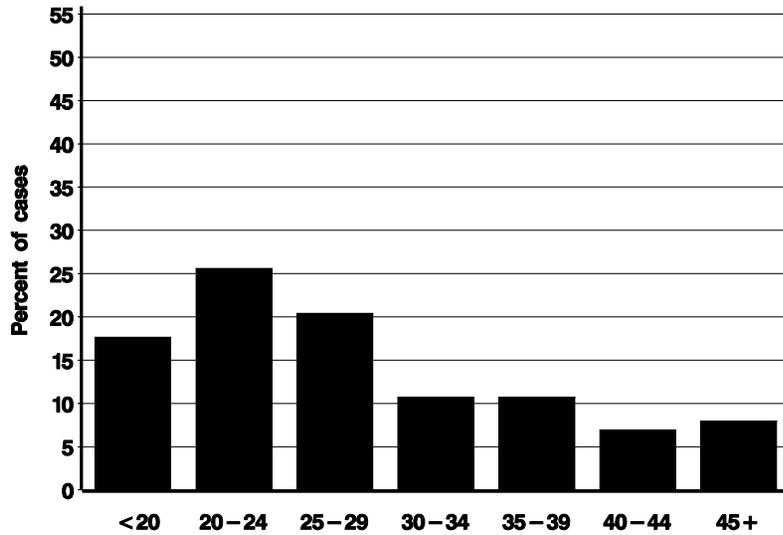
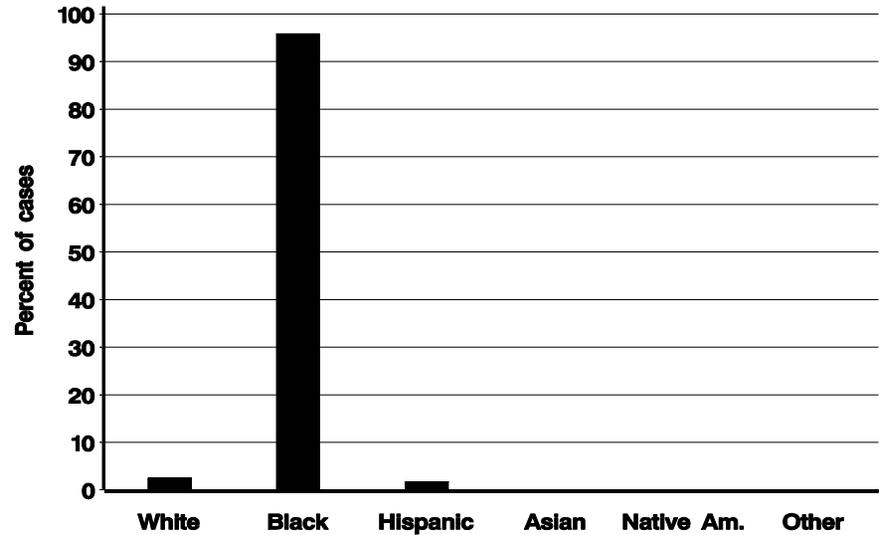


# Kansas City, Missouri – 2001 (N=289)

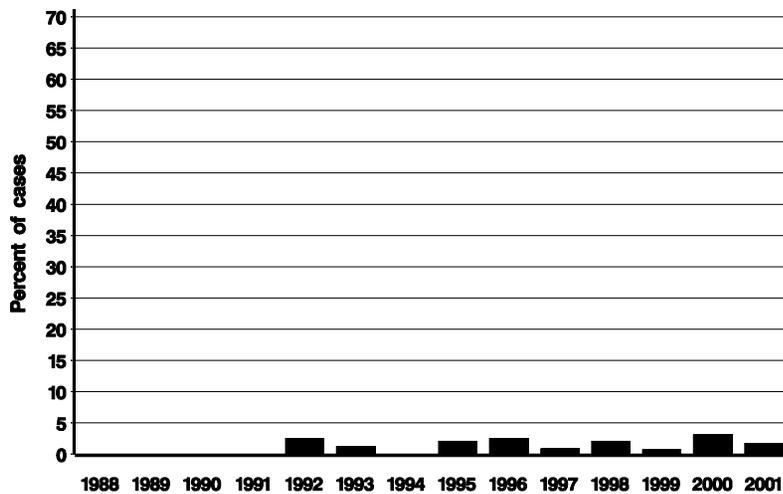
**Figure A. Age of GISP participants, in years, 2001**



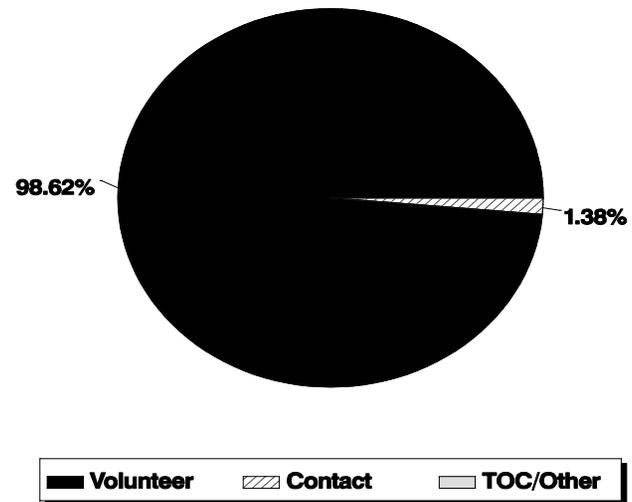
**Figure B. Race/ethnicity of GISP participants, 2001**



**Figure C. Percentage of GISP participants identifying as men who have sex with men, 1988-2001**

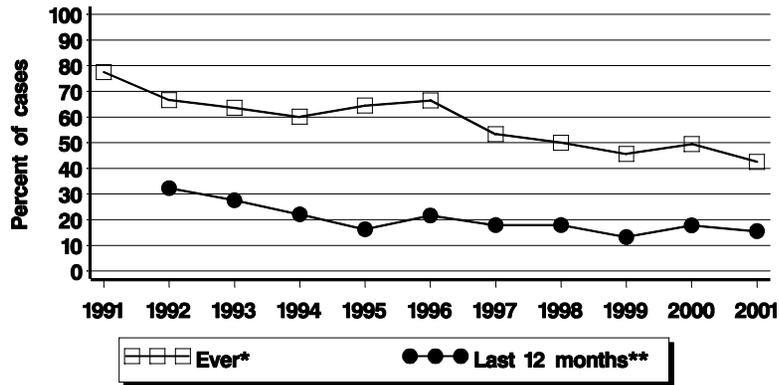


**Figure D. Reason for visit among GISP participants, 2001**



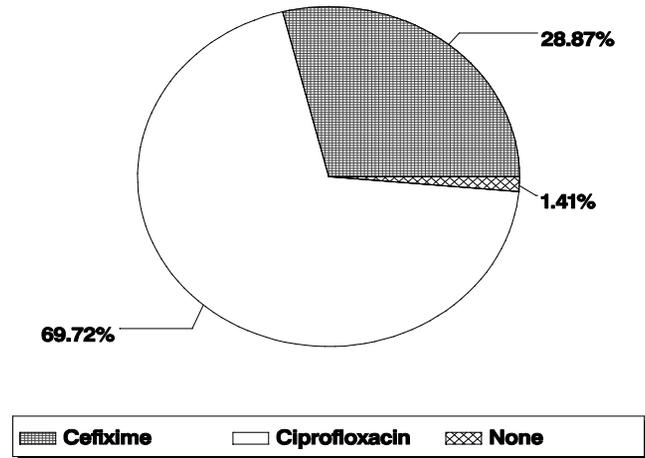
# Kansas City, Missouri – 2001 (N=289)

**Figure E. Previous episode of gonorrhea among GISP participants, 1991 – 2001**

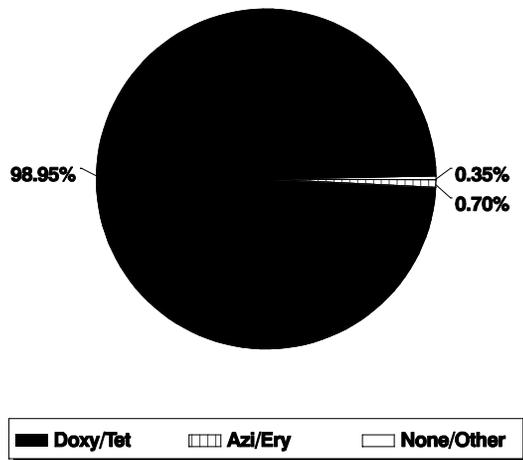


\*Data first collected in 1991.  
 \*\*Data first collected in 1992.  
 Note: Data points not shown when >30% data missing.

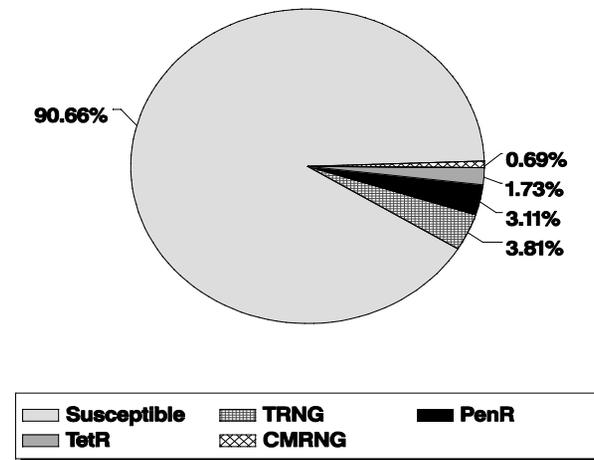
**Figure F. Drugs used to treat gonorrhea among GISP participants, 2001**



**Figure G. Drugs used to treat *Chlamydia trachomatis* infection among GISP participants, 2001**



**Figure H. Resistance to penicillin and tetracycline among GISP isolates, 2001**



**Kansas City, Missouri – 2001 (N=289)**

**Figure I. Decreased susceptibility to ceftriaxone among GISP isolates, 1988–2001**

No isolates with decreased susceptibility to ceftriaxone have been identified at this clinic.

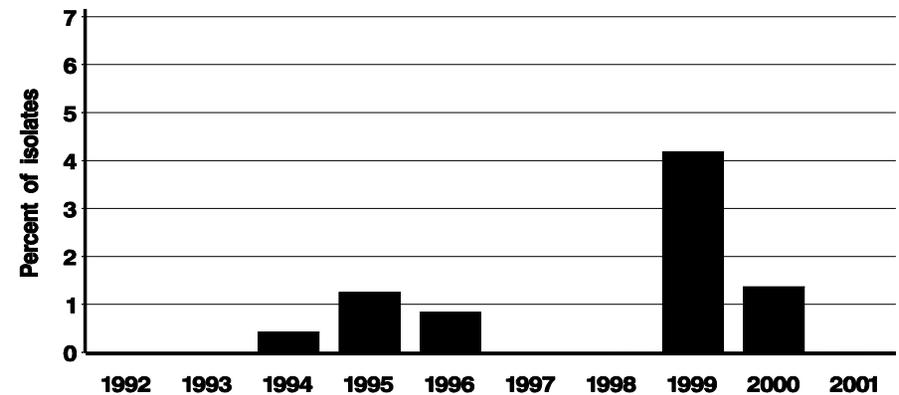
**Figure J. Decreased susceptibility to cefixime among GISP isolates, 1992–2001**

No isolates with decreased susceptibility to cefixime have been identified at this clinic.

**Figure K. Intermediate resistance and resistance to ciprofloxacin among GISP isolates, 1990–2001**

No isolates with intermediate resistance or resistance to ciprofloxacin have been identified at this clinic.

**Figure L. Decreased susceptibility to azithromycin among GISP isolates, 1992–2001**



Note: Susceptibility to azithromycin first measured in 1992.

Note: Decreased susceptibility to azithromycin is defined here as > or = 1.0 ug/ml. No NCCLS criteria currently exist.