## Obesity

Figure 6.1. Prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 and over: United States, 19972013


NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. - Obesity is defined as a body mass index (BMI) of $30 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ or more. The measure is based on self-reported height $(\mathrm{m})$ and weight $(\mathrm{kg})$. Estimates of obesity are restricted to adults aged 20 and over for consistency with the Healthy People 2020 (3) initiative. • The analyses excluded people with unknown height or weight (about $6 \%$ of respondents each year). • See Technical Notes for more details.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997-2013, Sample Adult Core component.

- For 2013, $29.0 \%$ ( $95 \%$ confidence interval $=28.13 \%-29.78 \%$ ) of U.S. adults aged 20 and over were obese. This was not significantly different from the 2012 estimate of $28.9 \%$.
- The prevalence of obesity among U.S. adults aged 20 and over increased from $19.4 \%$ in 1997 to $29.0 \%$ in 2013.

Figure 6.2. Prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 and over, by age group and sex: United States, 2013


NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. • Obesity is defined as a body mass index ( BMI ) of $30 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ or more. The measure is based on self-reported height ( m ) and weight ( kg ). . Estimates of obesity are restricted to adults aged 20 and over for consistency with the Healthy People 2020 (3) initiative. • The analyses excluded the $3.7 \%$ of persons with unknown height or weight. - See Technical Notes for more details.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013, Sample Adult Core component.

- For both sexes combined, the prevalence of obesity was higher among adults aged 40-59 (33.0\%) than among those aged 20-39 (25.4\%) and those aged 60 and over (28.2\%).
- For the age group 40-59, the prevalence of obesity was higher among men than among women.

Figure 6.3. Age-adjusted prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 and over, by sex and race/ethnicity: United States, 2013


NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. • Obesity is defined as a body mass index (BMI) of $30 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ or more. The measure is based on self-reported height ( m ) and weight ( kg ). . Estimates of obesity are restricted to adults aged 20 and over for consistency with the Healthy People 2020 (3) initiative. •The analyses excluded the $3.7 \%$ of persons with unknown height or weight. • Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 20-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over. • See Technical Notes for more details.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013, Sample Adult Core component.

- Non-Hispanic white women (25.7\%) were less likely than Hispanic women (32.0\%) and non-Hispanic black women (43.1\%) to be obese.
- The prevalence of obesity was similar among Hispanic, non-Hispanic white, and non-Hispanic black men.


## Data tables for Figures 6.1-6.3:

Data table for Figure 6.1. Prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 and over: United States, 1997-2013

|  | Year | Crude ${ }^{1}$ percent (95\% confidence <br> interval) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | $19.4(18.9-19.9)$ | Age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ percent (95\% confidence <br> interval) |
| 1998 | $20.6(20.1-21.1)$ | $19.5(18.9-20.0)$ |
| 1999 | $21.5(20.9-22.1)$ | $20.6(20.0-21.1)$ |
| 2000 | $21.8(21.2-22.4)$ | $21.5(20.9-22.1)$ |
| 2001 | $23.0(22.4-23.6)$ | $21.8(21.2-22.3)$ |
| 2002 | $23.9(23.3-24.6)$ | $22.9(22.3-23.5)$ |
| 2003 | $23.7(23.1-24.3)$ | $23.8(23.2-24.5)$ |
| 2004 | $24.5(23.9-25.1)$ | $23.5(22.9-24.2)$ |
| 2005 | $25.4(24.77-26.09)$ | $24.3(23.8-25.0)$ |
| 2006 | $26.4(25.62-27.09)$ | $25.3(24.66-25.96)$ |
| 2007 | $26.7(25.82-27.50)$ | $26.2(25.44-26.90)$ |
| 2008 | $27.6(26.80-28.50)$ | $26.6(25.78-27.49)$ |
| 2009 | $28.0(27.20-28.76)$ | $27.5(26.69-28.36)$ |
| 2010 | $28.4(27.74-29.09)$ | $27.9(27.13-28.71)$ |
| 2011 | $28.7(28.01-29.42)$ | $28.3(27.58-28.94)$ |
| 2012 | $28.9(28.14-29.61)$ | $28.7(27.96-29.35)$ |
| 2013 | $29.0(28.13-29.78)$ | $28.7(27.94-29.43)$ |

${ }^{1}$ Crude estimates are presented in the figure.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using seven age groups: 20-29, 30-39, 40-49, 50-59, 60-69, 70-79, and 80 and over.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Beginning with the 2012 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2010 census. For 2003-2011 data, weights were derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000-2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. For 19971999 data, weights were derived from the 1990 census. See Technical Notes for more details.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997-2013, Sample Adult Core component.

## Data table for Figure 6.2. Prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 and over, by age group and sex: United States, 2013

| Age (years) and sex | Percent | $95 \%$ confidence interval |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $20-39$, total | 25.4 | $24.21-26.68$ |
| $20-39$, male | 25.3 | $23.43-27.14$ |
| $20-39$, female | 25.6 | $24.15-27.04$ |
| $40-59$, total | 33.0 | $31.62-34.30$ |
| $40-59$, male | 34.6 | $32.75-36.48$ |
| $40-59$, female | 31.3 | $29.54-33.07$ |
| 60 and over, total | 28.2 | $27.10-29.35$ |
| 60 and over, male | 28.1 | $26.36-29.82$ |
| 60 and over, female | 28.3 | $26.79-29.90$ |
| 20 and over (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), total | 29.0 | $28.13-29.78$ |
| 20 and over (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), male | 29.5 | $28.41-30.64$ |
| 20 and over (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), female | 28.4 | $27.45-29.38$ |
| 20 and over (age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ ), total | 28.9 | $28.06-29.78$ |
| 20 and over (age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ ), male | 29.3 | $28.17-30.47$ |
| 20 and over (age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ ), female | 28.5 | $27.45-29.51$ |

${ }^{1}$ Crude estimates are presented in the figure.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using seven age groups: 20-29, 30-39, $40-49,50-59,60-69,70-79$, and 80 and over.

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.
DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013, Sample Adult Core component.
Data table for Figure 6.3. Age-adjusted prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 and over, by sex and race/ethnicity: United States, 2013

| Sex and race/ethnicity | Percent $^{1}$ | $95 \%$ confidence interval |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Male, Hispanic or Latino | 30.6 | $28.20-32.93$ |
| Male, not Hispanic or Latino, single race, white | 29.4 | $27.97-30.89$ |
| Male, not Hispanic or Latino, single race, black | 30.6 | $27.62-33.59$ |
| Female, Hispanic or Latino | 32.0 | $29.64-34.46$ |
| Female, not Hispanic or Latino, single race, white | 25.7 | $24.42-26.93$ |
| Female, not Hispanic or Latino, single race, black | 43.1 | $41.08-45.21$ |

[^0]DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013, Sample Adult Core component


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 20-24, 25-34, $35-44,45-64$, and 65 and over.

    NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

