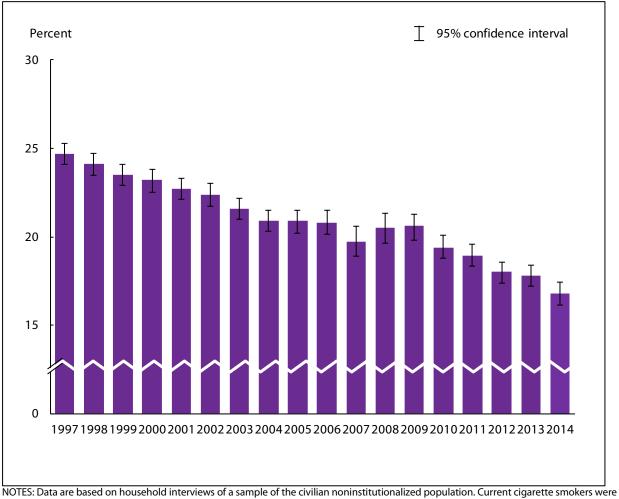
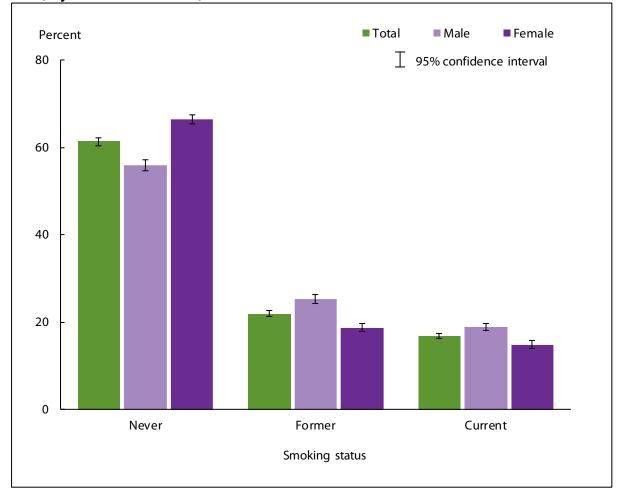
#### **Current smoking**



#### Figure 8.1. Prevalence of current cigarette smoking among adults aged 18 and over: United States, 1997–2014

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Current cigarette smokers were defined as those who had smoked more than 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke every day or some days. The analyses excluded persons with unknown cigarette smoking status (about 2% of respondents each year). See Technical Notes for more details.

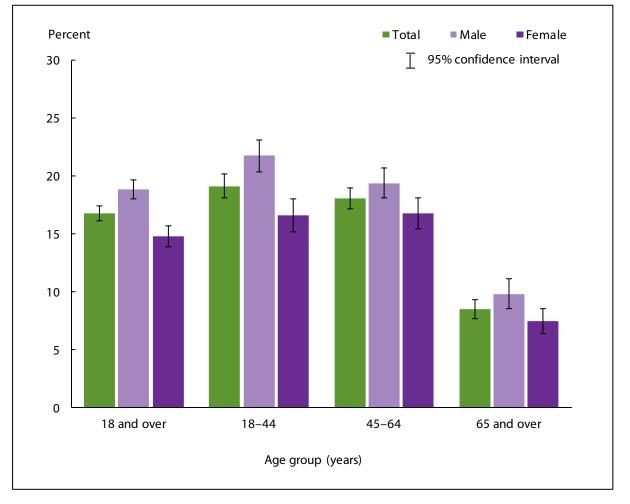
- For 2014, the percentage of adults aged 18 and over who were current cigarette smokers was 16.8% (95% confidence interval = 16.14%–17.45%), which was lower than the 2013 estimate of 17.8%.
- The prevalence of current cigarette smoking among U.S. adults declined from 24.7% in 1997 to 16.8% in 2014.



## Figure 8.2. Percent distribution of cigarette smoking status among adults aged 18 and over, by sex: United States, 2014

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Current cigarette smokers were defined as those who had smoked more than 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke every day or some days. The analyses excluded the 0.5% of persons with unknown smoking status. See Technical Notes for more details.

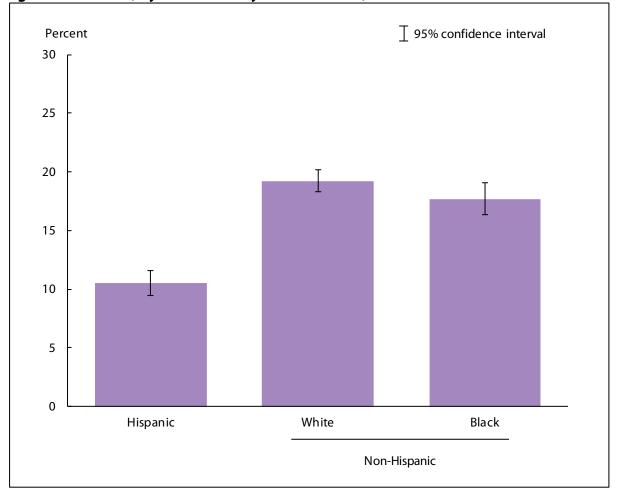
- The percentage of current cigarette smokers was higher for men (18.9%) than for women (14.8%).
- The percentage of former cigarette smokers was higher for men (25.2%) than for women (18.8%).
- The percentage of those who had never smoked cigarettes was higher for women (66.4%) than for men (55.9%).



# Figure 8.3. Prevalence of current cigarette smoking among adults aged 18 and over, by age group and sex: United States, 2014

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Current cigarette smokers were defined as those who had smoked more than 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke every day or some days. The analyses excluded the 0.5% of persons with unknown cigarette smoking status. See Technical Notes for more details.

- For both sexes combined, the percentage of adults who were current cigarette smokers was lower among adults aged 65 and over (8.5%) than among those aged 18–44 (19.1%) and 45–64 (18.1%). This pattern in current cigarette smoking by age group was seen in both men and women.
- For adults aged 18 and over and for the age groups 18–44, 45–64, and 65 and over, men were more likely than women to be current cigarette smokers.



## Figure 8.4. Age-sex-adjusted prevalence of current cigarette smoking among adults aged 18 and over, by race/ethnicity: United States, 2014

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Current cigarette smokers were defined as those who had smoked more than 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke every day or some days. The analyses excluded the 0.5% of persons with unknown cigarette smoking status. Estimates are age-sex-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–64, and 65 and over. See Technical Notes for more details.

- The age-sex-adjusted prevalence of current cigarette smoking was 10.5% for Hispanic adults, 19.2% for non-Hispanic white adults, and 17.7% for non-Hispanic black adults.
- Hispanic adults were less likely to be current cigarette smokers compared with non-Hispanic black and non-Hispanic white adults.

#### Data tables for Figures 8.1–8.4:

Year	Crude <sup>1</sup> percent (95% confidence interval)	Age-adjusted <sup>2</sup> percent (95% confidence interval)
1997	24.7 (24.1-25.3)	24.6 (24.0-25.1)
1998	24.1 (23.5-24.7)	24.0 (23.4-24.6)
1999	23.5 (22.9-24.1)	23.3 (22.7-24.0)
2000	23.2 (22.5-23.8)	23.1 (22.5-23.7)
2001	22.7 (22.1-23.3)	22.6 (22.0-23.2)
2002	22.4 (21.7-23.0)	22.3 (21.7-22.9)
2003	21.6 (21.0-22.2)	21.5 (20.9-22.1)
2004	20.9 (20.3-21.5)	20.8 (20.2-21.4)
2005	20.9 (20.28-21.52)	20.8 (20.20-21.44)
2006	20.8 (20.14-21.51)	20.8 (20.09-21.43)
2007	19.7 (18.91-20.59)	19.7 (18.83-20.48)
2008	20.5 (19.65-21.30)	20.4 (19.59-21.21)
2009	20.6 (19.83-21.27)	20.6 (19.86-21.28)
2010	19.4 (18.76-20.10)	19.4 (18.71-20.07)
2011	18.9 (18.32-19.55)	18.9 (18.29-19.53)
2012	18.0 (17.40-18.56)	18.1 (17.49-18.66)
2013	17.8 (17.21-18.41)	17.9 (17.29-18.53)
2014	16.8 (16.14-17.45)	17.0 (16.37-17.71)

Data table for Figure 8.1. Prevalence of current cigarette smoking among adults aged 18 and over: United States, 1997–2014

<sup>1</sup>Crude estimates are presented in the figure.

<sup>2</sup>Estimates for this Healthy People 2020 Leading Health Indicator are age-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–64, and 65 and over.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Beginning with 2012 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2010 census. For 2003–2011 data, weights were derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000–2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. For 1997–1999 data, weights were derived from the 1990 census. See Technical Notes for more details.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997–2014, Sample Adult Core component.

## Data table for Figure 8.2. Percent distribution of cigarette smoking status among adults aged 18 and over, by sex: United States, 2014

Smoking status and sex	Percent	95% confidence interval
Never, total	61.3	60.43-62.24
Never, male	55.9	54.68-57.08
Never, female	66.4	65.38-67.43
Former, total	21.9	21.18-22.57
Former, male	25.2	24.23-26.23
Former, female	18.8	17.93-19.57
Current, total	16.8	16.14-17.45
Current, male	18.9	18.07-19.71
Current, female	14.8	13.95-15.73

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

Age (years) and sex	Percent	95% confidence interval
18–44, total	19.1	18.10-20.20
18–44, male	21.8	20.39-23.12
18–44, female	16.6	15.19-18.00
45–64, total	18.1	17.18-18.95
45–64, male	19.4	18.09-20.70
45–64, female	16.8	15.50-18.11
65 and over, total	8.5	7.74-9.35
65 and over, male	9.9	8.57-11.15
65 and over, female	7.5	6.42-8.57
18 and over (crude¹), total	16.8	16.14-17.45
18 and over (crude¹), male	18.9	18.07-19.71
18 and over (crude¹), female	14.8	13.95-15.73
18 and over (age-adjusted²), total	17.0	16.37-17.71
18 and over (age-adjusted²), male	19.1	18.24-19.89
18 and over (age-adjusted <sup>2</sup> ), female	15.1	14.21-16.04

# Data table for Figure 8.3. Prevalence of current cigarette smoking among adults aged 18 and over, by age group and sex: United States, 2014

<sup>1</sup>Crude estimates are presented in the figure.

<sup>2</sup>Estimates for this Healthy People 2020 Leading Health Indicator are age-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–64, and 65 and over.

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014, Sample Adult Core component.

## Data table for Figure 8.4. Age-sex-adjusted prevalence of current cigarette smoking among adults aged 18 and over, by race/ethnicity: United States, 2014

Race/ethnicity	Age-sex-adjusted <sup>1</sup> percent (95% confidence interval)	Age-adjusted <sup>2</sup> percent (95% confidence interval)	
Hispanic or Latino	10.5 (9.45-11.61)	10.6 (9.56-11.68)	
Not Hispanic or Latino, single race, white	19.2 (18.27-20.15)	19.2 (18.28-20.16)	
Not Hispanic or Latino, single race, black	17.7 (16.33-19.03)	17.4 (16.09-18.73)	

<sup>1</sup>Age-sex-adjusted estimates are presented in the figure. Estimates are age-sex-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–64, and 65 and over.

<sup>2</sup>Estimates for this Healthy People 2020 Leading Health Indicator are age-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–64, and 65 and over.

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.