

## National Health Interview Survey Early Release Program

### Health Insurance Coverage: Early Release of Quarterly Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey, April 2021–June 2022

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Since 2001, the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) Early Release Program has released selected estimates of health and health care for the civilian noninstitutionalized U.S. population. Table 1 presents quarterly estimates of health insurance coverage disaggregated by age group and family income as a percentage of the federal poverty level (FPL) for the civilian noninstitutionalized U.S. population based on data from the April–June 2022 NHIS. Table 2 presents quarterly population estimates of health insurance coverage disaggregated by age group. Table 3 presents quarterly estimates of health insurance coverage for adults aged 18–64 disaggregated by race and ethnicity. Table 4 presents quarterly estimates of health insurance coverage for adults aged 18–64 disaggregated by region. Quarterly estimates for April–June 2021 through January–March 2022 are also presented for comparison. These estimates are being published prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the NHIS.

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# Table 1. Percentage (and 95% confidence interval) of people who lacked health insurance coverage, had public health plan coverage, and had private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, family income as a percentage of the federal poverty level and quarter: United States, April 2021–June 2022

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Health insurance coverage status, age group (years) and					
family income as a percentage of the FPL <sup>1</sup>	Quarter 2, 2021 (Apr–Jun)	Quarter 3, 2021 (Jul–Sep)	Quarter 4, 2021 (Oct–Dec)	Quarter 1, 2022 (Jan–Mar)	Quarter 2, 2022 (Apr–Jun)
Uninsured <sup>2</sup>					
Allages	9.7 (8.6–10.8)	8.9 (8.2–9.6)	8.8 (7.9–9.7)	8.0 (7.1–9.1)	8.6 (7.9–9.5)
Less than 100% FPL	16.7 (13.3–20.6)	14.4 (11.3–18.0)	14.4 (11.4–17.8)	14.1 (10.4–18.5)	12.6 (9.5–16.3)
100% to less than 200% FPL	15.8 (13.2–18.8)	14.0 (11.6–16.7)	14.9 (13.0–17.0)	13.6 (11.0–16.5)	15.0 (12.3–17.9)
200% to less than or equal					
to 400% FPL	9.7 (8.0–11.7)	9.6 (8.3–11.0)	8.8 (7.5–10.3)	7.9 (6.7–9.3)	10.7 (9.2–12.3)
Greater than 400% FPL	3.1 (2.3–4.1)	3.7 (2.8–4.6)	2.9 (2.3–3.7)	3.1 (2.3–4.1)	3.6 (2.8–4.4)
Under 65	11.5 (10.3–12.8)	10.7 (9.8–11.5)	10.5 (9.4–11.6)	9.6 (8.4–10.9)	10.3 (9.4–11.2)
Less than 100% FPL	19.0 (15.2–23.4)	16.2 (12.7–20.3)	15.8 (12.5–19.6)	15.5 (11.5–20.3)	14.3 (10.7–18.5)
100% to less than 200% FPL	19.0 (15.8–22.4)	17.1 (14.1–20.4)	17.7 (15.4–20.1)	16.0 (13.0–19.4)	18.0 (14.9–21.4)
200% to less than or equal					
to 400% FPL	11.6 (9.5–13.9)	11.7 (10.1–13.4)	10.6 (9.0–12.4)	9.7 (8.1–11.5)	12.7 (10.8–14.8)
Greater than 400% FPL	3.6 (2.7–4.8)	4.3 (3.3–5.4)	3.5 (2.8–4.4)	3.7 (2.8–4.9)	4.2 (3.3–5.2)
0–17	4.2 (3.1–5.6)	4.2 (3.3–5.3)	3.5 (2.6–4.5)	3.7 (2.8–4.8)	4.2 (3.1–5.7)
Less than 100% FPL	7.0 (3.6–12.0)	6.1 (3.3–10.1)	*	*	*
100% to less than 200% FPL	5.4 (3.1–8.6)	7.0 (4.1–11.0)	3.0 (1.5–5.2)	5.0 (2.9–7.9)	4.7 (2.5-8.0)
200% to less than or equal					
to 400% FPL	4.6 (2.6–7.4)	3.5 (2.0–5.7)	3.8 (2.3–6.0)	3.2 (1.7–5.2)	6.9 (4.2–10.4)
Greater than 400% FPL	1.2 (0.5–2.6)	1.1 (0.5–2.1)	2.1 (1.1–3.7)	3.0 (1.5–5.3)	2.0 (1.0–3.6)
18–64	14.2 (12.7–15.8)	13.0 (12.0–14.1)	13.1 (11.7–14.5)	11.8 (10.3–13.3)	12.5 (11.5–13.5)
Less than 100% FPL	26.5 (21.0–32.6)	21.7 (16.8–27.4)	22.2 (17.8–27.2)	23.2 (17.3–29.9)	20.2 (15.5–25.6)
100% to less than 200% FPL	25.5 (21.5–29.9)	22.3 (18.6–26.4)	24.9 (21.6–28.4)	22.0 (17.9–26.5)	24.6 (20.8–28.8)
200% to less than or equal					
to 400% FPL	14.2 (11.7–17.1)	14.8 (12.7–17.1)	13.3 (11.3–15.6)	12.2 (10.1–14.7)	15.3 (13.1–17.6)
Greater than 400% FPL	4.4 (3.2–5.9)	5.2 (4.0–6.6)	3.9 (3.0–5.0)	3.9 (2.9–5.1)	4.8 (3.8–6.0)
Public health plan coverage <sup>3</sup>					
All ages	39.0 (37.4–40.7)	38.8 (37.4–40.2)	40.4 (39.0–41.7)	39.1 (37.7–40.6)	39.3 (37.7–40.9)
Less than 100% FPL	71.7 (67.1–75.9)	67.9 (61.7–73.8)	71.6 (67.8–75.2)	72.6 (68.1–76.8)	73.0 (68.2–77.5)
100% to less than 200% FPL	58.6 (54.9–62.1)	60.5 (57.1–63.7)	57.8 (54.3–61.3)	60.1 (56.1–63.9)	60.7 (56.5–64.8)
200% to less than or equal					
to 400% FPL	34.4 (31.9–37.0)	33.6 (31.4–35.9)	36.6 (34.6–38.6)	36.3 (33.7–39.0)	36.0 (33.9–38.2)
Greater than 400% FPL	20.6 (18.8–22.6)	20.5 (19.1–21.9)	22.6 (20.6–24.7)	22.4 (20.7–24.1)	20.6 (19.2–22.0)
Under 65	27.3 (25.7–29.0)	26.9 (25.3–28.5)	28.4 (27.0–29.9)	27.6 (26.0–29.1)	27.6 (25.9–29.3)
Less than 100% FPL	67.7 (62.5–72.6)	63.9 (56.9–70.5)	68.7 (64.2–72.9)	69.8 (65.0–74.3)	69.1 (63.8–74.1)
100% to less than 200% FPL	50.4 (46.5–54.2)	51.3 (47.5–55.1)	49.7 (46.2–53.3)	52.5 (48.1–56.9)	52.7 (48.0–57.3)
200% to less than or equal	,	- ··· ( ··· ··· ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(,
to 400% FPL	21.4 (19.1–23.9)	20.4 (18.1–22.8)	22.9 (20.6–25.3)	22.2 (19.5–25.0)	23.5 (21.0–26.0)
Greater than 400% FPL	6.6 (5.2–8.3)	7.6 (6.4–8.9)	7.1 (5.7–8.6)	8.1 (6.7–9.6)	7.0 (6.0–8.1)
0.17					
0–17	43.8 (41.2–46.4)	42.5 (39.9–45.3)	45.4 (42.8–48.0)	44.1 (41.2–47.1)	42.8 (39.3–46.2)
Less than 100% FPL	87.0 (81.2–91.6)	85.2 (79.9–89.6)	89.2 (84.5–92.9)	91.3 (85.9–95.1)	87.3 (80.3–92.5)
100% to less than 200% FPL 200% to less than or equal	78.0 (73.2–82.2)	74.9 (69.0–80.2)	74.0 (68.8–78.7)	73.4 (67.9–78.4)	74.8 (68.2–80.7)
to 400% FPL	28.4 (24.0-33.1)	31.6 (26.9–36.7)	33.5 (28.9–38.3)	30.9 (26.3–35.7)	36.5 (31.6–41.7)
Greater than 400% FPL	7.2 (5.3–9.6)	8.0 (6.1–10.4)	9.8 (7.7–12.4)	9.0 (6.2–12.6)	8.0 (6.1–10.3)

See footnotes at the end of table.

Table 1. Percentage (and 95% confidence interval) of people who lacked health insurance coverage, had public health plan coverage, and had private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, family income as a percentage of the federal poverty level and quarter: United States, April 2021–June 2022—cont.

Health insurance coverage					
status, age group (years) and family income as a percentage of the FPL <sup>1</sup>	Quarter 2, 2021 (Apr–Jun)	Quarter 3, 2021 (Jul–Sep)	Quarter 4, 2021 (Oct–Dec)	Quarter 1, 2022 (Jan–Mar)	Quarter 2, 2022 (Apr–Jun)
Public health plan coverage <sup>3</sup>					
18–64	21.3 (19.5–23.3)	21.1 (19.6–22.7)	22.2 (20.8–23.7)	21.5 (20.2–22.9)	22.0 (20.6–23.5)
Less than 100% FPL	55.8 (48.5–62.9)	52.3 (44.2–60.4)	57.3 (52.2–62.2)	56.0 (49.9–61.9)	58.3 (52.1–64.3)
100% to less than 200% FPL	37.0 (32.4–41.7)	39.1 (35.0–43.3)	37.9 (33.8–42.0)	41.3 (36.4–46.4)	41.5 (36.5–46.7)
200% to less than or equal					
to 400% FPL	18.8 (16.1–21.8)	16.1 (14.0–18.3)	18.5 (16.2–21.1)	18.8 (16.0–21.9)	17.7 (15.4–20.2)
Greater than 400% FPL	6.4 (4.9–8.3)	7.4 (6.2–8.8)	6.3 (4.9–8.0)	7.8 (6.4–9.3)	6.7 (5.7–8.0)
Private health insurance coverage <sup>4</sup>					
All ages	60.6 (59.1–62.0)	61.4 (59.9–62.9)	59.8 (58.2–61.4)	61.8 (60.0–63.6)	61.0 (59.3–62.6)
Less than 100% FPL	15.7 (12.5–19.4)	20.8 (15.4–27.1)	17.3 (13.7–21.4)	16.9 (13.3–21.1)	17.7 (14.3–21.5)
100% to less than 200% FPL	34.2 (31.2–37.4)	34.9 (31.5–38.5)	34.4 (31.0–37.9)	34.9 (30.9–39.0)	32.7 (29.3–36.3)
200% to less than or equal					
to 400% FPL	65.9 (63.5–68.3)	66.8 (64.2–69.2)	63.7 (61.0–66.3)	65.4 (62.6–68.2)	63.3 (60.8–65.7)
Greater than 400% FPL	86.5 (84.6–88.2)	85.0 (83.4–86.5)	85.3 (83.6–86.8)	84.6 (82.9–86.1)	84.8 (83.3–86.3)
Under 65	63.2 (61.6–64.8)	64.2 (62.4–65.9)	62.9 (61.2–64.6)	64.9 (62.8–67.0)	64.2 (62.4–65.9)
Less than 100% FPL	14.8 (11.3–19.0)	21.2 (15.1–28.4)	16.7 (13.2–20.7)	17.4 (13.4–22.0)	17.9 (14.2–22.1)
100% to less than 200% FPL	34.6 (31.2–38.2)	34.4 (30.3–38.6)	35.6 (31.9–39.4)	34.6 (30.0–39.3)	31.9 (28.0–36.0)
200% to less than or equal					
to 400% FPL	69.4 (66.7–71.9)	69.8 (67.1–72.5)	67.9 (65.0–70.8)	70.2 (66.9–73.4)	66.7 (63.9–69.4)
Greater than 400% FPL	90.9 (88.8–92.7)	89.5 (87.6–91.1)	91.0 (89.5–92.3)	89.6 (87.9–91.1)	90.2 (88.8–91.5)
0–17	54.3 (51.6–57.1)	55.5 (52.4–58.5)	53.4 (50.8–56.0)	54.6 (51.4–57.8)	55.0 (51.7–58.3)
Less than 100% FPL	8.0 (4.5–13.0)	10.1 (6.4–15.0)	6.5 (3.7–10.4)	8.1 (4.3–13.6)	10.5 (6.3–16.2)
100% to less than 200% FPL	20.3 (16.1–25.1)	22.6 (17.8–27.9)	26.3 (21.0-32.0)	26.8 (21.6–32.4)	22.7 (17.5–28.7)
200% to less than or equal					
to 400% FPL	70.1 (65.1–74.8)	67.4 (62.2–72.2)	65.1 (60.1–69.9)	67.2 (62.3–71.8)	60.4 (55.8–64.9)
Greater than 400% FPL	92.3 (89.8–94.3)	92.2 (89.9–94.2)	90.3 (87.9–92.4)	88.9 (84.7–92.3)	90.6 (88.1–92.8)
18–64	66.4 (64.7–68.2)	67.3 (65.5–69.1)	66.4 (64.6–68.2)	68.7 (66.6–70.7)	67.5 (65.9–69.1)
Less than 100% FPL	19.0 (14.3–24.5)	27.2 (18.7–37.0)	22.3 (17.6–27.6)	23.4 (17.8–29.7)	22.4 (17.6–27.7)
100% to less than 200% FPL	41.5 (37.4–45.8)	40.5 (35.8–45.2)	40.2 (36.2–44.3)	38.8 (33.7–44.1)	36.5 (32.0–41.2)
200% to less than or equal					
to 400% FPL	69.1 (66.2–71.9)	70.8 (68.2–73.2)	69.1 (65.8–72.2)	71.4 (67.6–75.0)	69.4 (66.4–72.4)
Greater than 400% FPL	90.5 (88.0–92.5)	88.6 (86.6–90.5)	91.1 (89.5–92.6)	89.8 (88.1–91.3)	90.0 (88.4–91.5)

\*Estimate is not shown, as it does not meet NCHS standards of reliability.

<sup>1</sup>FPL is federal poverty level. The percentage of respondents in the unknown FPL category in the second quarter of 2021 was 12.5%, in the third quarter of 2021 was 12.4%, in the fourth quarter of 2022 was 13.7% and in the second quarter of 2022 was 13.7%. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income.

<sup>2</sup>People were defined as uninsured if they did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. People were also defined as uninsured if they had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

<sup>3</sup>Public health plan coverage includes Medicaid, CHIP, state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of people were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

<sup>4</sup>Private health insurance coverage includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of people were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS). Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Quarterly estimates have wider confidence intervals than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Interview Survey, 2021–2022.

#### Suggested citation:

Health insurance coverage status and age group (years)	Quarter 2, 2021 (Apr–Jun)	Quarter 3, 2021 (Jul–Sep)	Quarter 4, 2021 (Oct–Dec)	Quarter 1, 2022 (Jan–Mar)	Quarter 2, 2022 (Apr–Jun)
Uninsured <sup>1</sup>					
All ages	31.4	29.0	28.7	26.4	28.3
Under 65	31.0	28.7	28.2	26.1	27.9
0–17	3.0	3.0	2.5	2.7	3.1
18–64	28.0	25.7	25.7	23.4	24.8
Public health plan coverage <sup>2</sup>					
All ages	126.9	126.2	131.5	128.2	128.8
Under 65	73.6	72.3	76.5	74.9	74.9
0–17	31.7	30.7	32.7	32.2	31.1
18–64	42.0	41.6	43.8	42.7	43.8
Private health insurance coverage <sup>3</sup>					
All ages	197.0	199.9	195.0	202.6	199.9
Under 65	170.2	172.7	169.3	176.4	174.2
0–17	39.3	40.1	38.5	39.9	40.1
18–64	130.9	132.6	130.8	136.6	134.2

## Table 2. Number (millions) of people who lacked health insurance coverage, had public health plan coverage, and had private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group and quarter: United States, April 2021–June 2022

<sup>1</sup>People were defined as uninsured if they did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. People were also defined as uninsured if they had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

<sup>2</sup>Public health plan coverage includes Medicaid, CHIP, state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of people were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

<sup>3</sup>Private health insurance coverage includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of people were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS). Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Quarterly estimates have wider confidence intervals than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Interview Survey, 2021–2022.

#### Suggested citation:

Health insurance coverage					
status, age group (years) and	Quarter 2, 2021	Quarter 3, 2021	Quarter 4, 2021	Quarter 1, 2022	Quarter 2, 2022
race and ethnicity <sup>1</sup>	(Apr–Jun)	(Jul–Sep)	(Oct–Dec)	(Jan–Mar)	(Apr–Jun)
Uninsured <sup>2</sup>					
Total	14.2 (12.7–15.8)	13.0 (12.0–14.1)	13.1 (11.7–14.5)	11.8 (10.3–13.3)	12.5 (11.5–13.5)
Hispanic	31.7 (26.1–37.8)	28.5 (25.2–31.9)	29.2 (24.2–34.5)	25.7 (22.1–29.5)	28.3 (25.0–31.8)
Non-Hispanic White	9.3 (7.8–10.9)	8.7 (7.4–10.2)	8.1 (7.0–9.2)	6.9 (5.7–8.1)	7.9 (6.7–9.3)
Non-Hispanic Black	14.7 (11.5–18.3)	11.5 (8.8–14.8)	15.3 (11.9–19.3)	14.8 (10.4–20.0)	11.1 (8.3–14.3)
Non-Hispanic Asian	4.6 (2.4–7.9)	6.4 (3.4–10.9)	6.7 (4.4–9.8)	7.9 (4.6–12.6)	8.1 (5.0–12.4)
Non-Hispanic, other races					
and multiple races	17.2 (10.6–25.7)	18.3 (11.0–27.7)	12.4 (6.6–20.8)	15.3 (9.0–23.7)	13.2 (6.4–23.3)
Public health plan coverage <sup>3</sup>					
Total	21.3 (19.5–23.3)	21.1 (19.6–22.7)	22.2 (20.8–23.7)	21.5 (20.2–22.9)	22.0 (20.6–23.5)
Hispanic	22.3 (17.9–27.1)	24.2 (20.6–28.1)	24.8 (21.5–28.2)	23.5 (20.7–26.5)	24.9 (20.8–29.3)
Non-Hispanic White	18.7 (16.9–20.6)	17.2 (15.5–19.1)	19.0 (17.4–20.6)	18.3 (16.6–20.1)	18.1 (16.5–19.8)
Non-Hispanic Black	31.4 (26.1–37.1)	34.8 (29.9–39.8)	33.9 (29.4–38.7)	33.1 (29.1–37.3)	33.3 (29.4–37.4)
Non-Hispanic Asian	17.7 (12.6–23.8)	16.4 (11.1–23.0)	18.8 (15.0–23.0)	19.5 (15.4–24.2)	18.5 (14.2–23.5)
Non-Hispanic, other races					
and multiple races	31.7 (20.4–44.9)	32.2 (20.3–46.1)	30.6 (21.6–40.8)	28.3 (20.1–37.9)	38.1 (27.0–50.1)
Private health insurance coverage <sup>4</sup>					
Total	66.4 (64.7–68.2)	67.3 (65.5–69.1)	66.4 (64.6–68.2)	68.7 (66.6–70.7)	67.5 (65.9–69.1)
Hispanic	47.5 (43.1–51.9)	48.3 (44.6–52.0)	47.1 (42.6–51.7)	51.7 (47.4–55.9)	47.5 (43.4–51.6)
Non-Hispanic White	74.4 (72.3–76.3)	75.8 (73.5–77.9)	74.8 (72.9–76.6)	77.3 (75.1–79.3)	76.2 (74.3–78.0)
Non-Hispanic Black	56.1 (50.5–61.6)	55.2 (50.2–60.2)	53.7 (48.6–58.6)	54.0 (48.8–59.2)	58.0 (53.2–62.7)
Non-Hispanic Asian	77.7 (71.8–82.9)	77.1 (70.8–82.7)	74.9 (70.3–79.1)	73.1 (66.9–78.7)	74.3 (69.4–78.8)
Non-Hispanic, other races					
and multiple races	51.8 (37.9–65.5)	52.5 (39.0–65.8)	59.5 (49.2–69.3)	58.5 (48.0–68.5)	55.2 (41.3–68.5)

Table 3. Percentage (and 95% confidence interval) of adults aged 18–64 who lacked health insurance coverage, had public health plan coverage, and had private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by race and ethnicity, and quarter: United States, April 2021–June 2022

'Hispanic origin and race are two separate and distinct categories. People of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races. Hispanic or Latino origin includes people of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central and South American, or Spanish origin. Race is based on respondents' descriptions of their own racial background. More than one race may be reported. For conciseness, this table uses shorter versions of the 1997 Office of Management and Budget terms for race and Hispanic or Latino origin. For example, the category "not Hispanic, Black or African American, single race" is referred to as "non-Hispanic Black" in the tables. Estimates for non-Hispanic people of races other than White only, Black only, and Asian only, or of multiple races, are combined into the "non-Hispanic, other races and multiple races" category.

<sup>2</sup>People were defined as uninsured if they did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. People were also defined as uninsured if they had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

<sup>3</sup>Public health plan coverage includes Medicaid, CHIP, state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of people were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

<sup>4</sup>Private health insurance coverage includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of people were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS). Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Quarterly estimates have wider confidence intervals than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Interview Survey, 2021–2022.

#### Suggested citation:

Table 4. Percentage (and 95% confidence interval) of adults aged 18–64 who lacked health insurance coverage, had public health plan coverage, and had private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by region, and quarter: United States, April 2021–June 2022

Health insurance coverage status, age group (years) and region <sup>1</sup>	Quarter 2, 2021 (Apr–Jun)	Quarter 3, 2021 (Jul–Sep)	Quarter 4, 2021 (Oct–Dec)	Quarter 1, 2022 (Jan–Mar)	Quarter 2, 2022 (Apr–Jun)
Uninsured <sup>2</sup>					
Total	14.2 (12.7–15.8)	13.0 (12.0–14.1)	13.1 (11.7–14.5)	11.8 (10.3–13.3)	12.5 (11.5–13.5)
Northeast	9.3 (6.7–12.5)	6.8 (5.0–9.1)	7.6 (5.3–10.4)	7.8 (6.0–9.9)	6.3 (4.5–8.6)
Midwest	11.8 (9.2–14.8)	8.9 (7.1–10.9)	9.2 (7.3–11.5)	9.3 (7.5–11.4)	8.5 (6.6–10.7)
South	18.5 (16.2–21.1)	18.7 (16.9–20.6)	18.2 (15.6–21.1)	15.7 (12.6–19.2)	17.2 (15.5–19.1)
West	13.0 (9.8–16.8)	12.3 (10.3–14.5)	12.4 (9.9–15.2)	10.5 (8.0–13.6)	12.6 (10.4–15.2)
Public health plan coverage <sup>3</sup>					
Total	21.3 (19.5–23.3)	21.1 (19.6–22.7)	22.2 (20.8–23.7)	21.5 (20.2–22.9)	22.0 (20.6–23.5)
Northeast	22.9 (17.7–28.9)	26.3 (21.4–31.6)	23.9 (20.8–27.2)	21.9 (18.9–25.2)	24.1 (21.0–27.3)
Midwest	21.8 (18.1–26.0)	19.2 (16.5–22.1)	21.1 (18.1–24.4)	21.1 (18.6–23.9)	17.7 (15.1–20.6)
South	18.5 (15.7–21.5)	18.9 (16.7–21.3)	21.5 (19.3–23.9)	20.5 (18.3–22.9)	21.5 (19.5–23.6)
West	24.1 (20.7–27.7)	22.6 (19.5–26.0)	23.0 (19.6–26.8)	23.1 (20.2–26.2)	25.1 (21.1–29.3)
Private health insurance coverage⁴					
Total	66.4 (64.7–68.2)	67.3 (65.5–69.1)	66.4 (64.6–68.2)	68.7 (66.6–70.7)	67.5 (65.9–69.1)
Northeast	68.6 (65.0–72.1)	68.2 (63.7–72.5)	70.3 (66.4–74.0)	72.5 (69.2–75.6)	71.7 (68.4–74.9)
Midwest	69.1 (64.8–73.1)	73.6 (69.9–77.0)	71.2 (68.3–73.9)	71.8 (68.6–74.9)	76.1 (73.2–78.7)
South	64.9 (61.7–68.0)	64.2 (61.4–66.9)	61.8 (58.2–65.4)	65.8 (61.8–69.5)	63.2 (60.9–65.4)
West	65.0 (62.0–68.0)	66.2 (61.8–70.3)	66.6 (62.9–70.1)	67.8 (62.7–72.6)	64.2 (59.3–68.8)

<sup>1</sup>In the geographic classification of the U.S. population, states are grouped into four regions used by the U.S. Census Bureau. Northeast includes Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. Midwest includes Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas. South includes Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas. West includes Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada, Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, and Hawaii.

<sup>2</sup>People were defined as uninsured if they did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. People were also defined as uninsured if they had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

<sup>3</sup>Public health plan coverage includes Medicaid, CHIP, state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of people were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

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SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Interview Survey, 2021–2022.

#### Suggested citation: