-life and you use the rule 18 of thumb that it's going to be around for about 19 ten half-life periods, which is close to a week 20 -- a week is 168 hours, this would be 140, so 21 it's there most of the week once the work is 22 done. I -- I think indoor exposures where you 23 would have confined concentrations might -- you 24 know, if you're outdoors and you get dispersal, 25 that -- those concentrations go down very

1 rapidly. But in any event, it would seem to me 2 that even though the shots look like they're 3 intermittent, you could have contamination in 4 that facility throughout the week, it would 5 appear to me. MR. HINNEFELD: It would seem to me that at 14 6 7 \_ \_ 8 **DR. ZIEMER:** (Unintelligible) 9 MR. HINNEFELD: -- at 14 shots per month, you 10 have a relatively --11 DR. LOCKEY: No, per year. 12 MR. HINNEFELD: -- constant operation going on. 13 DR. ZIEMER: Right. 14 DR. LOCKEY: Fourteen shots a year. 15 DR. ZIEMER: It sound like one -- one or so --16 MR. HINNEFELD: But even at that point, I mean 17 -- don't forget, we're not just talking about a 18 separation of a pure lanthanum-140 and handling 19 of that. It's -- it's transported, it's 20 protected, it's maintained at -- the solution -21 - or I assume it's a solution that the 140 is 22 extracted from that contains other radioactive 23 materials, (unintelligible), you know, is 24 there. Certainly some of those impurities 25 probably went with the lanthanum-140 even

1 though they tried to purify it. Those uncert--2 those impurities would be in the explosion, as 3 well, so it -- it's not -- it sounds like a 4 chemistry -- a clean chemistry operation, but I 5 suspect it wasn't so clean. 6 DR. ZIEMER: You have additional questions, 7 Jim, or other members? Comments? 8 Stu, I noticed in other presentations the 9 bottom line slide typically showed that NIOSH 10 could reconstruct external and then in a 11 separate line, internal. Is there any 12 particular reason that this summary slide kind 13 of lumped it all together? 14 MR. HINNEFELD: I probably overlooked putting 15 it in there, that's why the slide wasn't --16 **DR. ZIEMER:** Okay. 17 MR. HINNEFELD: You know, the context -- or the 18 text of the presentation presents that we --19 our belief that we -- it's feasible to 20 reconstruct the medical exposures and the 21 external exposures. 22 DR. ZIEMER: Right. 23 MR. HINNEFELD: And when I constructed the 24 presentation, I just neglected to include it. 25 DR. ZIEMER: Right. Okay. Wanda Munn.

1 MS. MUNN: Stu, I was a little puzzled when I 2 was reading through this information about what 3 appeared to be a real shortage of good concrete 4 bioassay data for these folks. And it 5 surprised me because one would anticipate fairly decent information from LANL. Do you 6 7 have any feel for why the bioassay records are 8 so skimpy for this particular operation during 9 the time? 10 MR. HINNEFELD: Well, I don't have any hard 11 information about that. It could be that there 12 was not a good technique. Now I -- I know 13 nothing about the (unintelligible) or lanthanum 14 in the body as I stand here today. I suppose I 15 could look it up. It could be that there's not 16 a good technique. It could be that if there's 17 some excretion of any other ingested lanthanum 18 and so you could have a bioassay program. Ιt 19 could be that there's insufficient chemistry or 20 insufficient chemistry in order to have a 21 decent analysis. 22 MS. MUNN: Yeah, okay. So there's a 23 probability that it has more to do with the 24 radionuclide than the assay program, that's --25 MR. HINNEFELD: Could very well.

1 MS. MUNN: That's what I really wanted to know. 2 MR. HINNEFELD: It could. I'm -- I'm 3 speculating. 4 MS. MUNN: Yeah, right. 5 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Dr. Lockey, did you have an additional question? 6 7 DR. LOCKEY: No. 8 DR. ZIEMER: Mike Gibson on the phone, do you 9 have any questions? 10 MR. GIBSON: Not at this point. 11 DR. ZIEMER: No questions, okay. Any others? 12 Board members -- oh, comment from Larry. 13 MR. ELLIOTT: I want to go back to Dr. Lockey's 14 question about biological plausibility and this 15 concern about health endangerment. I mean we 16 wrestle with this in each and every one of 17 these, and I think it's important to -- for 18 this particular one to make sure there's an 19 understanding that, as I understand it, this is 20 not a criticality event. This is radioactive lanthanum in a high explosive, and the 21 22 lanthanum is used to determine the conformity 23 of the implosion. So it's unlike a criticality 24 event. 25 And when we look at criticality events with

1	regard to presence versus 250 days, we
2	certainly would like to speak about biological
3	plausibility, but we find ourselves held to
4	this two-pronged test. If we can't do dose
5	reconstruction, then we have to ascribe whether
6	or not health was likely endangered, and that's
7	that's a difficult process 'cause, as I
8	think you all know, dose is the factor there,
9	not perhaps time.
10	And so when we when we when we think
11	about these things and we look at these
12	particular issues, when we're dealing with a
13	criticality event we we want to know and we
14	look very hard to determine if that was a
15	planned and controlled event and the exposures
16	were monitored and controlled or or
17	protected against, as we think we've seen in
18	Nevada Test Site/Pacific Proving Ground. So
19	where we we can't find that, then it
20	presence, like the Y-12 criticality event was
21	uncontrolled, unplanned, unprotected-for in
22	many ways. That's that's a presence
23	criticality event.
24	I would just say that, you know, we're
25	wrestling with the 250 days, too. We're

1 wrestling with biological plausibility. But 2 we've not found a good way to -- to address 3 that at this point. We have to live within the 4 law that -- as it's stated in the rules that we 5 have. 6 **DR. ZIEMER:** Okay. Thank you, Larry. DR. MELIUS: Can I add to... 7 8 DR. ZIEMER: Yes, Jim. 9 DR. MELIUS: I would just add to that that we 10 do have a workgroup, our SEC evaluation 11 workgroup is looking at that and I think it's 12 always possible to revisit these should we sort of come up with a different approach or 13 14 different understanding. I think I tend to 15 agree with Larry on -- on this -- sort of where 16 this one will go. I don't think it's 17 necessarily appropriate that we need to reserve 18 that issue. We can always come back. Ιt 19 really was a NIOSH-generated petition, so I 20 think it's appropriate to let's deal with it as 21 a Board after the workgroup report comes out 22 and decide then. 23 DR. ZIEMER: Thank you. And yes, Larry, this 24 definitely would not be a criticality type 25 issue at all.

1 Okay, other comments or questions? 2 (No responses) 3 BOARD DECISION 4 Okay, Board members, then it would be in order 5 to have a motion either to adopt this recommendation -- or support it or to -- to not 6 7 support the petition, or to ask for additional 8 information, as we did in the previous case. 9 The Chair will entertain a motion. 10 MR. PRESLEY: So moved. 11 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, so moved. I'll interpret 12 that as being -- you're moving to --13 MR. PRESLEY: Accept it. 14 DR. ZIEMER: -- accept the recommendation and 15 support it. This would be a motion to -- to 16 recommend to the Secretary that the SEC 17 petition be approved. Is there a second? 18 MR. CLAWSON: I second it. 19 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, and it's been seconded. Now 20 we will need the wording for this one in our 21 usual form, and with the possible inclusion of 22 some clarification words of the sort that were 23 suggested to us earlier. Dr. Melius --DR. MELIUS: Yeah, I could --24 25 DR. ZIEMER: -- do you by chance --

1 DR. MELIUS: Yes. 2 DR. ZIEMER: -- have some --3 DR. MELIUS: Purely by -- by chance. 4 MR. PRESLEY: Do you hear the clicking going 5 over here? 6 DR. MELIUS: And if Bob will accept my --7 DR. ZIEMER: The detailed --8 DR. MELIUS: -- (unintelligible) amendment here 9 after he hears it --10 DR. ZIEMER: The detailed wording to the 11 Presley motion. 12 DR. MELIUS: And I think I -- I at least made 13 an attempt at the additional wording you just 14 mentioned. Okay, here we go. (Reading) The Board recommends that the 15 16 following letter be transmitted to the 17 Secretary of Health and Human Services within 18 21 days. Should the Chair become aware of any 19 issue that, in his judgment, would preclude the 20 transmittal of this letter within that time 21 period, the Board requests that he promptly informs the Board of the delay, the reasons for 22 23 this delay and that he immediately works with 24 NIOSH to schedule an emergency meeting of the 25 Board to discuss this issue.

1 The Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker 2 Health (the Board) has evaluated SEC Petition 3 00061 concerning workers at the Los Alamos 4 National Laboratory under the statutory 5 requirements established by EEOICPA and 6 incorporated into 42 CFR Section 83.13 and 42 7 CFR Section 83.14. The Board respectfully 8 recommends a Special Exposure Cohort be 9 accorded to all employees of the DOE, 10 predecessor agencies and their contractors or 11 subcontractors who were monitored or should 12 have been monitored for exposure to ionizing radiation associated with radioactive lanthanum 13 14 (RaLa) operations at Technical Area 10 (Bayo 15 Canyon Site), Technical Area 35 (Ten Site) and 16 Buildings H, Sigma and U (located within 17 Technical Area 1) at the Los Alamos National 18 Laboratory for a number of work days 19 aggregating at least 250 work days during the 20 period from September 1st, 1944 through July 21 18th, 1963, or in combination with work days 22 within the parameters established for one or 23 more other classes of employees in the SEC. 24 This recommendation is based on the following 25 factors:

1 Number one, people working in these areas of 2 Los Alamos National Laboratory were involved in 3 the development and testing of nuclear weapons. 4 Reviewing available monitoring data for these 5 operations, NIOSH found it did not have access to sufficient information, including internal 6 7 personal dosimetry, workplace monitoring data 8 or sufficient process and radiological source 9 information that would allow it to estimate 10 with sufficient accuracy the potential internal 11 exposures to which members of the proposed 12 class may have been exposed. This -- the Board concurs with this determination. 13 14 Number two, NIOSH determined that health was 15 endangered for the workers exposed to radiation 16 in these areas of LANL within the time period 17 of -- in question. The Board concurs with this 18 determination. 19 Number three, the NIOSH review of data found 20 that it was sufficient to support accurate 21 individual dose reconstruction for external 22 doses and occupational medical doses for 23 workers at the areas in question at the Los 24 Alamos National Laboratory. The Board concurs 25 with this determination.

1 In their evaluation NIOSH determined that it 2 was difficult to identify people who worked in 3 these areas of LANL based on job 4 classifications. Therefore, the Board 5 recommends that determination of eligibility for this class take into account this 6 7 difficulty. In the absence of work history or 8 other information to the contrary, workers at 9 the LANL facility during the time period in 10 question should be presumed to have worked in 11 the areas in question. 12 Enclosed is supporting documentation of recent 13 Advisory Board meeting held in Las Vegas, Nevada where the Special Exposure Cohort was 14 15 discussed. If any of these items aren't 16 available at this time, they will follow 17 shortly. 18 Thank you. I have one question on DR. ZIEMER: 19 the wording, Jim. Under the description of the 20 class, I think basically your last sentence 21 described these as individuals who were working 22 with nuclear weapons, and I note that in 23 NIOSH's description of the class it describes 24 them as individuals who were potentially 25 exposed to radioactive material which primarily

1 consisted of barium-140, lanthanum-140, strontium-89 and strontium-90. I'm wondering 2 3 if the terminology "exposed to nuclear weapons" 4 or whatever that wording was might be a little 5 misleading or -- I don't know that they were necessarily working with the weapons. 6 7 MR. PRESLEY: It could have -- at that time it 8 could have been anything. 9 DR. MELIUS: I was -- I actually took this from 10 the document, but I was attempting just to come 11 up with a general description of the processes 12 at the time without trying to go into a lot of detail. I mean I've no --13 14 DR. ZIEMER: Well, actually what I was trying 15 to make sure is that our description --16 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. 17 DR. ZIEMER: -- of the class matched the NIOSH 18 description of the class, and maybe --19 DR. MELIUS: Our definition may 20 (unintelligible) --21 DR. ZIEMER: -- let me cross-check it with Stu's slide, too. 22 23 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. The definition actually 24 does match, but I certainly would be open to 25 another wording.

1	MS. MUNN: It's not an accurate
2	characterization.
3	DR. ZIEMER: Okay, the proposed class
4	definition that's sort of a an add-on.
5	Is that what it is? I guess the class
6	definition ends with the description of the
7	working days and so on.
8	DR. MELIUS: Yeah.
9	DR. ZIEMER: However, in the petition it does
10	specifically call out the work with those
11	nuclides as opposed to weapons work. I simply
12	I leave it to the Board if you on the
13	wording.
14	DR. MELIUS: Larry, you have a suggestion or
15	MR. ELLIOTT: Not on that, on something else.
16	DR. MELIUS: Oh, okay.
17	MR. ELLIOTT: I don't in our in my
18	opinion, I'm not sure that it it's going to
19	make much difference.
20	DR. ZIEMER: It may not.
21	MR. ELLIOTT: I can't see any way it would
22	it would cause a claimant harm in in
23	eligibility.
24	DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, I was concerned that it
25	didn't match what was in the petition, but if

1 it doesn't affect it, that's fine. 2 MR. ELLIOTT: The concern I come to the mike 3 with is that you -- your -- your -- as you read 4 that, you mentioned that we could not do 5 internal dose. I'd suggest for your 6 consideration if you would specify that to RaLa 7 dose, internal lanthanum, because there may be 8 other internal exposures that we may be able to 9 reconstruct. There may be other bioassay on 10 other types that could be reconstructed, and we 11 don't want to miss that. 12 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, would that alter a 13 particular sentence or you're looking --14 DR. MELIUS: Yeah, I'm trying to find the right 15 \_ \_ 16 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, while you look at that, Dr. 17 Lockey, did you have a comment or question? DR. LOCKEY: I just need some help -- maybe you 18 19 can help me with this, Mr. Elliott. How many -- how many people do you know actually worked 20 21 in this area versus how many people worked at 22 Los Alamos National Labs? 23 **MR. HINNEFELD:** We don't know today how many 24 would -- were at these areas. Is there like 25 anecdotal about a particular time period? We

1 don't -- the short answer is we don't know how 2 many, compared to the total Los Alamos work 3 force during that period worked at these areas. 4 There's not information that was collected by 5 us as part of our work in order to try to do this. 6 7 MR. ELLIOTT: We -- you know, we've asked DOE 8 similar questions and not got any real concrete 9 answers. How many people ever worked at LANL? 10 Well, they'll give you a ball park figure and 11 it -- you know, depending on who you ask, you 12 get different numbers. How many people might 13 have worked in these areas, we don't know. 14 DR. LOCKEY: Well, then do we have any idea how 15 complete the work histories are at Los Alamos 16 National Lab? 17 MR. HINNEFELD: Standing here today, I don't. I don't know how complete they are standing 18 19 here today. 20 DR. ZIEMER: Wanda Munn. 21 MS. MUNN: With respect to the original issue 22 of nuclear weapons, that is an inaccurate 23 categorization of the work that was being done. 24 Better described I think in the original 25 document itself as being chemical separation

1 and implosion tests involving RaLa. If one 2 says "nuclear weapons," the automatic inference 3 is that you have special nuclear material 4 involved and consequently potential --5 DR. ZIEMER: Criticality. MS. MUNN: -- daughter products of -- of actual 6 7 criticalities and explosions, and that's not 8 the case here. 9 DR. ZIEMER: So you're suggesting that that 10 wording be changed? 11 MS. MUNN: Yes, I am. 12 **DR. ZIEMER:** And Robert? 13 MR. PRESLEY: I agree with Wanda. At the time 14 of testing, that was not a nuclear weapon but a 15 component or an operation. 16 DR. MELIUS: Can I --17 DR. ZIEMER: Jim. 18 DR. MELIUS: Why don't I re-read that 19 particular paragraph. 20 DR. ZIEMER: Sure. 21 DR. MELIUS: It's two changes in it and I want 22 to make sure everybody's comfortable with 23 those. 24 It now reads (reading) People working in these 25 areas of the Los Alamos National Laboratory

1 were involved in chemical separation and implosion testing of RaLa. In reviewing the 2 3 available monitoring data for these operations, NIOSH found it did not have access to 4 5 sufficient information, including internal personal dosimetry, workplace monitoring or 6 sufficient process and radiological source 7 8 information that it would allow it to estimate 9 with sufficient accuracy the potential internal 10 RaLa doses to which exposure -- to which 11 members of the proposed class may have been 12 exposed. The Board concurs with this determination. 13 14 DR. ZIEMER: It would appear to me that that 15 would address both issues that have been raised 16 \_ \_ 17 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. 18 DR. ZIEMER: -- and I --19 MR. HINNEFELD: Dr. Ziemer, could I address 20 this? 21 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah. 22 MR. HINNEFELD: I'm sorry to do this. I would 23 suggest rather than saying "chemical separation 24 and testing of RaLa," we use the terminology 25 from the petition class definition which is

1 "associated with RaLa operations" at those 2 facilities, for -- for fear that chemical 3 separation and testing may be interpreted 4 restrictively rather than operation 5 (unintelligible) --6 DR. ZIEMER: Associated with. 7 MR. HINNEFELD: Yeah, "associated with," which 8 is not --9 DR. ZIEMER: It makes it more general and 10 flexible. Can you make that change then, Dr. 11 Melius? 12 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. 13 MR. PRESLEY: As we speak. 14 DR. ZIEMER: Mark Griffon. 15 MR. GRIFFON: I -- I wasn't -- I just have to 16 go back to an earlier question that you had, 17 Paul. Because of what Larry raised, the -- and 18 Larry -- did he step out? 19 DR. ZIEMER: He's over --20 I guess the -- I didn't MR. GRIFFON: 21 understand from the earlier presentation that 22 you had any bioassay data to do any internal 23 dose estimate. Now Larry's saying might want 24 to limit it to lanthanum, which -- you know, 25 that then in my mind raises the question of can

1 you bound lanthanum, you know, even 1,000 2 curies of lanthanum in -- in an intake if you 3 do the dose calculations as -- I mean there --4 it may -- it may not meet that plausible 5 definition. I think, Stu, you might be right on that. But I'm just questioning, is there 6 7 other bioassay data? Did I miss that in the I came in a few minutes late. 8 presentation? 9 MR. HINNEFELD: Do what? 10 MR. GRIFFON: That you can do other 11 radionuclide -- you --12 MR. HINNEFELD: The bioassay data does not 13 include use of the lanthanum or those 14 contaminants that went along with it, and so we 15 have -- from that era we have bioassay for 16 other radionuclides like plutonium and tritium 17 and probably uranium and things like that, 18 which would not be relevant to the type of 19 exposure we're discussing with radioactive 20 But we don't have a bioassay set -lanthanum. 21 surely not a robust bioassay set, there may be 22 a sample here and there, but we don't have a 23 robust bioassay set for either the radioactive 24 lanthanum or the impurities that may be used as 25 markers for bounding purposes. Is that -- did

1	that answer your question?
2	MR. GRIFFON: Yeah, I just want and you
3	explored the the I think you answered
4	this when you answered Paul. You explored the
5	possibility of can we model this. We have this
6	many runs I think you said you knew the
7	number of runs, you knew the approximate
8	nominal activity in each run and and you've
9	explored the possibil you you've
10	MR. HINNEFELD: We didn't have any
11	(unintelligible)
12	MR. GRIFFON: the estimates on if ten
13	percent was released and actually ten percent
14	of the total activity was an uptake to an
15	employee, what what the
16	MR. HINNEFELD: We didn't have any confidence
17	that we could arrive at a number like that that
18	was credible. It didn't give us a credible
19	number.
20	MR. GRIFFON: So it was really based on the
21	on on you couldn't establish a plausible
22	scenario.
23	MR. HINNEFELD: Yes.
24	MR. GRIFFON: Okay.
25	DR. ZIEMER: Larry.

1	MR. ELLIOTT: Let me suggest for your
2	consideration that you put both phrases in, the
3	"separation in development of" a nuclear
4	weapon. Okay? I'm just a little worried about
5	losing that phrase, nuclear weapon. But
6	MS. MUNN: Why, Larry?
7	DR. ZIEMER: It's not in the petition was the
8	point I was making. I don't object to it being
9	there, per se. I it wasn't in the
10	description of the class in any way, but
11	understood it's part of the weapons program
12	certainly.
13	MS. MUNN: Yeah.
14	DR. ZIEMER: So
15	DR. MELIUS: Should we say can I make an
16	attempt here, 'cause we've changed it once
17	again while you were talking, Larry. (Reading)
18	People working in these areas of Los Alamos
19	National Laboratory were associated with
20	radioactive lanthanum operations.
21	Okay? That's what we have now. And then what
22	I would suggest, how about (reading) People
23	working in these areas were associated
24	radioactive lanthanum operations as part of the
25	early development and testing of nuclear

1	weapons.
2	MR. PRESLEY: I'll buy that.
3	DR. MELIUS: Yeah, I mean that's the context
4	for it.
5	MR. PRESLEY: I'll buy that.
6	DR. ZIEMER: The context. Wanda Munn.
7	MS. MUNN: Ah, that's all right. Forget it.
8	Let them make whatever they want to make out of
9	it. It will be made.
10	DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Thank you. Any other
11	Mark, did you have any follow-up on your
12	question?
13	MR. GRIFFON: No.
14	DR. ZIEMER: Okay. And
15	DR. WADE: For the record, Larry is just trying
16	to to make sure that the workers are
17	protected by any
18	DR. ZIEMER: Right.
19	<b>DR. WADE:</b> that's all he's (unintelligible).
20	DR. ZIEMER: Stu Stu or Larry, the the
21	issue that you raise about other nuclides or
22	other bioassays, anticipating we don't know
23	whose whose claim might come into this, and
24	you're saying it's possible that they might
25	have exposures even elsewhere on the site that

1 include other things that have been bioassayed. 2 Is that -- is that the point? 3 MR. HINNEFELD: I believe that's the point, is that the internal dose --4 5 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah. MR. HINNEFELD: -- that we can't reconstruct 6 7 where there's no bioassay (unintelligible) --8 DR. ZIEMER: And if they had --9 MR. HINNEFELD: -- (unintelligible) type of 10 exposure. 11 DR. ZIEMER: -- bioassay, are we assuming that 12 the lanthanum would be missed? MR. HINNEFELD: Yes. I mean if they would have 13 14 the uranium or plutonium bioassay --15 DR. ZIEMER: Oh, yeah, yeah --16 MR. HINNEFELD: -- or tritium bioassay, we 17 would --18 DR. ZIEMER: -- so it's --19 MR. HINNEFELD: -- certainly expect it to be 20 missed. 21 DR. ZIEMER: -- specific they --22 MR. HINNEFELD: Yeah. 23 DR. ZIEMER: -- if it was chemically specific. Right. Or the time --24 25 MR. HINNEFELD: Or the time.

1 DR. ZIEMER: -- would -- right. 2 DR. WADE: So with a non-covered cancer, you 3 would attempt a partial dose reconstruction 4 using external, and possibly internal, but not 5 dealing with lanthanum. 6 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah. Thank you. Okay, I think 7 we have the wording of Mr. Presley's motion. 8 Are you ready to vote? It appears that we're 9 ready to vote. 10 Those who support the motion, please raise your 11 hand. 12 (Affirmative responses) 13 Okay, all present have raised their hand. 14 Michael Gibson? 15 MR. GIBSON: I vote aye. 16 DR. ZIEMER: Michael votes aye. There then 17 would be no no's and no abstentions, and the 18 record will show that Dr. Poston has reclused 19 (sic) himself from this deliberation and vote. The motion carries. Thank you very much. 20 21 Thank you, Stu. 22 How are we on time? 23 DR. WADE: One minute. I would make one brief 24 announcement. 25 DR. ZIEMER: We're going to have a break in a

1	moment. We have a brief announcement first.
2	DR. WADE: Just for everyone's planning
3	purposes, it is our it is the intent that
4	Senator Reid will speak to the group via
5	technology magic technology from Washington,
6	and that's scheduled for 2:30 p.m Nevada
7	time, correct? so those of you who want to
8	plan your day around that, that's the current -
9	- Senator Reid is our host, after all.
10	DR. ZIEMER: Thank you. We'll take a 15-minute
11	recess.
12	(Whereupon, a recess was taken from 9:45 a.m.
13	to 10:15 a.m.)
14	S-50 SEC PETITION
15	DR. ZIEMER: We are now ready to resume our
16	deliberations. The next item on our agenda is
17	an SEC petition. It's referred to as the S-50
18	petition which comes out of Oak Ridge and what
19	was called the Oak Ridge Thermal Diffusion
20	Plant, and Stu Hinnefeld will give us the NIOSH
21	evaluation report on this petition.
22	NIOSH PRESENTATION
23	MR. HINNEFELD: Hello again. Anybody else
24	experiencing deja vu?
25	Okay, this next presentation is relates to

1 the S-50 Thermal Diffusion Plant, one of the 2 early uranium enrichment attempts, and this 3 work went on in Oak Ridge. This is Petition 4 Number 60. As I said, we number them in 5 sequence as we receive them. 6 The -- this was again an 83.14 petition. In 7 other words, we encountered a particular 8 situation, exposure scenario. We felt like we 9 could not find enough exposure to perform a 10 feasible dose reconstruction and so the -- we 11 proceeded along the 83.14 path. And not only did we consider the situation of the petitioner 12 that we identified, but also people with 13 14 exposures similar to him. In other words, 15 other people exposed in this -- in this way, 16 and that would be the definition of the class. 17 I just showed this slide a while ago -- of 18 course the two-pronged test for adding classes 19 to the Special Cohort as defined in our 20 regulations. Is it feasible to estimate the 21 level of radiation exposure that the class was 22 exposed to -- all members of the class were 23 exposed to, and is there a reasonable 24 likelihood that their health could have been 25 harmed by the exposures.

1 Okay, the S-50 Plant was, as I said, one of the 2 early attempts to enrich uranium. It was built 3 during the War in Oak Ridge. It -- there was 4 some Navy pilot work done in Philadelphia, I 5 believe, beforehand and then Manhattan Engineering District took that technology and 6 7 tried to -- tried to do some enrichment at S-8 50. They had some degree of success, got the 9 uranium enriched a little bit, and then we used 10 that as feed into the Calutrons at Y-12 where 11 the really successful enrichment occurred. 12 The Thermal Diffusion operation shut down in 13 1945 and the process equipment was disassembled 14 in the late '40s so the facilities out there 15 essentially has shut down for a number of 16 years. And then the facility was further used 17 through December of 1951 to conduct feasibility studies for the Nuclear Energy for Propulsion 18 19 of Aircraft project, the infamous nuclear 20 airplane which was apparently referred to as 21 NEPA, which of course means something 22 completely different today. 23 We -- briefly describing the processes that 24 were evolved -- involved in -- relevant to our 25 issue with reconstructability here, the first

1 is the thermal diffusion process -- there are -2 - it consisted of a series of concentric heated 3 and chilled pipes. UF-6 under pressure was 4 injected between those pipes and then the 5 convection currents tended to separate the U-235 from the U-238, U-235 tending to go up to 6 7 the hot side and 238 tended to go down to the cold side, so the draw-off then occurred on the 8 9 hot top of the column. And there was some 10 enrichment success. You know, there was a 11 slightly preferential movement in those -- in that direction, so there would be some 12 13 enrichment effect. 14 For the NEPA project the -- we have very -very sketchy information about the work that 15 16 was done. We know that they were assembling 17 essentially fuel and graphite blocks with the 18 idea that they were going to build a reactor to 19 go into an airplane. They fabricated those 20 blocks. We don't really know what source term, 21 how much uranium they had that would have been 22 enriched uranium, we don't know how much they 23 would have had or how enriched. We don't know 24 exactly what they did in terms of forming the 25 blocks, what processes were involved. We don't

1 know the chemical form of the uranium. And 2 there's also indication that they may have used 3 -- or they may have done some activation 4 analysis for materials that had been previously 5 irradiated at X-10. We've been able to obtain no personnel 6 7 monitoring results for either the external 8 exposures or the internal exposures at these 9 facilities. We have no air monitoring data for 10 the facility -- for the facility during either 11 of the periods of operation, and we do have 12 some contemporary -- contemporaneous 13 information reports that indicated that the 14 process was kind of leaky, that there was some 15 significant uranium release during the attempts 16 at diffusion. UF-6 under -- you know, if it's 17 hot and it's not under pressure, it's a vapor. 18 And so these would be pretty volatile releases. 19 Now there is a limited amount of information 20 from direct radiation and contamination 21 surveys, but we don't feel like there is 22 sufficient body of data, either in magnitude or 23 time, to give us a good handle on what the 24 magnitude of the doses might be. And we don't 25 have any information about the state of

1 equipment as it was shut down and retired and 2 as it sat there in the facility. We don't 3 really know what the plant -- the condition of 4 the plant was between the time that they 5 stopped trying to do the diffusion and the time that they converted it, disa-- disassembled the 6 equipment. We -- you know, as far as we know, 7 8 it was as it stood, with whatever hold-up 9 material would have been there, whatever 10 contamination would have been there until it 11 was disassembled. 12 We do believe we know enough about the medical 13 monitoring program in this period in the Oak 14 Ridge complex that we could develop protocols 15 for reconstructing the medical -- occupational 16 medical dose for the -- for the class or people 17 in the class. That's a pretty limited amount 18 that we could reconstruct, but it is possible 19 to be successful on occasion to achieve a -- to 20 complete a dose reconstruction sufficiently 21 with that. Otherwise, we'll do what -- you 22 know, we'll provide what we can reconstruct in 23 this -- in that arena. 24 So strictly and quickly as an overview in our 25 evaluation of the S-50 Plant as, you know, we

1 kind of -- as we were researching the Oak Ridge 2 facilities and trying to determine what we 3 could learn about the Oak Ridge facilities, of 4 course we came across the S-50 Plant. We had 5 claims from the S-50 Plant. We said -- and as 6 we investigated what -- you know, trying to 7 establish ways to do dose reconstruction, we 8 concluded well, we really can't. We really 9 don't have enough information. 10 So we contacted a claimant, who ultimately 11 became the petitioner, in the middle of May; 12 sent them a letter saying sorry, we attempted 13 to reconstruct your dose but we're not able to. 14 Here's the SEC petition Form A. Please sign that and send it back. And so we received that 15 16 then at the end of May and it became petition 17 number 60. And the evaluation of course had in 18 large part been done by that time because we 19 pretty much did the evaluation before we sent 20 the letter that we couldn't reconstruct the 21 doses. 22 In terms of the feasibility, we find that we 23 lack the monitoring, process and source term 24 information to estimate the internal or 25 external doses to the S-50 facility from --

1 facilities from July 1944 through December 2 1951, and that's the entire covered period for 3 this facility. When I say covered period, I 4 mean the specified covered period that's been 5 identified by Department of Energy and Department of Labor. 6 7 We believe we have sufficient information to 8 estimate the medical exposures -- only the 9 medical exposures for that period, and we'll 10 attempt to do that on the chance that we may 11 have success by doing that. 12 So as I say, we've determined it's not feasible 13 to estimate with sufficient accuracy the 14 internal/external doses for all members of the 15 class, and we believe that health may have been 16 endangered because of the nature of the 17 operation, the using UF-6 vapor, there's a lot 18 of potential for releases and internal exposure 19 sufficient over a number of years to provide --20 you know, be -- potentially harm the -- the 21 health of the employee in terms of the test in 22 the EEOICPA program, and that in either 23 operation, since we lack information to bound 24 their -- decide how bad could it have been, we 25 feel like it's pretty much not possible to say

1 well, we can't say how bad it was, but it could 2 be bad enough to hurt them. It seems like that 3 kind of goes hand in hand that -- so exposures 4 could have been high enough to cause harm. And 5 certainly it appears that some per-- workers in 6 the class may have accumulated substantial 7 intakes, particularly from the operation of the 8 diffusion plant. 9 Proposed class definition is here, as well as 10 in the evaluation report. So again the 11 (reading) All employees of the DOE and its 12 predecessor agencies and their contractors and 13 subcontractors who were monitored or should 14 have been monitored -- should have been 15 monitored based on today's thought process --16 to ionizing radiation at S-50 Thermal Diffusion 17 Plant for the 250 days. Again, since it was a 18 uranium exposure, even though we can't bound 19 the upper -- of the total amount of exposure, 20 the particular exposure rate would be such that 21 it would have to be more than presence. You 22 wouldn't get a very high acute exposure that 23 would allow presence, so for a period of 250 24 days. And of cour-- and the days can be 25 aggregated with other classes.

1	And our summary slide which is same as last
2	one, so if I'd neglected to put in what we can
3	and can't reconstruct in the table last time, I
4	again neglected to put it in this time. It
5	defines the class, our determination of
6	feasibility and our our view of health
7	endangerment.
8	That's all I have to present on this at the
9	moment. And I may need help from staff if
10	there are questions.
11	DR. ZIEMER: Okay. I don't believe we have any
12	petitioners present, do we, on this one Lew,
13	if you or Larry?
14	MR. RUTHERFORD: (Unintelligible)
14 15	MR. RUTHERFORD: (Unintelligible) BOARD DISCUSSION
15	BOARD DISCUSSION
15 16	<b>BOARD DISCUSSION</b> <b>DR. ZIEMER:</b> LaVon, okay. No petitioners to
15 16 17	<b>BOARD DISCUSSION</b> <b>DR. ZIEMER:</b> LaVon, okay. No petitioners to speak on this one, so let's open it for
15 16 17 18	BOARD DISCUSSION DR. ZIEMER: LaVon, okay. No petitioners to speak on this one, so let's open it for discussion. Stu, do you know or maybe even
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<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> </ol>	BOARD DISCUSSION DR. ZIEMER: LaVon, okay. No petitioners to speak on this one, so let's open it for discussion. Stu, do you know or maybe even Mr. Presley would know organizationally, was the the S-50 facility operated by the same contractor as the rest of the facility and and that remark is or that question is one where I'm asking if the monitoring program

1 was constructed by H.K.Ferguson and operated by 2 Fercleve Corporation. I don't think Fercleve 3 was a contractor that operated Y-12 or any of 4 the other --5 DR. ZIEMER: No. So it was a different 6 contractor, and presumably then would have --7 or conceivably could have had a completely 8 different health and safety program? 9 MR. RUTHERFORD: Yes. 10 DR. ZIEMER: Robert, can you shed any 11 additional light on that? 12 MR. PRESLEY: Yes and no. To everything that I can find out about S-50, a large part of it was 13 14 run by the Navy. They did use people from K-25 15 as their probably maintenance and -- and 16 everything else. I would say that if there was 17 any health physics or monitoring or anything 18 like that, it would have probably come from K-19 25. But there's very, very little information 20 on this. And as far as who the prime 21 contractor was for that, I've not even been 22 able to find that yet. 23 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, LaVon has -- had a name 24 there and --25 MR. PRESLEY: Yeah, but it's --

1	MR. RUTHERFORD: Yeah, it Fercleve
2	Corporation was the operator. I will add that
3	that the sur the little amount of data we
4	do have, it's not clear that there was a
5	separate organization, like K-25 or anybody,
6	that actually did the health physics work, so -
7	- which very limited health physics work.
8	DR. ZIEMER: Can you tell for sure that it was
9	not an an actual Navy operation or a
10	military
11	MR. RUTHERFORD: From everything that we've
12	read, the S-50 portion of it you know, it
13	clearly seems to be that it was, you know, a
14	DR. ZIEMER: Civilian
15	MR. RUTHERFORD: AEC operation or an
16	operation that would have been under the
17	weapons because you you were actually
18	enriching uranium. And they were the S-50
19	was just one of the different processes you
20	know, besides the Calutrons and that that
21	they were
22	DR. ZIEMER: They were trying a
23	MR. RUTHERFORD: Exactly.
24	DR. ZIEMER: lot of different things, yes.
25	No, I was just curious as why there would be no

1 monitoring when other -- I think other parts --2 when did the monitoring start, for example, at 3 K-25 and Y-12? It was almost from the 4 beginning, was it not? 5 MR. RUTHERFORD: Actually if you look at Y-12, the -- we had virtually no internal monitoring. 6 7 The reason why we added the Calutrons for the 8 early years is both in-- you know, we couldn't 9 do internal or external for the Calutrons. 10 DR. ZIEMER: Right. 11 MR. RUTHERFORD: It was similar -- you know, 12 very little monitoring data. 13 MR. PRESLEY: Now one of the reasons you don't 14 find the data down there is Y-12 was -- went on 15 line first, and they were having problems 16 getting material so they said let's build the 17 N-50 real fast and that's what they did, and K-18 25 probably -- I'd have to go back and look at 19 dates, but K-25 probably didn't even come into 20 production until about what, '46 -- end of '45, 21 '46, and N-50 was doing their thing at the end 22 of '44 trying to feed Y-12. 23 MR. RUTHERFORD: Yeah, actually if you -- if 24 you remember back when we did the Y-12 early 25 work, the reason why the Calutrons were shut

1 down when they did in '49 was -- was -- I mean 2 from enrichment was because K-25 had come on 3 line and they'd actually seen the high 4 efficiency out of K-25. 5 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Other questions? Okay, Brad. 6 7 MR. CLAWSON: I -- and this is -- I think 8 you've already answered this, but I'm just 9 looking at the work force. We -- they could 10 have used work forces from K-25 -- I mean 11 electricians, the whole nine yards. I'm 12 wondering about technicians, everything else 13 that could have been involved in this -- reason 14 I bring this up because when we were in Oak 15 Ridge one of the petitioners brought this up 16 and was -- made the comment of working at these 17 areas. 18 MR. PRESLEY: I would probably state that any 19 technicians or anything like that that might 20 have worked at -- at N-50, I couldn't -- I 21 couldn't say with 100 percent accuracy, but I 22 would say that they probably came from Y-12 23 rather than K-25. Because at the time this 24 thing was started up, K-25 was in prod-- was in 25 the building stage. It was not in the

1 production stage and Y-12 was the one that was 2 in the production stage. This was -- this 3 facility was built solely to supply material to 4 -- to the Calutrons at Y-12. 5 MR. RUTHERFORD: The only thing that would 6 possibly say that that wasn't true was the fact 7 that you did have different operators, company 8 operators. Fercleve Corporation did not 9 operate -- was not in -- you know, was not the 10 same operating company as -- who was operating 11 Y-12 and so you -- you may have been that --12 you know, employer issues where you may not 13 have been able to pull employees. And the 14 documents that we've retrieved, the in-- some 15 infor-- the information that we've retrieved 16 indicates that these were new employees, you know, so it -- it -- it -- we did get the 17 18 indication that -- you know, it's not to say 19 they weren't, but we didn't get the indication 20 that they came from another facility. MR. CLAWSON: Well, and -- and I understand 21 that, and a -- and a lot of the defense 22 23 contractors and stuff, the management-type 24 operation was run by a different company, but a 25 lot of times because of special use of the

1	employees and stuff they used used the work
2	force that was established there.
3	MR. PRESLEY: Yeah, that's correct, because
4	they they the work force crossed lines,
5	especially in the early days out there. I mean
6	if you needed a if you needed a pipe fitter
7	real fast, they might pull that pipe fitter
8	from from ORNL if they couldn't get one on-
9	site.
10	DR. ZIEMER: But in cases where they did that -
11	- for example, if you had a construction
12	worker, a pipe fitter from let's say Y-12, if
13	they left the Y-12 site, any monitoring that
14	they might have had there would stay there, I
15	assume. They wouldn't be taking either pocket
16	dosimeters or badges from one site to the
17	other. Is that correct? Or do we even know?
18	Maybe we don't know, but
19	MR. PRESLEY: I'd say you don't even know.
20	MR. RUTHERFORD: I know that we actually looked
21	at some of that and Mark's not here, but we
22	looked at some of that with the Y-12, you know,
23	SEC petition. The early years, there's no
24	indication of that, you know. It there's so
25	there's sparse data at both Y-12 and, you

1 know, the S-50 for those early years to really 2 even make a determination on that. 3 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah. MR. CLAWSON: Well, and to further add on to 4 5 that, up until probably ten or 12 years ago, when I'd go to any other facility I would have 6 7 a whole totally different TLD. I had a total 8 of six at one time. 9 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Thank you. Other comments 10 or questions? 11 (No responses) 12 BOARD DECISION 13 If there are no questions, perhaps the Board is 14 ready to take action on this. The Chair would 15 entertain a motion, if anyone wishes to make a 16 motion. Dr. Melius, you want to get first 17 crack at it here. 18 DR. MELIUS: It's a rather long motion. 19 DR. ZIEMER: Just to encapsulate it, are you 20 going to make a motion that we support this? 21 DR. MELIUS: Yes. 22 DR. ZIEMER: Yes, okay. And the wording then 23 would be? 24 DR. MELIUS: The wording would then --25 (reading) The Board recommends that the

1	following letter be transmitted to the
2	Secretary of Health and Human Services within
3	21 days. Should the Chair become aware of any
4	issue that, in his judgment, would preclude the
5	transmitting of this letter within that time
6	period, the Board requests that he promptly
7	informs the Board of the delay, the reasons for
8	this delay, that he immediately works with
9	NIOSH to schedule an emergency meeting of the
10	Board to discuss the this issue. The letter
11	reads as follows:
12	The Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker
13	Health (the Board) has evaluated SEC Petition
14	00060 concerning workers at the Oak Ridge
15	National Laboratories under the statutory
16	requirements established by EEOICPA and
17	incorporated into 42 CFR Section 83.13 and 42
18	CFR Section 83.14. The Board respectfully
19	recommends a Special Exposure Cohort be
20	accorded to all employees of the DOE,
21	predecessor agencies and their contractors or
22	subcontractors who were monitored or should
23	have been monitored while working at the S-50
24	Oak Ridge Thermal Diffusion Plant for a number
25	of work days aggregating at least 250 work days

1	during the period from July 9, 1944 through
2	December 31st, 1951, or in combination with
3	work days within the parameters established for
4	one or more other classes of employees in the
5	SEC.
6	This recommendation is based on the following
7	factors:
8	Number one, people working in S-50 Oak Ridge
9	Thermal Diffusion Plant were employed in a
10	wartime uranium enrichment facility from July
11	8th, 1944 to September 9th, 1945, and in
12	feasibility studies for the Nuclear Energy for
13	the Propulsion of Aircraft project from May
14	lst, 1946 through December 31st, 1951. NIOSH
15	found that it lacked access to internal and
16	external personnel personnel dosimetry data
17	and other workplace monitoring data necessary
18	to reconstruct internal and external exposures
19	to uranium compounds and other radioactive
20	materials that may have been present at the
21	facility during the time periods in question,
22	and thus was unable to estimate with sufficient
23	accuracy radiation doses from internal and
24	external exposures for these workers. The
25	Board concurs with this determination.

1 NIOSH determined that health was endangered for 2 workers exposed to radiation in -- as -- at the 3 S-50 Oak Ridge Thermal Diffusion Plant in the 4 time period in question. The Board concurs 5 with this determination. 6 Enclosed is supporting documentation from recent Advisory Board meetings held in Las 7 8 Vegas, Nevada where the Special Exposure Cohort 9 was discussed. If any of these items aren't 10 available at this time, they will follow 11 shortly. 12 **DR. ZIEMER:** Okay, you've heard the motion. Is 13 there a second? 14 MR. CLAWSON: I'll second it. 15 DR. ZIEMER: And seconded. I'd like to ask a 16 question. I believe in the presentation it was 17 indicated that medical exposures could be 18 reconstructed, but not external and internal 19 occupational --20 That's -- that's correct. MR. HINNEFELD: 21 DR. MELIUS: Okay, then I missed that. I'm 22 sorry. 23 DR. ZIEMER: So my question is, do we need to 24 refer to that in the narrative --25 MS. MUNN: Yes.

1	DR. ZIEMER: in the way that we have when
2	you can do, for example
3	DR. MELIUS: Yeah.
4	DR. ZIEMER: external but not internal, so
5	we may need a sentence indicating that the
6	adequate reconstruction of occupational medical
7	dose at the S-50 site is considered feasible.
8	Or or that NIOSH found that it is considered
9	feasible and that the Board concurs.
10	DR. MELIUS: Yeah, just a second and I will
11	DR. ZIEMER: Other comments? Larry.
12	MR. ELLIOTT: I think I heard you site 83.13.
13	This is an 83.14. I don't know
14	DR. MELIUS: I cited both of them, which as I
15	recollect it's been a while that was the
16	way we did it when we originally had an 83.14.
17	MR. ELLIOTT: I don't know if it makes any
18	difference, but
19	DR. MELIUS: I'm would willing to stand
20	corrected on that, but I my recollection is
21	we ended up rather than doing specific
22	sections, we just did generally 83.13 and 14
23	for that adding to that, and that was
24	whoever was counsel at the time in the audience
25	concurred, but you know, I'm not sure it

1 makes a difference as long as we cite them both 2 and cite 14. 3 **MR. ELLIOTT:** (Off microphone) (Unintelligible) 4 DR. ZIEMER: Both are cited in the -- in the 5 NIOSH review, Larry. MR. ELLIOTT: I think what's cited in the NIOSH 6 7 review -- maybe I'm wrong here -- but is 82.12 where we can't -- am I right, Stu? This is not 8 9 an 83.13, I know that. But it comes from an 10 82.12 where we identify we can't do dose 11 reconstruction. Then we move it into an 83.14 12 petitioning situation. And I don't think 13 there's a problem with citing 83.13, except 14 this is -- you know, this particular petition 15 is not an 83.13, so --16 DR. MELIUS: Uh-huh. 17 DR. ZIEMER: I'm just looking at your -- at 18 Section 8.0 of your evaluation, which deals 19 with the health endangerment --20 MR. HINNEFELD: Right. 21 DR. ZIEMER: -- it says it's governed by 22 (unintelligible) --23 **MR. HINNEFELD:** (Unintelligible) health endangerment portion (unintelligible) --24 25 DR. ZIEMER: -- and 13 and 14.

1 MR. ELLIOTT: Okay, that's the tie-in. That's 2 what I was missing. That's where we tie into 3 health endangerment. 4 DR. ZIEMER: Right, health endangerment is from 5 So are we okay then to -- yeah. both. 6 DR. MELIUS: Can I friendly amendment my --7 I've added a section, (reading) Number three, 8 the NIOSH review of the data was -- found that 9 it was sufficient to support accurate 10 individual dose reconstruction for occupational 11 medical doses for workers that -- in the area 12 at the S-50 Oak Ridge Thermal Diffusion Plant. 13 The Board concurs with this determination. DR. ZIEMER: And let me just ask Stu, on that 14 15 issue of the medical -- you don't really deal 16 with it, but is there an assumption or do we 17 know that they -- they indeed had annual 18 medical exposures there, or would you simply 19 assume that they had medical exposures sort of equivalent to what the other parts of the Oak 20 21 Ridge site had? What -- what -- what do you in fact do in the medical case? 22 23 MR. HINNEFELD: In -- for medical we would 24 expect them to have the same type exposures as 25 the rest of the Oak Ridge complex, and so that

1 would be in line with those. 2 DR. ZIEMER: You would assume that they had one 3 per year --4 MR. HINNEFELD: I don't know what 5 (unintelligible) --DR. ZIEMER: -- or whatever --6 7 MR. HINNEFELD: -- right now, probably --8 DR. ZIEMER: -- whatever the assumption --9 MR. HINNEFELD: Probably one per year, and at 10 that time I believe it was probably 11 photofluorographic examinations in Oak Ridge, 12 at -- for the -- certainly for the start. Ι 13 don't know if that would have continued through 14 1950, but certainly at the start. 15 DR. ZIEMER: Even though we -- we actually 16 don't have any evidence that they had that, but 17 that would be --18 MR. HINNEFELD: Well, we don't have the expo--19 like medical records for these folks --20 DR. ZIEMER: Anyway --21 MR. HINNEFELD: -- we don't have a detailed 22 description of what they did at S-50 for 23 medical monitoring. 24 DR. ZIEMER: Right. Thank you. Any further 25 comments, Board members? Lew, do you have a

comment?

2	DR. WADE: I'd like to make a comment before
3	you vote. I've asked Robert Presley to abstain
4	from voting on this petition. He does not show
5	in his waiver to be conflicted at ORINS, but
6	there seems to be in my mind some question as
7	to the boundary between S-50 and other
8	facilities at Oak Ridge, and therefore I think
9	it's in the best interest of the process that
10	he abstain, and I think he's graciously agreed.
11	MR. PRESLEY: And change the word "ORINS,"
12	though. It's not ORINS, it's K-25 or Y-12.
13	DR. WADE: Okay.
14	DR. ZIEMER: Yeah. Okay, any other comments,
15	Board members, or are you ready to vote?
16	Okay, by show of hands, all who support the
17	motion, say or raise your right hand.
18	(Affirmative responses)
19	And all here present, with the exception of Mr.
20	Presley who's abstaining, are voting yea. Mr.
21	Gibson, are you still on the line?
22	MR. GIBSON: Yeah, I vote aye.
23	DR. ZIEMER: Michael voting
24	MR. GIBSON: Aye.
25	DR. ZIEMER: Aye, thank you. There are no

1 no's. The ayes have it. The motion carries. 2 Thank you very much. Thank you, Stu. 3 SC&A TASKING 4 DR. WADE: If we have time I'd suggest we get 5 into this issue of tasking SC&A for next year on procedures and site profiles, just in case 6 7 there's work that needs to be done right away. DR. ZIEMER: Now we're a little bit ahead of 8 9 schedule, and before we move to the conflict of 10 interest policy, we -- we have some sort of 11 carry-over work items. Let's see, let's --12 let's -- yeah, we can begin with our SC&A 13 tasking and --14 DR. WADE: Yeah, I would suggest we look at 15 SC&A tasking --16 DR. ZIEMER: And I want to make sure -- is John 17 Mauro in the assembly when --18 MR. PRESLEY: I just saw John with the 19 (unintelligible) take off down --20 DR. ZIEMER: He's here and Joe is here so we --21 I -- in case we needed to call on them, we --22 make sure they're present. 23 DR. WADE: And my reasoning for wanting to do 24 this is just in case the Board, in its 25 preliminary discussions, requires some

additional information, we have the lunch time to -- to do that. We have two tasks remaining in front of us relative to SC&A's work for next year. That relates to procedures that they will review and site profiles that they will review. And I would suggest we start with site profiles.

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I take you back to the -- the document that was 8 9 shared with you that listed the site profiles 10 that were completed and listed on the NIOSH web 11 site. We've added value to that by showing not 12 only the total number of cases, but the number 13 of cases that have been compensated -- no, 14 number of cases where dose reconstructions have 15 been done. We've added information of sites where there are qualified petitions. You know, 16 17 we've added additional information about site 18 profiles under development. So there's a great 19 deal of information in front of you. 20 Yesterday you were beginning to come to grips 21 with this issue, but you wanted to wait, for 22 example, to see how the Chapman Valve situation 23 played out. So I would ask you to -- to pick 24 up your discussion on generating up to five 25 site profiles for SC&A to review next year.

1	DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Thank you, Lew, and as a
2	reminder, the tasking document that we are
3	working from for this upcoming year does
4	indicate five. That is in a sense a kind of
5	rough guideline because the capability may very
6	well, as John Mauro indicated, depend on the
7	nature of of the particular site and so on.
8	One might only be able to do four or six, but
9	for the present time it would be useful if the
10	Board identified up to five sites. We're not -
11	- we don't necessarily have to identify all
12	five today, or we could identify five in the
13	and prioritize and get SC&A under way with the
14	possibility of, for example, changing our mind
15	later on on one that's down the list. But with
16	that in mind, and what I what I would
17	suggest we do is do this in kind of an open
18	discussion manner, try to get a feel for what
19	Board members think are the priority sites and
20	identify those, and then we'll see if we need
21	to narrow it down. In other words, indicate
22	and you can do this individually what you
23	think is an important site or sites that we
24	should look at, and then we'll get input from
25	others. And we'll just let's see, I don't

1 know if Dr. Melius has his flag up out of habit 2 or if you're ready to start. 3 DR. MELIUS: No, that was left over from --4 DR. ZIEMER: Left over, okay. 5 DR. MELIUS: -- probably early this morning. DR. ZIEMER: I know that some made some 6 7 preliminary comments. Wanda, you had some 8 suggestions. 9 MS. MUNN: Yes, I did those yesterday. 10 DR. WADE: I can remind you of Wanda's 11 suggestions if you'd like. 12 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, let's -- let's jot those 13 down as starting point and --14 DR. WADE: Wanda suggested K-25, Pantex, 15 Argonne National Lab West, Lawrence Livermore 16 National Laboratories, and Atomic 17 International, paren, Energy Technology 18 Engineering Center, close paren, as a starting 19 list of five. 20 DR. ZIEMER: What was -- what was the fifth 21 one? 22 DR. WADE: Atomics International --23 DR. ZIEMER: Oh, yes. 24 DR. WADE: -- paren, Energy Technology 25 Engineering Center, close paren.

1	DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Now that's a starting five.
2	Let's get some comments, either concurrence or
3	indicate others that you think might be also
4	should be considered. Mr. Presley?
5	MR. PRESLEY: We know right off the bat that
6	Savannah River's number one. Is that not
7	correct?
8	DR. WADE: Right, Savannah River is the sixth,
9	to be re-evaluated.
10	MR. PRESLEY: Right, so it's going to be one of
11	the five.
12	DR. WADE: No, it's it's the sixth.
13	MR. PRESLEY: We're going to call it six, okay.
14	MR. CLAWSON: Could you go back over those
15	again? I kind of (unintelligible) writing
16	those, trying to mark them down.
17	DR. ZIEMER: Yes. Go ahead, Lew.
18	DR. WADE: Wanda's rec Wanda's recommendation
19	K-25, Pantex, Argonne National Lab West,
20	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, and
21	Atomics International, paren, Energy Technology
22	Engineering Center, close paren.
23	DR. ZIEMER: And Bob Presley's simply reminding
24	us that Savannah River is already in the queue,
25	is that

1 MR. PRESLEY: Queue, that's correct. I would 2 like to add to those to be considered Iowa Army 3 Ordnance Plant. It looks like we've got a very 4 high number of claims there --5 **MS. MUNN:** We've done that (unintelligible)? 6 MR. PRESLEY: -- and also I think we ought to -7 8 DR. ZIEMER: Hold on just a second. Is this --9 you know, we did a petition for Iowa. 10 MR. PRESLEY: Have we already done that one? 11 I'm sorry. 12 MS. MUNN: We've done that one. 13 DR. WADE: We did an emergency task --14 I had that one circled. MR. PRESLEY: 15 DR. WADE: I'm sorry. For the record, we did 16 an emergency task of SC&A to look at the Iowa 17 Ordnance Plant site profile as part of the 18 detail work looking at the SEC. 19 MR. PRESLEY: Okay, I'm sorry. I would like to add one of the -- the old assembly sites, which 20 21 is whatever you want to call it, 22 Clarksville/Medina or Medina/Clarksville. Ι 23 think that ought to be added. That's one of 24 the early assembly/disassembly sites. 25 DR. WADE: Now my notes show that

1	Clarksville/Medina is a site that's in the
2	site profile is underway, not completed. I
3	don't know, do we have a sense of when it would
4	be completed?
5	MR. HINNEFELD: Well, I don't have that date
6	with me, but I might be able to get it.
7	DR. WADE: Okay.
8	MR. HINNEFELD: So I don't know right off the
9	top of my head.
10	DR. WADE: Thank you. If you would get that,
11	Stu, as quickly as you could.
12	DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Brad?
13	MR. CLAWSON: After after seeing yesterday,
14	and I'm just throwing it out, I'd like to see
15	Chapman Valve re checked out.
16	DR. MELIUS: Yeah, Paul, I actually have I
17	really am up now.
18	DR. ZIEMER: Okay, we have a Dr. Melius.
19	DR. MELIUS: I would argue a little bit against
20	Chapman Valve given that they're already doing
21	the the SEC evaluation there. I think we do
22	one or the other, and I thought we had
23	determined yesterday to go with the SEC and
24	DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, actually what
25	DR. MELIUS: (unintelligible)

1 DR. ZIEMER: -- will happen is they will end up 2 doing at least part of the site profile, as it 3 may pertain to. 4 DR. MAURO: Just to point out the -- Chapman 5 Valve is -- it's more what you would call an exposure matrix. It's a relatively small 6 7 document and it is going to be thoroughly 8 reviewed as -- and it's not the equivalent of 9 what we all know to be a site profile, which is 10 usually several hundred pages of very complex 11 material. So bottom line is Chapman Valve 12 exposure matrix will be thoroughly reviewed as 13 part of the SEC review process. 14 Okay, thank you. So -- so we --DR. ZIEMER: 15 that'll take care of it, Brad. Okay? 16 DR. MELIUS: And then I'd like to suggest two 17 One's Portsmouth, there's a large number more. 18 of cases there and I think for that reason 19 alone we should evaluate it. And then the 20 other one was Sandia, which is on the list of 21 site profiles that's about to be complete and I 22 believe that --23 DR. ZIEMER: Now you're talking Sandia 24 Albuquerque --25 DR. MELIUS: That would be --

1 **DR. ZIEMER:** -- or both? 2 DR. MELIUS: -- correct. 3 DR. ZIEMER: Sandia Albuquerque. 4 DR. MELIUS: Sandia Albu-- we'll keep them 5 separate, Sandia Albuquerque. And I believe that site profile is almost complete is what we 6 7 were told. Stu or somebody reported yesterday 8 and -- so I think it's appropriate to schedule 9 it this year. Again, there was I believe 10 around 200 to 300 cases there pending this one 11 when I asked yesterday. 12 DR. ZIEMER: 217 cases. 13 DR. MELIUS: Okay. 14 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Yes, Robert. 15 MR. PRESLEY: Where do we stand on Pinellas? 16 DR. ZIEMER: Pinellas has already been 17 reviewed, I believe, we -- you should have that one in your --18 19 DR. MELIUS: Just got it recently. 20 DR. ZIEMER: -- collection of binders, white 21 binders at home. 22 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. 23 **DR. ZIEMER:** Others? 24 (No responses) 25 So right now I see seven suggestions. What we

1 might do is prioritize these and --2 DR. WADE: Mike Gibson is trying to say 3 something. 4 DR. ZIEMER: Oh, Mike, yes. Sorry to ignore 5 you. Hang on just a second and we'll get you 6 hooked in here. Okay. 7 MR. GIBSON: Paul, this is Mike. Could you 8 read the seven sites to me, please? 9 DR. WADE: Okay. 10 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, Lew will read them here for 11 you. 12 DR. WADE: I'll read them with attribution. 13 Wanda has suggested K-25, Pantex, Argonne 14 National Lab West, Lawrence Livermore National 15 Laboratory, and Atomics International, paren, 16 Energy Technology Engineering Center, close 17 paren. Robert Presley has suggested 18 Clarksville/Medina, that's a site profile in 19 progress. Stu's doing to get us a date. Dr. 20 Melius has added two, Portsmouth and Sandia 21 Albuquerque, Sandia Albuquerque a document in 22 preparation and we would await a date from Stu 23 on its completion as well. So that's the 24 eight. 25 DR. ZIEMER: Also just for the record, does

1 someone have the number of cases at the 2 Clarksville/Medina facility? Somehow I didn't 3 have that recorded. 4 MS. MUNN: No. 5 DR. WADE: No, it was not given to us. 6 MS. MUNN: We had Sandia, we didn't have 7 (unintelligible). 8 MR. GIBSON: Dr. Ziemer --9 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, Mike, hang on. Okay, go, 10 Mike. 11 **MR. GIBSON:** I would like to add Lawrence 12 Livermore to that list, also, please. 13 MR. PRESLEY: That was on there. 14 DR. ZIEMER: I think Lawrence Livermore was on 15 -- is on the suggestions from Wanda that were 16 just read maybe -- maybe you missed that. 17 DR. WADE: It's on Wanda's list, Mike. We'll add your check mark next to it. 18 19 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. 20 MR. CLAWSON: Could I just get a little bit of 21 information? I guess being new and everything 22 else, this Atomic International, where was that 23 and what -- what was it? DR. ZIEMER: That's in California, is it not, 24 and maybe Stu can tell us a little more about 25

1	that.
2	MR. HINNEFELD: Sorry, I was sending a message
3	to the office. Which which site?
4	DR. ZIEMER: Atomics International, the ETEC.
5	MR. HINNEFELD: Okay. I want to focus the
6	title name on ETEC, Engineering Technology -
7	_
8	DR. ZIEMER: Engineering Center.
9	MR. HINNEFELD: Center Energy Technology
10	Engineering Center. It's in southern
11	California. It's now it's several specific
12	sites and they're more more precisely known
13	as Area 4 of the Sasquehanna Field Laboratory,
14	the Downey Facility, the Canoga Avenue Facility
15	and the DeSoto Facility. And they did it
16	was essentially research lab type of work on
17	fuel, irradiated fuel, things of that sort.
18	MR. CLAWSON: Thank you.
19	DR. ZIEMER: Okay.
20	MR. HINNEFELD: I think that's what they did.
21	There's a couple over there that I tend to get
22	confused.
23	DR. ZIEMER: Right, and that one is listed as
24	having had 261 cases.
25	MR. HINNEFELD: Reactor Development is one.

1 DR. ZIEMER: Reactor (unintelligible) --2 MR. HINNEFELD: Reactor Development Research. 3 DR. ZIEMER: And also -- well, go ahead. Did 4 you have another one, Robert? 5 MR. PRESLEY: No. DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Dr. Melius? 6 DR. MELIUS: I'm sorry. 7 8 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. 9 DR. MELIUS: I was just following Robert. 10 DR. ZIEMER: So right now we have eight 11 candidates, and we could prioritize these 12 perhaps and identify say the top five as our initial list, if that would be agreeable, 13 14 unless anyone has additional ones to add. 15 (No responses) 16 Okay. Now let me suggest that you do the 17 following. This -- we'll see if this works. 18 Flag your top five, and then I'm going to ask 19 how many have flagged each one and we'll see if 20 we get any kind of consensus. Is that 21 agreeable? 22 DR. WADE: It's guaranteed to work. 23 DR. ZIEMER: Guaranteed to work. If we come 24 out with a tie... 25 Okay, so we now are all going to take just

1 about a minute and flag your top five. 2 (Pause) 3 MR. CLAWSON: Dr. Ziemer --4 DR. ZIEMER: Yes. 5 MR. CLAWSON: -- clarify Savannah River for me. Is it --6 7 DR. ZIEMER: Savannah River --8 MR. CLAWSON: It's already being done? 9 DR. ZIEMER: -- is already underway. 10 DR. WADE: Savannah River was reviewed in the 11 first batch of site profiles that SC&A was 12 asked to review, but that review has gone stale 13 in that there's an update to the site profile. 14 So Dr. DeHart, who was chairing the workgroup 15 on Savannah, asked that the contractor be 16 instructed to re-review Savannah River and 17 they're doing that as one of the six sites that 18 we're talking about this year, leaving five. 19 MR. CLAWSON: Leaving five, okay, I understand. 20 DR. MAURO: This might help a little -- might 21 or might not, I don't know -- the Savannah 22 River Rev 3 is -- has been reviewed as part of 23 the closeout process of the matrix. We set 24 aside a relatively modest budget for doing 25 that, and what I'm getting at is, for all

1 intents and purposes, that work is -- is comp--2 you know, is completed within the original 3 budget we had for the others. So I -- I mean 4 it's -- reality is, the -- the Savannah River 5 one, number six, is in effect, for all intents 6 and purposes, being taken care of under the 7 closeout budget, not under this budget. So in 8 theory, we could probabl -- if you want to 9 entertain a sixth one. 10 DR. WADE: If the -- if the group prioritizes 11 eight, then I think we should hold open the 12 option for doing as many as we can under the 13 budget. 14 (Pause) 15 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, I'm going to see if -- if 16 you're all done flagging your favorite five. 17 Is there anybody that has not completed that yet? And as I did mine I realized there's one 18 19 I wished were on the list, but I'm going to 20 hold off on it, but we almost overlooked 21 Pacific Northwest National Laboratory. But 22 we'll catch that one a later time. 23 Let's -- I'm going to go -- in my mind we did, 24 but that's -- put that down for number nine, 25 but I'm not going to vote for it right now.

1 Okay, let's start with Brad Clawson -- and Lew, 2 will you keep a tally here? 3 DR. WADE: Yeah, maybe we could just mention 4 the site and then show me if it's on your list 5 by hands, and then Michael, if you could 6 mention out loud if it's on your list of five. So I'm going to say now K-25. I'd like 7 8 everyone here present who has that as one of 9 your five to raise your hand and Mike, for you 10 to verbally let us know. 11 MR. GIBSON: No, that's not on my list right 12 now. 13 DR. ZIEMER: We've got eight here. 14 DR. WADE: And Mike -- okay, eight for K-25. 15 DR. ZIEMER: Is Mike yes? 16 DR. WADE: Mike, did you say yes or no, please? 17 MR. GIBSON: It's not --18 DR. WADE: Mike says no. 19 MR. GIBSON: -- on my top five. I actually 20 just --21 DR. ZIEMER: No? 22 MR. GIBSON: -- have three right now. 23 **UNIDENTIFIED:** (Unintelligible) 24 DR. WADE: Say that again, sir? 25 (No responses)

1 Mike, could you repeat, please? 2 MR. GIBSON: Actually I just have three that 3 I'm concerned about. The other two are further 4 down on the list that, you know, I'm not as 5 concerned about. 6 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. 7 DR. WADE: Could you mention your three? 8 DR. ZIEMER: Mention -- yeah, give us all three 9 of your votes right now, Mike. That'll help. 10 MR. GIBSON: Okay. I think Lawrence Livermore, 11 Portsmouth and Sandia would be my top three. 12 Of the other two, I would be kind of open to 13 suggestion. 14 DR. WADE: Thank you, Mike. Okay, so K-25 we 15 have eight votes. Pantex, show of hands? 16 (Pause) 17 I make it at seven. Portsmouth? 18 (Pause) 19 Five, and Michael makes it six. Argonne 20 National Lab West. 21 (Pause) 22 One, two, three, four, five. Lawrence 23 Livermore National Laboratory? One, two, 24 three, four, five, six, seven, eight and with 25 Michael's it's nine. Atomics International,

1 one, two. And then we have Clarksville/Medina, 2 two. 3 **UNIDENTIFIED:** That's a nice number. 4 DR. WADE: Then we have Sandia Albuquerque, 5 one, two, three and Michael -- one, two, three, Michael makes four. 6 7 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Now if we can just order 8 those --9 DR. WADE: Okay, at the top of the list with 10 nine is Lawrence Livermore. Second on the list 11 with eight is K-25. Third on the list with 12 seven is Pantex. Fourth on the list with six 13 is Portsmouth. Fifth on the list with five is 14 Argonne West. Sixth on the list with four is 15 Sandia Albuquerque. And tied for seventh on 16 the list is Atomics International and 17 Clarksville/Medina. 18 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, very good. Can we agree, as 19 far as our contractor, then that the first five 20 appear to be this year's task, recognizing that 21 -- unless we only want to go with, for example, 22 four right now. Let me ask John. If we gave 23 you all five, are you starting all five right 24 away? You would go sequentially anyway? So 25 for example, if we -- if we decided later that

1 we wanted to move Sandia up ahead of Argonne 2 West, that could be done later in the year. 3 DR. MAURO: That's fine. My inclination right 4 now is to start two immediately, so the first -5 - the first two --6 DR. ZIEMER: And I think what would be helpful, 7 as we progress through the year, when you get 8 ready to start, for example, the third one, 9 that you inform the Board and sort of say is 10 the priority still the same if something comes 11 up. Also recognize, for example, Clarksville 12 is seven, but we don't have a site profile for 13 them yet anyway, so that probably makes sense. 14 But we would have the ability to change the 15 priority if for some reason we wished to. 16 DR. WADE: But absent action by the Board, we 17 would ref-- I would then defer back to this 18 priority list. 19 DR. ZIEMER: Exactly. 20 DR. WADE: Okay. 21 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Any objection? 22 (No responses) 23 Without objection, that would be the Board 24 action. 25 DR. WADE: And that means that Lawrence

1 Livermore and K-25 will immediately come under 2 SC&A's scrutiny, with the rest to follow as 3 appropriate. 4 That was fun. 5 PROCEDURES REVIEW 6 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Then the next issue --7 we're still okay on time I think -- procedures 8 review. 9 DR. WADE: So I take you to the tab of 10 procedures review and there you have a document 11 that looks like this and it was updated by John 12 Mauro, telling us the procedures that -- first of all he told us of some procedures that had 13 14 already been reviewed under other task work by 15 SC&A, and then we added to the candidate list 16 TIB-- TIB-0-- OTIB-52 and OTIB-38. And then 17 John gave us a first blush priority setting by 18 SC&A of some, if my memory serves me, 22 19 procedures. Remember the capacity we built 20 into the contract for next year is 30. We 21 don't have to go with all 30. John has 22 indicated to me that if we would define ten or 23 so now, he could start the process, but we have 24 a preliminary list from John of 22. But then 25 the question was do those 22 look to NIOSH to

be substantial or are they administrative in nature or -- Stu was going to give a bit of a look-see to that proposal and recommend to us ones that he would say refrain from including at this point for reasons that he'll give us now.

DR. ZIEMER: Okay, Stu.

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8 MR. HINNEFELD: Okay, this is things I thought 9 of tod-- yesterday and today, so that's how 10 much I've been able to consult on this. The --11 one of the recommended items is at the top, 12 about the fourth item on the first page, the 13 Program Evaluation Report on the effect of 14 adding ingestion to the Bethlehem Steel cases 15 is made -- is a pretty good one. The only 16 thing that gives me pause about that is there 17 will be an additional -- well, the entire site 18 profile for Bethlehem Steel has just recently 19 been revised, and all of those changes will be 20 incorporated -- along with the ingestion, 21 changes that were evaluated earlier in -- in 22 that Program Evaluation Report, so -- and some 23 portion of this work may be overcome by later 24 events. It may be that the later one rather 25 than the earlier one would be the Performance

Evaluation Report to review.

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2 DR. ZIEMER: Stu, would it still be the 003? 3 MR. HINNEFELD: (Unintelligible) would be a 4 different number. 5 DR. ZIEMER: Different number. 6 MR. HINNEFELD: Right. I mean this is fine to 7 review and this is a technical question that 8 certainly was in front of the Board, so for 9 that reason it may be pretty good to see what 10 we did with that technical solution, so I'm not 11 saying that -- I don't have a very strong 12 opinion on that. That's just one piece of 13 information related (unintelligible) --

**DR. ZIEMER:** (Unintelligible) that it will be revised.

16 MR. HINNEFELD: About mid-way down the page 17 when we get into the Technical Information 18 Bulletins you get to OTIB Number 6. Again, 19 that's a good one to review. It seems to be 20 frequently reviewed in dose reconstruction individual reviews, so if -- if the SC&A team 21 22 feels like this would be a good procedure to 23 review, I think then go ahead with it, 24 recognizing that it also -- often is looked at 25 with the individual dose reconstructions.

1	Directly below that, OTIB Number 9, which has a
2	really nifty title, Reanalysis of the Hankins
3	MTR Bonner ball Surveys, is hardly used, if
4	ever at all, in our program. So there's
5	probably a limited utility of having a review
6	of this document which we hardly ever if
7	ever, use.
8	DR. ZIEMER: Was it simply developed for a
9	particular case and now it sits there or what -
10	_
11	MR. HINNEFELD: I believe it was it was very
12	early on it was identified very early on as
13	one that was written, you know, prepared, and
14	it had to do with I think it was a given
15	site where we had some survey data from these
16	Bonner balls that we thought may ultimately be
17	important to dose reconstructions and site
18	profiles, and I don't think it really turned
19	out to be that the information from those
20	surveys. And so it was you know, and so
21	that was kind of why it's there and why we
22	don't really use it very much.
23	The rest of the recommended ones on this page I
24	have no comments on. I think the internal
25	coworker datasets are probably pretty valuable

1	ones to review, whether it's an external any
2	of the coworker approaches are probably
3	valuable to the Board to take a look at.
4	Whether you wanted to do more than one internal
5	and more than one external, I have no real
6	opinion on that. But certainly I think the
7	approaches for coworker data are worthwhile to
8	review.
9	DR. ZIEMER: But 0021 which you just mentioned
10	is that the one you just mentioned?
11	MR. HINNEFELD: I I just speaking
12	generically about there are a number of
13	these
14	DR. ZIEMER: Yeah.
15	MR. HINNEFELD: that are recommended that
16	are internal or external
17	DR. ZIEMER: Right.
18	MR. HINNEFELD: coworker datasets, and I
19	think that's a good population.
20	DR. ZIEMER: Yeah. The 0021 I think John told
21	us has already been reviewed, so yeah.
22	MS. MUNN: (Off microphone) (Unintelligible)
23	DR. ZIEMER: Okay.
24	MR. HINNEFELD: Again, I have no comments on
25	the recommended items on page 2. A couple of

1 those are coworker studies. There's a -- the 2 OTIB-55 which describes conversion of neutron 3 quality factors from previous guidance to 4 current guidance. It's interesting. I think 5 the doses from the Y-12 criticality one is 6 relatively interesting. 7 On the final page where we're talking about 8 procedures, I'm -- I'm not terribly familiar 9 with the content of the first one there, 10 Procedure 59, which is peer review of dose 11 reconstructions. That might be somewhat 12 administrative, or it -- it may in fact be 13 technically -- technical content, so I guess 14 the best thing to do would be review it and 15 find out. And then on Procedure 86, I -- I 16 have a -- again, I'm not terribly familiar with 17 the detailed content, but I have quite a 18 suspicion that that is probably a little more 19 administrative than people think. I think 20 maybe the tactic would be to start the review 21 with the understanding that there may be other, 22 more worthwhile ones to look at. Because case 23 preparation -- I think that's the term that's 24 used, dose -- yeah, case preparation occurs 25 before the dose reconstructor sees it, so I

1 suspect it's somewhat less technical than the -2 - than the title would indicate. May still be 3 worth -- I mean it doesn't mean it's not worth 4 looking at. And I think, again, the best 5 tactic would be start it with the idea that gee, maybe this isn't the one we want to look 6 at, maybe there are other, better priorities. 7 DR. ZIEMER: And if it is all administrative, 8 9 what do we mean, in this case, by "case 10 preparation"? What -- what kind of 11 instructions would be in this? 12 MR. HINNEFELD: Case preparation is the 13 assembly of the data available for dose 14 reconstruction, and assembly (sic) it in a 15 particular fashion that the dose reconstructor 16 expects it. So if you're -- if you're 17 preparing a case for internal dose 18 reconstruction, there would likely -- the key 19 element likely is how should the bioassay data 20 be constructed, because it comes in many sizes 21 and forms and so it's probably a specification 22 so that that dose reconstructor doesn't have to 23 -- every time he picks up a case doesn't have 24 to discover how the information is being 25 presented to him. See, much data is keypunched

1 before it goes to the dose reconstructor and 2 the representation of that information to the 3 dose reconstructor is case preparation. 4 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, thank you, Stu. That's 5 helpful. Board members, here you have 22 recommended 6 7 reviews from John Mauro, seven he indicated 8 that he's already covered. We have a 9 contractual case load guide number of 30. We 10 could -- we could go with up to 30. We -- we 11 don't necessarily have to identify 30 today. 12 We can -- we can proceed with the 22 that John 13 recommended based on his experience, or we 14 could add to this or delete, whichever --15 whatever the Board pleases. So I open the 16 floor for comments, any suggestions or any 17 formal motions. 18 DR. MELIUS: Stu looks like -- I have a --19 DR. ZIEMER: Other comment first, Stu? 20 MR. HINNEFELD: I actually learned this a 21 little quicker than I thought I would. Medina 22 and Clarksville draft has been delivered to us, 23 so if things follow their normal course it 24 should be available in a couple of months, 25 maybe a little longer than that --

1 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. 2 MR. HINNEFELD: -- 'cause there's a review 3 comment resolution process that could easily 4 take a couple of months. 5 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, but we're not ready yet to 6 review it anyway, so --7 MR. HINNEFELD: Okay, that's right, we're back 8 on -- sorry. 9 DR. ZIEMER: That's good. 10 MR. HINNEFELD: We've got Sandia, too. It'll 11 be slightly later. 12 DR. ZIEMER: But thanks, that's good to have 13 that information. 14 Dr. Melius? 15 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. You may recall I had 16 inquired yesterday in trying to get a complete 17 list of the procedures and what had been 18 reviewed and what hadn't, and that's not 19 readily available and so I would suggest that 20 we assign no more than 15 at this point in time 21 until we've seen the complete list and have a 22 little better handle -- and to -- I'm just 23 concerned we focus -- what would be the most 24 worthwhile reviews to do. I think we get John 25 and his team started, but reserve doing the

other assignments until we have that complete list.

3	DR. ZIEMER: The suggestion is that we limit
4	the number at this point to 15. I don't know
5	if that's a formal motion, but let's at least
6	get some consensus and if we want to do that
7	then it would be that would be the first
8	step would be to cut the number down.
9	MR. CLAWSON: I think that's a wise idea till
10	we've got all the information to be able to
11	deal with. I'd I'd agree with him.
12	MR. PRESLEY: I agree.
13	DR. ZIEMER: Other comments, yea or nay? Any
14	feel strongly that we need to keep the number
15	higher than 15?
16	(No responses)
17	Apparently not. Might I suggest as a starting
18	point that we remove from the list, at least
19	for now, the OTIB-009 or 0009, which is the
20	Bonner ball survey, which apparently is hardly
21	ever used, if at all. That's the first step
22	and perhaps the case prep one, simply eliminate
23	it right now. That'll get us down to 20. Any
24	objection to that?
25	(No responses)

1 Now we can either continue to eliminate from 2 that list or if there's something else that you 3 wish to add to it, let's do that as well. 4 Suggestions? 5 DR. MELIUS: Just refresh my memory. The number 22 includes the 58 and the -- excuse me, 6 7 TIB-52 and -- which is the construction, and 8 38? 9 DR. ZIEMER: TIB-52 and TIB-38 are on the list 10 \_ \_ 11 DR. MELIUS: Okay. 12 DR. ZIEMER: -- right. And also either John or 13 Stu, on these coworker data ones, let's --14 starting with OTIB-26 and 34, 35, 36, 37, of 15 course a couple of tho -- three of those have 16 been done. I guess my question is, is there 17 some what you might call overlap if we do one or two more of those? Would that be 18 19 sufficient, as opposed to doing them all? How 20 much -- maybe Stu, do you know -- I mean you --21 you kind of hinted at the fact that there was a 22 lot of similarity amongst those procedures. 23 Maybe I --24 MR. HINNEFELD: There's -- there's similarity 25 among approach. I guess I'm not terribly

1 familiar in terms of the datasets that went 2 into the approach, and there may not be 3 sufficient overlap that you would feel that 4 because of (unintelligible) --5 DR. ZIEMER: Well, these tend to be sitespecific, so --6 7 MR. HINNEFELD: Right. 8 DR. ZIEMER: -- maybe that also should guide us 9 in terms of things we have coming up --10 MR. HINNEFELD: Right. 11 DR. ZIEMER: -- in terms of reviews and so on. 12 Dr. Melius. 13 DR. MELIUS: I'll take a shot at eliminating a 14 few more based on Stu's presentation to us. On 15 the first page the Bethlehem Steel one, 003, 16 why don't we hold off on that until we figure 17 out where we stand with the site profile 18 revision and so forth? It seems --19 DR. ZIEMER: Any objection? 20 DR. MELIUS: -- seems that makes sense to me. 21 And again, the peer review of dose con-- on the last -- third page, peer review of dose 22 23 constructions (sic), 0059, and case preparation 24 for complex internal dosimetry claims, 0086. I 25 think Stu thought -- mentioned those were both

1 probably administrative and --2 DR. ZIEMER: Right, the 0086 was the one I had 3 already suggested we exclude --4 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. 5 DR. ZIEMER: -- to get us --6 DR. MELIUS: But I would suggest the other one 7 be eliminated, too, for the time being. If we 8 want to make a determination whether that's 9 technical and then add that in later on, I think that would be fine to consider. But in 10 11 terms of getting started, I think if these --12 these other ones may be higher priority. 13 DR. ZIEMER: This would get us down to 18 now. 14 MR. PRESLEY: You want to change your 15 recommendation to 18 instead of 15? 16 DR. ZIEMER: A lot of these are site-specific. 17 Some are more generic. **DR. WADE:** John, just a question. 18 On OTIB-19 0040, external coworker dosimetry data for 20 Portsmouth Gaseous Diffusion Plant, might that 21 be looked at as part of the site profile we 22 just asked you to look at? 23 DR. MAURO: Yes, I -- to complicate things it 24 would -- it's good. It's not bad, it's good. 25 We were planning on reviewing the OTIBs as part

1 and parcel of the site profile reviews, so once 2 you've -- for example, to make things even more 3 confusing, once you've authorized us to do K-25 4 5 DR. ZIEMER: That brings these in. DR. MAURO: -- that -- that -- we're going to 6 do -- we're going to do the -- all the OTIBs 7 8 dealing with K-25, so -- so in a funny sort of 9 way, we could take those off the list because 10 they're in effect covered under the site 11 profile review. 12 DR. WADE: Let's do that. Where are they? 13 MR. PRESLEY: K-25's 0026, OTIB-0026. 14 DR. ZIEMER: Does that mean that in -- in terms 15 of your tasking and billing, because really 16 what we're trying to do is what you might call 17 cost control in the system. 18 DR. MAURO: Yeah. 19 DR. ZIEMER: So it would actually -- if you're 20 reviewing it under the site profile aegis, 21 that's where the billing shows up then? 22 DR. MAURO: Yes. We are going to -- now that 23 you have given us the green light to do K-25, 24 we have in place the budget to do K-25 and when 25 -- included within the scope and that budget is

1 to not only to the TBD but to do workbooks and 2 to do OTIBs that are associated specifically 3 with K-25. So it makes things a little more 4 complicated in working our way through this 5 maze, but it means that a lot more could be done for the same price. 6 7 DR. ZIEMER: Well, that means that OTIB-26 --8 MR. PRESLEY: And 35. 9 DR. ZIEMER: -- and OTIB-35 immediately come 10 off this list because they get covered actually 11 -- I think there's a Portsmouth on here 12 somewhere --13 DR. WADE: Two Portsmouths. 14 MR. PRESLEY: There's two Portsmouths, 36 --15 DR. ZIEMER: OTIB-40 --16 MR. PRESLEY: And 36. 17 DR. ZIEMER: -- and 36 also come off the list. 18 DR. MELIUS: And -- and while we're on -- in 19 the same mode, OTIB-57, which is external 20 radiation dose to -- estimates criticality 21 accident at Oak Ridge really should fall under 22 the -- I would think the review for the 23 workgroup that we're looking at the less than 24 250 days issue. 25 **DR. MAURO:** I'm sorry, ask that again. Ι

1	didn't quite follow it.
2	DR. MELIUS: The 57, which is external
3	radiation dose estimate for individuals near
4	the 1958 criticality accident at the Oak Ridge
5	Y-12 plant, wouldn't that be part of your
6	review on the evaluation we're doing, the less
7	than 250 days?
8	DR. MAURO: Oh, well, the yeah, in fact,
9	we've looked at all the criticality
10	DR. MELIUS: So
11	<b>DR. MAURO:</b> I mean it's not really a review
12	of the procedure.
13	DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, the
14	DR. MAURO: See
15	DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, Jim, I think here we
16	already allow for the criticality issue in our
17	250 days, and so workers exposed under this
18	automatically are taken care of as far as that
19	issue is concerned. This has to do with how
20	how you're actually constructing the dose in
21	that particular criticality using the donkey*
22	data or whatever they have.
23	DR. MAURO: Yes. The fact that that data is
24	part of our criticality evaluation doesn't help
25	us review this procedure. That is, our

1 criticality evaluation draft -- which, by the 2 way, is -- is in draft form, includes all 3 criticality events and is -- it's really a 4 compendium --5 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah. 6 DR. MAURO: -- which characterizes the nature and extent of exposures, (unintelligible) have 7 8 actual experience and this is among them. But 9 this would actually be the review of the 10 procedure for reconstructing the doses, which 11 is certainly not part of the criticality 12 studies that we're doing as part of --13 DR. ZIEMER: Right. 14 DR. MELIUS: Okay. DR. MAURO: You see the distinction? 15 16 DR. MELIUS: Okay. 17 MR. PRESLEY: We're down to 14. 18 DR. WADE: We're at 14 now, so... 19 **UNIDENTIFIED:** Do you want to add one back? 20 DR. ZIEMER: You can add one back if you wish, 21 or we can --22 DR. WADE: Go with 14. 23 DR. ZIEMER: -- I mean 50's not -- shall we 24 just go with 14? 25 MR. PRESLEY: Yeah, let's go with 14.

1 DR. ZIEMER: Let me ask now if anyone want--2 are there any others that anyone wishes to add 3 that weren't on the original Mauro list? 4 MR. CLAWSON: We did get OTIB-52, right? Those 5 (unintelligible) --That's on the list. Let's hear 6 DR. ZIEMER: 7 from Michael Gibson. I don't know if --8 Michael, if you have the starting list here. Ι 9 don't know what you were --10 MR. GIBSON: No, I don't, but everything sounds 11 okay right now. 12 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, okay. You're -- you're 13 going to trust the rest of the group here for 14 the moment, at least. 15 MR. GIBSON: Yeah. 16 DR. ZIEMER: Thank you, Michael. Then --17 DR. WADE: You want me to read them? 18 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, we'll read them here in just 19 a moment and if this is agreeable this will be 20 the list that we use to task our contractor as 21 far as proceeding with procedures review. So 22 this will be now the list of procedures to be 23 reviewed under the task for the upcoming year. 24 Not limited to, but the initial list. 25 DR. WADE: Okay, here we go -- and please

1	correct me if I miss OCAS-PER-004, OCAS-TIB-
2	013, ORAU-OTIB-0006, ORAU-OTIB-0013, ORAU-OTIB-
3	0015, ORAU-OTIB-0039, ORAU-OTIB-0055, ORAU-
4	OTIB-0057, ORAUT-PROC-0060, ORAUT-PROC-0099,
5	ORAUT-PROC-0095, ORAUT-PROC-0097, OTIB-52,
6	OTIB-38.
7	DR. ZIEMER: I have one question there. Did
8	you read an ORAU-PROC-0099?
9	MS. MUNN: He did.
10	DR. WADE: I meant to say that 97, I'm sorry.
11	DR. ZIEMER: Oh, okay.
12	DR. ROESSLER: But you said 97, too.
13	DR. ZIEMER: I don't
14	UNIDENTIFIED: It should be 94.
15	DR. ZIEMER: Do you have 94?
16	DR. WADE: 94, 95 and 97.
17	DR. ROESSLER: Okay.
18	DR. ZIEMER: Okay.
19	DR. WADE: Sorry.
20	DR. ZIEMER: Okay.
21	DR. MELIUS: Lew's just getting ready for later
22	tonight.
23	DR. WADE: That's right.
24	DR. ZIEMER: Okay.
25	DR. WADE: I was doing so well, too.

1	DR. ZIEMER: Let me ask if there are any
2	objections to this list as the instruction to
3	the contractor?
4	(No responses)
5	Without objection, this then will constitute a
6	consensus of the Board for the contractor to
7	proceed on their procedures review task. Thank
8	you very much.
9	Now we'll return to the agenda. If I can find
10	my copy of the agenda we'll return to it.
11	DR. WADE: Here's one.
12	CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY
13	DR. ZIEMER: Conflict of interest policy.
14	DR. WADE: Okay, it's me back again with the
15	conflict of interest policy. You do have in
16	your book under the conflict of interest tab a
17	NIOSH statement of policy, conflict of
18	interest, revised draft, 14 September 2006.
19	Let me sort of give you a bit of context and
20	then talk about some issues.
21	First of all, what is this document? This is
22	the document that you have seen previous drafts
23	of. It has been modified to reflect comments
24	received from the last airing of it. What I
25	will go through and point out to you are the

what I'm told are the most significant changes in the document so you can relate to those changes.

4 What this is not any longer, remember, is a 5 document that's intended to be applied to the Board directly or to the Board's contractor. 6 7 Based upon comments received from the Board, 8 we've removed those entities from the list of 9 entities that this would be directly applied 10 We offer it to the Board for consideration to. 11 as it debates its own conflict of interest 12 issues, but this is not a policy that will be 13 applied, in its current form, to the Board or 14 the Board's contractor.

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15 We did leave in the appendix to the document 16 the aspect that dealt with the Board and what 17 the remedies would be if a Board member was to 18 be conflicted. We can easily take that out. 19 We left it here so that there's a record of it. 20 It really is the only place it appears, so it's 21 in here, but again, this policy is not binding 22 on the Board in determining what is indeed a 23 conflict and if a Board member is conflicted at 24 a particular site. 25 What will happen with this is that I would say

1 Wednesday of next week -- I want to be 2 respectful of Board members' opportunity to 3 react to what I say today, but Wednesday of 4 next week I would recommend that the NIOSH 5 Director remove the "draft" from this policy 6 and make this the policy. The reason I -- I 7 don't want to give you more time than that is 8 we're starting to hear from ORAU 9 representatives, for example, that they're 10 awaiting this, and -- and it's too important to 11 keep them in a state of limbo. I think we need 12 to make this the policy and apply it to NIOSH 13 and NIOSH's prime dose reconstruction 14 contractors. It's always a document that can 15 be changed as we learn and as we go, but we do 16 need to get something in place so that the 17 important work of ORAU going through its past 18 work and attributing and evaluating and 19 reporting can be accomplished in earnest. So 20 again, Wednesday of next week I would suggest 21 to the NIOSH Director that he make this a 22 permanent document and instruct the contracting 23 officers involved to see that it's implemented 24 within those contracts. 25 There are four principal changes in the

1	document from one you last saw. I'll walk you
2	through those change fairly quickly.
3	The first is on the bottom of page 3, the
4	definition of operator was changed based on
5	comments we had heard, to be more to be more
6	realistic and precise, and I point you to that.
7	It's not a an overwhelming change, but it is
8	a change.
9	On page 11 there was a discussion this is in
10	"Disclosure," the last sentence where there
11	there wanted to be some boundary put on
12	"business confidential". It was left undefined
13	before, so now it's (reading) "business
14	confidential" of the type permitted to be
15	withheld from disclosure within the Freedom of
16	Information Act.
17	So we'll link to the Freedom of Information Act
18	to try to put a boundary around what that
19	"business confidential" information could be.
20	Again, before it was open-ended.
21	Change number three you would find on page 5.
22	NIOSH has added a new gate, and that's 3.13,
23	(reading) If you have a subordinate
24	relationship to someone who has or had an
25	impact on the site, has a different person been

1	assigned (sic) to review your job performance
2	as it relates to the site?
3	This is called the Hinnefeld addition. If you
4	have someone like Stu who is conflicted at a
5	particular site, as he is at Fernald, the
6	policy before this addition would make everyone
7	who reported to Stu conflicted at Fernald and
8	therefore we would have no one left to do the
9	work or to sign off on the work, so this is,
10	again, a modification that was put in there not
11	to hide anything but to not allow this document
12	to paralyze our ability to move forward.
13	And the last is on pages 7 and 9, deals with
14	this issue it's a knotty issue, as well
15	of whether you're looking at site profile,
16	Technical Informa excuse me, a site profile
17	Technical Information Bulletin that deals with
18	a single site or one that deals with multiple
19	sites. And let me make sure I'm pointing you
20	in the right direction.
21	(Pause)
22	So a key program function would be a site
23	profile that deals with a particular site.
24	What would not be a key program function is
25	shown on page 9, a multiple site Technical

1 Information Bulletin only. There will be gray 2 here, and that gray will have to be 3 administered as we go. What we're trying to do 4 here, again, is to not -- these generic 5 documents that we have that cover complex-wide 6 issues, we don't see them as being key program 7 functions. And again, we want to leave the --8 leave open the capability of people working on 9 them. It would be the gray area where you have 10 two or three very particular sites covered by a 11 document. In my judgment, that would fall 12 under the category of a key program function 13 for those particular sites where the sites are 14 named. 15 So that's the document that we bring to you. 16 Again, the Board can comment -- collective or 17 individual Board members, I would anxiously 18 await your comments by --19 (Sound blast and power failure) 20 MR. CLAWSON: Ray, did you hear that? 21 DR. MELIUS: Ray, come down from the ceiling, 22 please. 23 DR. WADE: We are trying to work on the sound 24 system issue generically, and I can speak to 25 that during our working time.

1 But this is the document. If individual Board 2 members want to comment to me by Monday or 3 Tuesday, I can try to be responsive. 4 Otherwise, we'll try to go final, 5 quote/unquote, with this on Wednesday. Again, to point you towards the Board's own 6 7 work -- and that's the next agenda item -- when 8 -- when you consider conflict of interest for 9 the Board, there really are two steps. One is 10 a determination as to whether or not a conflict 11 exists, and I'd like to talk a little bit about 12 that. And then there is the issue of the 13 remedy, should a conflict be determined to 14 exist, and that's spelled out quite clearly in 15 the appendix to this document. What is left 16 open for your consideration is the discussion 17 of how would one determine if a conflict 18 existed. 19 Now what I've put in front of you as well is 20 this document. 21 **UNIDENTIFIED:** I -- I can barely hear them. 22 DR. WADE: I see. 23 MR. GIBSON: Right. 24 **UNIDENTIFIED:** I -- I can hear you very clearly 25 (unintelligible).

1 DR. WADE: Okay, we'll hold on, Mike --2 DR. BEHLING: And I'm going to make that call. 3 (Unintelligible) cut off, but obviously we're 4 losing the volume (unintelligible). 5 MR. PRESLEY: That don't sound like Mike. DR. WADE: No, that's -- that's Hans. 6 7 DR. BEHLING: I can hear Lew (unintelligible). 8 **UNIDENTIFIED:** Hi, Hans, how you doing? 9 DR. BEHLING: Okay. Let me -- let me try to 10 make that phone call. 11 **UNIDENTIFIED:** Okay, Mike. 12 DR. BEHLING: And I hope -- I hope that those 13 guys have their cell phones on, but we have 14 (unintelligible) --15 DR. ZIEMER: Can we -- can we --DR. WADE: Can Michael Gibson hear us? 16 17 **UNIDENTIFIED:** I don't have it. I don't have 18 (unintelligible). 19 DR. ZIEMER: Hans, we're hearing you on the 20 phone. I don't know if you're hearing us, but 21 22 DR. BEHLING: (Unintelligible) each independent 23 (unintelligible) I'll try to catch somebody. 24 I'll try to call John and Arjun --25 DR. WADE: Can you -- can you shut that off so

1 we can't hear that? I'd rather not hear the 2 background going on on the telephone. 3 DR. ZIEMER: We're hearing the phone noise. 4 Hans Behling, if you're hearing us now, we're 5 hearing you with some side conversation, so you 6 need to mute your phone. 7 DR. WADE: Okay. Just to set the stage for 8 discussions that will follow, and I'm sure a 9 rigorous interrogation of me on many issues by 10 Board members, I've given you this document 11 that's entitled "Ethics Rules for Advisory 12 Committee Members and Other Individuals 13 Appointed as Special Government Employees." This has been given to you before. Emily sent 14 15 it to you with a bit of an explanation. There 16 are two parts of that document that I use to 17 determine whether or not a Board member is 18 conflicted, and they appear on page 4, a 19 reference to 18 USC 208, and it says (reading) 20 Section 208(a), the main conflict of interest 21 statute prohibits an SGE from participating 22 personally or substantially in any particular 23 matter that could affect the financial interest 24 of the SGE, the SGE's staff --25 DR. BEHLING: Mike and (unintelligible),

1	they're trying to straighten this out.
2	DR. WADE: minor child, general partner, an
3	organization in which the SGE serves as an
4	officer, director, trustee, general partner or
5	employee, or an organization with which the SGC
6	SGE is negotiating or with which the SGE has
7	an arrangement for prospective employment.
8	That's one of the key provisions that is used
9	to determine if an SGE that's you, a Special
10	Government Employee is conflicted.
11	The second, I take you to page 8, (v)
12	Impartiality
13	DR. BEHLING: (Unintelligible) just for your
14	your
15	<b>DR. WADE:</b> and it says (reading) Although
16	committee members are prohibited under 18 USC
17	208 I just read that from participating
18	in matters in which they have a financial
19	interest, there may be other circumstances in
20	which a committee member's participation in a
21	particular matter involving specific parties
22	would raise a question regarding the member's
23	impartiality in that matter.
24	I won't read any further. Those are the two
25	key provisions that I use, guided by counsel in

the ethics office, in making the determination 1 2 as to whether a conflict exists for a 3 particular Board member with a particular site 4 or situation. It's open for the Board to go 5 beyond that in your deliberations if you would like to develop guidelines for yourself that 6 7 clarify that, expand upon that. That's up to 8 you, and I leave that to you for discussion. 9 So that's the policy I've shared with you and I 10 wanted to give you the basis that I and the 11 people that support me make judgments as to 12 whether a conflict exists, and then say to you 13 if you would like it to be other than that, in 14 addition to that, more clearly than that, then 15 you need to develop those procedures for 16 your... 17 DISCUSSION OF BOARD CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY 18 DR. ZIEMER: Thank you, Lew. I'll open the 19 floor for questions or comments on what Lew has 20 just presented and also, in conjunction with 21 that, point out that in Appendix I, which deals 22 with the Advisory Board, it simply enumerates 23 what our practice has been in terms of what we 24 do if we are conflicted. It does not in fact 25 specify beyond the document Lew just referred

1 to as to what constitutes a conflict -- for 2 example, with respect to a particular site or 3 sites -- for Board members. 4 DR. WADE: Right. Just to finish the thought, 5 and I cannot find a transcript that deals with 6 the materials in Appendix I as an action taken 7 by the Board. If it exists, I need to have it 8 pointed out to me. 9 DR. MELIUS: When we discussed the policy I 10 believe on that conference call, we -- I recall 11 that we specifically voted on that Appendix. 12 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, we agreed that the Appendix I operation would in fact be how we would 13 14 operate with respect to --15 DR. WADE: Thank you. 16 DR. ZIEMER: -- procedurally. It didn't deal, 17 again, with specifics on what constitutes --18 how do we decide, for example, if -- if Ziemer 19 is conflicted at Y-12. 20 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. 21 DR. ZIEMER: So -- so those kind of issues are 22 still not spelled out per se for Board members. 23 Let me ask if there -- and Jim, do you have a 24 comment or question for --25 DR. MELIUS: I have a number of questions. As

1	I recall, the Board in our letter to Dr. Howard
2	about this last draft we saw of the document
3	raised issues regarding corporate conflict of
4	interest, and I do not see those incorporated
5	here.
6	UNIDENTIFIED: Regarding what, Jim?
7	DR. ZIEMER: Actually there's
8	DR. MELIUS: Corporate conflict
9	DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, actually there's a statement
10	that was inserted, and I don't think Lew
11	referred to it, but I noted that they made a
12	change that said that it these referred to -
13	- both to individuals and to corporate
14	entities. It includes that preface in both the
15	sample questions and in one other place.
16	DR. MELIUS: I would also add that I I would
17	if I were a corporation I'd have a lot of
18	trouble filling out Appendix 2. It's still
19	the way the questions are worded and the way
20	that the Appendix conflict of interest
21	disclosure form is worded, I think it is still
22	difficult does not adequately capture
23	corporate conflict of interest. And I think
24	that's a deficiency.
25	DR. ZIEMER: Yeah. One of the places that it

1	showed up at least I think it was an attempt
2	to address that was the footnote on page 17
3	that says for and maybe this was the only
4	change. It says (reading) For purpose
5	purposes of completing this form, you in
6	quotes refers to an individual or an
7	employer, depending on what party is completing
8	the form.
9	DR. MELIUS: Right, and
10	DR. ZIEMER: And that that may not go far
11	enough, but
12	DR. MELIUS: Yeah, that's
13	DR. ZIEMER: that that was one change
14	that I saw, and I'm not sure you mentioned it,
15	Lew, but
16	DR. WADE: No, I'm sorry, I didn't.
17	DR. MELIUS: I I think one thing that would
18	be useful for the Board to have as soon as
19	possible would be a redline version of this so
20	we can actually see what changes were made
21	compared to the last draft. Given the short
22	time you're giving us to respond to this, that
23	would be mo most helpful.
24	The second area which again, I'll ask you
25	'cause maybe I missed it was the this

1 whole issue of the document owner and 2 clarifying the responsibilities of that person 3 'cause this -- we pointed out in our letter with comments that'll be -- that -- this whole 4 5 policy really revolves around that person and that person's functions and so forth or ability 6 7 to -- you know, how they do their job duties 8 will be key to making this a successful or 9 unsuccessful program. 10 And then finally, going quickly, the section on 11 these Technical Information Bulletins, whether 12 they're single-site or multiple-site, the 13 clarification you provided was, I thought, 14 helpful, but I didn't see it reflected in the 15 document. I mean I think there is a gray area 16 and I think it would be helpful if the document 17 admitted that 'cause the document will be used 18 as instructions to people involved. And so 19 where there's a sort of multiple -- multiple 20 site document that really only affects one or 21 two sites chiefly, then I -- then I think there 22 has to be an individual determination made as 23 to how to handle that in terms of conflict of 24 interest issues, whether it's appropriate to 25 have someone who's -- who'll be conflicted on a

1	single-site document be involved in that. So I
2	think a footnote or something again, I don't
3	think it can all be spelled out 'cause I think
4	that can be a difficult area, but but it
5	should be referenced in some way.
6	DR. WADE: I think a footnote would be in
7	order.
8	DR. ZIEMER: And if I could take a moment and
9	turn briefly to the previous topic, I did want
10	to point out one other area where a change was
11	made relative to the corporate issue. It's the
12	footnote on page 3. It's called "Footnote 7"
13	and it says (reading) The term "you" is used
14	here to include both individuals and business
15	entities.
16	Those are the two places where I spotted at
17	least an attempt to make it clear that both
18	were covered. Whether the questions are always
19	appropriate, it's not necessarily obvious, but
20	at least they did indi have indicated here
21	that both corporate and individuals have to go
22	through this process.
23	DR. WADE: Thank you.
24	DR. ZIEMER: Jim, on your last point I just
25	want to clarify, are you talking for example a

1 -- a generic document on -- say it's on 2 something like neutron dosimetry and if the --3 if the owner of that document happened to be 4 from Site X and that's the only site that's 5 really doing that neutron dosimetry, even though it looks generic it might not really be. 6 7 Is that --8 DR. MELIUS: Yeah, that's the whole point. I 9 mean I think it's where it really would apply. 10 The way they've written this, if it's site-11 specific, if it only applies to that site, then 12 \_ \_ 13 DR. ZIEMER: Even though it looks like a 14 generic document --15 DR. MELIUS: Right. 16 DR. ZIEMER: -- if it really is more site-17 specific --18 DR. MELIUS: Right. 19 DR. ZIEMER: -- then that's sort of a 20 cautionary thing. 21 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. 22 I'm sure that that -- that the DR. ZIEMER: 23 conflict doesn't really exist when it appears 24 that it shouldn't. 25 DR. MELIUS: Yeah, that --

1 DR. WADE: I have that. We'll fix it. 2 DR. ZIEMER: Other comments for NIOSH? Then 3 the other thing we -- looking ahead, Board 4 members, we had some preliminary things done 5 toward developing -- or considering whether we 6 should develop a separate Board policy, 7 conflict of interest -- and keep in mind that, 8 number one, we are bound to these other 9 documents including the Federal Ethics Rules, 10 and we have also adopted these procedures in 11 Appendix I. But it would seem, at least it 12 would seem to me, that it would make sense for 13 us to have something that we would call our 14 Board policy, if it only included referring to 15 other documents. But I'd like to get some 16 feedback on that and then determine how we 17 might proceed. 18 What -- what is your feeling on having a 19 specific Board policy on conflict of interest? 20 Dr. Melius. 21 DR. MELIUS: Yeah, I think it may be helpful to 22 have one. However, I think it needs to be done 23 -- and the reason we -- we asked that it be 24 taken out of this document, it needs to be done 25 in the context of our positions as advisory

1 committee members and Special Government 2 Employees. So we really need to work off of 3 that context in terms of how we establish that. 4 And I for one am not sure I have ever 5 completely understood how our conflicts are 6 determined and -- and so forth. And what I was 7 hoping for, and I think I had specifically 8 asked for at one of the meetings where we 9 discussed this, is that we again have -- if 10 we're going to develop that policy, let's have 11 somebody come in who's expert in this area and brief us again on -- on what -- how -- what 12 those requirements are and how they're 13 14 implemented. And then we'd develop a policy that's -- that has to be consistent with that. 15 16 I think it would be a mistake to have a policy 17 that just references that, but is some way 18 inconsistent, because it would -- I quess only 19 going to cause us problems. We're going to be 20 following our policy when we're getting in 21 trouble with some other set of rules that we're 22 supposed to be following as FACA members and 23 Special Government Employees. 24 DR. ZIEMER: Other comments? 25 MR. GIBSON: Dr. Ziemer?

1	DR. ZIEMER: I would simply note
2	DR. WADE: Mike Mike has a comment.
3	DR. ZIEMER: Oh, Michael Gibson. Okay, thank
4	you, Mike. Hang on.
5	MR. GIBSON: Excuse me. Just about ten or 15
6	minutes ago there was a loud noise on the line
7	and I lost all ability to hear the last of the
8	conversation on the last conflict of interest
9	policy concerning the NIOSH and ORAU policy, so
10	I I missed out on that and may have wanted
11	to make some comments. I don't know what went
12	wrong with the line, but Hans and Kathy and
13	some others Mel Chew had the same
14	problem.
15	DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Thank you, Mike. So
16	<b>DR. WADE:</b> Mike, I will this is Lew Wade. I
17	will call you tomorrow or Monday and relate to
18	you that discussion.
19	MR. GIBSON: Okay. And if I have comments,
20	will they be placed on the record then?
21	DR. WADE: Yes.
22	DR. ZIEMER: Yes. Go ahead, Mike.
23	MR. GIBSON: If I have any comments after you
24	talk to me, Dr. Wade, could they be placed on
25	the record or the transcript (unintelligible).

DR. WADE: Yes.

2 MR. GIBSON: Okay. Thank you. 3 DR. ZIEMER: Well, I lost my train of thought 4 there. Oh, I -- I know what it was. This is -5 - I'll use an anecdote to sort of illustrate my 6 concern. 7 Under the previous NIOSH policy which sort of 8 was extended to the Board, I was conflicted on 9 Y-12, although in reali-- and under the new 10 policy I would not be, the reason being that I 11 spent one week at Y-12 as a student. I wasn't 12 a worker there, I wasn't on their payroll, I had no input on Y-12 policy, et cetera. I was 13 14 a student intern. And under the NIOSH new 15 policy that would be an exemption automatically 16 and I would not be conflicted. That was the 17 only conflict I had under the old policy. 18 Under the new NIOSH policy, if we were to apply 19 it to the Board, I would probably be conflicted 20 on every DOE site because of the position that 21 I held which, under their criteria, impacted 22 every site. So you know, I have a personal 23 feeling we need to define the parameters for 24 Board members, and I don't think they're 25 necessarily the same -- I hope they're not or

1	we may all have to resign. But somehow we have
2	to and maybe we need help, as Jim has
3	suggested, in figuring out what is the status
4	of an appointee such as this Board in vis a
5	vis the work that we're about.
6	DR. WADE: Right. And towards that end, Emily
7	Howell prepared and shared with the Board what
8	I think is a listing of all of the documents
9	that relate to this issue, so I think you have
10	all of the materials. How we better explain
11	them or expound upon them, you know, I await
12	your instruction.
13	DR. ZIEMER: Well, and it may be that and we
14	did at one point have a working group I think
15	that was looking at conflict of interest. Did
16	we have an official workgroup?
17	DR. MELIUS: Yeah, we had a workgroup that
18	prepared at least the comments on the last
19	policy. That was the one I headed and
20	DR. ZIEMER: Yeah
21	DR. MELIUS: Mike and
22	DR. ZIEMER: it was an ad hoc
23	DR. MELIUS: Ad hoc, yeah.
24	DR. ZIEMER: group. But we may want to
25	think in terms of a workgroup that could maybe

1 work together with legal counsel and others as 2 appropriate to develop a -- a framework that 3 would outline whatever parameters we need that 4 spell this out. But what is your pleasure, Board members? Jim, you have a comment? 5 6 DR. LOCKEY: Just I think for the Board there -7 - there is a difference between a conflict of 8 interest and a perceived conflict of interest. 9 I think there are two tiers that we need to 10 consider when we come up with our own policy. 11 I think there -- there can be a true conflict 12 of interest where you have a direct financial 13 involvement, but there's also a perception out 14 there of any perceived conflict of interest and 15 I -- I think in order for transparency, that 16 has to be laid out so everybody can see it and 17 then a decision made. 18 DR. ZIEMER: I suspect in most of our cases the 19 issue is not going to be one of financial 20 conflict, it's going to be one of bias and 21 impartiality --22 DR. LOCKEY: Correct. 23 DR. ZIEMER: -- and that -- that will be the 24 issue whether it's a real or perceived 25 conflict.

1 DR. WADE: We do have certain situations where 2 a member might work with a representative group 3 of some type that might be involved in a 4 particular site, then -- then the first 5 provision I read to you kicks in. Most of the judgments that I've made are based upon the 6 7 second, which is the bias consideration. 8 Thank you. Any other comments? DR. ZIEMER: 9 DR. LOCKEY: I -- one other comment. When I 10 looked at the -- at the ethic rules, when I 11 reviewed them in relationship to impartiality 12 in -- on page 4, 18 USC 208, they're fairly -they're fairly clear in relationship to what --13 14 what they think is a conflict. There's not a 15 lot of ambiguity there. 16 DR. WADE: Ambiguity comes in in terms of five. 17 DR. LOCKEY: I'm sorry? 18 DR. WADE: The ambiguity comes in in five, 19 impartiality. 20 DR. LOCKEY: Yeah. 21 DR. WADE: But those are the documents that are 22 used when the judgments are made as to the 23 Board's con-- Board members' conflicts. 24 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Board members, how would 25 you like to proceed on this? Would you like to

1 have a Board policy developed, or would you 2 prefer just to ride as we are, which is kind of 3 -- we have the federal ethics documents to 4 which we are subject. We have the -- we have 5 the statement in the NIOSH policy which 6 describes how we operate. And then we simply 7 make a determination in each case or for each 8 SEC, we basically say okay, who has a conflict. 9 Some of these are not so difficult. You know, 10 Y-12 and a person who worked there, so some of 11 those are pretty straightforward. Jim? 12 DR. LOCKEY: You know, I think we should have a 13 Board policy, and I think we should have a 14 planned subcommittee to come up with a draft 15 that spells out what represents conflict of interest for Board members. 16 17 **DR. ZIEMER:** What do others of you feel? I'd 18 like to get kind of a consensus if you --19 MR. CLAWSON: I -- I agree with him. You know, 20 looking at this whole policy and stuff, there 21 could get to a point to where we could all be 22 sitting down there. It's -- there's got to be 23 a clarification, especially with the Board. 24 DR. ZIEMER: Robert? 25 I agree, but I do have a question MR. PRESLEY:

1 for legal. If we do come up with a policy, 2 will the federal government policy supersede 3 anything we do? 4 DR. ZIEMER: Yes. 5 MS. HOWELL: I want to be very clear about the 6 current policies that you guys -- that apply to 7 you all. Nothing that you do can absolve you 8 from having to apply with the rules of FACA and 9 the Special Government Employees that you've 10 been -- the information that you've already 11 received. We're talking about as an additional 12 conflict of interest policy that's specific to 13 this program. Because as you've seen, we have 14 some situations with previous work that aren't 15 necessarily a financial problem but an 16 impartiality issue, like Lew was saying, that 17 we need to cover. And there is -- there --18 there is precedent for this within CDC and HHS, 19 and I think -- I'm not sure if Lew handed this 20 out to you or not, but another federal advisory 21 board, the Advisory Committee on Immunization 22 Procedures or Practices, ACIP, which is another 23 CDC advisory board, has written their own 24 conflict of interest policy specific to the 25 issues that that group deals with. And that's

what I think we're kind of asking you to consider doing.

3 And this has also come up because you all have 4 been asking us lots of questions about these 5 waivers and how they're applied, because we have the rules that we're having to follow 6 7 based on FACA and for Special Government 8 Employees and those ethics rules versus the 9 concerns that we have specific to this. And 10 everyone within the program is so concerned 11 about transparency and we just want to make 12 sure that you guys have a voice in how this is 13 applied to you.

14So nothing that you do can prevent those FACA15rules and all those other rules from applying16to you. What we're asking for you to do is to17have a voice in how we go beyond that, just18like what we're doing with NIOSH and ORAU and19everyone else involved in the program.20DR. WADE: And I see it two ways, going beyond

21 or attempting to -- to bring clarity, too. I 22 think that's --23 MS. HOWELL: Yes, yes, to clarify the

24 situation.

25

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DR. ZIEMER: How do those FACA rules apply in

1 this particular case. And in any case, 2 whatever we came up with would have to, again, 3 pass the scrutiny of counsel and --4 MS. HOWELL: Yes. 5 **DR. ZIEMER:** -- and I don't know what the 6 approval process is in this case. What -- it 7 would go up through CDC... 8 MS. HOWELL: Yes, it would go through CDC. Ιt 9 would go through several layers within the 10 General Counsel's office. 11 DR. ZIEMER: Thank you. Any other comments? 12 I'd like to hear, pro or con, what Board 13 members are thinking here. 14 DR. MELIUS: I'd just add that it would be helpful to get the immunization document that -15 16 - can we --17 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, as a --DR. WADE: We can forward it. 18 19 DR. ZIEMER: -- as a template as a start. 20 DR. MELIUS: As a template, then I think we 21 need to form a workgroup to -- we'll work off 22 of that and prepare a draft and I don't think 23 that workgroup necessarily has to meet a lot, 24 but I think some exchange of e-mails and 25 develop something, so...

1 DR. ZIEMER: I'm trying to get a consensus 2 here. I've heard from Brad and Jim and Jim. 3 Any -- ladies, over here? It's getting too 4 late in the morning to --5 MR. CLAWSON: I agree with Wanda. 6 MS. MUNN: I don't feel I have anything of 7 value to add to the discussion. 8 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. There appears to be a 9 consensus to move toward developing our own 10 policy, in which case we would need a 11 workgroup, which we can call the conflict of 12 interest workgroup, that would take the 13 existing documents that govern us, a template 14 or templates that we can get from equivalent 15 bodies, and assistance from perhaps legal 16 counsel to develop at least an initial draft. 17 Again, the Chair is always interested in 18 volunteers for workgroups. Are there any that 19 are interested in participating in this 20 particular effort? Otherwise I can just 21 appoint --DR. MELIUS: I'll volunteer. 22 23 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Jim Lockey, Jim Melius, I 24 will volunteer myself, we can do -- just get 25 one more.

1	DR. WADE: You need to have a worker rep, I
2	think.
3	MR. PRESLEY: How about putting me on there? I
4	probably have more conflict of interest than
5	anybody.
6	DR. ZIEMER: Presley.
7	DR. MELIUS: We'll put you on, then we'll
8	conflict you out of the meetings.
9	DR. ZIEMER: Okay, that gives us four as a
10	starter.
11	DR. WADE: You wish to comment on chair?
12	DR. ZIEMER: Jim Lockey, would you be willing
13	to chair this?
14	DR. LOCKEY: What's that?
15	DR. ZIEMER: Would you be willing to chair
16	this?
17	DR. LOCKEY: Yes.
18	DR. ZIEMER: Okay. We have to spread these
19	loads around a little bit.
20	<b>DR. WADE:</b> Okay, if I could summarize. We have
21	a workgroup now to look at the Board's conflict
22	of interest policy chaired by Lockey, with
23	Melius, Ziemer, Presley. I've asked Emily to
24	share with you the model developed for the
25	immunization program. I'm sure she'll do that

1	very quickly. I'm also going to provide you as
2	quickly as possible hopefully today or
3	tomorrow with a redline version of the NIOSH
4	policy, and I'll commit to having words or a
5	footnote inserted to attempt to deal with this
6	issue of multiple site/one site, as discussed
7	by Dr. Melius.
8	DR. ZIEMER: Okay, thank you very much. That
9	gets us up to 2:30 this afternoon.
10	<b>DR. WADE:</b> Well, we have things to do at 1:30.
11	DR. ZIEMER: Yes, 1:30, conflict of interest
12	policy, but we have other things
13	DR. WADE: We have other things to talk about -
14	- 1:30 we're back.
15	DR. ZIEMER: We are ready to take our lunch
16	break. We'll reconvene at 1:30.
17	(Whereupon, a recess was taken from 12:10 p.m.
18	to 1:45 p.m.)
19	DR. ZIEMER: We're ready to reconvene. As you
20	you saw the hookup being prepared for our
21	time-certain meeting with Senator Reid which
22	will occur at 2:30. We have some semi-routine
23	Board business to address before that occurs.
24	BOARD WORKING TIME
25	Let me begin with the minutes of several

1 different meetings, starting with the minutes 2 to the April 25 through 27 meeting, which was 3 the Denver meeting of the Board. I'd like to 4 ask if there are any corrections or additions 5 to the minutes of the Denver meeting. Hopefully you've all looked at least at your 6 7 own remarks to see if they were both 8 intelligent and understandable and correct. 9 MS. MUNN: Understandable and correct, yes. 10 DR. ZIEMER: Any corrections or additions to 11 the minutes of April 25 through 27? 12 (No responses) 13 If there are none, I take it by consent that the minutes are approved as distributed. 14 15 Next, the minutes of the Subcommittee for Dose 16 Reconstruction and Site Profile Reviews, 17 minutes of the meeting June 14th, 2006, that meeting being the Washington, D.C. meeting of 18 19 that group. Are there any corrections or 20 additions to those minutes? 21 (No responses) 22 If not, without objection we'll declare that 23 those minutes are approved as distributed. 24 And then finally the minutes of June 14th 25 through 16th, the full committee -- full Board

1 meeting, also in D.C. Are there corrections or 2 additions to those minutes? 3 (No responses) 4 It appears that there are not. Then without 5 objection we will declare that those minutes 6 are approved as distributed. 7 I will thereby sign these minutes and make them 8 available. They will appear on the web site. 9 MR. GIBSON: Paul? 10 WORKING GROUPS MEMBERSHIP AND STRUCTURE 11 **DR. ZIEMER:** Next item I'd like to call 12 attention to, 'cause there was some confusion. 13 At out last meeting there was a subcommittee --14 in fact, it's the very last page of the minutes 15 that we just approved -- not a subcommittee, a 16 workgroup, which is a workgroup to look into 17 SEC petitions that were not qualified -- and 18 I'm calling this the not qualified workgroup. 19 Only joking, Dr. Lockey. Anyway, we'll call it 20 the workgroup on -- on SEC petitions that are 21 not qualified. You may recall that there was a 22 question dealing with the content and decisions 23 made on those that were designated as not 24 qualified and we designated a workgroup to look 25 into that.

1 Just wanted to clarify two things. One is that 2 Dr. Lockey had volunteered to chair that. At 3 that time we named Dr. Roessler, Dr. DeHart and 4 Dr. Melius to that workgroup. We do need to 5 replace Dr. DeHart, and I do want to ask if 6 there's a volunteer to replace Dr. DeHart on 7 that particular workgroup. 8 And also in that connection, to clarify this 9 was a separate activity, we have an SEC 10 petition activities workgroup that was separate 11 from this. This is more of a one-time thing 12 that will just look at that issue on the past 13 not-qualified petitions and report back to us. 14 Are any of you interested in replacing Dr. 15 DeHart? 16 MS. MUNN: Certainly, I'll take that --17 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. MS. MUNN: -- responsibility. 18 19 DR. ZIEMER: We'll put Wanda Munn in as the 20 replacement for Dr. Hart -- DeHart, and name 21 Brad Clawson as alternate. 22 DR. WADE: I would suggest also we just add 23 Brad to the group. 24 DR. ZIEMER: Sure, that'd be fine. 25 DR. WADE: I think we need to have a worker rep

on that group.

2	DR. ZIEMER: And that that way you have a
3	basically a five five-person group and if
4	necessary four of you can meet if you can't all
5	get together.
6	MR. GIBSON: Excuse me, Dr. Ziemer?
7	DR. ZIEMER: Yes, Larry.
8	MR. ELLIOTT: I'd like to let the working group
9	know that we are ready at any point in time
10	they want to schedule their their meeting.
11	We would ask that you do this in Cincinnati in
12	our offices. We'll have all of the individual
13	I think there are 26 now, I believe, maybe I
14	have that number wrong, in their twenties
15	and it's our opinion it would serve y'all best
16	to have all of the documentation in those
17	individual stacks in our conference room.
18	Nothing will be redacted. Everything will be
19	in its entirety. We'll give you a briefing on
20	the process that has ensued here. And there's
21	also been a assessment done by my assessment
22	team. I'll provide that to you in abeyance of
23	your visit to Cincinnati so you can see this
24	assessment and what it has to say about this
25	procedure.

1 DR. ZIEMER: Thank you, Larry. And we'll leave 2 it then to Dr. Lockey to go ahead and arrange a 3 meeting time. 4 Michael Gibson, a comment or question? 5 MR. GIBSON: Yes. Dr. Ziemer, the volume is --6 is again coming in fairly faint. I can hear 7 you a little better than yesterday, but 8 certainly not as good as earlier today. Ι 9 don't know if there's something that can be 10 I can hear the other conferees on the done. 11 phone fine, but I can't hear the process of the 12 Board meeting very well at all. 13 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, thank you, Mike. The sound 14 man here will try to correct that for us. 15 DR. WADE: And we will be better disciplined 16 with speaking clearly into -- clearly and 17 loudly into the microphone. 18 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, I'm -- I'm looking here at 19 other issues --20 DR. WADE: You want to do workgroup assignments 21 or... BOARD/WORKING GROUPS FUTURE PLANS 22 Yeah, maybe a quick review of the DR. ZIEMER: 23 working groups so that we have an up-to-date --24 make sure everybody has an up-to-date list. 25 And Lew, can you give us a run down on the

1 various workgroups and their membership? 2 DR. WADE: Starting with the Subcommittee on 3 Dose Reconstruction, Chair, Mark Griffon; 4 members Poston, Presley, Gibson; alternates 5 Clawson -- I'm sorry, I did that wrong. Let me 6 start again. 7 Subcommittee on Dose Reconstruction, Chair, Griffon; members Poston, Munn, Gibson; 8 9 alternates Clawson, Presley. 10 The workgroup on the Hanford site profile, 11 Chair, Melius; members Clawson, Ziemer, Poston. 12 The workgroup on the Chapman Valve SEC 13 petition, Chair, Poston; members Griffon, 14 Clawson, Roessler, Gibson. 15 The workgroup on SEC petitions, focusing on 16 250-day issue, Chair, Melius; members Ziemer, 17 Roessler, Griffon. 18 The workgroup looking at SEC petitions not 19 qualified, Chair, Lockey; members Roessler, 20 Melius, Munn and Clawson. 21 The workgroup on the Nevada Test Site site 22 profile, Chair, Presley; members Roessler, 23 Clawson, Munn. 24 The workgroup on the Savannah River Site site 25 profile, Chair, Gibson; members Clawson,

1 Griffon and Lockey. 2 The workgroup on the Nevada Test Site (sic) SEC 3 and site profile, Chair, Griffon; members 4 Gibson, Presley, Munn. 5 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, thank you. Any questions? 6 MR. PRESLEY: Two for Lew. What was that last 7 one? 8 DR. MELIUS: Last one is --9 It's the last one, yes. MR. PRESLEY: 10 DR. WADE: The workgroup on Rocky Flats SEC and 11 site profile, Chair, Griffon; members Gibson, 12 Presley, Munn. 13 DR. ZIEMER: I think he said Nevada Test Site. 14 DR. WADE: Did I misspeak? 15 DR. ZIEMER: I think you may have said --16 MR. PRESLEY: Nah, you're all right. 17 DR. ZIEMER: We got it. Okay, thank you. 18 DR. WADE: I would remind the Board that we now 19 have the issue of the procedures review. 20 Before, that was dealt with by the 21 subcommittee. Right now it's not assigned to a 22 working group, so you -- you'll have to think 23 about it at some point how you want to track 24 that. 25 DR. ZIEMER: Right, there will be a new set of

1	procedures and that will as that report
2	becomes available to us, a new review by SC&A,
3	then we will need a workgroup to work on that.
4	You'll notice also on the agenda, it's on the
5	3:00 o'clock slot of course we've completed
6	the conflict of interest issue which was at our
7	1:30 slot is the discussion of overarching
8	issues that span more than one working group.
9	This would be the issue of as an example
10	oro-nasal breathing, which could show up in the
11	purview of a number of working groups. And one
12	of the issues would be how do we track that
13	when we may have several working groups looking
14	at that are site-focused, and how do we
15	track those kind of overriding issues or what
16	are called here overarching issues that may
17	span multiple working groups. And we don't
18	necessarily need to have a solution to that
19	today, but at least want to give some thought
20	to how best to track that and keep ourselves
21	informed of what's going on so that it doesn't
22	fall through the cracks and one group assumes
23	that another is looking at it simply 'cause
24	they're at another site where it is also an
25	issue.

1 And Lew, I don't know if you have any 2 additional thoughts on that structurally, but 3 that's the nature of -- of the issue. 4 DR. WADE: As I observe the working groups, 5 I'll hear often a working group pass off an 6 issue to another working group, to the Board, 7 to the subcommittee, to another entity. And I 8 think there are concerns that -- that's there's 9 an overall tracking going on of everything, and 10 that if such a handoff happens we're sure that 11 the issue isn't lost. And I think there is 12 concern. You know, a solution starts to be 13 some sort of mega-matrix of some type, a 14 compilation somewhere of all of the issues. 15 And even if they change flavor from one working 16 group to another, they are -- continue to be 17 tracked. 18 DR. ZIEMER: And one of the -- one of the 19 possibilities in this kind of an issue is in 20 fact to have one or more working groups --21 there could be a working group that was 22 responsible for sort of the oversight of --23 oversight of overarching issues, or something like that. Or we could have individual 24 25 workgroups that are dealing with specific

issues, whether it be oro-nasal breathing or neutron dosimetry or whatever the issue may be, these sort of overarching kinds of things. I'd kind of like to get some thoughts on it. Wanda.

MS. MUNN: Well, as you all remember, this is 6 7 not the first time we've talked about this. As 8 a matter of fact, we've been talking about it 9 ever since we first recognized that we were 10 going to have recurring issues. I think Bob 11 Presley, in his discussion of what we've been 12 doing with NTS, indicated a half-dozen of those 13 complex-wide issues we've already identified, 14 including dose reconstruction covering all the 15 significant radionuclides, hot particles, oro-16 nasal breathing, dosimetry limitations, badging 17 geometry, and assumptions that were made for 18 non-monitored workers. 19 I can't add anything new. At the outset I 20 believe that my suggestion was that essentially 21 a list be established of items that were being

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tracked and that would reflect how many sites were involved in this, with the assurance that NIOSH could follow that -- essentially a master deficiencies list -- so that as those things

1 closed, they could mark them off the list and 2 it would be a list that we would see on a 3 fairly routine basis as we move through the remainder of the sites that have to be 4 5 addressed. The reason I suggest that in that form is this 6 7 is clearly going to be a significant clerical 8 issue. There's going to be a lot of data-9 following and entry and update that's required. 10 So far as I know, this Board does not have 11 access to the kind of clerical tracking 12 mechanism that would be necessary to do this. 13 DR. ZIEMER: Beyond the clerical tracking 14 mechanism, if an issue arises -- they often 15 arise first in a matrix, maybe as a result of 16 an SCA comment or maybe by initiative of NIOSH. 17 And at some point there are some technical 18 discussions. Now if -- if one workgroup says 19 well, this is already being covered by another 20 workgroup so we'll overlook it or sort of 21 concede to them -- the concern is that -- who's 22 really going to look at it. And aside from the 23 tracking issue, I would be concerned that we 24 make sure that we have the proper interactions 25 and it's almost like a separate matrix where we

1 have Board members, Board contractors, NIOSH 2 and its contractors looking at a specific issue 3 that's -- that is, you know, more than 4 individual site-wise but which is overarching. 5 And maybe we need a workgroup or workgroups that would do that. And that is -- the 6 7 tracking has to be over and beyond that, but to deal with the technical issues themselves is --8 9 was the concern I had there. But -- and both 10 issues are of conc-- both the physical tracking 11 as well as the technical resolutions. 12 MS. MUNN: Although the concept of a workgroup 13 is an appealing one from the viewpoint of 14 administration, it would appear to be pretty 15 cumbersome in terms of time allotment for the 16 Board members themselves. I can't speak for 17 other members of the Board, but the time 18 allotment already required for our Board 19 activities is significant. I would find the 20 addition of yet another -- especially heavily-21 chartered -- subcommittee or working group of 22 this kind to be extremely time-consuming. 23 DR. ZIEMER: Certainly a good point, and it may 24 be that we would need to simply make sure that 25 one of the workgroups had the lead on one

1 particular issue. Let's hear from others. Dr. 2 Melius, then (unintelligible) --3 DR. MELIUS: Yeah, a couple points, and I 4 actually agree with Wanda on -- on this issue. 5 I'm not sure a workgroup is the -- at least the proper first step to take in trying to address 6 7 this issue. Also remind us that the GAO report 8 made this is -- at least a subsection of this 9 is one of their recommendations in terms of -of the Board didn't have a mechanism for 10 11 tracking issues and -- and so forth. And it 12 extends not only to what we do within 13 workgroups, but also some of the business 14 that's conducted at Board meetings where an 15 issue's identified in some way. We say well, 16 we'll put that on the agenda for a future Board 17 meeting and then, you know, a couple of SECs 18 come up and so next thing you know it's -- you 19 know, six months have gone by and we've all 20 sort of lost track of the issue or whatever. 21 And I think first we need to sort of solve the 22 way we're going to keep track of this and who's 23 going to be responsible for tracking that and 24 it -- to me, it's either, you know, Lew -- you 25 know, sort of the -- it's an Executive

1 Secretary function, which through, you know, 2 Lew with NIOSH staff, or it's something we have 3 to charge our -- our contractor with doing --4 doing that. And I think both are in position 5 to possibly do that. Both attend in some ways 6 all of those workgroup meetings, so they --7 they are present, they track what's going on 8 there. And I think if we had the clerical 9 function, sort of what are the key issues that 10 are being looked at in the different 11 workgroups, what's unresolved or needs to be 12 resolved, I think then we can decide is it a 13 proper place for a workgroup or is it something 14 we just need to spend the time at a Board 15 meeting and set aside -- aside the time to 16 discuss and figure out who has the lead and --17 or do we form a new workgroup to deal with that 18 particular technical issue or what's the -- the 19 proper approach to take. But I really think we 20 need to solve the clerical, the tracking issue, 21 first or we'll -- will -- will not take place. DR. ZIEMER: Let's get Brad and then we'll hear 22 23 from Larry. 24 MR. CLAWSON: I just -- being a new Board 25 member and everything else like that, the time

1 that is spent with a lot of these workgroups 2 and stuff, there's a tremendous amount of 3 information that we're going through. To me 4 and everything, we need to have one point of 5 contact that we need to address this to -- and I agree with the -- the clerical issue on this, 6 7 but we need to have one point that we can also address to with issues. Is this being handled, 8 9 like that oro-nasal or anything else like that, 10 one -- one individual that can go to speed at 11 that. But as -- as Board members, just looking 12 at it, our plates are pretty full. 13 DR. ZIEMER: Larry? 14 MR. ELLIOTT: I guess we had a different 15 perspective on this set of overarching issues. 16 My thinking -- and I just touched base with Stu 17 about this, too -- has been that we need to 18 come forward with a position paper, if you will 19 -- I'll just use that, I don't know what the 20 right term is, but it'll end up being a 21 Technical Information Bulletin or Basis 22 Document that will speak to what we are doing 23 with regard to one of these general overarching 24 issues. To me, that would be the starting 25 point. The Board needs to look at that, decide

1	what you want to do with it.
2	I think the obligation would then be on us to
3	make sure that we track the comment resolution
4	and make sure that not only in that matrix for
5	that given position paper on an overarching
6	issue we track it, but also we track it in
7	these other working group efforts where it's
8	pertinent and relevant to that particular site
9	or that issue, whether it's an SEC evaluation
10	or a site profile review.
11	So our thinking has been that we're obligated
12	to help the Board staff the Board, staff the
13	Designated Federal Official in doing this
14	tracking, and that's how we were thinking about
15	going about doing it. I don't know if that
16	helps or not, but
17	DR. ZIEMER: So in the model you're just
18	suggesting there would be a number of such
19	position papers developed?
20	MR. ELLIOTT: Right. I don't think right now
21	you have a sense of where we're at on any of
22	this.
23	DR. ZIEMER: Right.
24	MR. ELLIOTT: Right? So where do you start?
25	You need something to start from

1 DR. ZIEMER: Right. 2 MR. ELLIOTT: -- and I have to give that to 3 you, I believe. 4 DR. ZIEMER: And then from there, it appears 5 that you are suggesting that NIOSH would carry 6 the burden of the tracking of these issues 7 then. 8 MR. ELLIOTT: Yes, I am. 9 DR. ZIEMER: Thank you. Let's see, Wanda and 10 then -- then -- oh, Robert, we've got you, too. 11 Robert's next. 12 MR. PRESLEY: I agree with Larry on this 100 13 percent, because if you'll look at the first thing we've got on here, dose reconstruction 14 15 covers significant nuclides, that was -- if I 16 remember correctly, we have marked that done in 17 our group because of the addition to the 18 nuclides for the NTS SE-- or site profile. Ι 19 mean I know that there's probably more to that, 20 but that's something that NIOSH could track and 21 keep up with. I feel that that's the place it 22 ought to be done. 23 DR. ZIEMER: Thank you. Wanda? 24 MR. GIBSON: Mike Gibson, I don't think 25 (unintelligible) --

1 MS. MUNN: One of the reasons it would appear 2 advantageous to have NIOSH tracking this is the 3 fact that they are the continuing agency that 4 will be following this program long after we 5 have ceased having the need for either a 6 subcontractor or continuing working groups as 7 we've had to this point. 8 The other consideration is we began this 9 discussion speaking only of overarching issues. 10 We have the same issue with site-specific 11 unresolved processes that we close out on our 12 matrix because the action is someone will do 13 something, and therefore the working group 14 closes it out. But where it goes then is, at 15 this juncture, undefined, so far as I know. 16 DR. ZIEMER: Thank you. Dr. Melius. 17 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. Again I agree with Wanda. 18 I think we have to capture both sort of what 19 are unresolved issues, but also issues we've 20 tagged that we're expecting there to be follow-21 up on. 22 I don't object to NIOSH staff being the one 23 sort of developing this system and -- is 24 whatever posi-- you know, paper or whatever, 25 however it'll be -- sort of report or whatever.

1 I just think it's important that it reflect 2 issues that the Board has identified. There 3 actually may be other issues that NIOSH has 4 identified as becoming important, or through 5 your contractor -- I think it's important we know about what those are and -- and address 6 7 those, but I think we'll need to keep this 8 focused on what the Board's issues are as -- as 9 we're reviewing with our -- with our contractor 10 on these issues, but having NIOSH do it, I --11 somewhat the way Larry described it, I don't 12 think would -- I don't have any objection to I think it would be fine. 13 it. 14 MR. GIBSON: Dr. Ziemer? 15 DR. ZIEMER: Do we have -- oh, Michael I 16 believe has a comment from -- on the phone. 17 Mike? 18 MR. GIBSON: Yeah. Dr. Ziemer, this is Mike. 19 I agree with a lot of what has been said here recently. My only comment would be that each 20 21 of the individual working groups are deeper in 22 the weeds as far as the issues for those 23 particular issues and sites and -- and things 24 they're covering. And I think that the working 25 groups and the chairman of the working group

1 should hear out NIOSH and SC&A and then the 2 working group should make a recommendation to 3 the Board as to the overarching issues and then 4 let the Board make a decision, you know, who 5 this point of contact is and whether or not, 6 you know, it is a -- an agreeable issue that's 7 site-wide, rather than having one side or the 8 other -- again, each -- each working group is 9 much more detailed into the -- the issues of 10 the specificular (sic) issues they're covering. 11 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Thank you, Mike. Looking 12 for other discussion. We have a -- we have a list or some lists that 13 14 begin to identify some of those issues -- the 15 complex-wide issues that were identified in Mr. 16 Presley's working group, and there may be 17 others. I don't know that this is an 18 exhaustive list, but perhaps is a starting list 19 -- dose reconstruction covers significant nuclides, hot particles, oro-nasal breathing, 20 21 dosimetry limitations, badging geometry --22 which may or may not be part of dosimetry 23 limitations -- assumptions for non-monitored 24 workers. There's -- there's a half a dozen 25 major complex-wide issues right there. There

1 probably are others. I'm wondering if -- if we 2 shouldn't, as a starting point, at least agree 3 to what issues come into this category and --4 and then we can proceed, perhaps along the 5 paths that have been described with NIOSH following up on the items that the Board 6 7 identifies as being of interest to it, and then 8 the tracking would -- would follow from that. 9 Board members, do you -- do you -- do you want 10 to prepare a preliminary list of such issues? 11 And this is certainly a starting list right 12 here. I suspect there will be others. 13 MR. PRESLEY: I think it'd be a good idea. 14 DR. ZIEMER: Wanda Munn. MS. MUNN: Yes, we all have to start somewhere, 15 16 and that seems to be as good a place to begin 17 as any other. To the best of memory, those six 18 items have come up in the Rocky Flats context, 19 in the Nevada Test Site context, in the Y-12 20 context, and I believe one other -- I can't 21 remember which -- but that seems -- and I know 22 on at least two of those matrices those issues 23 are not really active for the workgroup simply 24 because there has been some NIOSH action 25 identified. It would be nice to have that

1 beginning to fold into whatever paper and 2 proposal NIOSH is going to bring to us. 3 DR. ZIEMER: Well, I believe we already have 4 some TIBs on a number of these. 5 MS. MUNN: Probably so. DR. ZIEMER: And I don't know if -- if Stu or 6 Larry, off the top of your heads, can identify 7 8 -- how many of these six items are there -- do 9 we already have TIBs on? Hot particles, Stu --10 and while you're thinking about that, Larry, 11 were the documents you were referring to, those 12 had the form of a TIB or a white -- what you 13 called a white paper or what -- what 14 conceptually are we (unintelligible). 15 MR. ELLIOTT: Yes, I think there'd be different 16 forms. Some of -- I think oro-nasal breathing, 17 for instance, we've -- we've addressed that to a certain extent in a TIB, but some of the 18 19 others that are relatively newer, we may need 20 to provide a position paper that may become a 21 TIB once it, you know, gets vetted through this 22 process, so I -- I can't speak on -- Stu's 23 better served to speak on --24 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah. 25 MR. ELLIOTT: -- where we're at with the

1 development of certain documents. 2 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Well, shall I just take 3 these --4 MR. HINNEFELD: Well --5 **DR. ZIEMER:** -- one at a time? MR. HINNEFELD: Yeah, let's do that, I can't --6 7 DR. ZIEMER: Oro-nasal breathing. 8 MR. HINNEFELD: Well, there's specific activity 9 to address that. That'll be a work product 10 from a contractor that'll be delivered to us, 11 sort of a white paper type of thing where --12 DR. ZIEMER: Not necessarily a TIB. MR. HINNEFELD: Might be, might not be --13 14 DR. ZIEMER: Oh, okay. 15 MR. HINNEFELD: -- but the delivery from them 16 probably will not be a TIB. We may write it 17 into that, but then that would have broad applicability once we (unintelligible) --18 19 DR. ZIEMER: Same on the hot particles? 20 MR. HINNEFELD: Probably not as far along, but 21 I think it would have to be the same type of 22 solution. I know it came up with respect to 23 Nevada Test Site specifically, but it would 24 have application otherwise -- other places, as 25 well.

1 DR. ZIEMER: Dosimetry, mixed dosimetry, 2 extremities, badging geometry -- probably a 3 number of dosimetry-related issues. 4 MR. HINNEFELD: There's -- there's some general 5 issues have come up a number of times about the 6 dosimetry in response to geometry issues, in 7 particular. In other words, uncertainty in 8 dosimetry readings beyond what laboratory 9 uncertainty would represent, and some things 10 like that would have to be addressed in one way 11 or another. There has been work done with 12 respect to some specific sites, like 13 Mallinckrodt, where some geometric -- or 14 geometry adjustments have already been adopted. 15 And it may be that what we would develop is a 16 sort of a general approach for a geometry 17 adjustment and ranges of adjustments that 18 would, you know, add uncertainty to the doses. 19 DR. ZIEMER: Would the construction worker 20 document be in this category? 21 MR. HINNEFELD: I think certainly that's in 22 this category and that TIB is published now. 23 DR. ZIEMER: Assumptions for non-monitored 24 workers? 25 MR. HINNEFELD: I'm not sure of anything that's

1	on in place right now to do that, but
2	certainly we can put that together, the
3	assumptions. We're pretty consistent in our
4	assumptions, but there's you know, somewhat
5	depends upon what you learn about a particular
6	site and and their activities and their
7	practices, so there would be there may be
8	some site-specific modifications to that based
9	upon what we learn from our research of the
10	site activities. So I'm I'm not I don't
11	know of anything that's going on in that area
12	right now. We are try we I think we tend
13	to address those as we learn, you know, about
14	the site based on what we've learned about the
15	site, I think.
16	DR. ZIEMER: The final one on this list is dose
17	reconstruction covers significant nuclides.
18	I'm not even sure I know what that means. I
19	mean I know what it means, but it's it
20	sounds so general, it's too general.
21	MS. MUNN: I can address that, if you don't
22	mind.
23	DR. ZIEMER: Okay.
24	MS. MUNN: The reason the reason for that
25	is, very frankly, if it comes up every site

1 that is -- is reviewed by our contractor, then 2 it seems to be an issue that we need to have 3 some document that makes it clear that NIOSH is 4 or is not addressing a full range, and why not 5 if not. I guess the major advantage to putting 6 these things to bed is preventing their 7 reoccurrence over and over again as we see the 8 site reviews. 9 MR. HINNEFELD: I think briefly, to describe 10 that, it would be an internal dosimetry issue 11 of course, since it's speaking about nuclides 12 and since that's relevant, and it has to do with places where there's a -- you know, in the 13 14 first sense, there's sort of a witch's brew of 15 fission products, for instance, if you're 16 dealing at a place like Savannah River and 17 Hanford and does it -- the dose reconstruction 18 includes many radionuclides, but it wouldn't 19 necessarily, you know, include a specific dose 20 for hundreds of different fission products that 21 may exist in the workplace. So there would be 22 some bounding -- you know, some -- what are the 23 -- what are the worst -- what's the worst 24 dosimetric one, what do we know about it, is 25 this measurement relevant to the dose. So an

1 approach that describes an internal dosimetry 2 approach -- you know, what our internal 3 dosimetry approach in those cases is probably 4 what's being addressed here. 5 DR. ZIEMER: Now -- and Larry, go ahead. DR. MELIUS: Paul, can I -- I would just 6 7 caution us let's not try to solve all these 8 issues, but I think the first thing to do is to 9 develop a way of -- a system of documenting 10 them and, you know, preparing a list. And what 11 I would suggest is that we circulate the list 12 that Bob prepared to the Board members. That's 13 -- we can add -- maybe others, Mark and -- is 14 not here today, might want to add to those. 15 Larry work with his staff to prepare, you know, 16 a similar list and John work with his staff 17 'cause they're involved in all these workgroups 18 that there are others there, then Larry working 19 with Lew can, you know, pull together sort of a 20 master listing and see if we can at least come 21 to general agreement on that. Then Larry can 22 proceed to, you know, sort of pull together --23 here's the status of all these issues and might 24 be something we can talk about, either a 25 conference call or our December meeting.

1 DR. ZIEMER: I primarily want to make sure that 2 we know what the words on the list actually 3 mean --4 DR. MELIUS: No, I -- I --5 DR. ZIEMER: -- not to solve the problems 6 today. And we certainly could do that and I 7 just want to ask if there are any of these 8 where the kind of work product that you talked 9 about, Larry, has already been done so that by 10 the time of our next face-to-face meeting we 11 could embark on the process with one of these 12 topics. 13 DR. WADE: I have a process suggestion before 14 that --15 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. 16 **DR. WADE:** -- but I would think that -- that as 17 part of Larry's presentation, his update, at 18 every Board meeting, I think this should --19 this should be a regular item. 20 DR. ZIEMER: The cross-cutting issues. 21 DR. WADE: The cro-- and -- and at a minimum 22 present the list and status. This way we'll be 23 sure that there'll be some continuity. Jim 24 Melius is correct, sometimes an agenda 25 overtakes us and things get knocked off. I

think we want this on the agenda for each meeting.

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3 DR. ZIEMER: Right. Larry, go ahead. 4 MR. ELLIOTT: Certainly we -- certainly I'll be 5 happy to do that and add it to the 6 presentation. And yeah, we are talking a lot about process and I don't want to promote 7 8 continued discussion of process, but I do want 9 to explain what I mean by a position paper, and 10 it goes somewhat to process, and answer at the 11 same time your question, Dr. Ziemer. I think 12 TIB-52 of course is ready. Oro-nasal breathing 13 is probably close behind that. And beyond 14 that, you know, I'm going to have to go shake 15 the trees and bring out my whip and start 16 beating people. 17 But I say a position paper because if it's --18 let's just take the geometry issue. That may 19 result in a change to an existing Technical 20 Basis Document, like our external dose 21 implementation guide. So I don't want to keep 22 -- what I'm trying to avoid here is a -- a 23 process outcome where we add more and more and 24 more and more documents. I want to address the 25 documents that we have and modify them. So a

1 position paper would come out and perhaps then 2 be reflected one -- once we've got it all 3 resolved and we all agree on the right 4 approach, then we would go back and in the 5 appropriate document that's already in existence we would make the appropriate 6 modifications and changes. Does that help your 7 8 understanding --9 DR. ZIEMER: Yes. 10 MR. ELLIOTT: -- of why I put out a position 11 paper, (unintelligible) an idea? 12 MR. PRESLEY: Yeah, it's great. 13 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. There seems to be agreement 14 that we can start with this as a starting list. 15 We can add to it and come up with a final list, 16 and also perhaps begin the process with what is 17 available. 18 Any other comments? Another comment, Jim? 19 DR. MELIUS: No. 20 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. 21 DR. MELIUS: I was just trying to see if I 22 could see Wanda on TV, but... 23 DR. ZIEMER: We want to make sure we're ready 24 here within the next minute or two, prepare --25 **DR. WADE:** (Off microphone) (Unintelligible)

quick item.

2	DR. ZIEMER: A quick item?
3	DR. WADE: Yes. Just to remind you all that,
4	you know, we have a call scheduled for October
5	18th. We have a face-to-face Board meeting
6	scheduled for December 11 through 13. We have
7	a call scheduled for January 11, have a face-
8	to-face meeting scheduled for February 7 to 9.
9	In terms of meeting locations, the December
10	meeting I would think would either be in
11	Pinellas or Denver, depending upon where we are
12	relative to Rocky Flats.
13	UNIDENTIFIED: (Unintelligible) the February
14	meeting?
15	DR. WADE: I would see the February meeting
16	either Denver or New Mexico, depending upon
17	where we are with Rocky Flats and then with the
18	Neva excuse me, LANL.
19	I will ask LaShawn to get out a query to you.
20	I would see us scheduling a call in the middle
21	of March, a face-to-face meeting in late April,
22	a call in the middle of June and a face-to-face
23	meeting in August. What LaShawn will do is ask
24	for dates and and find dates, and that will
25	get us out four meetings or more a year out and

1 I think that's appropriate. 2 DR. ZIEMER: Questions? 3 UNIDENTIFIED: Can you give us those dates for 4 -- this next meeting date again? 5 DR. WADE: A call on October 18th, face-to-face 6 meeting December 11 through 13, a call on January 11, a face-to-face meeting on February 7 8 7 to 9. And then looking for a call mid-March, 9 face-to-face meeting late April, a call mid-10 June, face-to-face meeting in August. 11 **DR. LOCKEY:** When was the call in October? 12 MR. PRESLEY: October 18th. DR. WADE: 13 18th. 14 MS. MUNN: That's a long stretch in between 15 there. 16 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. 17 DR. WADE: To what -- okay. 18 DR. ZIEMER: It is almost 2:30. Let me make 19 sure our -- that the sound people are ready to 20 go. 21 Do I need to do anything on this box here? 22 **UNIDENTIFIED:** (Off microphone) 23 (Unintelligible) 24 DR. ZIEMER: It's on red. 25 **UNIDENTIFIED:** (Off microphone)

1 (Unintelligible) 2 (Pause) 3 DR. WADE: I mean I'm open for guidance in 4 terms of meeting locations. It seems to me if 5 we're -- when we're ready to do Rocky Flats, it'd be nice to do it in Denver. When we're 6 7 ready to do LANL it'd be nice to do it in New 8 Mexico. 9 (Pause) 10 MR. ELLIOTT: A suggestion -- a friendly 11 suggestion from the audience here. Fernald has 12 an SEC petition that should come due early next year as well, and Ray Beatty has suggested that 13 14 the Board might consider Cincinnati or that area for -- because of the Fernald issue. 15 16 DR. MELIUS: It's a long flight for you, Larry, 17 I don't know. 18 (Pause) 19 DR. WADE: Just to keep us working, you know, 20 later -- once the Senator speaks to us -- we do 21 have Board correspondence and we do have the 22 letter that was received from Pete Stafford to 23 talk through, and that letter has been -- a 24 fresh copy redistributed to you. I know you 25 probably already have copies in your computer,

1 so that's something that looms in front of us 2 and there are issues there of tracking the 3 construction TBD and issues related to a 4 possible workgroup that Pete is suggesting, so 5 something to think about. 6 (Pause) 7 MESSAGE OF SENATOR REID 8 DR. ZIEMER: We'll come to order again. We're 9 pleased that Senator Harry Reid is able to be 10 with us today to address the Advisory Board on 11 Radiation and Worker Health. Senator Reid, 12 this is Paul Ziemer, Chairman of the Advisory 13 Board, and we're very pleased that you've taken 14 time from your busy schedule to address this 15 Board today. Would you please proceed with 16 your statement to us? 17 SENATOR REID: Board members, thank you very 18 much for allowing me to address this issue I 19 think that is so important of compensation for 20 Nevada Test Site workers who contracted cancer 21 from the work during the above--22 **UNIDENTIFIED:** (Off microphone) We lost him. 23 (Pause) 24 DR. ZIEMER: Senator Reid, apparently we lost 25 you, but you might start again, if it's --

1 **SENATOR REID:** I'm happy to do that. Mr. 2 Chairman, Board members, thank you very much 3 for allowing me to address you. This is such 4 an important issue. It's very, very important that -- to direct attention to the workers who 5 contracted cancer from work during the above-6 7 ground nuclear tests. The veterans I thank 8 very much, atomic energy veterans, that are 9 here today I say to you directly, thank you for 10 your sacrifices you made on behalf of our 11 country, on behalf of our way of life. Ι 12 really believe it's because of your efforts 13 that we won the Cold War and democracy 14 triumphed. I and the nation are indebted to 15 you for your service and your true sacrifices, 16 so I'm honored to be here today to speak on 17 your behalf. Reminds me of the days when I 18 used to be a lawyer. 19 Ladies and gentlemen, we must include within 20 the Special Exposure Cohort Test Site workers 21 who contracted cancer from the work during the 22 above-ground nuclear tests, even though they 23 worked on the site less than 250 days. I am 24 sure that many of you, like me, watched those 25 nuclear explosions at the Test Site. I can

1 remember them so clearly. I was 50 miles way 2 or 60 miles away, more or -- further away than 3 you -- farther away than you because I was at 4 Searchlight, but I could still see them. I was 5 struck with awe as a little boy, maybe wonder, at the power, strength of those tremendous 6 7 explosions and how did they come about. Man's 8 ingenuity. Even as a little boy, I figured 9 that out. 10 Little did any of us know the other side of 11 these tests. Exposure of men and women working 12 at the site and cancer-causing radiation and chemicals. Now these men and women face deadly 13 14 cancers. Many have already died. Others are 15 just waiting for their country to acknowledge -16 - acknowledge them. That's what they're 17 waiting for. 18 I worked six years to pass legislation to 19 ensure that the Department of Energy workers 20 and contractors who were exposed to radiation, 21 beryllium or even silica received compensation. 22 It was the right thing to do for those who 23 sacrificed their health in the service of our 24 country and now face these deadly diseases. 25 Yet Test Site workers who waited decades for

1 acknowledgement are being told they must wait a 2 little longer. Many tragically, as I've 3 already said, have died awaiting for the 4 compensation, stuck in a bureaucratic nightmare 5 of obstruction and delay. 6 Nevada Test Site workers, despite performing 7 this service for their country (unintelligible) 8 radioactive materials and having known 9 exposures leading to cancers have been denied 10 compensation -- a result of flawed 11 calculations, I believe -- based on records 12 that are incomplete or in error, as well as use 13 of faulty assumptions and incorrect models. 14 NIOSH itself acknowledges that it cannot estimate the internal radiation dose received 15 16 by employees at the Test Site from '51 through 17 '62. Yet it's hard to comprehend, but they're 18 arguing that Test Site workers present for the 19 atmospheric tests, yet not employed for 250 20 days, don't deserve compensation. 21 Think about this. Under this rationale someone 22 who was present for all 100 above-ground tests, 23 and there were some there, would be denied compensation even if for those 100 tests they 24 25 were right on the front lines. This isn't what

1 we intended. This isn't what Congress 2 intended. It's just unfair. Congress has 3 already designated classes of atomic energy 4 veterans at several sites as members of the 5 Special Exposure Cohort. For example, Amchitka 6 Island, Alaska is designated -- and I'm glad 7 they were designated -- because, though, of 8 three underground tests conducted on that 9 island. Alaska conducted three tests. Nevada 10 Test Site workers conducted 100 above-ground, 11 828 underground nuclear tests at the Site from 12 '51 to '92. That's almost 90 percent of the 13 nuclear tests conducted in the United States 14 were in Nevada. Yet these men and women have 15 been denied compensation. I believe they 16 deserve and deserve for decades, but it's just 17 unacceptable what we have now. 18 I helped write the law that created this 19 program, and I can tell you with certainty that 20 it was the intent of Congress, of me, of us, that exactly this type -- this group of workers 21 22 be compensated under this program that we set 23 up. The men and women who worked at the Nevada 24 Test Site, I repeat, helped this country win 25 the Cold War. There were other factors. Ι

1 know that. But they sacrificed their personal 2 health in the process of giving so much. After decades of waiting and suffering, it's time 3 4 that we honored these sacrifices. 5 Not only must we expedite compensation for the 6 atmospheric testing workers, but we must also include within the Special Exposure Cohort the 7 8 Test Site workers during the more than 800 9 below-ground tests. Currently under review by 10 workers and experts is a petition drafted by 11 Test Site employees and my office that would 12 add these workers to the Special Exposure 13 I really feel we need to do everything Cohort. 14 I -- I do not rest well and can't rest we can. 15 well until these men and women get the respect 16 and I believe the acknowledgement they deserve 17 and that they've earned. 18 So Board members, join me -- I -- I really do 19 hope you can -- in supporting this cohort, the 20 men and women who fought with all of us in 21 moving forward this country. I urge this 22 Advisory Board. I appreciate your time here. 23 You're good Americans for doing this. I urge 24 you to do the right thing. I know you'll do 25 what -- what you believe is right. I hope,

1	though, this has helped, being in Nevada has
2	helped. I I hope that you can grant this
3	SEC for all atmospheric test area workers
4	employed at the Test Site for less than 250
5	days.
6	You know, any one of those 250 days could be
7	the reason that they're sick any one of the
8	250 days. Any week could be enough, any two
9	weeks, certainly 250 days is arbitrary and
10	capricious.
11	Thank you all so very, very much.
12	DR. ZIEMER: And we thank you, Senator Reid,
13	for taking time from your schedule to address
14	this Board. Thank you for your eloquent
15	remarks in behalf of your constituents here in
16	Las Vegas and in the state of Nevada.
17	Board members, I wonder I was led to
18	understand that there might be opportunity just
19	to ask questions if anyone desired. I don't
20	he may have to be leaving. I don't know his
21	schedule. I think he's left. Thank you.
22	<b>UNIDENTIFIED:</b> (Off microphone)
23	(Unintelligible)
24	DR. ZIEMER: Well, let me ask if there are any
25	questions before we

1 **UNIDENTIFIED:** (Off microphone) He had to 2 leave, I'm sorry. 3 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, fine. Thank you. 4 **UNIDENTIFIED:** (Off microphone) My apologies. 5 DR. ZIEMER: No problem. Thank you. 6 (Pause) 7 Let's see, do we need a break? 8 DR. WADE: It's up to you. We can take one. 9 DR. ZIEMER: Let's take a brief break, ten 10 minutes, and then we'll -- the last item I 11 think before us is the construction worker 12 issue. 13 (Whereupon, a recess was taken from 2:43 p.m. 14 to 3:00 p.m.) 15 BOARD CORRESPONDENCE/BOARD WORKING TIME 16 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, we're ready to reconvene. 17 The final item on our agenda deals with -- it's 18 called Board correspondence, and more 19 specifically we want to focus on the letter 20 that we received and which was distributed 21 earlier from Pete Stafford. And that letter 22 also has some links to comments made to this 23 Board earlier by Knut Ringen with respect to 24 construction trade and -- and related issues. 25 I do note that in connection with the Pete

1 Stafford letter, which was dated June 23rd, I -2 - since -- since the letter came to us and I 3 have been in correspondence with Pete and told 4 him that his letter had been distributed to the 5 Board, that we discussed it briefly in our August 8th meeting and that it would be on our 6 7 agenda today. And in the meantime the -- the 8 TIB on construction workers also has been 9 There's a number of items in the issued. 10 letter which relate to exchanges with NIOSH. 11 And to some extent, some of those have been 12 answered by the -- by the publication of the 13 TIB, and I know that Larry has provided figures 14 for us on numbers of dose reconstructions done 15 for construction workers and that's been in 16 some of the reported information. I'm not 17 certain whether that material got back to Pete. Larry, do you know if it had? Or to Knut 18 19 Ringen in terms of the numbers of cases. I 20 know they've been -- there's been interactions 21 between you and -- and Knut Ringen's group. MR. ELLIOTT: Yes, I've been in consistent 22 23 conversation and dialogue with Pete Stafford 24 about this since the Denver meeting. I have 25 provided them at three points in the time frame

1 since that meeting the status of the 2 construction workers TIB and the numbers of 3 claims that we have completed. 4 DR. ZIEMER: And then we heard from Knut Ringen 5 this -- this week that they now have I think a 6 working group of their own that's going to be 7 looking at the -- at the TIB and perhaps 8 offering comments on that to you directly. 9 MR. ELLIOTT: They have had that -- they have 10 convened that -- that panel of their experts. 11 These are folks that were also involved in the 12 early development stages of TIB-52, although 13 they weren't -- they helped us in the early 14 days, but they were not involved in the later 15 aspects of the TIB, so I chose my words 16 carefully on Tuesday when I made the 17 presentation, although Knut took exception to 18 what I had to say. I did not say that they had 19 written the TIB; they contributed to the TIB. 20 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah. 21 MR. ELLIOTT: So -- and they had sent me a 22 letter, which I will share with the Board as 23 soon as I get back in my office and provide you 24 all a copy of that letter with those -- those 25 concerns.

1 DR. ZIEMER: What remains I think in this 2 letter for specific response from this Board 3 are four items near the end of the letter where 4 Pete asks the Board to consider these four 5 items. And I'd like to bring these before the Board with the question of how you would like 6 7 to proceed on these and do that in terms of not 8 only our own actions, but framing a response 9 for Pete as well. 10 Do all of you have copies of the letter? Okay, 11 if you'll refer to the four items, then I -- I 12 believe that this is where our focus needs to 13 be because I believe that the issuance of the 14 TIB and exchange with Larry deals with much of 15 the information in the preliminary part of the 16 letter. But Pete says in item one, since OCAS 17 expects to complete the TIB and soon, please 18 consider establishing a subcommittee to address 19 it. So that is the first item, where he has 20 asked if we would consider establishing a 21 subcommittee, I think in essence to review the 22 TIB. 23 Secondly, there's a request that SC&A 24 strengthen its expertise in construction worker 25 exposure estimation and that they do certain

1 things to evaluate. If -- if this is something 2 we want SC&A to do, we would have to task them 3 in some way or another, Lew, and Board members. 4 So we have to determine -- and in fact, the 5 issue of adding a -- I guess a sort of consultant to their staff would also require us 6 7 to charge them or --8 DR. WADE: They charge us. 9 DR. ZIEMER: -- request them -- they charge us. 10 We request of them; they charge us, yes. 11 And then the third item appears to me to ask 12 OCAS to do certain things. Although it's addressed to us, it says OCAS should do certain 13 14 things. And I'm not sure how we would handle that other than to indicate whether we agree 15 16 that that's a good idea or something of that 17 sort. It asks OC-- and to some extent I think 18 OCAS is doing some of this now, and we can come 19 back to that. 20 And then finally there's a request that in our 21 QA procedures -- and this would be QA 22 procedures I think on the dose reconstructions 23 -- that we evaluate and in a sense track the --24 I think track -- basically what you would say, 25 what are the construction worker cases and the

1 -- and also have some way of evaluating or 2 determining distribution of cancers among them 3 and -- and other variables. We -- we knew up 4 front, as we tried to select cases, that the 5 job description was not one that we could sort against, but after the fact -- after dose 6 7 reconstructions are completed, we are able in 8 many cases to identify, at least within broad 9 terms, whether or not people are construction 10 workers. 11 So those are the four items. 12 DR. WADE: Paul, could I --DR. ZIEMER: 13 I guess I would ask for general 14 comments and then we can treat them 15 individually. 16 DR. WADE: I think you need to look at number 17 two because there's some substance after the --18 the initial SC&A -- it's asking for the 19 selection of a random sample of construction 20 worker DRs -- DRs for audit. 21 DR. ZIEMER: Right, and as I say, if we were to 22 do that, that still requires a tasking I think 23 of our contractor to do that. 24 DR. WADE: Right. 25 DR. ZIEMER: Right. It would be a specific

1 audit that would have -- have construction 2 workers as the selection criteria, but we know 3 from past experience that that's very difficult 4 5 DR. WADE: Correct. 6 **DR. ZIEMER:** -- because it's not a variable we 7 can sort against in the database. 8 But let me ask for general comments and then 9 we'll proceed. Dr. Melius, you have a comment? 10 DR. MELIUS: Yeah, I -- my first -- I would 11 suggest that we first answer these requests 12 positively and that we have charged SC&A with 13 reviewing TIB-52, I believe it is, and so that review will be underway -- underway shortly. 14 15 And I think that's in essence the major request 16 and really addresses most of these issues. How 17 much we want to get into in terms of the 18 individual dose reconstructions, I think 19 there's sort of two answers. One is that we already do rev-- are reviewing a substantial 20 21 number of construction worker dose 22 reconstructions. They just, by the nature of 23 our selection criteria, we only end up with 24 those. However, we are not able to select on 25 that basis.

1 And under number four -- I mean it's really 2 saying some of the same answers. We really 3 can't select on a number of those variables 'cause it's not in the -- the database that --4 5 in the way that we do it and there's also I think some technical reasons why we don't want 6 7 to do that in order to be able to do our 8 overall job properly. 9 DR. ZIEMER: But it could be pointed out that 10 after the fact we can identify those 20 cases 11 that were construction workers and the data 12 that could be provided after the fact -- I 13 think. 14 Yeah, exactly. DR. MELIUS: 15 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah. And when you say answer 16 positively, are you suggesting that we would 17 agree to establish a sub-- well, he says a 18 subcommittee; it might be a working group, but 19 a subcommittee --20 DR. MELIUS: I would say that -- I think what 21 we already decided today was that we were --22 once these procedure reviews got underway, we 23 were going to set up a workgroup that would 24 review SC&A's evaluation and then the whole 25 issue of how do we reconcile these with NIOSH's

1 comments and so forth. We haven't -- we didn't establish that yet. We -- as I recall, we 2 3 decided we'd put that off until John and his 4 team had actually done this. I don't know if 5 we need a -- necessarily need a special --DR. ZIEMER: Well, the first step would be the 6 7 review of the TIB, which comes under --8 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. 9 DR. ZIEMER: It's already being tasked. 10 DR. MELIUS: Right, underway, yeah. 11 DR. ZIEMER: Right. So you're suggesting that 12 in the sense is the positive first step for the 13 first item --14 DR. MELIUS: Right. 15 DR. ZIEMER: -- in any event. 16 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. 17 DR. WADE: And then once that TIB is in hand, 18 the Board has signaled its intent to form a 19 working group to review that review, as well as 20 others. 21 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, that's a sort of suggestion there, and Wanda, you have additional comments 22 23 there? 24 MS. MUNN: Two thoughts. One, with respect to 25 item three, and having anyone investigate and

1 summarize malfeasance, bias, unmonitored -- I 2 mean unbalanced policies, these are the kinds 3 of charges which it's difficult to imagine is 4 inside the charter of this Board. That's 5 certainly not the technical issues that we were 6 chartered to undertake, in my view. 7 The second thought has to do with the pitfalls 8 of establishing a separate category of employee 9 type that we are looking at. We tried to 10 identify the fact that we have monitored 11 workers and we have unmonitored workers and are 12 trying to grapple with how we address those 13 things. I hesitate to begin to break out 14 operators, maintenance workers, security folks 15 -- you know, when we establish a special 16 category of individual that we're looking at, 17 it seems to me to be a real potential pitfall. 18 That should be considered very carefully. 19 DR. ZIEMER: Okay, thank you. Other comments, 20 either of a general nature or -- or how to 21 proceed, and some of you may wish to hit --22 react to Dr. Melius's suggestion, as well. 23 DR. MELIUS: I actually have a reaction to 24 Wanda's suggestions. 25 DR. ZIEMER: Okay.

1 DR. MELIUS: I think what's being referred to 2 there is -- I think what was unbalanced was the 3 fact that many of the construction workers, and 4 there are other workshop categories that fall 5 into that, worked for subcontractors rather 6 than the primary contractors, and there are 7 often different monitoring policies and even 8 radiation protection policies --9 DR. ZIEMER: (Off microphone) Or no 10 (unintelligible). 11 DR. MELIUS: -- or no -- I mean -- yeah, 12 putting it -- for -- for those, and so that's 13 what I think is referred to as unbalanced. Т 14 think that we actually already address those on -- at individual sites. For example, on Rocky 15 16 Flats it's to sort of data integrity issues, 17 but it's all -- it's very site-specific and we 18 view it as an overall issue, not necessarily an 19 issue just for a particular group, but it's 20 sort of where -- who does it apply to in a --21 at a particular facility and -- and so forth. 22 I -- I agree we -- I don't think we want to try 23 to do any sort of overarching investigation of 24 that. I don't think that's necessarily our 25 charge. But I think we can say that we do --

1 as part of our normal procedures we do address 2 that where it's appropriate. 3 DR. ZIEMER: Other comments or suggestions on 4 moving forward on this? 5 (No responses) 6 Dr. Melius's suggestion is a positive one in 7 terms of trying to be sensitive to the needs of 8 the construction worker group while recognizing 9 our own limitations and what we and our 10 contractor and NIOSH are able to do. And that, 11 coupled with the status of the new TIB that's 12 out and the provision that NIOSH has made in keeping them apprised of the statistical data 13 14 actually as -- as it comes out, I think goes a 15 long way to addressing the concerns at the 16 front end anyway. And in talking to Knut 17 Ringen this week I got a sense that they --18 although they -- they still want to take a hard 19 look at the TIB, they I think recognize that --20 that this issue -- these issues are being 21 attended to as best we're able. I hope I'm not 22 mis-- I'm not trying to quote Knut, but I got a 23 sense that they recognize that we are trying to address these issues as best we're able. 24 25 Another comment?

1 DR. MELIUS: I was just going to say I think 2 that's a fair statement. 3 DR. ZIEMER: Then if it's agreeable, I will 4 prepare a response to Pete -- and we'll 5 distribute it to everyone -- which will indicate that we will -- we will begin, with 6 7 our contractor, reviewing the TIB on 8 construction workers. We'll -- with respect to 9 the COI, I can simply point out we are 10 developing a Board COI policy. I'm certainly 11 not going to make any commitments that it's 12 going to specifically call out things here, but 13 certainly we will consider on our end of it 14 what -- what conflicts we need to take into 15 consideration. We already have in place QA 16 procedures and we will be able to look -- after 17 the fact, at least -- as -- as to what is -what some of these variables are on the 18 19 construction workers as a matter of record for 20 their interests. I will prepare a general 21 letter along those lines. Would the Board wish 22 to see a draft before we finalize it? Perhaps 23 I should send a draft out --24 MR. PRESLEY: Yes. 25 DR. ZIEMER: -- and give you a chance to --

1	MS. MUNN: It would be helpful.
2	DR. ZIEMER: I don't want to conduct business
3	by e-mail, but the general nature has been
4	agreed to so I'll be looking for editorial
5	changes only rather than conceptual changes.
6	Without objection, we'll proceed on that basis
7	then.
8	MS. MUNN: That's fine.
9	DR. ZIEMER: Dr. Wade, do you know of any other
10	correspondence that we need to address? I
11	think that was the only backlogged one. Most
12	of the other correspondence, such as the letter
13	from Senator Kennedy and others, were
14	informational and were not asking for specific
15	responses at this time.
16	DR. WADE: Let me just ask Jason Broehm.
17	Jason, are there any Congressional
18	correspondence outstanding as far as you know?
19	DR. ZIEMER: That that particularly that
20	require responses.
21	MR. BROEHM: I'm not aware of any, no.
22	DR. WADE: Good.
23	DR. ZIEMER: Thank you. Are there any other
24	matters that need to come before the Board at
25	this time?

**MR. PRESLEY:** I'd like to bring something up, please.

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3 The last two or three days we have heard from 4 quite a few people from the general public 5 discuss that they've had problems with their correspondence back and forth. And when we 6 7 have talked to them and when we have asked 8 them, it always points back toward -- I hate to 9 say it -- the Department of Labor. And we -- I 10 think that we talked to them about a year ago 11 about this same matter, and I would like to go 12 on record as asking that we notify the 13 Department of Labor and ask them to do whatever is possible for them to clean up some of their 14 15 excess correspondence and some of the 16 correspondence that some of these people are 17 getting that's -- I don't know where you say 18 not needed or -- or what it is, but it seems 19 that a lot of the people, the petitioners, are 20 having quite a bit of problems with the 21 Department of Labor on some of their -- their 22 documents that the Department of Labor's 23 sending out asking for. And I think we need to 24 go on record as saying something to them about 25 this. We've had -- we've heard from too many

people this week -- this last three days. Thank you.

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3 DR. ZIEMER: Thank you, Robert. I'd like to 4 get some other reactions to that. I think I've 5 been hearing similar things, and of course I'm 6 not sure if there are particular pieces of 7 correspondence that can be identified as form 8 letters or whatever it might be that are the 9 ones that are causing the greatest concern. We 10 heard a couple of letters quoted to us that 11 appeared simply not only to be confusing, but 12 perhaps not even correct. But any other --13 Larry, maybe you can help us on this. What do 14 we need to do to -- beyond --15 MR. ELLIOTT: That's all that I'm 16 (unintelligible) --17 DR. WADE: Go sit down. 18 MS. MUNN: I'm leaving. 19 DR. ZIEMER: Can we get your contractor to work 20 on the Labor Department here? 21 MR. ELLIOTT: Jeff's not here, but I applaud --22 applaud your taking this up, and I -- you 23 know, when I hear these things in public 24 comment, you may see me pull that individual 25 aside. I think you've seen me do this at many

1 meetings. I want to verify that it's not our 2 correspondence. And each and every time that 3 I've heard this -- and it's unfortunate that I 4 don't see Cindy and I don't see Richard and I 5 don't see Jeff Kotsch in the audience, but I 6 hope they'll read this part of the transcript. 7 It's unfortunate that every time I verify 8 what's going on here, it's not a NIOSH 9 correspondence. You've heard this in -- I 10 believe we heard it in Knoxville. I think we 11 heard it in D.C., and I take it back. I qo 12 back to Pete Turcic and I say here's another 13 instance where we've heard that there's been a 14 mixup in personal, privacy-related information. 15 And if it's on my watch, I'm on top of it and I 16 want to stop it right then and there 'cause I'm 17 the responsible party here for the Privacy Act 18 control of what we do in a dose-reconstruction 19 effort. And I think DOL and Pete Turcic has a 20 similar responsibility in dealing with these 21 issues in their correspondence. 22 So I just want to get that on the record, that 23 when I see and hear these things, I follow up with the individuals. And if it's a NIOSH 24 25 issue, I assure you I'll let you know that

we've messed up and how we've corrected it. If it's a DOL-related correspondence issue, I assure you I go back to DOL and I talk to them about it.

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5 DR. ZIEMER: Let me ask Lew or Lar-- probably 6 Lew a question, and this is sort of a protocol 7 type of question. But for example, if this --8 and this Board basically advises the Secretary 9 of Health and Human Services. Would it be out 10 of order or cause a problem if we were to ask 11 him to request that his counterpart, the 12 Secretary of Labor, address this issue? Now I 13 -- I -- at the same time I want to be careful 14 that we're not sort of blind-siding Pete and 15 his folks so that -- I mean they -- they need 16 to have the opportunity to correct this before 17 we go way over their heads, so maybe that would 18 be a last resort. But -- or maybe we should 19 indicate to Pete that this Board is considering 20 that if -- if the issue doesn't get corrected. 21 What -- can you --22 DR. WADE: Well, I can --23 DR. ZIEMER: -- advise us on that without 24 getting yourself into trouble? 25 DR. WADE: I can't get in trouble. I've

1 reached a certain age where I can't get in 2 trouble. But I would start at the top. I mean 3 I think it's within the prerogative of this 4 Board, should it choose, to advise the 5 Secretary of HHS of a concern that it's come upon in its deliberations and to outline that 6 7 concern, and I think that's perfectly 8 reasonable. It's perfectly appropriate. 9 I would stop that and say on a personal level, 10 before I would suggest you take that step, I 11 would take some other steps that -- that would 12 try to get the issue before the right people in 13 the Department of Labor. I believe as strongly as I'm sitting here that those people care 14 15 about the job that they do and want to provide 16 quality service. So I think our first job is 17 to bring concerns with as much specificity to 18 them as we can so that they can work on it. 19 If you are concerned about it enough, you can 20 ask them to report back to you at the next 21 meeting as to what's happened, and then make 22 your judgment as to whether you want to 23 escalate this. But before I would write to the 24 Secretary of HHS, I would propose that we 25 attempt to engage DOL at some meaningful level,

1 and quite possibly build a feedback loop into 2 it, before I would take that step, Paul. 3 MR. GIBSON: Dr. Ziemer? 4 DR. ZIEMER: Would this be a request of Pete to 5 -- expressing the concern and asking him to 6 report --7 MR. PRESLEY: Mike has a --DR. ZIEMER: Okay, Mike, hang on just a second. 8 9 I'm asking if this would be a -- a letter to 10 Pete asking -- or expressing our concern and 11 asking him what they might be able to do to 12 correct this situation. Inviting -- and inviting him to the 13 DR. WADE: 14 next Board meeting to speak to the issue and to report. I think -- I mean I would follow the 15 Golden Rule in this. I mean if we were in that 16 17 situation, that's what we would like to see. 18 DR. ZIEMER: Right. Mike Gibson. 19 MR. GIBSON: Yes. Dr. Ziemer, I have to agree 20 with Mr. Presley. This has been brought up on 21 a number of occasions by a number of people. 22 As a matter of fact, I think the record and the 23 transcripts will show that over a year ago I 24 read a redacted letter into the record -- a 25 letter from DOL to a potential survivor, that

1 even had a little Post-it attached to it saying 2 "I don't want to be morbid, but when your 3 spouse passes away, here's what you need to 4 do." And I was assured by DOL after that 5 meeting that person would not deal with another claimant. And over a year later I believe it 6 7 was, at a different meeting, the same letter 8 was read by one of the people during the public 9 comment period. So DOL has had ample 10 opportunity. They've heard this complaint. 11 Pete Turcic or one of the DOL representatives 12 made the statement these people won't -- this letter will be stopped, these people will not -13 14 - you know, this -- they will not be addressed 15 like this in any manner again. And evidently, 16 according to Mr. Presley's information, it's 17 still going on. So I'm not so sure it's not 18 time that we take some action other than --19 than just a general little chat with DOL, or 20 asking them to explain it at the next meeting. 21 I think they've had ample opportunity, in my 22 opinion. 23 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Thank you, Mike, and I do 24 recall your entering that letter into the 25 record a year ago, or whenever that was.

Okay, Larry.

2	MR. ELLIOTT: Kate reminded me that I think
3	it was after the Oak Ridge meeting, or maybe
4	the Knoxville meeting, that direction was given
5	to ORAU to ORAU staff to glean every bit of
6	specific instance from the transcript of public
7	comment about that goes to this, and then we
8	would follow up on our side and make sure it
9	wasn't us. So we have, through that gleaning
10	effort, these situation-specific things that we
11	could help you provide the DOL if that's
12	that's something you want.
13	DR. ZIEMER: Right.
14	MR. ELLIOTT: I would to give Pete Turcic a
15	little bit of credit here, when I talk to him
16	about these issues, though, his first what
17	he'll say, has said to me and will probably say
18	to you is that the growth that they've
19	experienced with the Subtitle E coming to them
20	and all the new faces and the new people, and
21	their cross-training that's gone on, these are
22	some of the problems that have resulted from
22 23	some of the problems that have resulted from the growing pains that they've experienced.
	-
23	the growing pains that they've experienced.

1 DR. ZIEMER: And to some extent in the past 2 year this has been treated somewhat informally. 3 We've brought it up, but maybe an official 4 letter from the Board, which we haven't done, 5 to Pete and sort of requesting him to be 6 accountable to us on this, to the extent we can 7 make that request. And having the specific is-8 - cases that ORAU has gleaned, which could be 9 an attachment or whatever to such a letter, 10 would be a first step. And -- and I think it could be made clear that if this situation 11 12 isn't corrected it will be necessary for us to 13 -- to raise --14 MR. ELLIOTT: We'll be happy to provide that, because it shows it's not just episodic. 15 It's 16 ongoing. 17 DR. ZIEMER: Yes. 18 MR. ELLIOTT: And if I can be candid, the 19 problem here, from my perspective, is is that we're all viewed as the government. Even you 20 21 folks sitting there are viewed as the 22 government. 23 DR. ZIEMER: Right. 24 MR. ELLIOTT: And if one part of the government 25 messes up, then we're all --

1 MS. MUNN: Everybody. 2 MR. ELLIOTT: -- we're all guilty. 3 DR. ZIEMER: Right. 4 DR. WADE: Well, I appreciate that, but it -- I 5 mean let he who is without sin -- I mean we at NIOSH have an awful lot that's brought up 6 7 that's critical of us. I mean so I think we 8 need to proceed very cautiously in this. Ι 9 mean it is all one government, and that's not 10 unfortunate. That's the way it is, and we 11 share this burden together. 12 Again, I would instruct you now as your DFO, if 13 you're going to go to the Secretary of HHS with 14 this kind of information, get your facts right 15 and have your facts correct. I think other 16 than that, you do a great disservice to 17 yourself, as well as to those you write about. 18 DR. ZIEMER: Well, I think, as you suggested, 19 the first step is to go to Pete and see if he 20 can get that corrected. 21 MR. PRESLEY: Yeah. 22 DR. ZIEMER: Wanda. 23 MR. GIBSON: Dr. Ziemer? 24 MS. MUNN: I certainly agree with Lew's 25 observation regarding caution in this regard,

1 recalling that we all live in glass houses. By 2 the same token, it seems appropriate that we 3 formalize our communication with Pete by 4 creating a letter giving him some specifics 5 that he can work from and, if at all possible, let that agency deal with its problems 6 7 internally before we pursue it further. 8 DR. ZIEMER: I think Mike Gibson may have 9 another comment. Mike? 10 MR. GIBSON: Yes. Dr. Ziemer, I agree with 11 Larry and Lew's comments. You know, we are all 12 looked at as the government. I mean obviously 13 DOL and NIOSH are the government. We are just 14 private citizens appointed by the President, 15 but -- and I wasn't -- I wasn't pointing my 16 finger specifically at Pete Turic (sic), but at 17 the Department of Labor and commitments they 18 made. And after one year, we heard the same --19 we got the same copy of the same letter from 20 another claimant in another city. So obviously 21 someone there did not do their job, and I just 22 -- it's -- in my opinion, it's -- it's 23 discouraging claimants. It's hurting them. 24 And you know, I just think that it's time for 25 at least our side of the house that we -- we

1 are charged to monitor to relate to the other 2 side of the house, the Department of Labor, 3 that this is an ongoing issue. I'm sure it is 4 in the transcripts and it can be pulled out and 5 related that, you know, it's time for this to 6 stop. I don't think we need to pussyfoot 7 around here. I think we need to let them know 8 it's time for this to be changed. 9 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Thank you, Mike. Jim 10 Lockey has a comment. 11 DR. LOCKEY: I would like to offer some caution 12 that perhaps the way to approach this is to ask 13 them to share with us their quality assurance 14 program that they have in place to monitor how 15 they're handling Department of Labor issues. 16 When I make a phone call I hear in the 17 background, you know, "This may be monitored 18 for quality assurance." What -- what kind of 19 program do they -- do they potentially have in 20 place to monitor the quality of the service 21 they're providing. Perhaps they have 22 something. If not, maybe then it will spur 23 them on to get something. 24 MR. GIBSON: Dr. (unintelligible) --25 DR. ZIEMER: I'd like to get a sense of the

Board --

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2 **MR. GIBSON:** -- (unintelligible) I respond to 3 Dr. (unintelligible) --4 **DR. ZIEMER:** -- in terms of favoring the 5 approach of first giving Mike (sic) a sort of 6 final chance to correct this through -- but 7 formalizing it through a letter versus going at 8 this time to the Secretary, as I think about 9 that question. And I think Mike has an 10 additional comment here. Mike? 11 MR. GIBSON: Yes. Dr. Lockey, this -- this was 12 not in the form of a phone call or anything 13 else. This was a form letter from the 14 Department of Labor and it -- and it appears to 15 me, from what I've seen first-hand and 16 submitted into the record, and what I've heard 17 second-hand from a claimant at a meeting a year 18 later, this is a form letter that they're still 19 using that they claimed they would not let 20 happen again. So it's -- it's not neces-- it's 21 not any part of the phone interview or anything 22 else. It's a -- a request, I believe after a 23 denial of the claim, to do some other things. 24 So it just appears to me that they're not 25 following through with their written

1	correspondence with claimants or survivors.
2	DR. ZIEMER: Okay, thank you
3	DR. WADE: I would offer again another caution.
4	I mean this Board has been chartered to do
5	certain things. I think you need to consider
6	your charter as you contemplate your actions.
7	DR. ZIEMER: The issue of quality assurance may
8	not come into the picture here. If in fact
9	this is part of their routine, then quality
10	assurance would say did you send out letter X.
11	And if that's the offensive letter, it would
12	pass all quality assurance but still not solve
13	our problem.
14	But in any event, I think the compilation that
15	Kate talks about 'cause it may go well go
16	beyond this single letter. This may be just
17	part of the issue. And I think in terms of
18	this Board's responsibility, I think we could
19	argue that this is part of the overall for
20	the for our claimants, this is part of the
21	dose reconstruction process. Yes, it's true
22	that it's the final step. Labor has that
23	responsibility. And for many of these,
24	particularly those who are denied, it's it's
25	a harsh ending on a process. And if the if

1 the harsh ending is made even worse by the 2 words that are used, it seems to me it concerns 3 us in terms of the total process. 4 DR. WADE: And I -- I applaud the emotion that 5 you bring to this, and I applaud what you are 6 trying to do. But again, your responsibilities 7 are to oversee the scientific quality of the 8 dose reconstruction program. 9 DR. ZIEMER: Right. 10 DR. WADE: Again, I think the emotion that 11 brings you to this point is wonderful. I think 12 you should follow up and do what you can. But 13 I ask you to do that in consideration of what 14 your responsibilities are. 15 **DR. ZIEMER:** Okay. Additional comment? John 16 Poston. 17 DR. POSTON: I've been sitting here listening 18 to all this, and I understand Mike's 19 frustration and so forth. But being one of the 20 older folks on the panel, I would caution that 21 we should accept Lew's approach to the problem. 22 That doesn't keep us from doing other things, 23 but it seems to me we need to take a first 24 step, and the first step can be as -- excuse 25 me, to use an old word -- as gentlemanly as

1 possible. And then we certainly have a big 2 stick if we need it. So I would caution that 3 we need to pay attention to our -- our 4 Designated Federal Official and if possible 5 follow his advice. MR. PRESLEY: I agree. 6 MR. GIBSON: Dr. Ziemer? 7 8 DR. ZIEMER: That advice -- at this point, Lew, 9 I'm trying to interpret now -- you're not 10 suggesting that we do nothing. 11 DR. WADE: Well, I'm suggesting that you write 12 to the Department of Labor with as much 13 specificity as you can saying this is what 14 we've found. I'm sure, Department of Labor, 15 that you want to do the best job by these 16 people that you can and we've found these 17 materials. They trouble us to the point that 18 we would like you to come to the next meeting 19 and to address us as to these issues. I would 20 stop short of threatening. I mean it's just 21 not my way. If you choose to do that, I -- I 22 say go and do it, but it's not my way. But 23 then take your next measured step. 24 But also get your facts right. I mean if 25 you're going to start to talk about the

1 sequence of events that troubles you, then you 2 need to have your facts right. 3 MR. PRESLEY: Right. 4 DR. ZIEMER: Gen Roessler. 5 MR. GIBSON: Dr. Ziemer? DR. ROESSLER: Just to follow up on what Lew 6 7 just said, let's make sure we get the facts 8 right before we embarrass ourselves. A letter 9 has been mentioned, and we don't know the date 10 of this letter and the various times it's been 11 brought up in the public session. We want to make sure that that letter hasn't been changed 12 13 before we start commenting on it. 14 DR. ZIEMER: Yeah, the fact that it was seen a 15 year later -- and Mike may be -- may be able to 16 clarify if he knows that the date on the letter 17 was a year later. But -- and I think Mike is

on -- has another comment anyway. Mike? MR. GIBSON: With all due respect to Dr. Poston and Dr. Wade, I'm not suggesting any threatening letter or anything that we don't have the authority to -- to take grounds on. I'm just suggesting a letter stating that this was addressed at one meeting. It is on the transcripts. It said it would be taken care of

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1	on the transcripts. And a year later it was
2	read into the public record by a claimant or a
3	survivor, I I don't remember which at this
4	point, I believe it was a survivor. And you
5	know, again, I I'd have to just stroll back
6	through the transcripts and try to find it, but
7	the fact is, DOL made the commitment that
8	letter, after the first reading of that letter,
9	it would never be it would never happen
10	again, that letter would be changed, that
11	person would not deal with any other claimants.
12	And obviously, whether or not that person is
13	still dealing with claimants is unknown, but
14	the letter was unchanged. And I just think a
15	letter from the Secretary of Health and Human
16	Services giving these facts to the Director of
17	Department of Labor, not blaming any of his
18	staff but just simply saying, you know, this
19	obviously is still going on and it needs to be
20	changed. I'm not I don't think I'm jumping
21	to any conclusions here, but you know, it's
22	just something that I specifically remember
23	because, you know, it was an issue that was
24	it was brought to me.
25	DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Okay. Thanks, Mike. And I

1 might point out that, for example, even last 2 night we -- we had people quoting from letters 3 that they received, for example, 20 years ago. 4 And I'm not sure if -- whether or not we know, 5 even though the second letter surfaced a year later, whether it was actually written a year 6 7 later, or could it have been, you know, the 8 same version and maybe that person got it 9 concurrently or even earlier than the previous. 10 I don't know if we -- we would need to verify 11 that it actually was sent out a year later. 12 The fact that it came to our attention a year 13 later does not necessarily indicate that it was 14 still in use at that time. We see all kinds of 15 documents from claimants that -- because they 16 keep these in files and they date back, some of 17 them, many, many years. And so I think Dr. 18 Roessler's certainly true that anything that --19 that we use as a basis for a kind of complaint, we need to make sure and now perhaps we'll rely 20 21 on the work that ORAU has done to -- to compile 22 these things --23 MR. GIBSON: Dr. (unintelligible) --24 DR. ZIEMER: -- or form a basis for us to 25 determine --

1 MR. GIBSON: Dr. Ziemer? 2 DR. ZIEMER: -- precisely what to say, but my 3 inclination is that we would write a letter to 4 Pete and indicate our concerns, based on what 5 has been found by the ORAU search, and simply 6 ask them --7 MR. GIBSON: Dr. Ziemer? 8 DR. ZIEMER: -- what their -- how -- how 9 they're addressing this in terms of those for 10 whom dose reconstructions have been done. 11 DR. WADE: Mike has a comment. 12 DR. ZIEMER: And Mike, another comment. 13 MR. GIBSON: I'm not discussing letters from 14 history. I'm discussing letters from like two 15 years ago, a form letter from the Department of 16 Labor on a denial of a claim, and I'm 17 discussing a letter that said that would be 18 stopped, at a public -- at one of our Board 19 meetings from a Department of Labor 20 representative. And a year -- a year later we 21 see the same form letter. So I'm not 22 discussing prehistoric documents. I'm talking 23 about letter -- a letter that was read into the 24 record, said it would be changed, and a year 25 later -- after hearing from Department of Labor

1 saying it would be changed, it was still there. 2 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. Okay, Dr. Melius? 3 **MR. GIBSON:** (Unintelligible) 4 DR. MELIUS: Yeah, can I suggest another way 5 forward on this? 6 **MR. GIBSON:** (Unintelligible) 7 DR. MELIUS: First of all, I don't think we can 8 base a letter from Secretary of Health and 9 Human Services to the Secretary of Labor based 10 on a single set of letters or something like 11 I think let's -- I think we're trying to that. 12 get at a -- what we've perceived to be a more 13 general problem, and I think the first step we 14 need to do is -- if ORAU has done this 15 compilation from a number of our public 16 meetings, let's take a look at that and see if 17 there's some way we can generalize about the 18 types of issues we have and so forth. If it's 19 -- I don't know what the status of the report 20 is, but it might be something that we could get 21 out -- if it's already been compiled, get out 22 to us before our conference call meeting in 23 October and be able to discuss a letter on the 24 conference call meeting. 25 DR. ZIEMER: Certainly do that. That would be

1 a good first step if we had the actual 2 information on the instances, the letters and 3 the associated dates --4 DR. WADE: Right. 5 DR. ZIEMER: -- it would be -- beyond the two that Mike referred to, and they may be included 6 7 -- probably are -- in that database. 8 DR. MELIUS: Yeah, we should include the -- the two instances Mike referred --9 10 DR. ZIEMER: Right. 11 DR. MELIUS: I recall the -- certainly the 12 first one, but I -- I don't recall the second one, but it doesn't mean it didn't occur, so --13 14 DR. ZIEMER: Jim Lockey? 15 DR. LOCKEY: I just -- I want to concur with 16 what Jim just said. 17 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. And Wanda? MS. MUNN: A key point seems to be one that 18 19 Larry touched upon but has not been key in our 20 discussions here. That is that there appears 21 to be a continuing problem, not just that Bob 22 has had interaction with people here this week, 23 but that there seems to continue to be an 24 issue. That continuing process is the primary 25 reason for concern, I believe, and in my view

1 that should be the emphasis of our -- of our 2 communication with Mr. Turcic. 3 **DR. ZIEMER:** Other comments? 4 DR. WADE: And I would be remiss if I didn't 5 add to that that one listening to the record 6 could also find evidence of a continuing 7 problem within NIOSH. So I mean I think we 8 need to deal with these issues, all of us, as 9 we can. And I think raising this to the 10 Department of Energy's -- Department of Labor 11 is a wonderful thing to do. But again, this is 12 about serving the public across the board. DR. ZIEMER: Right. Okay, we -- we've 13 14 discussed this pretty well. It appears that we 15 can proceed. I'm going to take it by consent 16 that the Board has agreed that we will first 17 get the information that Larry has compiled 18 through the help of the contractor, have a 19 chance to look at that, and then we'll have an 20 opportunity in our phone meeting to decide 21 specifically on a course of action, the nature 22 of the letter that may be needed to bring this 23 to resolution. MR. ELLIOTT: I commit to have that to you a 24 25 week from Monday.

1 DR. ZIEMER: Okay. 2 MR. ELLIOTT: I'd like to see it first to make 3 sure --4 DR. MELIUS: Yeah. 5 DR. ZIEMER: Sure. MR. ELLIOTT: -- that it is fully complete, 6 7 'cause I haven't seen it. I'd also like to 8 make sure that my public health advisors have 9 an opportunity to add to it from our 10 perspective. 11 DR. ZIEMER: I think we would simply need it, 12 for example, a week before our phone 13 conversation, so if it takes a little more time 14 for you, that will not be a problem. 15 Any objections to that? 16 DR. WADE: No. 17 DR. ZIEMER: Then we'll proceed from there. 18 MR. PRESLEY: No problem. 19 Okay. Thank you very much. DR. ZIEMER: Any 20 other issues that anyone wishes to bring before 21 the Board? 22 (No responses) 23 Anything for the good of the order? If not, we 24 stand adjourned. I thank you all very much. 25 (Whereupon, the meeting concluded at 3:50 p.m.)

## CERTIFICATE OF COURT REPORTER

STATE OF GEORGIA COUNTY OF FULTON

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I, Steven Ray Green, Certified Merit Court Reporter, do hereby certify that I reported the above and foregoing on the day of Sept. 21, 2006; and it is a true and accurate transcript of the testimony captioned herein.

I further certify that I am neither kin nor counsel to any of the parties herein, nor have any interest in the cause named herein.

WITNESS my hand and official seal this the 18th day of November, 2006.

STEVEN RAY GREEN, CCR CERTIFIED MERIT COURT REPORTER CERTIFICATE NUMBER: A-2102