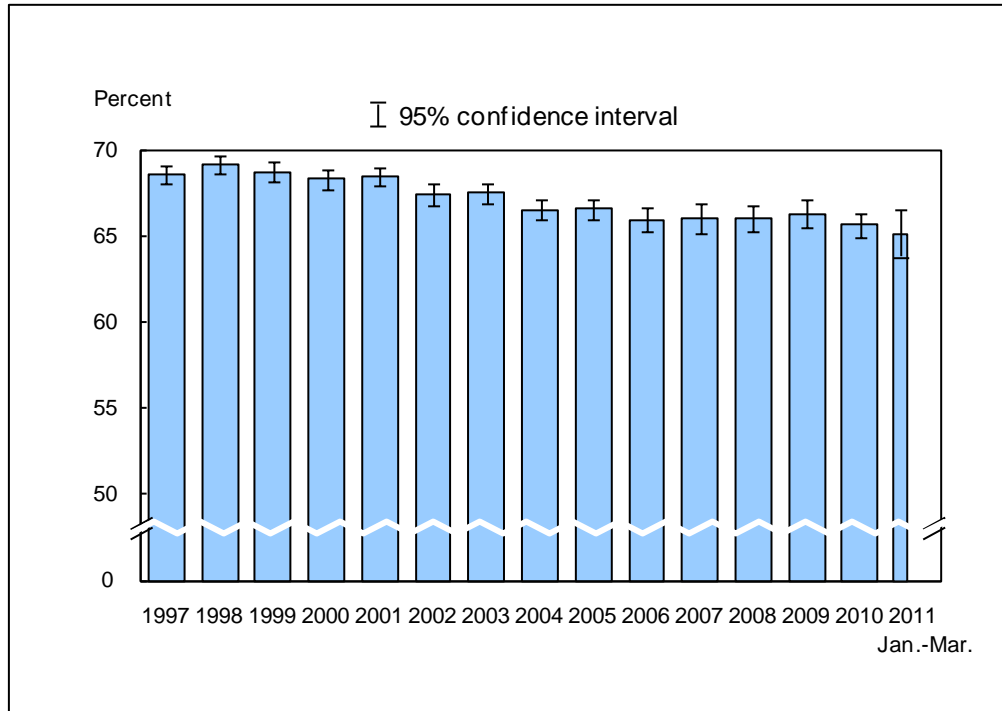


Figure 11.1. Percentage of persons of all ages who had excellent or very good health: United States, 1997–March 2011

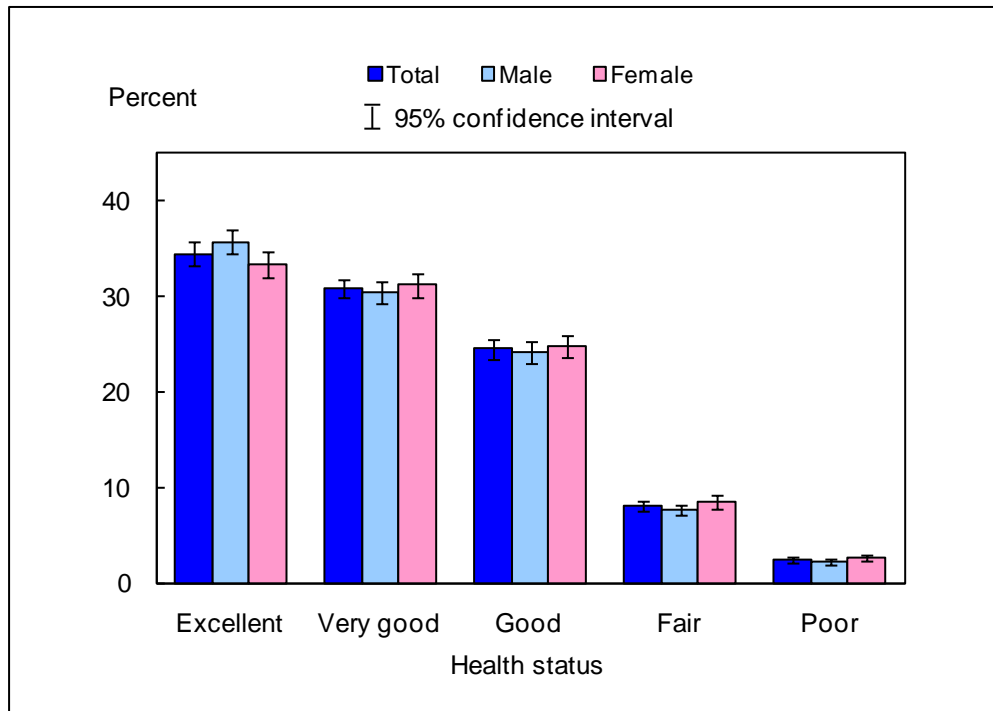


DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997–March 2011, Family Core component.

- In early 2011, the percentage of persons who had excellent or very good health was 65.1% (95% confidence interval = 63.89%–66.40%), which was lower than, but not significantly different from, the 2010 estimate of 65.7%.
- The percentage of persons who had excellent or very good health generally decreased from 68.5% in 1997 to 65.1% for January–March 2011.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. • Health status data were obtained by asking respondents to assess their own health and that of family members living in the same household as excellent, very good, good, fair, or poor. • The analyses excluded persons with unknown health status (about 0.2% of respondents each year). • See "[Technical Notes](#)" for more details.

Figure 11.2. Percent distribution of respondent-assessed health status, by sex, for all ages: United States, January–March 2011

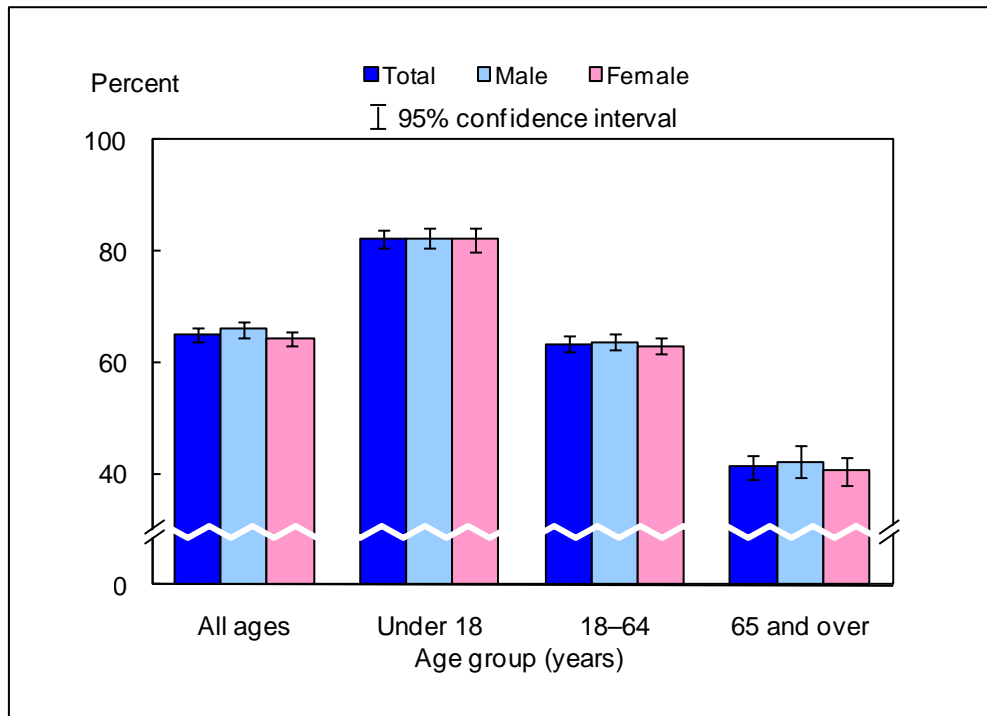


DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January–March 2011, Family Core component.

- For both sexes combined, most persons' health was either excellent (34.4%) or very good (30.7%). Smaller percentages of persons had good (24.4%), fair (8.0%), or poor (2.4%) health.
- Compared with males, females were less likely to have excellent health.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. • Health status data were obtained by asking respondents to assess their own health and that of family members living in the same household as excellent, very good, good, fair, or poor. • The analyses excluded 0.1% of persons with unknown health status. • See "[Technical Notes](#)" for more details.

Figure 11.3. Percentage of persons of all ages who had excellent or very good health, by age group and sex: United States, January–March 2011

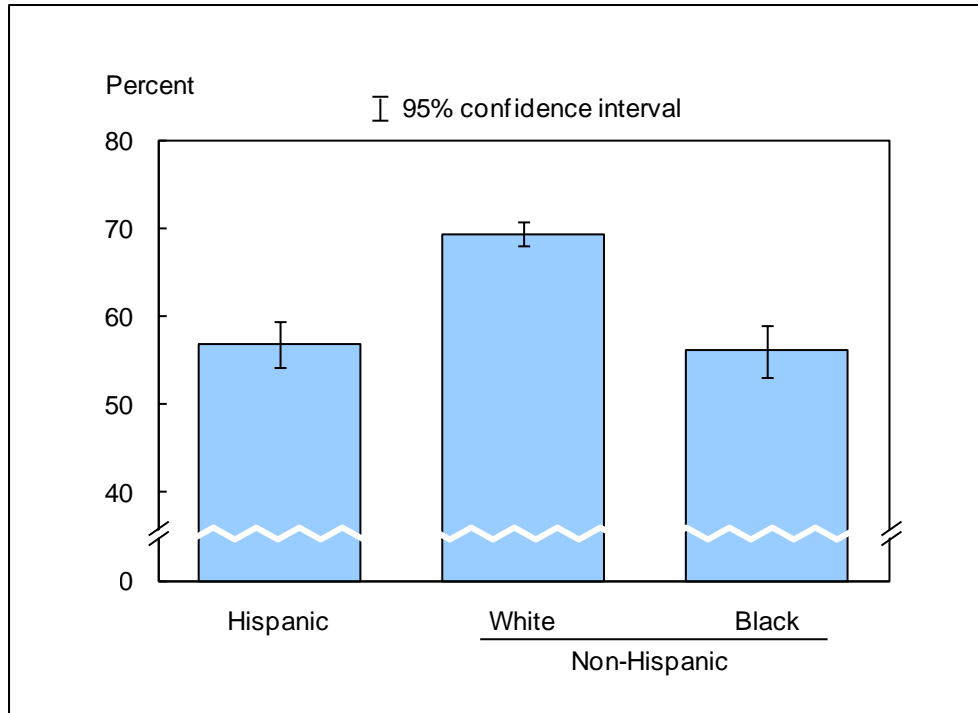


DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January–March 2011, Family Core component.

- For both sexes combined, the percentage of persons with excellent or very good health decreased with age: 82.2% for those under age 18, 63.4% for those aged 18–64, and 41.2% for those aged 65 and over.
- For all three age groups, there was no significant difference between men and women in having excellent or very good health.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. • Health status data were obtained by asking respondents to assess their own health and that of family members living in the same household as excellent, very good, good, fair, or poor. • The analyses excluded 0.1% of persons with unknown health status. • See "[Technical Notes](#)" for more details.

Figure 11.4. Age-sex-adjusted percentage of persons of all ages who had excellent or very good health, by race/ethnicity: United States, January–March 2011



DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January–March 2011, Family Core component.

- After adjustment for age and sex, the percentage of persons who had excellent or very good health was 56.8% for Hispanic persons, 69.3% for non-Hispanic white persons, and 56.0% for non-Hispanic black persons.
- The health of Hispanic persons and non-Hispanic black persons was less likely to be excellent or very good than that of non-Hispanic white persons.

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. • Health status data were obtained by asking respondents to assess their own health and that of family members living in the same household as excellent, very good, good, fair, or poor. • The analyses excluded 0.1% of persons with unknown health status. • Estimates are age-sex-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using three age groups: under 18, 18–64, and 65 and over. • See "[Technical Notes](#)" for more details.

Data tables for Figures 11.1–11.4:

Data table for Figure 11.1. Percentage of persons of all ages who had excellent or very good health: United States, 1997–March 2011

| Year | Percent | 95% confidence interval |
|----------------|---------|-------------------------|
| 1997 | 68.5 | 68.0-69.1 |
| 1998 | 69.1 | 68.6-69.6 |
| 1999 | 68.7 | 68.1-69.3 |
| 2000 | 68.3 | 67.7-68.8 |
| 2001 | 68.4 | 67.9-69.0 |
| 2002 | 67.4 | 66.8-68.0 |
| 2003 | 67.5 | 66.9-68.0 |
| 2004 | 66.5 | 66.0-67.1 |
| 2005 | 66.5 | 65.98-67.11 |
| 2006 | 65.9 | 65.25-66.61 |
| 2007 | 66.0 | 65.18-66.88 |
| 2008 | 66.0 | 65.30-66.79 |
| 2009 | 66.3 | 65.46-67.10 |
| 2010 | 65.7 | 64.95-66.35 |
| Jan.–Mar. 2011 | 65.1 | 63.89-66.40 |

NOTES: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000–2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "[Technical Notes](#)" for more details.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997–March 2011, Family Core component.

Data table for Figure 11.2. Percent distribution of respondent-assessed health status, by sex for all ages: United States, January–March 2011

| Health status and sex | Percent | 95% confidence interval |
|-----------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| Excellent, total | 34.4 | 33.20-35.60 |
| Excellent, male | 35.6 | 34.35-36.93 |
| Excellent, female | 33.2 | 31.86-34.55 |
| Very good, total | 30.7 | 29.76-31.72 |
| Very good, male | 30.4 | 29.30-31.45 |
| Very good, female | 31.1 | 29.94-32.26 |
| Good, total | 24.4 | 23.42-25.41 |
| Good, male | 24.1 | 23.00-25.27 |
| Good, female | 24.7 | 23.54-25.83 |
| Fair, total | 8.0 | 7.52-8.53 |
| Fair, male | 7.6 | 7.05-8.16 |
| Fair, female | 8.4 | 7.76-9.08 |
| Poor, total | 2.4 | 2.18-2.66 |
| Poor, male | 2.2 | 1.94-2.55 |
| Poor, female | 2.6 | 2.28-2.90 |

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January–March 2011, Family Core component.

Data table for Figure 11.3. Percentage of persons of all ages who had excellent or very good health, by age group and sex: United States, January–March 2011

| Age (years) and sex | Percent | 95% confidence interval |
|---|---------|-------------------------|
| Under 18, total | 82.2 | 80.62-83.85 |
| Under 18, male | 82.4 | 80.49-84.25 |
| Under 18, female | 82.1 | 80.08-84.10 |
| 18-64, total | 63.4 | 62.02-64.78 |
| 18-64, male | 63.8 | 62.21-65.32 |
| 18-64, female | 63.0 | 61.51-64.59 |
| 65 and over, total | 41.2 | 39.01-43.46 |
| 65 and over, male | 42.2 | 39.27-45.19 |
| 65 and over, female | 40.5 | 37.87-43.03 |
| All ages (crude ¹), total | 65.1 | 63.89-66.40 |
| All ages (crude ¹), male | 66.0 | 64.66-67.37 |
| All ages (crude ¹), female | 64.3 | 62.88-65.73 |
| All ages (age-adjusted ²), total | 65.5 | 64.26-66.65 |
| All ages (age-adjusted ²), male | 65.8 | 64.53-67.15 |
| All ages (age-adjusted ²), female | 65.1 | 63.77-66.43 |

¹Crude estimates are presented in the figure.

²Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using three age groups: under 18, 18–64, and 65 and over.

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January–March 2011, Family Core component.

Data table for Figure 11.4. Age-sex-adjusted percentage of persons of all ages who had excellent or very good health, by race/ethnicity: United States, January–March 2011

| Race/ethnicity | Percent ¹ | 95% confidence interval |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Hispanic or Latino | 56.8 | 54.21-59.31 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino, single race, white | 69.3 | 68.02-70.65 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino, single race, black | 56.0 | 53.05-59.01 |

¹Estimates are age-sex-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using three age groups: under 18, 18–64, and 65 and over.

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, January–March 2011, Family Core component.