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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH

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ADVISORY BOARD ON RADIATION AND WORKER HEALTH

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WORK GROUP ON SEC ISSUES

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FRIDAY, JULY 8, 2011

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The Work Group convened via teleconference at 10:00 a.m., James M. Melius, Chairman, presiding.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

JAMES M. MELIUS, Chairman JOSIE BEACH GENEVIEVE S. ROESSLER PAUL L. ZIEMER

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ALSO PRESENT:

TED KATZ, Designated Federal Official PETE DARNELL, DCAS CHRIS ELLISON, DCAS STU HINNEFELD, DCAS JOSH KINMAN, DCAS Contractor JENNY LIN, HHS JOHN MAURO, SC&A JAMES NETON, DCAS LAVON RUTHERFORD, DCAS

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C-O-N-T-E-N-T-S

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1	P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S
2	(10:00 a.m.)
3	MR. KATZ: This is Ted Katz. I
4	am the Designated Federal Official of the
5	Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker
б	Health. This is the SEC Issues Work Group.
7	We are going to begin with roll
8	call. And, please, we're speaking about two
9	sites today: GE Evendale and Ames in Iowa.
10	So please speak to conflict of interest as
11	well. So, beginning with Board Members,
12	with the Chair?
13	(Roll call.)
14	MR. KATZ: Okay. That does it
15	for roll call. Let me just remind everyone,
16	when you are not speaking to the group,
17	please mute your phone. Use *6 if you don't
18	have a mute button and *6 to take it off of
19	mute.
20	And, Dr. Melius, it is your
21	agenda.

5

1	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Why
2	don't we start with GE? I think everybody,
3	at least on the Work Group, should have
4	received an update from NIOSH on follow-up
5	to our last discussion of GE. But I think
б	last Friday, NIOSH, LaVon sent out an update
7	that included the information that we had
8	requested that they look into. So I will
9	turn it over to NIOSH if you want to at
10	least briefly summarize that information.
11	MR. RUTHERFORD: Yes. This is
12	LaVon Rutherford. I was actually going to
13	try and get through a little bit of
14	information before I hit that. And the last
15	thing I will do is go over those specific
16	issues.
17	Just to remind everybody of some
18	of the activities that occurred at GE during
19	the '61 to '70 period, they were checking
20	fuel elements materials for high-temperature
21	reactor fuels, checking radiation effects on

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1	refractory materials, examining radiation
2	effects on beryllium oxide, examining
3	fission product transport processes in
4	reactor fuels. They were testing the
5	effects of clad uranium oxide fuels in
6	meltdown environments. They were developing
7	processes for densification of thoria. They
8	were also clarifying thorium oxide.
9	Monitoring data. I want to talk
10	a little bit about the internal monitoring
11	data, since that is the focus of our
12	infeasibility.
13	First, the monitoring data from
14	1961 through 1964, we have no internal
15	monitoring data. We have urine samples from
16	1964 through 1967. We have 400 urine
17	samples, a little over 400 urine samples,
18	for uranium that are from 1965 through 1967.
19	And we have no internal monitoring results
20	from 1968 and '69.
21	The bioassay samples were taken

when workers were exposed. To us, this 1 implies that it's more an incident-driven 2 3 program. As for air-monitoring data, we 4 have some air sample data from the first 5 6 part of 1961. We believe this is really 7 part of the Aircraft Nuclear Propulsion 8 We were led to this conclusion program. 9 because the data goes back to 1956, when the 10 ANP program was at its peak of existence. We have no air sample data for 11 12 the second half of 1961 through 1970. We did ask the health and safety manager if air 13 sampling was performed. She said there was 14 air sampling performed, but we have no data 15 for that period. 16 The health and safety manager 17 18 indicated that they regularly performed radiological monitoring in non-radiological 19 20 I think this is very important areas.

21 because if we had some boundary air sample

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1	data, if we had environmental air data,
2	things like that, that may help support
3	limiting the Class. And I'll get into that
4	a little later.
5	Surface contamination: so we have
6	a pretty detailed surface contamination
7	survey that occurred in 1969. It is just
8	alpha and beta and is not isotopic-specific.
9	Access control: this is another
10	issue that surrounds the Class Definition.
11	The majority of the radiological work
12	occurred in buildings C and D. It should be
13	noted that there was a storage pad that had
14	radioactive material, drums and such, stored
15	on it as well as a storage facility.
16	Air Force Plant 36 was not
17	physically separated from the rest of the
18	plant. The health and safety manager
19	indicated that non-rad workers were not
20	permitted into radiological areas. However,
21	this was controlled by posting. Hot cells

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1	were locked, but all the other areas were
2	controlled through posting.
3	Worker interviews indicated that
4	there were no access control requirements
5	for entering the building, but, again,
6	workers also indicated that some areas,
7	specifically the hot cells, were locked.
8	Non-radiological workers worked
9	in the same areas as the radiological
10	workers. Part of building C was designated
11	for operations, and the other part was
12	administrative. And there was no access,
13	nothing locked within the facility that
14	prevented you from accessing rad areas.
15	There were only postings to limit that.
16	Last year, we actually sent a
17	draft Class Definition to Department of
18	Labor to check into their ability to
19	implement a Class that specifically focused
20	on Air Force Plant 36.
21	And in the letter dated November

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1	12th, 2010, DOL indicated that they were
2	unaware of any records in their possession
3	or the possession of DOE that would allow
4	them to determine whether a worker in the GE
5	Evendale facility worked specifically at Air
6	Force Plant 36 versus other parts of the
7	plant. So I wanted to kind of go back
8	through some of those things because those
9	were discussed earlier.
10	At the last Work Group meeting,
11	there were specific action items that came
12	out of that. The Work Group wanted us to go
13	back and interview personnel to determine
14	the actual origin of the POPSEE list and how
15	that was related to the actual covered
16	activities. All of this was centered around
17	to see if we could use the POPSEE list
18	itself to define the Class.
19	The other thing is, does the
20	POPSEE list contain everyone who was
21	potentially exposed during the period?

11

1	And then the third item was to
2	actually go back and define some of these
3	abbreviations that were included in the
4	policy documents.
5	We actually interviewed one
6	person. That person was the former health
7	and safety manager during that period. We
8	found out that the POPSEE is not an acronym;
9	it is actually a compilation of letters
10	comprising the various program names during
11	the GE nuclear propulsion and AEC eras. So
12	it's like the ANP, NNPO, all those. I take
13	what happened was they took letters from
14	those and then formed the POPSEE list.
15	The POPSEE organization was a
16	social organization that consisted of
17	workers over various years from the various
18	programs, but the POPSEE included only those
19	workers who wished to participate in the
20	organization.
21	The POPSEE roster could include

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1	employees that never worked in buildings C
2	and D. This is mainly because, although C
3	and D were the main operational areas, there
4	were other workers or other people involved
5	in the ANP program or in the program that
6	did not work in C and D.
7	The POPSEE roster would not
8	necessarily include all employees that did
9	work, since it's a voluntary thing to
10	basically be in this organization. It
11	didn't include everyone.
12	Another thing we did with the
13	POPSEE list was we took the POPSEE list and
14	we compared it to our NOCTS database.
15	What we did was we took the GE
16	claims that we currently have, and we listed
17	those names down into an Excel spreadsheet.
18	And we took a list of the names on the
19	POPSEE list. We actually put together an
20	Excel spreadsheet with that list as well.
21	We also took down on the NOCTS

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1	list, we identified who had internal and
2	external monitoring from our NOCTS database,
3	from our claims. And then, again, we did
4	the comparison against the NOCTS list and
5	the POPSEE list.
6	We found that only six of our
7	claims actually were on the POPSEE list as
8	well. And I think this is important because
9	clearly the POPSEE list cannot be used to
10	define the Class because we have workers
11	that we have claimants who are not on the
12	list that have external monitoring data, who
13	were clearly exposed and part of the
14	program, that are not on the POPSEE list.
15	So I think that pretty much shoots that
16	down.
17	The other thing is we were asked
18	to come up with, to define all of the
19	acronyms that and I think we've done
20	that. And that's in that summary that I
21	provided you guys.

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1	So I think that answers most of
2	the questions. The other thing I wanted to
3	point out was, you know, I talked about the
4	area monitoring and the lack of air sampling
5	data.
6	I think someone had brought up
7	the idea of: can we just use those
8	individuals who were monitored? And clearly
9	we can't do that because of the lack of air
10	sample data to support that people that were
11	inside C and D that were not monitored were
12	not exposed. We had no data in support of
13	that that those individuals would not have
14	been exposed.
15	Okay. That's pretty much it.
16	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Anybody,
17	any of the Work Group Members have
18	questions?
19	(No response.)
20	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: If not, I'll
21	start. My question is, I am trying to

15

1	understand the list of monitored employees.
2	And, to that end, of the people who
3	submitted claims, do you have any sense of
4	how many of those expected to be monitored?
5	I guess I'm looking at those with
6	submitted claims, those with monitoring
7	versus those without, and were the people
8	without monitoring people that you wouldn't
9	expect to be in jobs that would be
10	monitored?
11	MR. RUTHERFORD: Yes.
12	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Or other people
13	that would sort of pass through the
14	facility? So anybody from the facility
15	could submit a claim?
16	MR. RUTHERFORD: Correct.
17	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: And in some
18	ways you have, I don't want to say
19	encouraged that, but the fact that you
20	haven't narrowed it down prior to this time,
21	people would I'm trying to get a sense of

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1	the job histories and backgrounds of the
2	people that did submit claims, particularly
3	those sort of comparing those with or
4	without monitoring, but whether they were
5	how did they differ?
б	MR. RUTHERFORD: I haven't been
7	through all of the claims, but I can say
8	that we do have some claims specifically,
9	some maintenance workers who could have
10	worked in C and D, that do not have
11	monitoring data. And then we do have some
12	that do have monitoring data.
13	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay.
14	MR. RUTHERFORD: So I mean, that
15	right there kind of gives you an indication
16	that it's not easy to separate them out,
17	especially maintenance workers.
18	Also, I think I went through a
19	couple of firefighters that one had data and
20	one didn't, but, again, I didn't go through
21	all the list.

17

1	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. And I
2	don't think this sort of sample is large
3	enough to be able to draw a very firm
4	conclusion, but I was just curious when I
5	looked through the trying to make sense
6	of the spreadsheet that you put on the O:
7	drive and how those populations differed and
8	so forth. I mean, I would have expected
9	POPSEE to include a number of people who
10	wouldn't have monitoring data and wouldn't
11	be necessarily filing claims because they
12	might have worked at other you know,
13	during sort of the Air Force years and not
14	
15	MR. RUTHERFORD: Sure.
16	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: during the
17	years that they would be eligible for this
18	program. So it didn't surprise me that the
19	POPSEE would be a longer list, so to speak,
20	but I'm just trying to understand sort of
21	the overlap between the claims in the people

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1	that were monitored or were not monitored.
2	MR. RUTHERFORD: Yes. I mean,
3	the biggest thing to me is that the health
4	and safety manager indicated to us that if
5	the claimants had personal monitoring data
б	during that era, then they more than likely
7	worked in C and D.
8	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes.
9	MR. RUTHERFORD: And clearly we
10	have a number of claimants that have
11	external monitoring data. And only six of
12	those claimants actually show up on the
13	list, the POPSEE list.
14	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. Yes. I
15	think the point we're trying to get at, to
16	follow up to what I think Paul was asking at
17	our last discussion on this site was: people
18	that were not monitored, did they have
19	significant exposure because someone who
20	might have passed through the site or
21	through the building during that time

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1	period, I mean, you can argue that that
2	you know, would they really fit the 250-day
3	
4	MR. RUTHERFORD: Well, you know,
5	the other end of that, though and yes, I
6	understand where you're coming from.
7	Recognize that from '61 to '64, we have no
8	internal monitoring data and we know that
9	there was work occurring that had the
10	potential for internal exposure.
11	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes.
12	MR. RUTHERFORD: We also had from
13	'67 to '70, they were calcine and thorium
14	oxide or calcine and thorium, and we have
15	no internal monitoring data for that period
16	as well.
17	So you have a group of workers
18	who were working with thorium during that
19	period who by our indications were not
20	monitored because we have no monitoring
21	data. So that makes it you can't, I

20

1	don't think there's any way to limit it to
2	only individuals who are monitored because
3	that would leave out those workers for those
4	periods where we have no internal monitoring
5	data.
6	MEMBER ZIEMER: Dr. Melius?
7	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes?
8	MEMBER ZIEMER: Paul Ziemer here.
9	You may recall also when we raised this
10	issue with Rachel at the meeting last time,
11	she basically said that they could not
12	conduct a program where we asked the people
13	to sort of assert that they worked in that
14	area.
15	I think she basically said that
16	if you put the caveat on that you will ask
17	the people to certify that they worked in
18	those areas, whether they were monitored or
19	not, I think that Rachel, in essence, said
20	that they will lie.
21	So I think Labor is saying that

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1	the only way they can really do this is to
2	include everybody, much to my dismay, but
3	that is what they were telling us.
4	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. And I
5	think that was my second question for LaVon,
6	was at the time that Department of Labor
7	sort of reviewed the available information,
8	basically when you asked them about the
9	Class Definition, I think was the time
10	period. I believe since that time or during
11	the time period, you have received more
12	extensive information from General Electric.
13	And I just want to establish whether or not
14	that additional information would it also
15	include, you know, personnel records or
16	other information that might be used to
17	establish a more narrow Class Definition?
18	MR. RUTHERFORD: Actually, no.
19	We did get a lot of good information, and we
20	did get the significant amount of external
21	exposure records.

1	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Right.
2	MR. RUTHERFORD: The problem we
3	have with the records is that for probably
4	90 percent of them and there actually is
5	a percentage, I think, in the Evaluation
6	Report, but roughly 90 percent of those
7	claims do not identify locations at all.
8	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Right.
9	MR. RUTHERFORD: So we couldn't
10	really summarize, you know, work locations
11	from that. And there were no work locations
12	or job classification descriptions and such
13	like that within the documentation that we
14	had that would help Department of Labor
15	identify individuals.
16	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay? Anybody
17	else on the Work Group have questions?
18	MEMBER ROESSLER: This is Gen. I
19	have, I guess, a couple of comments. Am I
20	off the mute?
21	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes, you are.

1 We can hear you.

2	MEMBER ROESSLER: Okay. Good.
3	LaVon, that was a very good report, written
4	report and oral. I think that it is pretty
5	easy to understand everything. I only have
6	one comment, and it's on the second page of
7	your summary, where you talk about
8	feasibility of estimating external
9	exposures.
10	It seems like the way it is
11	written there, I think I understand what you
12	are saying, but it is confusing. You first
13	say there is insufficient data for
14	estimating external exposures, but then you
15	go on to say that you have not evaluated the
16	external film data.
17	MR. RUTHERFORD: Yes. Well,
18	actually, you know, I looked at that. Gen,
19	I looked at this stuff this morning. And I
20	wish that I wouldn't have put that statement
21	in there because we actually have since then

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1	looked at that data more thoroughly.
2	What we were saying here is
3	individuals, we will use their external
4	monitoring data and give them their external
5	exposure for the non-presumptive claims that
6	come through, but we cannot develop a
7	coworker data from the data that we have.
8	The difficulty we have in that is
9	if you take it's kind of like a National
10	Lab in that, as I mentioned earlier, there
11	were a number of different activities that
12	were occurring at the facility that had the
13	potential for external exposures.
14	In some of them, I mean, very
15	broad-spectrum exposure potential, they were
16	doing, actually, some high-neutron dose
17	irradiation of materials for material X,
18	also gamma dose, and from that to working
19	with uranium at a lower external exposure.
20	So you had the spectrum of
21	external exposure potential from these

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1	different projects. And we have no like
2	I had mentioned earlier, work locations for
3	only roughly ten percent of the external
4	monitoring data identify work locations.
5	So with this diverse exposure
6	environment and a lack of worker location,
7	it makes it very difficult for us to come up
8	with a good coworker model that we could
9	use.
10	MEMBER ROESSLER: Okay. I
11	thought that is what you were trying to say
12	there, but the writing made it a bit
13	MR. RUTHERFORD: I agree. I
14	agree. I read it this morning, and I
15	totally agree with you.
16	MEMBER ROESSLER: Okay. Thanks.
17	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: And I agree
18	with you both. I was confused by that also.
19	Any other comments or questions
20	from Board Members or, I should say, Work
21	Group Members? Board Members?

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1	(No response.)
2	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Do we have a
3	recommendation to make to the Board on our
4	call on Monday?
5	MEMBER ZIEMER: Jim, this is
б	Ziemer. You know, I think we have tried as
7	hard as we can to reasonably limit this.
8	And all of our efforts have been essentially
9	in vain.
10	Much as it pains me, I will make
11	the motion that we support the
12	recommendation of NIOSH and recommend this
13	Class Definition to the Board.
14	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay.
15	MEMBER ROESSLER: I second.
16	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Anybody
17	in the Work Group not support that, I guess?
18	MEMBER BEACH: I agree with that.
19	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. I do, too,
20	also. So I guess it's unanimous. Good.
21	Okay. Well, we'll move on, then, for that.

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1	And then on Board meeting, the call on
2	Monday, I think, LaVon, if you do sort of a
3	similar presentation, you probably may have
4	to do a little background on a little bit
5	more on POPSEE and how we sort of got here
6	because I don't think that has all been
7	discussed with all of the Board Members, but
8	I think something similar to what you said,
9	outlined here today, I think would be
10	helpful for people.
11	MR. RUTHERFORD: Okay. I will do
12	that.
13	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. The next
14	item we have is the Ames report, which is
15	this new 83.14 report. And the reason we
16	are talking about it today is partly, I
17	guess, my fault, I guess you would call it.
18	My concern is I think LaVon
19	can go sort of through the process here.
20	This is one where the Class Definition
21	needed to be fixed, so to speak, in order to

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1	catch up with well, one, I think some of
2	the information, additional information,
3	that was available but also just to make the
4	Class, the implementation of the Class to be
5	feasible for both NIOSH and the Department
6	of Labor.

My concern in reviewing the 7 8 report was, which really doesn't state any 9 findings that we hadn't already made in general in terms of that this should be an 10 SEC, that dose reconstruction wasn't 11 12 feasible. But I didn't think there was necessarily sufficient information there, at 13 least detail on why the Class Definition 14 needed to be changed. 15 And so I think LaVon has done 16 17 some follow-up. I have communicated that to

18 him and Stu. There is sort of this awkward

position that we are in where, really, I 19

20 think, in essence, the only thing we are

21 really changing here is the Class

1 Definition.

2	You know, we have got a new
3	number and we're sort of consolidating
4	these, so we can only do this once, rather
5	than two or three times. But this is
б	something that if we're going to do that, I
7	think the Board has to have a sort of
8	factual basis to support our recommendation
9	to the Secretary in this case.
10	We have already recommended to
11	the Secretary about the dose reconstruction
12	was infeasible. What we are now
13	recommending, I think, is that dose
14	reconstruction is infeasible and this is the
15	way the Class needs to be defined to capture
16	that group.
17	So, LaVon, if you want to
18	MR. RUTHERFORD: Yes. I can go
19	through it. I sent a little kind of a
20	justification, a little more justification.
21	And I understand where Dr. Melius is coming

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1	from with the we do have a one-paragraph
2	section that briefly describes it, but just
3	the discussion in this little justification
4	provides makes it a little easier to
5	understand.
6	SEC 185 and that's the one
7	we're discussing right now is, as Dr.
8	Melius mentioned, being used to consolidate
9	some Class Definitions, SEC 38, 75. And
10	it's also to basically resolve an open-ended
11	issue we had on SEC 156.
12	SEC 38 was one of our first
13	Classes that we added. It was for the Ames
14	facility and it was a very facility-specific
15	definition listing each of the buildings at
16	that time that were associated with Ames
17	Laboratory.
18	Again, early on in the process,
19	in the SEC process, we were kind of learning
20	as we came up with issues and with
21	problems with Class Definitions, we were

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1	learning how to better define them. And
2	this was one of the early ones. We used all
3	of the building names. And we used 1942 to
4	1954 for that SEC 38.
5	We went back and we did our Class
6	Definition review. And we looked at how DOL
7	was implementing this Class. And for SEC
8	38, it is really not a problem in how they
9	are implementing it, even though it does
10	list specific buildings. And it does have
11	the monitored or should have been monitored,
12	which we have since gotten rid of.
13	Based on our review, DOL
14	implements the Classes of all workers who
15	worked in the area. So basically, they
16	implement that Class as if it were written
17	as all employees today.
18	SEC 75 is much more difficult.
19	That one is the one where we actually got a
20	petition in. It specifically identified a
21	group of workers, sheet metal workers,

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1	physical plant maintenance workers. And we
2	tried to use that petitioner Class. And we
3	felt like, okay, we feel pretty good that,
4	for the most part, those types of workers
5	would be the workers that would be
6	potentially exposed.
7	However, we did not look into the
8	details of access control as well during
9	that, when we did that evaluation, as well
10	as we also we at that time I'm not
11	sure that we upfront got DOL's letter on
12	whether they could implement that. I'd have
13	to actually go back and look at that if we
14	did or not.
15	Either way, when we reviewed the
16	actual Class Definitions and reviewed all of
17	the claims, we actually found a couple of
18	the claims that we felt should have been
19	included in that Class that were with us at
20	NIOSH for dose reconstruction that DOL had
21	denied them. And we went back, and we

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1	recognized the issues with that Class
2	Definition.
3	Another issue, SEC 75 covered
4	from 1955 to 1970. So right now if you look
5	at 38, SEC 38, Class Definition goes from
6	'42 to '54 and then immediately picks up
7	with SEC 75 Class Definition from '55 to '70
8	for the period covered from 1942 all the way
9	up to 1970 with those two Class Definitions.
10	The third issue we had was
11	associated with SEC 156. SEC 156 is a Class
12	we recommended last year, and the Board
13	concurred. During that and it covers
14	from 1955 to 1960. And it's more along the
15	lines of Class Definition, how we would
16	define Class Definition today, understanding
17	the access control requirements,
18	understanding DOL's ability to implement.
19	When we went to DOL with a letter
20	with the Class Definition at 4 SEC 156, DOL
21	indicated in that letter that they currently

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1	had no information that would allow them to
2	put people in specific buildings and work
3	areas in order to limit the Class any
4	further and that so they were okay with
5	the all-employee Class Definition. Again,
6	that covers 1955 to 1960.
7	But when we made that
8	presentation, we also indicated that we were
9	going to use the 1960 date to move this
10	Class forward to take care of the petitioner
11	and some workers, but we still had some
12	additional evaluation to go in and to better
13	define an end date for that. The hot canyon
14	work we knew, which was driving the SEC, we
15	knew continued past '60, but we didn't have
16	a good feel for a good end date.
17	After our review of that and we
18	have recognized that the hot canyon work
19	proceeded up into the mid '60s, possibly up

21 a -- it was shut down. And the only thing

to '66-'67. And then it became pretty much

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1	they really used it was as an exhibit for
2	public tours.
3	So this modification of the Class
4	Definition actually addresses three or a
5	few different issues, actually. It
6	addresses the problems with SEC 75 Class
7	Definition. It removes the
8	facility-specific Class Definition
9	associated with SEC 38, even though that has
10	not been a real problem. And it also helps
11	close out SEC 166 end date of a Class
12	Definition up through 1970.
13	I think that's about it. Any
14	questions?
15	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Any of the Work
16	Group Members have questions?
17	MEMBER ZIEMER: This is Ziemer.
18	I have one question. There is a change,
19	then. That's the work, the end of the
20	period is changing. The other parts are
21	just already approved, and you're just

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1	getting into wording so DOL can work it
2	correctly. Is that correct?
3	MR. RUTHERFORD: Not totally.
4	The actual end date has not changed. The
5	end date of SEC 75 is December 31st of 1970.
6	MEMBER ZIEMER: Okay. So
7	MR. RUTHERFORD: We already had a
8	Class up to 1970 at this time, but that
9	Class Definition was limited to specific
10	workers.
11	MEMBER ZIEMER: Right. But it
12	would change the end date. In a sense, it
13	would change the end date of what was the
14	other petition because
15	MR. RUTHERFORD: Correct.
16	MEMBER ZIEMER: Right. The
17	reason I ask that, I was trying to determine
18	whether this actually goes to the Secretary
19	or do you say that it has already been
20	approved and we're just clarifying the
21	definition?

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1	But in a sense, it does change.
2	The first one, it changes the end dates on
3	the eligible people for what would have been
4	in that first group.
5	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Correct. And I
б	think that my recollection is that when sort
7	of NIOSH went through this exercise to
8	review the past SEC Class Definitions and do
9	this update, I think the decision was made
10	not to simply sort of clarify the Class
11	Definitions but that it would require I
12	shouldn't say "require," but it would be
13	better if it was done through an 83.14 and
14	where we would then do a new letter to the
15	Secretary that provides this kind of
16	clarification and consolidation in this case
17	with the Ames petition.
18	MEMBER ZIEMER: Right, right.
19	That makes sense, yes.
20	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes, yes. My
21	concern was going back to that for the Class

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1	Definition clarification part of it, that
2	there was it wasn't clear. There was one
3	paragraph in there and only one reference in
4	that paragraph, which was a letter from DOL
5	that basically said they were having trouble
б	implementing that.
7	And so the original Class
8	Definitions and if we are to make sort of
9	a factual you know, we needed some sort
10	of a basis for our recommendation.
11	Otherwise, I think what you were saying, Dr.
12	Ziemer, would have been appropriate. We
13	would just just the Class Definition gets
14	clarified, which, you know, might not
15	necessarily need Board involvement.
16	If you look at what happens with
17	the initial SEC here, I mean, even though we
18	put some parameters on it, in essence, when
19	it got implemented, it was everybody that
20	worked there.

21 MEMBER ZIEMER: Right, right.

1 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: And so forth. And I think this is a little bit more 2 3 complicated than that overall, but it --Yes, although MEMBER ZIEMER: 4 that had a different ending date on it at 5 6 the time. 7 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. But I 8 think that we just need to make sure that we 9 get on the record the justification for why 10 these changes are being made. The format for an SEC Evaluation Report doesn't always 11 12 provide the proper -- it's not part of the basic outline. So it tends to get sort of 13

short shrift in terms of how these get written up. 15

16 And so when we go to -- I think 17 in some cases, what we have gone through 18 with GE, it is a little bit more complicated that we have to sort of wrestle with how to 19 make a decision and what information we need 20 21 to make the decision on recommending the

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1	Class Definition.
2	MEMBER ZIEMER: Right. Plus, the
3	other part of the justification, of course,
4	is one of consistency from site to site.
5	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Exactly, yes.
6	Any other Work Group Members have questions?
7	(No response.)
8	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: I don't know if
9	we need to take an action on this. I don't
10	know if people really have had time to
11	review this report and so forth. I thought
12	it would just be helpful if we had some
13	other questions came up just based on what
14	LaVon had mentioned.
15	I think I am satisfied. I think
16	it's at least a better basis for going
17	forward for the Board call on Monday.
18	MEMBER ZIEMER: Right. And
19	conceptually we're not approving a new
20	group.
21	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: No.

1	MEMBER ZIEMER: It really has to
2	do with defining the Class more sharply so
3	that it can be implemented.
4	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Correct, yes.
5	Gen or Josie, do you have any comments?
6	MEMBER ROESSLER: I don't have
7	any comments. I think what Paul just said
8	is a very good statement to present to the
9	Board.
10	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes.
11	MEMBER BEACH: This is Josie. I
12	was just looking at the feasibility of dose
13	reconstruction. I think it's the third to
14	the last page. That page is really helpful
15	in clarifying how the three Classes fit
16	together and anyway clarified it in my mind.
17	Good report, LaVon.
18	MR. RUTHERFORD: Thank you.
19	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Any
20	other matters we need to discuss?
21	(No response.)

1	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: If not, I think
2	we can adjourn unless there's Ted, are we
3	complete?
4	MR. KATZ: We're complete. Thank
5	you, Jim. And thank you, everybody.
6	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. Thanks,
7	everyone.
8	(Whereupon, the above-entitled
9	matter was concluded at 10:39
10	a.m.)
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