## Figure 7.1. Percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic activity through leisuretime aerobic activity: United States, 1997-2012



- For 2012, 49.5\% ( $95 \%$ confidence interval $=48.51 \%-50.49 \%$ ) of U.S. adults aged 18 and over met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic activity (based on leisure-time activity). This was higher than, but not significantly different from, the 2011 estimate of $48.4 \%$.
- The annual percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic activity (based on leisure-time activity) increased from $41.5 \%$ in 2007 to $49.5 \%$ in 2012.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. - Estimates in this figure are limited to leisure-time physical activity only. This measure reflects an estimate of leisure-time aerobic activity motivated by the 2008 federal Physical Activity Guidelines for Americans, which are being used for Healthy People 2020 Objectives (3). The 2008 guidelines refer to any kind of aerobic activity, not just leisure-time aerobic activity, so the leisure-time aerobic activity estimates in this figure may underestimate the percentage of adults who met the 2008 guidelines for aerobic activity. This figure presents the percentage of adults who met the 2008 federal guidelines for aerobic activity. The 2008 federal guidelines recommend that for substantial health benefits, adults perform at least 150 minutes a week of moderate-intensity aerobic physical activity, or 75 minutes a week of vigorous-intensity aerobic physical activity, or an equivalent combination of moderate- and vigorous-intensity aerobic activity. The 2008 guidelines state that aerobic activity should be performed in episodes of at least 10 minutes, and preferably it should be spread throughout the week. The 2008 guidelines were applied to leisure-time activity data back to 1997 to derive the aerobic activity estimates in this figure, allowing trend analysis. - The analyses excluded persons with unknown physical activity participation (about 3\% of respondents each year). - See Technical Notes for more details.

Figure 7.2. Percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic activity through leisuretime aerobic activity, by age group and sex: United States, 2012


DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

- For both sexes combined, as age increased, the percentage of adults who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic activity (based on leisure-time activity) decreased.
- For all age groups, women were less likely than men to meet the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic activity (based on leisure-time activity).

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. - Estimates in this figure are limited to leisure-time physical activity only. This measure reflects an estimate of leisure-time aerobic activity motivated by the 2008 federal Physical Activity Guidelines for Americans, which are being used for Healthy People 2020 Objectives (3). The 2008 guidelines refer to any kind of aerobic activity, not just leisure-time aerobic activity, so the leisure-time aerobic activity estimates in this figure may underestimate the percentage of adults who met the 2008 guidelines for aerobic activity. This figure presents the percentage of adults who met the 2008 federal guidelines for aerobic activity. The 2008 federal guidelines recommend that for substantial health benefits, adults perform at least 150 minutes a week of moderate-intensity aerobic physical activity, or 75 minutes a week of vigorous-intensity aerobic physical activity, or an equivalent combination of moderate- and vigorous-intensity aerobic activity. The 2008 guidelines state that aerobic activity should be performed in episodes of at least 10 minutes, and preferably it should be spread throughout the week. - The analyses excluded the $2.2 \%$ of persons with unknown physical activity participation. - See Technical Notes for more details.

Figure 7.3. Age-sex-adjusted percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic activity through leisure-time aerobic activity, by race/ ethnicity: United States, 2012


DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012, Sample
Adult Core component.

- The age-sex-adjusted percentage of adults who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic activity (based on leisure-time activity) was $42.2 \%$ for Hispanic adults, $53.3 \%$ for non-Hispanic white adults, and $41.3 \%$ for non-Hispanic black adults.
- Non-Hispanic white adults were more likely to meet the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic activity (based on leisure-time activity) than Hispanic adults and non-Hispanic black adults.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. - Estimates in this figure are limited to leisure-time physical activity only. This measure reflects an estimate of leisure-time aerobic activity motivated by the 2008 federal Physical Activity Guidelines for Americans, which are being used for Healthy People 2020 Objectives (3). The 2008 guidelines refer to any kind of aerobic activity, not just leisure-time aerobic activity, so the leisure-time aerobic activity estimates in this figure may underestimate the percentage of adults who met the 2008 guidelines for aerobic activity. This figure presents the percentage of adults who met the 2008 federal guidelines for aerobic activity. The 2008 federal guidelines recommend that for substantial health benefits, adults perform at least 150 minutes a week of moderate-intensity aerobic physical activity, or 75 minutes a week of vigorous-intensity aerobic physical activity, or an equivalent combination of moderate- and vigorous-intensity aerobic activity. The 2008 guidelines state that aerobic activity should be performed in episodes of at least 10 minutes, and preferably it should be spread throughout the week. - The analyses excluded the $2.2 \%$ of persons with unknown physical activity participation. - Estimates are age-sex adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over. - See Technical Notes for more details.

Figure 7.4. Percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and musclestrengthening activities through leisure-time aerobic and musclestrengthening activities: United States, 1997-2012


DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997-2012, Sample Adult Core component.

- For 2012, 20.2\% (95\% confidence interval = 19.45\%-20.99\%) of U.S. adults aged 18 and over met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and musclestrengthening activities (based on leisure-time activities). This was not significantly different from the 2011 estimate of 20.5\%.
- The annual percentages of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities (based on leisuretime activities) increased from 16.3\% in 1997 to 20.2\% in 2012.


#### Abstract

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. - Estimates in this figure are limited to leisure-time physical activity only. This measure reflects an estimate of leisure-time aerobic and musclestrengthening activities motivated by the 2008 federal Physical Activity Guidelines for Americans, which are being used for Healthy People 2020 Objectives (3). The 2008 guidelines refer to any kind of aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities, not just leisure-time aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities, so the leisure-time aerobic and muscle-strengthening activity estimates in this figure may underestimate the percentage of adults who met the 2008 guidelines for aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities. This figure presents the percentage of adults who met the 2008 federal guidelines for both aerobic activity and muscle strengthening. The 2008 federal guidelines recommend that for substantial health benefits, adults perform at least 150 minutes a week of moderate-intensity aerobic physical activity, or 75 minutes a week of vigorous-intensity aerobic physical activity, or an equivalent combination of moderate- and vigorous-intensity aerobic activity. The 2008 guidelines state that aerobic activity should be performed in episodes of at least 10 minutes, and preferably it should be spread throughout the week. The 2008 guidelines also recommend that adults perform muscle-strengthening activities that are moderate or high intensity and involve all major muscle groups on two or more days a week because these activities provide additional health benefits. The National Health Interview Survey estimates are based on number of times per week, which may or may not be the same as number of days per week. The 2008 guidelines were applied to both leisure-time activity and muscle-strengthening data back to 1997 to derive the aerobic activity and muscle-strengthening estimates in this figure, allowing trend analysis. - The analyses excluded persons with unknown physical activity participation (about 3\% of respondents each year). • See Technical Notes for more details.


Figure 7.5. Percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and musclestrengthening activities through leisure-time aerobic and musclestrengthening activities, by age group and sex: United States, 2012


DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

- As age increased, the percentage of men who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities (based on leisure-time activities) decreased. The same decreasing pattern was found among women aged 25 and over. Women aged 18-24 and 25-64 were more likely to have met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities (based on leisure-time activities) than women aged 65-74 and 75 and over.
- For all age groups, women were less likely than men to meet the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities (based on leisuretime activities).

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. - Estimates in this figure are limited to leisure-time physical activity only. This measure reflects an estimate of leisure-time aerobic and musclestrengthening activities motivated by the 2008 federal Physical Activity Guidelines for Americans, which are being used for Healthy People 2020 Objectives (3). The 2008 guidelines refer to any kind of aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities, not just leisure-time aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities, so the leisure-time aerobic and muscle-strengthening activity estimates in this figure may underestimate the percentage of adults who met the 2008 guidelines for aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities. This figure presents the percentage of adults who met the 2008 federal guidelines for both aerobic activity and muscle strengthening. The 2008 federal guidelines recommend that for substantial health benefits, adults perform at least 150 minutes a week of moderate-intensity aerobic physical activity, or 75 minutes a week of vigorous-intensity aerobic physical activity, or an equivalent combination of moderate- and vigorous-intensity aerobic activity. The 2008 guidelines state that aerobic activity should be performed in episodes of at least 10 minutes, and preferably it should be spread throughout the week. The 2008 guidelines also recommend that adults perform muscle-strengthening activities that are moderate or high intensity and involve all major muscle groups on two or more days a week because these activities provide additional health benefits. The National Health Interview Survey estimates are based on number of times per week, which may or may not be the same as number of days per week. - The analyses excluded the $2.4 \%$ of persons with unknown physical activity participation. - See Technical Notes for more details.

Figure 7.6. Age-sex-adjusted percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities through leisure-time aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities, by race/ ethnicity: United States, 2012


DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

- The age-sex-adjusted percentage of adults who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities (based on leisure-time activities) was $15.3 \%$ for Hispanic adults, $22.7 \%$ for non-Hispanic white adults, and 17.0\% for non-Hispanic black adults.
- Non-Hispanic white adults were more likely to meet the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities (based on leisure-time activities) than non-Hispanic black adults and Hispanic adults.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. - Estimates in this figure are limited to leisure-time physical activity only. This measure reflects an estimate of leisure-time aerobic and musclestrengthening activities motivated by the 2008 federal Physical Activity Guidelines for Americans, which are being used for Healthy People 2020 Objectives (3). The 2008 guidelines refer to any kind of aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities, not just leisure-time aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities, so the leisure-time aerobic and muscle-strengthening activity estimates in this figure may underestimate the percentage of adults who met the 2008 guidelines for aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities. This figure presents the percentage of adults who met the 2008 federal guidelines for both aerobic activity and muscle strengthening. The 2008 federal guidelines recommend that for substantial health benefits, adults perform at least 150 minutes a week of moderate-intensity aerobic physical activity, or 75 minutes a week of vigorous-intensity aerobic physical activity, or an equivalent combination of moderate- and vigorous-intensity aerobic activity. The 2008 guidelines state that aerobic activity should be performed in episodes of at least 10 minutes, and preferably it should be spread throughout the week. The 2008 guidelines also recommend that adults perform muscle-strengthening activities that are moderate or high intensity and involve all major muscle groups on two or more days a week because these activities provide additional health benefits. The National Health Interview Survey estimates are based on number of times per week, which may or may not be the same as number of days per week. - The analyses excluded the $2.4 \%$ of persons with unknown physical activity participation. - Estimates are age-sex adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over. - See Technical Notes for more details.

## Data tables for Figures 7.1-7.6:

Data table for Figure 7.1. Percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic activity through leisure-time aerobic activity: United States, 1997-2012

| Year | Crude $^{\mathbf{1}}$ percent <br> (95\% confidence interval) | Age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ percent <br> (95\% confidence interval) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | $43.6(42.5-44.6)$ | $43.3(42.2-44.3)$ |
| 1998 | $40.3(39.5-41.1)$ | $40.1(39.3-40.9)$ |
| 1999 | $41.1(40.3-41.9)$ | $40.9(40.2-41.7)$ |
| 2000 | $42.4(41.6-43.2)$ | $42.3(41.5-43.1)$ |
| 2001 | $43.0(42.2-43.8)$ | $42.9(42.1-43.7)$ |
| 2002 | $43.0(42.1-43.9)$ | $42.9(42.1-43.8)$ |
| 2003 | $43.4(42.5-44.3)$ | $43.3(42.4-44.2)$ |
| 2004 | $41.7(40.8-42.6)$ | $41.6(40.8-42.5)$ |
| 2005 | $41.0(40.18-41.89)$ | $41.1(40.21-41.90)$ |
| 2006 | $41.4(40.31-42.42)$ | $41.4(40.37-42.47)$ |
| 2007 | $41.5(40.36-42.63)$ | $41.5(40.33-42.59)$ |
| 2008 | $43.4(42.33-44.47)$ | $43.5(42.43-44.58)$ |
| 2009 | $47.0(46.05-47.95)$ | $47.2(46.25-48.16)$ |
| 2010 | $46.9(45.96-47.78)$ | $47.1(46.20-47.98)$ |
| 2011 | $48.4(47.42-49.30)$ | $48.7(47.76-49.61)$ |
| 2012 | $49.5(48.51-50.49)$ | $49.9(48.92-50.87)$ |

${ }^{1}$ Crude estimates are presented in the figure.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates for this Healthy People 2020 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Beginning with the 2012 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2010 census. For 2003-2011 data, weights were derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000-2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. For 1997-1999 data, weights were derived from the 1990 census. See Technical Notes for more details.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997-2012, Sample Adult Core component.

Data table for Figure 7.2. Percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic activity through leisure-time aerobic activity, by age group and sex: United States, 2012

| Age (years) and sex | Percent | 95\% confidence interval |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18-24, total 18-24, male 18-24, female | $\begin{aligned} & 59.3 \\ & 66.2 \\ & 52.3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 56.78-61.74 \\ & 62.88-69.49 \\ & 48.98-55.71 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 25-64, total <br> 25-64, male <br> 25-64, female | $\begin{aligned} & 50.8 \\ & 53.4 \\ & 48.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49.62-51.88 \\ & 52.03-54.82 \\ & 46.85-49.55 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 65-74, total 65-74, male 65-74, female | $\begin{aligned} & 44.6 \\ & 50.8 \\ & 39.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42.40-46.84 \\ & 47.70-53.91 \\ & 36.40-42.08 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 75 and over, total <br> 75 and over, male <br> 75 and over, female | $\begin{array}{r} 28.1 \\ 33.8 \\ 24.3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.12-30.07 \\ & 30.39-37.13 \\ & 21.75-26.82 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 18 and over (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), total 18 and over (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), male 18 and over (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), female | $\begin{array}{r} 49.5 \\ 53.6 \\ 45.7 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48.51-50.49 \\ & 52.40-54.86 \\ & 44.54-46.83 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 18 and over (age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ ), total 18 and over (age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ ), male 18 and over (age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ ), female | $\begin{array}{r} 49.9 \\ 53.8 \\ 46.3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48.92-50.87 \\ & 52.54-55.01 \\ & 45.22-47.46 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Crude estimates are presented in the figure.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates for this Healthy People 2020 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.
DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

Data table for Figure 7.3. Adjusted percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic activity through leisure-time aerobic activity, by race/ ethnicity: United States, 2012

| Race/ ethnicity | Age-sex-adjusted ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ percent <br> (95\% confidence interval) | Age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ percent <br> (95\% confidence interval) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Hispanic or Latino | $42.2(40.26-44.11)$ | $42.3(40.36-44.24)$ |
| Not Hispanic or Latino, single <br> race, white | $53.3(52.08-54.54)$ | $53.4(52.14-54.61)$ |
| Not Hispanic or Latino, single <br> race, black | $41.3(39.51-43.03)$ | $40.8(39.09-42.53)$ |

${ }^{1}$ Age-sex-adjusted estimates are presented in the figure. Estimates are age-sex adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates for this Healthy People 2020 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.
DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

Data table for Figure 7.4. Percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities through leisure-time aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities: United States, 19972012

| Year | Crude ${ }^{1}$ percent <br> (95\% confidence interval) | Age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ percent <br> (95\% confidence interval) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | $16.3(15.5-17.1)$ | $16.1(15.3-16.9)$ |
| 1998 | $14.5(14.0-15.1)$ | $14.4(13.9-14.9)$ |
| 1999 | $15.2(14.6-15.8)$ | $15.0(14.5-15.6)$ |
| 2000 | $15.1(14.5-15.7)$ | $15.0(14.5-15.6)$ |
| 2001 | $16.6(16.1-17.2)$ | $16.5(16.0-17.1)$ |
| 2002 | $16.8(16.2-17.4)$ | $16.7(16.2-17.3)$ |
| 2003 | $16.9(16.3-17.6)$ | $16.9(16.3-17.5)$ |
| 2004 | $16.1(15.5-16.7)$ | $16.1(15.5-16.7)$ |
| 2005 | $16.5(15.96-17.13)$ | $16.6(15.99-17.14)$ |
| 2006 | $16.0(15.30-16.80)$ | $16.1(15.37-16.87)$ |
| 2007 | $16.5(15.79-17.19)$ | $16.5(15.83-17.20)$ |
| 2008 | $18.1(17.38-18.91)$ | $18.2(17.49-19.00)$ |
| 2009 | $18.8(18.14-19.56)$ | $19.0(18.32-19.75)$ |
| 2010 | $20.4(19.69-21.06)$ | $20.6(19.90-21.25)$ |
| 2011 | $20.5(19.79-21.31)$ | $20.8(20.05-21.56)$ |
| 2012 | $20.2(19.45-20.99)$ | $20.6(19.79-21.31)$ |

${ }^{1}$ Crude estimates are presented in the figure.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates for this Healthy People 2020 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.


#### Abstract

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Beginning with the 2012 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2010 census. For 2003-2011 data, weights were derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000-2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. For 1997-1999 data, weights were derived from the 1990 census. See Technical Notes for more details.


DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997-2012, Sample Adult Core component.

Data table for Figure 7.5. Percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities through leisure-time aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities, by age group and sex: United States, 2012

| Age (years) and sex | Percent | 95\% confidence interval |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $18-24$, total | 29.5 | $27.05-31.98$ |
| $18-24$, male | 39.8 | $35.98-43.55$ |
| $18-24$, female | 19.3 | $16.71-21.79$ |
| $25-64$, total | 20.6 | $19.80-21.46$ |
| $25-64$, male | 23.2 | $22.12-24.33$ |
| $25-64$, female | 18.2 | $17.19-19.13$ |
| $65-74$, total | 14.9 | $13.41-16.34$ |
| $65-74$, male | 17.1 | $14.85-19.34$ |
| $65-74$, female | 12.9 | $11.05-14.84$ |
| 75 and over, total | 7.9 | $6.70-9.11$ |
| 75 and over, male | 10.5 | $8.36-12.57$ |
| 75 and over, female | 6.2 | $4.80-7.58$ |
| 18 and over (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), total | 20.2 | $19.45-20.99$ |
| 18 and over (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), male $^{18}$ and over (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), female | 24.0 | $22.97-25.09$ |
| 18 and over (age- adjusted $^{2}$ ), total | 16.7 | $15.89-17.51$ |
| 18 and over (age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ ), male | 20.6 | $19.79-21.31$ |
| 18 and over (age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ ), female | 24.3 | $23.23-25.29$ |

${ }^{1}$ Crude estimates are presented in the figure.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates for this Healthy People 2020 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.
DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

Data table for Figure 7.6. Adjusted percentage of adults aged 18 and over who met the 2008 federal physical activity guidelines for both aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities through leisure-time aerobic and muscle-strengthening activities, by race/ ethnicity: United States, 2012

| Race/ ethnicity | Age-sex-adjusted ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ percent <br> (95\% confidence interval) | Age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ percent <br> (95\% confidence interval) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Hispanic or Latino | $15.3(13.94-16.69)$ | $15.4(13.98-16.80)$ |
| Not Hispanic or Latino, single <br> race, white | $22.7(21.76-23.73)$ | $22.8(21.77-23.75)$ |
| Not Hispanic or Latino, single <br> race, black | $17.0(15.80-18.26)$ | $16.5(15.36-17.70)$ |

${ }^{1}$ Age-sex-adjusted estimates are presented in the figure. Estimates are age-sex adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates for this Healthy People 2020 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.
DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

