

## San Diego, California – 2007 (N=190)

Figure A. Age of GISP participants, in years, 2007

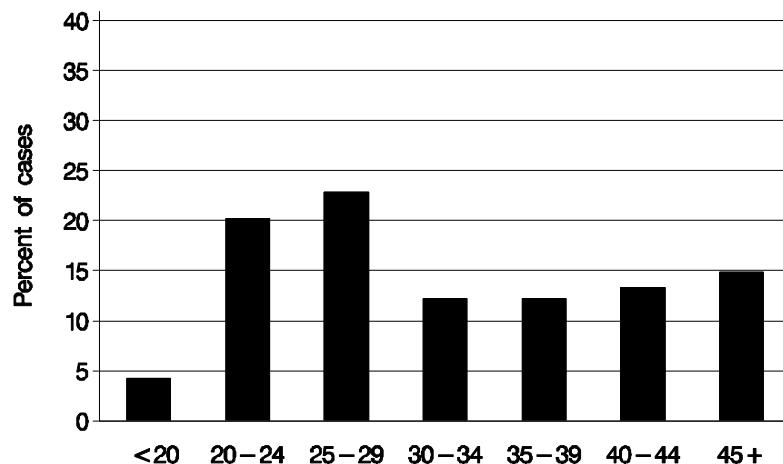


Figure B. Race/ethnicity of GISP participants, 2007

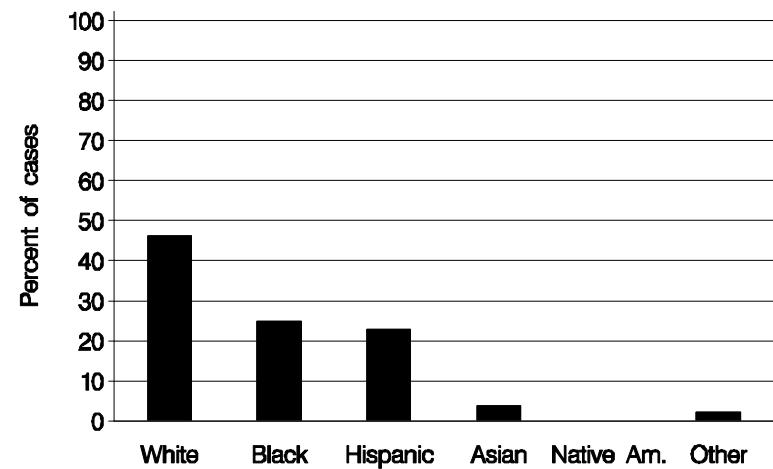


Figure C. Percentage of GISP participants identifying as men who have sex with men, 1988–2007

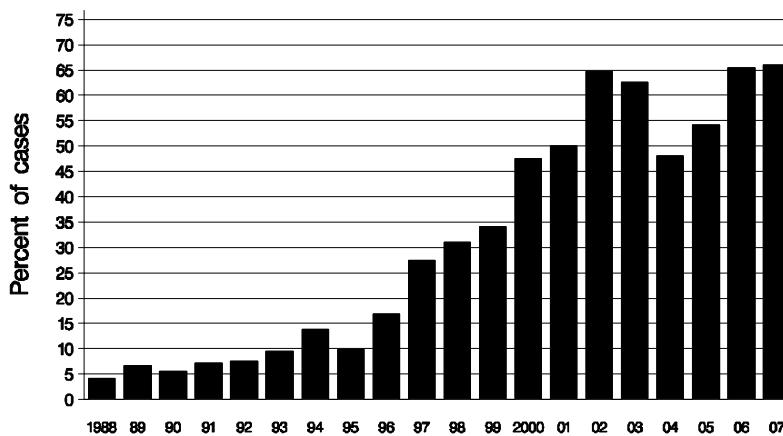
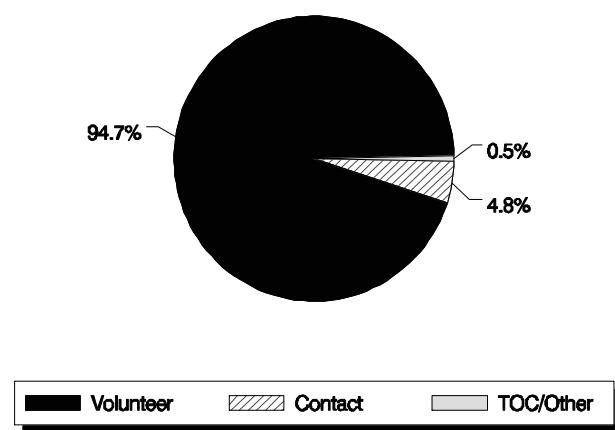
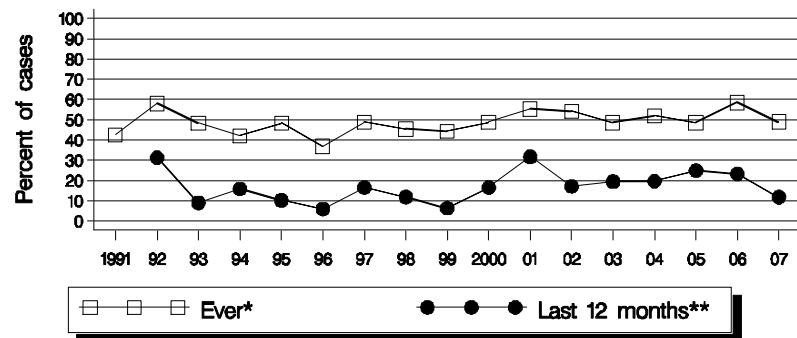


Figure D. Reason for visit among GISP participants, 2007



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**Figure E. Previous episode of gonorrhea among GISP participants, 1991–2007**

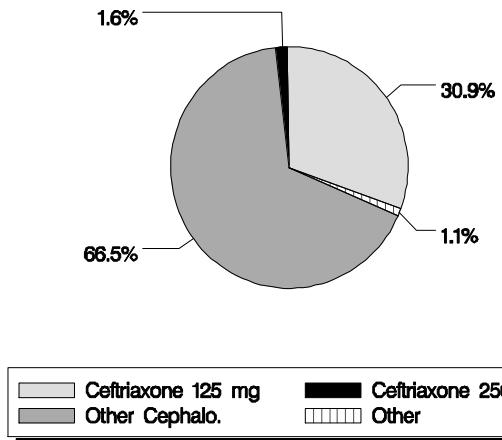


\*Data first collected in 1991.

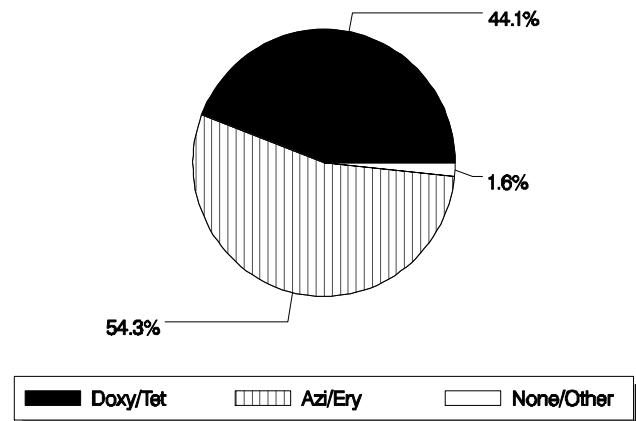
\*\*Data first collected in 1992.

Note: Data points not shown when >30% data missing.

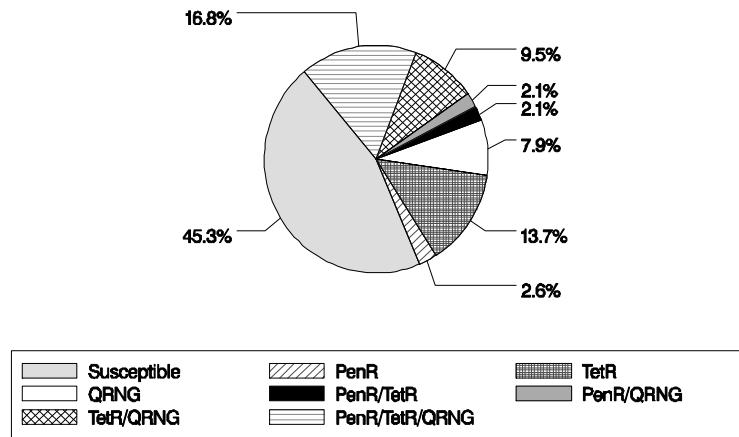
**Figure F. Drugs used to treat gonorrhea among GISP participants, 2007**



**Figure G. Drugs used to treat *Chlamydia trachomatis* infection among GISP participants, 2007**



**Figure H. Resistance to penicillin, tetracycline, and ciprofloxacin among GISP isolates, 2007**

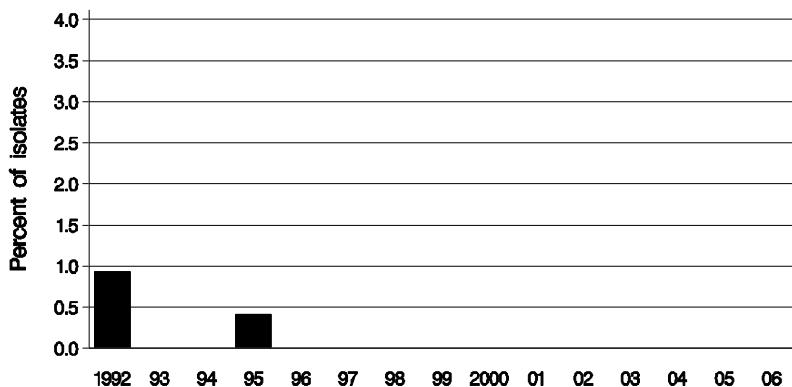


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**Figure I. Decreased susceptibility to ceftriaxone among GISP isolates, 1990–2007**

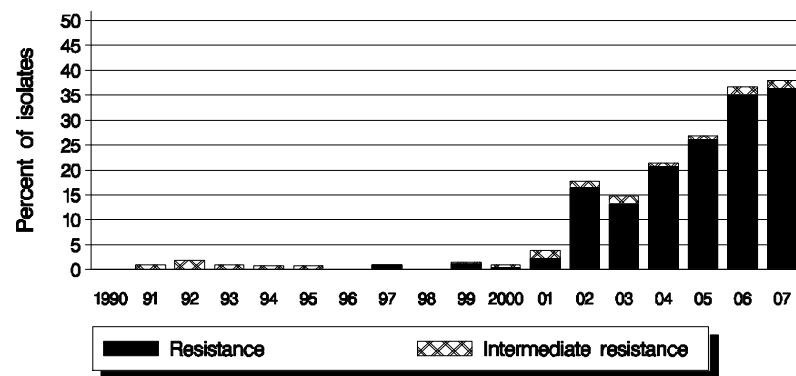
No isolates with decreased susceptibility to ceftriaxone have been identified at this clinic during this time period.

**Figure J. Decreased susceptibility to cefixime among GISP isolates, 1992–2006\***



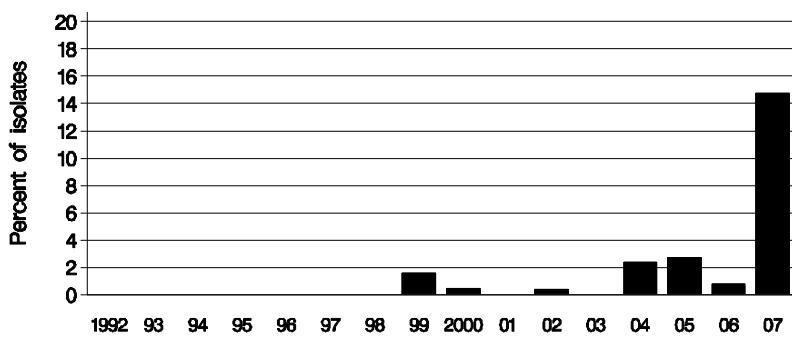
\*Note: Susceptibility testing for cefixime was discontinued in 2007.

**Figure K. Intermediate resistance and resistance to ciprofloxacin among GISP isolates, 1990–2007**



Note: Susceptibility to ciprofloxacin first measured in 1990.

**Figure L. Decreased susceptibility to azithromycin among GISP isolates, 1992–2007**



Note: Susceptibility to azithromycin first measured in 1992.

Note: Decreased susceptibility to azithromycin is defined here as  $\geq 1.0 \mu\text{g/ml}$ . No NCCLS criteria currently exist.