## Usual place to go for medical care

Figure 2.1. Percentage of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care: United States, 1997-June 2017


NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The usual place to go for medical care does not include a hospital emergency room. The analyses exclude persons with an unknown usual place to go for medical care (about $1.5 \%$ of respondents each year). See Technical Notes for more details.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997-June 2017, combined Sample Adult and Sample Child Core components.

- For January-June 2017, the percentage of persons who had a usual place to go for medical care was $88.7 \%$ ( $95 \%$ confidence interval $=88.12 \%-89.35 \%$ ), which was higher than, but not significantly different from, the 2016 estimate of 88.1\%.
- The percentage of persons of all ages who had a usual place to go for medical care decreased, from 87.9\% in 2003 to $85.4 \%$ in 2010, and then increased to $88.7 \%$ in January-June 2017.

Figure 2.2. Percentage of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care, by age group and sex: United States, January-June 2017


NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The usual place to go for medical care does not include a hospital emergency room. The analyses excluded the $0.7 \%$ of persons with an unknown usual place to go for medical care. See Technical Notes for more details.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January-June 2017, combined Sample Adult and Sample Child Core components.

- Persons aged 18-24 and 25-44 were least likely to have a usual place to go for medical care. Children under age 18 years ( $95.3 \%$ ) were more likely than adults in age groups 18-24 (78.2\%), 25-44 (80.3\%), and 45-64 $(90.5 \%)$ to have a usual place to go for medical care. This pattern held for males and females.
- For both sexes combined among those aged 25 and over, the percentage of persons having a usual place to go for medical care increased with age. This pattern held for males and females.
- For persons of all ages combined, as well as those aged 18-24, 25-44 and 45-64, females were more likely than males to have a usual place to go for medical care.

Figure 2.3. Age-sex-adjusted percentage of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care, by race and ethnicity: United States, January-June 2017


NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The usual place to go for medical care does not include a hospital emergency room. The analyses exclude the $0.7 \%$ of persons with an unknown usual place to go for medical care. Estimates are age-sex-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and five age groups: under 18 years, 18-24, 25-44, 45-64, and 65 and over. See Technical Notes for more details.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January-June 2017, combined Sample Adult and Sample Child Core components.

- After adjustment for age and sex, the percentage of persons with a usual place to go for medical care by race and ethnicity was $83.8 \%$ for Hispanic persons, $90.0 \%$ for non-Hispanic white persons, and $87.5 \%$ for nonHispanic black persons.
- Both Hispanic persons and non-Hispanic black persons were less likely to have a usual place to go for medical care compared with non-Hispanic white persons.


## Data tables for Figures 2.1-2.3:

Data table for Figure 2.1. Percentage of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care: United States, 1997- June 2017

| Year | Crude ${ }^{1}$ percent ( $95 \%$ confidence interval) | Age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ percent ( $95 \%$ confidence interval) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 86.2 (85.8-86.7) | 86.3 (85.9-86.7) |
| 1998 | 87.4 (86.9-87.8) | 87.4 (87.0-87.9) |
| 1999 | 86.3 (85.9-86.7) | 86.4 (86.0-86.8) |
| 2000 | 87.0 (86.5-87.4) | 87.0 (86.6-87.4) |
| 2001 | 88.0 (87.6-88.5) | 88.0 (87.6-88.5) |
| 2002 | 87.6 (87.1-88.0) | 87.6 (87.1-88.0) |
| 2003 | 87.9 (87.4-88.4) | 87.9 (87.4-88.4) |
| 2004 | 86.8 (86.3-87.3) | 86.8 (86.3-87.2) |
| 2005 | 87.0 (86.56-87.50) | 86.9 (86.47-87.41) |
| 2006 | 86.3 (85.68-86.92) | 86.2 (85.56-86.80) |
| 2007 | 86.6 (85.97-87.19) | 86.5 (85.84-87.06) |
| 2008 | 86.4 (85.73-87.09) | 86.2 (85.54-86.88) |
| 2009 | 85.5 (84.91-86.12) | 85.3 (84.65-85.90) |
| 2010 | 85.4 (84.85-85.99) | 85.1 (84.55-85.66) |
| 2011 | 86.8 (86.29-87.33) | 86.5 (85.99-87.04) |
| 2012 | 85.8 (85.32-86.38) | 85.5 (85.01-86.03) |
| 2013 | 86.5 (85.99-87.07) | 86.1 (85.63-86.67) |
| 2014 | 87.9 (87.47-88.41) | 87.6 (87.09-88.05) |
| 2015 | 87.8 (87.26-88.24) | 87.3 (86.80-87.77) |
| 2016 | 88.1 (87.53-88.68) | 87.6 (87.07-88.21) |
| January-June 2017 | 88.7 (88.12-89.35) | 88.3 (87.67-88.91) |

${ }^{1}$ Crude estimates are presented.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates are age-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and five age groups: under 18 years, 18-24, 25-$44,45-64$, and 65 and over.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Beginning with 2012 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2010 census. For 2003-2011 data, weights were derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000-2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. For 1997-1999 data, weights were derived from the 1990 census. See Technical Notes for more details.

DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997-June 2017, combined Sample Adult and Sample Child Core components.

Data table for Figure 2.2. Percentage of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care, by age group and sex: United States, January-June 2017

| Age (years) and sex | Percent | 95\% confidence interval |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 18, total | 95.3 | 94.40-96.06 |
| Under 18, male | 95.6 | 94.05-96.86 |
| Under 18, female | 94.9 | 93.74-95.98 |
| 18-24, total | 78.2 | 75.10-81.09 |
| 18-24, male | 73.0 | 67.01-78.38 |
| 18-24, female | 83.5 | 79.42-87.04 |
| 25-44, total | 80.3 | 78.89-81.68 |
| 25-44, male | 74.6 | 72.32-76.77 |
| 25-44, female | 85.9 | 84.36-87.30 |
| 45-64, total | 90.5 | 89.11-91.75 |
| 45-64, male | 88.3 | 86.32-90.07 |
| 45-64, female | 92.6 | 90.74-94.11 |
| 65 and over, total | 96.7 | 95.77-97.42 |
| 65 and over, male | 96.0 | 94.50-97.26 |
| 65 and over, female | 97.2 | 96.31-97.87 |
| All ages (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), total | 88.7 | 88.12-89.35 |
| All ages (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), male | 86.1 | 85.11-87.00 |
| All ages (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), female | 91.3 | 90.52-92.04 |
| All ages (age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ ), total | 88.3 | 87.67-88.91 |
| All ages (age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ ), male | 85.6 | 84.61-86.56 |
| All ages (age-adjusted²), female | 90.9 | 90.12-91.63 |

${ }^{1}$ Crude estimates are presented.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates are age-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and five age groups: under 18 years, 18-24, 2544, 45-64, and 65 and over.

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.
DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January-June 2017, combined Sample Adult and Sample Child Core components.

Data table for Figure 2.3. Age-sex-adjusted percentage of persons of all ages with a usual
place to go for medical care, by race and ethnicity: United States, January-June 2017

| Race and ethnicity | Age-sex-adjusted ${ }^{1}$ percent <br> (95\% confidence interval) | Age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ percent <br> (95\% confidence interval) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Hispanic or Latino | $83.8(81.95-85.57)$ | $83.8(81.91-85.50)$ |
| Not Hispanic or Latino, single race, white | $90.0(89.06-90.85)$ | $90.0(89.03-90.86)$ |
| Not Hispanic or Latino, single race, black | $87.5(85.09-89.67)$ | $87.8(85.46-89.84)$ |

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Estimates are age-sex-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: under 18 years, 18-24, 25-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.
    ${ }^{2}$ Estimates are age-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: under 18 years, 18 24, 25-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.

    NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.
    DATA SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January-June 2017, combined Sample Adult and Sample Child Core components.

