Figure 6.1. Prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 and over: United States, 1997-September 2012


DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997-September 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

- For January-September 2012, 29.0\% (95\% confidence interval = 28.14\%-29.82\%) of U.S. adults aged 20 and over were obese. This was not significantly different from the 2011 estimate of $28.7 \%$.
- The prevalence of obesity among U.S. adults aged 20 and over has increased from $19.4 \%$ in 1997 to 29.0\% in January-September 2012.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. - Obesity is defined as a body mass index (BMI) of $30 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ or more. The measure is based on self-reported height ( m ) and weight ( kg ). Estimates of obesity are restricted to adults aged 20 and over for consistency with the Healthy People 2020 (3) initiative. • The analyses excluded people with unknown height or weight (about $6 \%$ of respondents each year). • See Technical Notes for more details.

Figure 6.2. Prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 and over, by age group and sex: United States, J anuary- September 2012


DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January-September 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

- For both sexes combined, the prevalence of obesity was higher among adults aged 40-59 (33.1\%) than among those aged 20-39 (25.6\%) and those aged 60 and over (27.9\%).
- For adults aged 20 and over, 20-39, 40-59, and 60 and over, there was no significant difference between women and men in the prevalence of obesity.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. - Obesity is defined as a body mass index (BMI) of $30 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ or more. The measure is based on self-reported height (m) and weight (kg). • Estimates of obesity are restricted to adults aged 20 and over for consistency with the Healthy People 2020 (3) initiative. • The analyses excluded the $4.4 \%$ of persons with unknown height or weight. - See Technical Notes for more details.

Figure 6.3. Age-adjusted prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 and over, by sex and race/ ethnicity: United States, J anuary- September 2012


DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January-September 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

- Non-Hispanic white women (26.3\%) were less likely than Hispanic women (33.7\%) and non-Hispanic black women ( $41.7 \%$ ) to be obese.
- Non-Hispanic white men (29.0\%) were less likely than non-Hispanic black men (32.9\%) to be obese.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. - Obesity is defined as a body mass index (BMI) of $30 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ or more. The measure is based on self-reported height (m) and weight (kg). • Estimates of obesity are restricted to adults aged 20 and over for consistency with the Healthy People 2020 (3) initiative. • The analyses excluded the $4.4 \%$ of persons with unknown height or weight. • Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 20-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over. • See Technical Notes for more details.

## Data tables for Figures 6.1-6.3:

Data table for Figure 6.1. Prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 and over: United States, 1997-September 2012

| Year | Crude $^{\mathbf{1}}$ percent <br> (95\% confidence interval) | Age-adjusted ${ }^{\text {a percent }}$ <br> (95\% confidence interval) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | $19.4(18.9-19.9)$ | $19.5(18.9-20.0)$ |
| 1998 | $20.6(20.1-21.1)$ | $20.6(20.0-21.1)$ |
| 1999 | $21.5(20.9-22.1)$ | $21.5(20.9-22.1)$ |
| 2000 | $21.8(21.2-22.4)$ | $21.8(21.2-22.3)$ |
| 2001 | $23.0(22.4-23.6)$ | $22.9(22.3-23.5)$ |
| 2002 | $23.9(23.3-24.6)$ | $23.8(23.2-24.5)$ |
| 2003 | $23.7(23.1-24.3)$ | $23.5(22.9-24.2)$ |
| 2004 | $24.5(23.9-25.1)$ | $24.3(23.8-25.0)$ |
| 2005 | $25.4(24.77-26.09)$ | $25.3(24.66-25.96)$ |
| 2006 | $26.4(25.62-27.09)$ | $26.2(25.44-26.90)$ |
| 2007 | $26.7(25.82-27.50)$ | $26.6(25.78-27.49)$ |
| 2008 | $27.6(26.80-28.50)$ | $27.5(26.69-28.36)$ |
| 2009 | $28.0(27.20-28.76)$ | $27.9(27.13-28.71)$ |
| 2010 | $28.4(27.74-29.09)$ | $28.3(27.58-28.94)$ |
| 2011 | $28.7(28.01-29.42)$ | $28.7(27.96-29.35)$ |
| Jan.-Sept. 2012 | $29.0(28.14-29.82)$ | $28.8(27.94-29.62)$ |

${ }^{1}$ Crude estimates are presented in the figure.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using seven age groups: 20-29, 30-39, 40-49, 50-59, 60-69, 70-79, and 80 and over.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Beginning with the 2012 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2010 census. For 2003-2011 data, weights were derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000-2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. For 1997-1999 data, weights were derived from the 1990 census. See Technical Notes for more details.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997-September 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

## Data table for Figure 6.2. Prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 and over, by age group and sex: United States, J anuary- September 2012

| Age (years) and sex | Percent | 95\% confidence interval |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $20-39$, total | 25.6 | $24.41-26.86$ |
| $20-39$, male | 25.3 | $23.55-27.04$ |
| $20-39$, female | 26.0 | $24.34-27.64$ |
| $40-59$, total | 33.1 | $31.63-34.49$ |
| $40-59$, male | 34.3 | $32.17-36.35$ |
| $40-59$, female | 31.9 | $30.14-33.57$ |
| 60 and over, total | 27.9 | $26.46-29.27$ |
| 60 and over, male | 28.4 | $26.39-30.42$ |
| 60 and over, female | 27.4 | $25.49-29.33$ |
| 20 and over (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), total | 29.0 | $28.14-29.82$ |
| 20 and over (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), male | 29.5 | $28.35-30.56$ |
| 20 and over (crude ${ }^{1}$ ), female | 28.5 | $27.47-29.57$ |
| 20 and over (age- adjusted ${ }^{2}$ ), total | 28.8 | $27.94-29.62$ |
| 20 and over (age-adjusted ${ }^{2}$ ), male | 29.1 | $27.99-30.21$ |
| 20 and over (age- adjusted $^{2}$ ), female | 28.5 | $27.43-29.51$ |

${ }^{1}$ Crude estimates are presented in the figure.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using seven age groups: $20-29,30-39,40-49,50-59,60-69,70-79$, and 80 and over.

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.
DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January-September 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

## Data table for Figure 6.3. Age-adjusted prevalence of obesity among adults aged 20 and over, by sex and race/ ethnicity: United States, J anuary- September 2012

| Sex and race/ ethnicity | Percent $^{\mathbf{1}}$ | 95\% confidence interval |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Male, Hispanic or Latino | 31.3 | $28.49-34.02$ |
| Male, not Hispanic or Latino, single race, white | 29.0 | $27.50-30.55$ |
| Male, not Hispanic or Latino, single race, black | 32.9 | $29.89-35.86$ |
| Female, Hispanic or Latina | 33.7 | $31.24-36.14$ |
| Female, not Hispanic or Latina, single race, white | 26.3 | $24.94-27.71$ |
| Female, not Hispanic or Latina, single race, black | 41.7 | $38.53-44.79$ |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 20-24,
25-34, 35-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.
NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.
DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January-September 2012, Sample Adult Core component.

