

HEALTHY YOUTH DEVELOPMENT-PREVENTION RESEARCH CENTER

PROFILE

Location

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Populations of Focus

adolescents

Topic Areas

youth, child, and adolescent development, education, adolescent health

Primary care providers play a critical role in adolescent health, but they are asked to do a lot in a short amount of time....
With our research, we are trying to find ways to make their work a little easier, to help them provide the high-quality care they strive to deliver."

Christopher J. Mehus, PhD

Core Project Director



HYD-PRC focuses on giving adolescents the skills, opportunities, and support they need to live healthy, meaningful lives.

The University of Minnesota's <u>Healthy Youth Development – Prevention Research</u> <u>Center</u> (HYD-PRC) is one of 26 Prevention Research Centers (PRCs) supported by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) for the 2019–2024 funding cycle. Each PRC is funded to establish and maintain their center and to conduct a core research project. PRCs may receive supplemental funding to conduct additional research projects and activities.

HYD-PRC's mission is to develop and share knowledge and best practices to give adolescents the skills and opportunities necessary to live healthy, meaningful lives. It provides expertise and technical assistance on adolescent health research and supports the widespread use of evidence-based health promotion and disease prevention policies, programs, and practices. The goal is to reduce health disparities among young people in Minnesota.

HYD-PRC's vision is that effective policies, programs, and practices that promote adolescent health, healthy development, and health equity are implemented across Minnesota and the nation. Its research and translation efforts are grounded in a healthy youth development paradigm that views adolescents as resources, full of potential that can be nurtured through intentional strategies and opportunities to build health, competence, and capacity in the second decade of life and beyond.



University of Minnesota

HYD-PRC researchers believe that investing time and money in adolescent health can generate a triple "dividend" for health—during adolescence itself, across the life span, and when adolescents become parents themselves. To help grow these dividends, HYD-PRC partners with local, county, and state health departments; youth-serving organizations; and communities that share its commitment to promoting health, healthy development, and health equity among all young people.

CORE RESEARCH

Each PRC uses a community-engaged approach to conduct one primary applied public health prevention research project called a core research project. Project activities include design, development, implementation, evaluation, and dissemination. PRCs use at least 50% of their CDC funding to conduct the project in partnership with communities.

TALK: Toolkit for Adolescent Care

HYD-PRC's core research project for the 2019–2024 funding cycle expands on an earlier project called the Confidential Adolescent Sexual Health Services (CASH) study. The results of this study showed that parents and teens want to talk with their primary care providers about a wide range

of psychosocial and sexual health topics, but they may not have an opportunity or know how to start. The study also found that most parents are comfortable with one-on-one time between their adolescent and clinician, especially when it is framed as an opportunity to teach adolescents to take more responsibility for their own health.

The new project, <u>TALK</u>: <u>Toolkit for Adolescent Care</u>, is a clinic-level program designed to help rural primary care clinics and clinicians provide high-quality preventive care related to psychosocial and sexual health. It supports conversations between adolescents and parents by:

- Training clinicians to talk about sensitive topics with teens and their parents in supportive and motivating ways.
- Helping clinicians use the information, resources, and talking points in the toolkit to have effective conversations with parents and teens.
- Providing a set of adolescent-friendly clinic practices to make one-on-one time between clinicians and teens standard. These practices include sending a "welcome to adolescent care" letter to parents and teens before adolescent preventive care visits.

The TALK program will be implemented and tested in primary care clinics across Minnesota.

HIGHLIGHTED PUBLICATIONS

Variation in health among unstably housed youth from cities, suburbs, towns, and rural areas

Sexual and reproductive health discussions during preventive visits

COVID-19 and prison policies related to communication with family members

CONTACT INFORMATION

Principal Investigator



Renee Sieving, PhD, RN, FAAN, FSAHM

Department

University of Minnesota

School of Nursing and Medical School

Center Email

sievi001@umn.edu

For more information HYD-PRC and ways to get involved, visit Healthy Youth Development—Prevention Research Center.

ADDITIONAL RESEARCH

PRCs may receive supplemental funding to work on additional research projects each funding cycle. These Special Interest Projects (SIPs) focus on a variety of health topics or gaps in scientific evidence. PRCs can also conduct additional research as part of SIP Thematic Research Networks, which are groups of PRCs working together on related health topics.

2021

PRC Vaccine Confidence Network (PRC VCN)

In April 2021, CDC funded a 12-month award to all 26 PRCs to form the PRC VCN in support of the agency's <u>Vaccinate with Confidence</u> strategy for COVID-19. As part of this network, HYD-PRC is examining vaccine hesitancy to find ways to promote vaccine confidence, increase vaccine uptake, and reduce disparities among incarcerated people and correctional facility staff in Minnesota and among young people experiencing homelessness in Hennepin County, the state's most populous county. The goal is to reduce the incidence of COVID-19 in the United States.

HYD-PRC's strategy includes collecting data to guide tailored media messaging campaigns and in-person vaccination events. It will also collect feedback from affected communities, giving them the opportunity to shape solutions that can be used by public health systems and services.

Use of a Pyramid Mentoring Model to Integrate Social Emotional Learning into Physical Activity Afterschool Programming for Secondary School Students

This SIP will build on community assets by expanding an existing after-school physical activity and nutrition program to include an evidence-based social emotional learning curriculum designed to benefit the health and well-being of adolescents of color with low incomes.

2019

Supporting and Evaluating Initiatives to Prevent Overservice of Alcohol

This SIP seeks to evaluate the effects of Place of Last Drink (POLD) enforcement on alcohol-related traffic crash injuries, deaths, and use of emergency medical services. It is also assessing implementation of POLD enforcement across different communities.

CDC Prevention Research Centers (PRCs) conduct innovative public health research at the community level. The PRC Program is a network of academic research centers in the United States that work with their communities to identify public health problems and develop, test, and evaluate solutions that can be widely shared and applied within the public health system. PRCs research a wide range of health topics and focus on populations experiencing health disparities.

