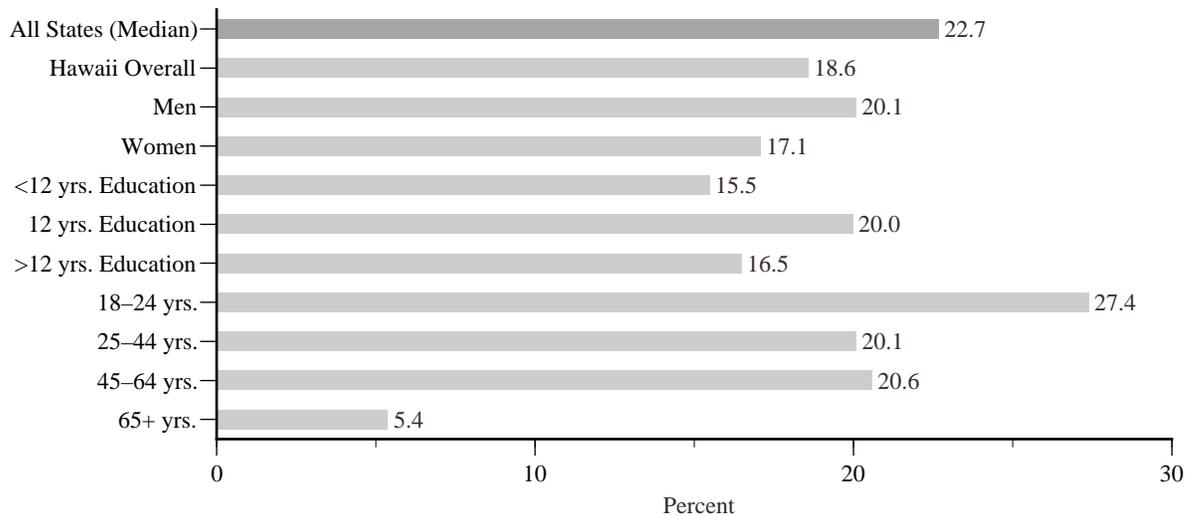


**Number of Hawaii youth projected to die prematurely from their smoking: 20,664**

## Adult Tobacco Use in Hawaii

### Current Cigarette Smoking Among Adults Aged 18 and Older, 1999



## Youth Tobacco Use

GRADES 6-8		GRADES 9-12		
Current Cigarette Smoking	Current Any Tobacco Use	Current Cigarette Smoking	Current Any Tobacco Use	
National*	9.2%	12.8%	28.5%	34.8%
HI†	Data are not available		27.9%	29.9%
Boys†	Data are not available		26.7%	30.0%
Girls†	Data are not available		28.8%	29.6%

Current Cigarette Smoking = smoked cigarettes on ≥1 of the 30 days preceding the survey.

Current Any Tobacco Use = current use of cigarettes or smokeless tobacco or pipes or bidis or cigars or kreteks on ≥1 of the 30 days preceding the survey.

\*Source: National Youth Tobacco Survey, 1999.

†Source: Hawaii Youth Risk Behavior Survey, 1999.

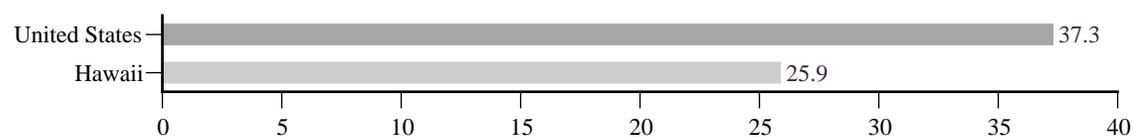
## Health Impact and Costs

AVERAGE ANNUAL DEATHS RELATED TO SMOKING, 1990-1994		AVERAGE ANNUAL YEARS OF POTENTIAL LIFE LOST,* 1990-1994	MEDICAL COSTS RELATED TO SMOKING, 1993	
Overall	1,163	16,545 years or an average of 14.2 years for each death due to smoking.	Ambulatory	\$48,080,000
Men	837		Hospital	\$52,040,000
Women	326		Nursing Home†	\$33,660,000
Death Rate	237/100,000		Drug	\$10,920,000
Rank	2		Other	\$29,270,000
(No. 1 is lowest death rate)		*Calculated to life expectancy	<b>Total</b>	<b>\$173,970,000</b>

**Smoking-attributable Medicaid expenditures, Hawaii, fiscal year 1993: \$44,059,000**

†Preliminary estimates

## Lung Cancer Death Rate\*



\*1997 deaths per 100,000 population, adjusted to the 1970 total U.S. population.



**Scheduled 2001 settlement payment to Hawaii: \$41,671,085.70**

### Tobacco Control Funding, 2001

At 98% of the CDC Best Practices recommended lower estimate funding level, Hawaii ranks 8th (No. 1 is the highest) for tobacco control funding. Hawaii ranks 2nd (No. 1 is the lowest death rate) for average annual deaths related to smoking.

<i>FUNDING SOURCE</i>	<i>FY01 AMOUNT</i>	<i>FUNDING CYCLE</i>
State Appropriation—Settlement (Tobacco Only)	\$9,647,519	7/00–6/01
State Appropriation—Excise Tax Revenue	\$0	
State Appropriation—Other	\$0	
<b>Subtotal: State Appropriation</b>	<b>\$9,647,519</b>	
Federal—CDC Office on Smoking and Health	\$874,172	6/00–5/01
Federal—SAMHSA	n/a	
Non-Government Source—American Legacy Foundation	\$75,000	10/00–9/01
Non-Government Source—RWJF/AMA	n/a	
<b>Subtotal: Federal/National Sources</b>	<b>\$949,172</b>	
<b>Total Per Capita Funding</b>	<b>\$10,596,691</b> <b>\$8.75</b>	

An additional \$12,155,874 was appropriated to the Department of Health for health promotion and disease prevention programs.

### Funding as a Percentage of CDC Best Practices Recommendations

	<i>RECOMMENDED FOR TOTAL PROGRAM ANNUAL COST</i>	<i>RECOMMENDED PER CAPITA FUNDING LEVEL</i>	<i>PERCENT OF CDC BEST PRACTICES RECOMMENDATIONS</i>
Lower Estimate	\$10,778,000	\$9.08	98%
Upper Estimate	\$23,448,000	\$19.76	45%

### Excise Tax

Cigarette tax per pack . . . . .	\$1.00
Rank = 2 (No. 1 is highest tax)	
Number of packages of cigarettes sold and taxed, per capita, 1999 . . . . .	.32.5
Rank = 1 (No. 1 is lowest cigarette sales)	
Federal and state taxes as a percentage of retail price . . . . .	33.2%
Annual gross tax revenue from cigarettes . . . . .	\$38,864,791
Smokeless tobacco tax . . . . .	.40% of wholesale sales price