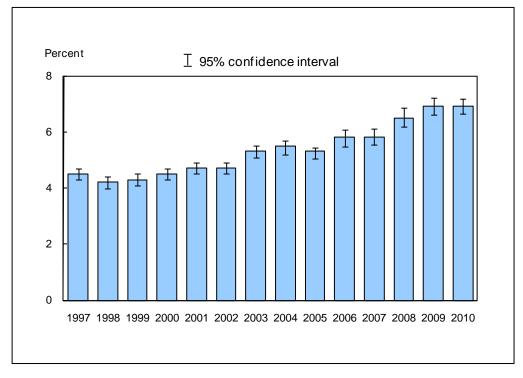


Figure 3.1. Percentage of persons of all ages who failed to obtain needed medical care due to cost at some time during the past 12 months: United States, 1997–2010



NOTES: The analyses excluded persons with unknown responses to the question on failure to obtain needed medical care due to cost (about 0.2% of respondents each year). Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000–2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Early Release" for more details.

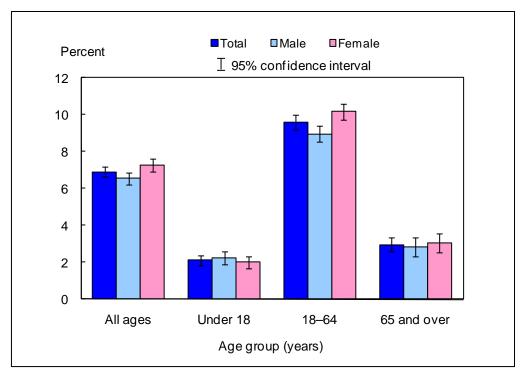
DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997–2010, Family Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- In 2010, 6.9% (95% confidence interval = 6.64%–7.20%) of the population failed to obtain needed medical care due to cost at some time during the past 12 months, which was the same as the 2009 estimate.
- There was a generally increasing trend in the percentage of persons who failed to obtain medical care due to cost, from 4.3% in 1999 to 6.9% in 2009 and 2010.

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Figure 3.2. Percentage of persons of all ages who failed to obtain needed medical care due to cost at some time during the past 12 months, by age group and sex: United States, 2010



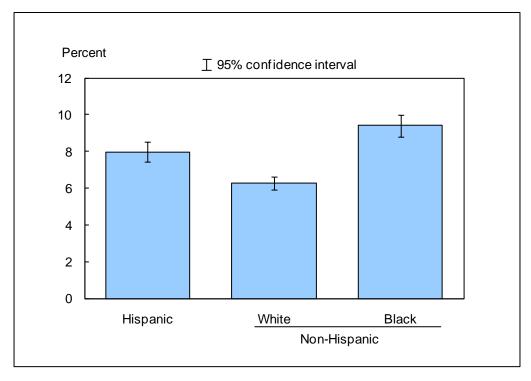
NOTE: The analyses excluded 87 persons (0.1%) with unknown responses to the question on failure to obtain needed medical care due to cost.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010, Family Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- For both sexes combined, the percentage of persons who failed to obtain needed medical care due to cost at some time during the past 12 months was 2.1% for those under age 18 years, 9.6% for those aged 18–64, and 3.0% for those aged 65 and over.
- For adults aged 18–64, women were more likely than men to have failed to obtain needed medical care due to cost during the past 12 months.



Figure 3.3. Age-sex-adjusted percentage of persons of all ages who failed to obtain needed medical care due to cost at some time during the past 12 months, by race/ethnicity: United States, 2010



NOTES: The analyses excluded 87 persons (0.1%) with unknown responses to the question on failure to obtain needed medical care due to cost. Estimates are age-sex-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using three age groups: under 18, 18–64, and 65 and over.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010, Family Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- After adjustment for age and sex, 8.0% of Hispanic persons, 6.3% of non-Hispanic white persons, and 9.4% of non-Hispanic black persons failed to obtain needed medical care due to cost at some time during the year preceding the interview.
- Non-Hispanic black persons were more likely than Hispanic persons and non-Hispanic white persons to have failed to obtain needed medical care due to cost.



Data tables for Figures 3.1–3.3:

Data table for Figure 3.1. Percentage of persons of all ages who failed to obtain needed medical care due to cost at some time during the past 12 months: United States, 1997–2010

Year	Crude ¹ percent (95% confidence interval)	Age-adjusted ² percent (95% confidence interval)
1997	4.5 (4.3-4.7)	4.5 (4.4-4.7)
1998	4.2 (4.0-4.4)	4.2 (4.0-4.4)
1999	4.3 (4.1-4.5)	4.3 (4.1-4.5)
2000	4.5 (4.3-4.7)	4.5 (4.2-4.7)
2001	4.7 (4.5-4.9)	4.7 (4.5-4.9)
2002	4.7 (4.5-4.9)	4.7 (4.5-4.9)
2003	5.3 (5.1-5.5)	5.2 (5.0-5.5)
2004	5.5 (5.2-5.7)	5.4 (5.2-5.6)
2005	5.3 (5.05-5.45)	5.2 (4.99-5.40)
2006	5.8 (5.49-6.07)	5.7 (5.42-6.00)
2007	5.8 (5.54-6.11)	5.8 (5.47-6.03)
2008	6.5 (6.17-6.87)	6.4 (6.09-6.78)
2009	6.9 (6.62-7.21)	6.8 (6.54-7.12)
2010	6.9 (6.64-7.20)	6.8 (6.56-7.10)

¹Crude estimates are presented in the figure.

NOTES: Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000–2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Early Release" for more details.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997–2010, Family Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

²Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using three age groups: under 18, 18–64, and 65 and over.



Data table for Figure 3.2. Percentage of persons of all ages who failed to obtain needed medical care due to cost at some time during the past 12 months, by age group and sex: United States, 2010

Age (years) and sex	Percent	95% confidence interval
Under 18, total	2.1	1.86-2.39
Under 18, male	2.2	1.87-2.58
Under 18, female	2.0	1.70-2.34
18-64, total	9.6	9.21-9.98
18-64, male	9.0	8.52-9.40
18-64, female	10.2	9.74-10.69
65 and over, total	3.0	2.58-3.36
65 and over, male	2.9	2.35-3.37
65 and over, female	3.1	2.53-3.58
All ages (crude ¹), total	6.9	6.64-7.20
All ages (crude ¹), male	6.5	6.23-6.87
All ages (crude ¹), female	7.3	6.93-7.62
All ages (age-adjusted ²), total	6.8	6.56-7.10
All ages (age-adjusted ²), male	6.5	6.14-6.76
All ages (age-adjusted ²), female	7.2	6.86-7.53

¹Crude estimates are presented in the figure.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010, Family Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

Data table for Figure 3.3. Age-sex-adjusted percentage of persons of all ages who failed to obtain needed medical care due to cost at some time during the past 12 months, by race/ethnicity: United States, 2010

Race/ethnicity	Percent ¹	95% confidence interval
Hispanic or Latino	8.0	7.43-8.53
Not Hispanic or Latino, single race, white	6.3	5.92-6.60
Not Hispanic or Latino, single race, black	9.4	8.80-10.06

¹Estimates are age-sex-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using three age groups: under 18, 18–64, and 65 and over.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010, Family Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

²Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using three age groups: under 18, 18–64, and 65 and over.