2022 NHSN Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, or Mouth (EENT) Infection Checklist

| Documentation Review Checklist | | |
|--|---|--------|
| EENT - EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT, OR MOUTH INFECTION | | |
| CONJ-Conjunctivitis | | |
| Element | Element Met | Date |
| Conjunctivitis must meet at least <u>one</u> of the following criteria: | | |
| Patient has at least <u>one</u> of the following signs or symptoms: | | |
| • Pain | | |
| Erythema | | |
| Swelling of conjunctiva or around eye | | |
| AND at least one of the following: | | |
| a. Patient has organism(s) identified from conjunctival scrapi obtained from the conjunctiva or contiguous tissues (for ex- meibomian glands, or lacrimal glands) by a culture or non- microbiologic testing method, which is performed for purp or treatment, for example, not Active Surveillance Culture, | xample, eyelid, cornea, culture based poses of clinical diagnosis | |
| b. WBCs and organism(s) seen on Gram stain of exudate. | | |
| c. Purulent exudate. | | |
| d. Multinucleated giant cells seen on microscopic examinatio or scrapings. | n of conjunctival exudate | |
| e. Diagnostic single antibody titer (IgM) or 4-fold increase in organism. | paired sera (IgG) for | |
| Reporting instructions: Report other infections of the eye as EYE. Do not report chemical conjunctivitis, caused by silver nitrate (A | gNO ₃), as a healthcare—associated infe | ction. |

• Do not report a separate case of conjunctivitis (CONJ) that occurs as a part of another viral illness (for example, UR).



| EENT - EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT, OR MOUTH INFECTION | | | |
|--|----------------|------|--|
| EAR-Ear, mastoid infection | | | |
| Element | Element Met | Date | |
| Ear and mastoid infections must meet at least <u>one</u> of the following criteria: | | | |
| Otitis externa must meet at least one of the following criteria: | | | |
| Patient has organism(s) identified from purulent drainage from ear canal by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method, which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment, for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST). | | | |
| 2. Patient has at least <u>one</u> of the following: | | | |
| • Fever (>38.0°C) | | | |
| Pain* | | | |
| Erythema* | | | |
| AND | | | |
| Organism(s) seen on Gram stain of purulent drainage from ear canal. | | | |
| Otitis media must meet at least one of the following criteria: | | | |
| Patient has organism(s) identified from fluid from middle ear obtained during an invasive procedure (for example, tympanocentesis) by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method, which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment, for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST). | | | |
| 4. Patient has at least <u>two</u> of the following: | | | |
| • Fever (>38.0°C) | | | |
| Pain * | | | |
| Inflammation* | | | |
| Retraction* or decreased mobility of eardrum* | | | |
| Fluid behind eardrum* | | | |
| Otitis interna (labyrinthitis) must meet at least one of the following criteria: | 1 | | |
| Patient has organism(s) identified from fluid from inner ear obtained during an invasive procedure by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method, which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment, for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST). | | | |
| 6. Patient has a physician diagnosis of inner ear infection. | | | |
| Mastoiditis must meet at least one of the following criteria: | | | |
| Patient has organism(s) identified from fluid or tissue from mastoid by a culture or non- culture based microbiologic testing method, which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment, for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST). | | | |
| 8. Patient has at least <i>two</i> of the following: | | | |
| • Fever (>38.0°C) | | | |
| Pain or tenderness* | | | |
| Post auricular swelling* | | | |
| Erythema* | | | |



| • | Headache* | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|----|
| • | Facial paralysis* | | |
| AND at least one of the following: | | | |
| a. | Organism(s) seen on Gram stain of fluid or tissue from mastoid | | |
| b. | Imaging test evidence suggestive of infection (for example, CT scan), which if equivocal is supported by clinical correlation, specifically, physician documentation of antimicrobial treatment for mastoid infection. | | |
| *With no otl | her recognized cause documented by physician | | l. |
| | | | |

| | EENT - EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT, OR MOUTH INFECTION | | |
|---|---|----------------|------|
| | EYE-Eye infection, other than conjunctivitis | | |
| Eleme | | Element Met | Date |
| An infe | ction of the eye, other than conjunctivitis, must meet at least <u>one</u> of the following criteria: | | |
| 1. | Patient has organism(s) identified from anterior or posterior chamber or vitreous fluid by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method, which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment, for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST). | | |
| 2. Patient has at least <i>two</i> of the following signs or symptoms with no other recognized cause: | | | |
| | Eye pain | | |
| | Visual disturbance | | |
| | Hypopyon | | |
| A | ID . | | |
| | Physician initiates antimicrobial therapy within <u>two</u> days of onset or worsening of symptoms. | | |

| EENT-EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT, OR MOUTH INFECTION | | |
|---|----------------|------|
| SINU-Sinusitis | | |
| Element | Element Met | Date |
| Sinusitis must meet at least <u>one</u> of the following criteria: | | |
| Patient has organism(s) identified from fluid or tissue from the sinus cavity obtained during an invasive procedure by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method, which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment, for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST). | | |
| 2. Patient has at least <u>one</u> of the following signs or symptoms: | | |
| • Fever (>38.0°C) | | |
| Pain or tenderness over the involved sinus* | | |
| Headache* | | |
| Purulent exudate* | | |
| Nasal obstruction* | | |
| AND | | |
| Imaging test evidence of sinusitis (for example, x-ray, CT scan). | | |
| *With no other recognized cause documented by physician | | |



| ORAL-Oral cavity infection (mouth, tongue, or gums) | | |
|--|-----------------|-------|
| | | |
| Oral cavity infections must meet at least <u>one</u> of the following criteria: | | |
| Patient has organism(s) identified from abscess or purulent material from tissues of oral cavity by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method, which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment, for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST). | d | |
| Patient has an abscess or other evidence of oral cavity infection found on invasive procedure, gross anatomic exam, or histopathologic exam. | | |
| 3. Patient has at least <u>one</u> of the following signs or symptoms with no other recognized caus | se: | |
| Ulceration | | |
| Raised white patches on inflamed mucosa | | |
| Plaques on oral mucosa | | |
| AND at least one of the following: | | |
| Virus identified from mucosal scrapings or exudate by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method, which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment, for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST). | d 🗆 | |
| Multinucleated giant cells seen on microscopic examination of mucosal scrapings or exudate. | . 🗆 | |
| Diagnostic single antibody titer (IgM) or 4-fold increase in paired sera (IgG) for organism. | | |
| d. Fungal elements seen on microscopic exam of mucosal scrapings or exudate (for example, Gram stain, KOH). | | |
| e. Physician initiates antimicrobial therapy within 2 days of onset or worsening of symptoms. | | |
| Reporting instruction: Report healthcare-associated primary herpes simplex infections of the oral cavity as ORAI infections are not healthcare associated. | L; recurrent he | erpes |



| | EENT - EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT, OR MOUTH INFECTION | | |
|--------------------|---|----------------|------|
| | UR-Upper respiratory tract infection, pharyngitis, laryngitis, epiglottitis | } | |
| Element | | Element Met | Date |
| | atory tract infections must meet at least <u>one</u> of the following criteria: | | |
| 1. Patie | ent has at least <u>two</u> of the following signs or symptoms: | | |
| • | Fever (>38.0°C) | | |
| • | Erythema of pharynx* | | |
| • | Sore throat* | | |
| • | Cough* | | |
| • | Hoarseness* | | |
| • | Tachypnea* | | |
| • | Nasal discharge* | | |
| • | Purulent exudate in throat* | | |
| | least <u>one</u> of the following: | | |
| a. | Organism(s) identified from upper respiratory site [specifically: larynx, pharynx, and epiglottis] by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method, which is | | |
| | performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment, for example, not Active | | |
| | Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST). Note: excludes sputum and tracheal aspirate | | |
| | because these are not upper respiratory specimens. | | |
| b. | Diagnostic single antibody titer (IgM) or 4-fold increase in paired sera (IgG) for organism. | | |
| C. | Physician diagnosis of an upper respiratory infection. | | |
| 2. Patie | ent has an abscess on gross anatomical or histopathologic exam or imaging test. | | |
| 3. Patie | ent ≤1 year of age has at least <u>two</u> of the following signs or symptoms: | | |
| • | Fever (>38.0°C) | | |
| • | Hypothermia (<36.0°C) | | |
| • | Apnea* | | |
| • | Bradycardia* | | |
| • | Nasal discharge* | | |
| • | Purulent exudate in throat* | | |
| | least <u>one</u> of the following: | | |
| a. | Organism(s) identified from upper respiratory site [specifically larynx, pharynx, and epiglottis] by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method, which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment, for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST). Note: excludes sputum and tracheal aspirate because they are not upper respiratory specimens. | | |
| b. | Diagnostic single antibody titer (IgM) or 4-fold increase in paired sera (IgG) for organism. | | |
| c. | Physician diagnosis of an upper respiratory infection. | | |
| *With no oth | ner recognized cause documented by physician | | |
| Reporting in Nasc | struction: opharyngeal (NP) specimens are eligible to cite a UR. | | |

