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# Reporting of Pathology Protocols (RPP) for Colon and Rectum Cancers

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# Importance of Pathology Data for Cancer Registries

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- ◆ **> 90% cancer histologically-confirmed in anatomical pathology laboratories**
- ◆ **Key for timely and complete data**
- ◆ **Rapid reporting capabilities**
  - **For cancers of special interest**

# College of American Pathologists (CAP)

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- ◆ CAP Cancer Committee published the “Reporting on Cancer Specimens Protocols and Case Summaries” - April 1999
- ◆ Purpose – “to aid the surgical pathologists with completeness, accuracy, and uniformity in the reporting of malignant tumor specimens”
- ◆ The cancer protocols - site-specific
- ◆ The associated checklist - synoptic format

# Commission on Cancer (COC) Endorsement

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- ◆ The American College of Surgeons COC endorsed –
- ◆ All hospitals with an approved COC cancer program are required to use these protocols
- ◆ Starting with cancer diagnosed on January 1, 2004

# Colon and Rectum Cancer Checklist

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## Colon and Rectum

Protocol applies to all invasive carcinomas of the colon and rectum. Carcinoid tumors, lymphomas, sarcomas, and tumors of the vermiform appendix are excluded.

*Protocol revision date: January 2004*

*Based on AJCC/UICC TNM, 6th edition*

### Procedures

- **Incisional Biopsy (No Accompanying Checklist)**
- **Excisional Biopsy, Polypectomy**
- **Local Excision (Transanal Disk Excision)**
- **Segmental Resection**
- **Rectal Resection (Low Anterior Resection; Abdominoperineal Resection)**

# Colon and Rectum Cancer Checklist

## COLON AND RECTUM: Polypectomy

Patient name:

Surgical pathology number:

*Note: Check 1 response unless otherwise indicated.*

### MACROSCOPIC

#### Tumor Site

- Cecum
- Right (ascending) colon
- Hepatic flexure
- Transverse colon
- Splenic flexure
- Left (descending) colon
- Sigmoid colon
- Rectum
- Not specified

# Colon and Rectum Cancer Checklist

## Histologic Type

- Adenocarcinoma
- Mucinous adenocarcinoma (greater than 50% mucinous)
- Medullary carcinoma
- Signet-ring cell carcinoma (greater than 50% signet-ring cells)
- Small cell carcinoma
- Undifferentiated carcinoma
- Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_
- Carcinoma, type cannot be determined

## Histologic Grade

- Not applicable
- Cannot be determined
- Low-grade (well to moderately differentiated)
- High-grade (poorly differentiated to undifferentiated)

## Colon Final Diagnosis – Text Narrative

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### DIAGNOSIS:

Colon, right, segmental incision to include appendix and ileum:

Mucinous adenocarcinoma invading through the bowel wall into the pericolonic adipose tissue.

Margins are free of tumor.

Benign appendix.

All of twenty-two lymph nodes are free of tumor.

TNM stage pT3 pNO pMX

# SNOMED CT Encoded CAP Checklist

MACROSCOPIC [F-048D6, 395526000] *Macroscopic specimen observable (observable entity)*

TUMOR SITE [R-0025A, 371480007] *Tumor site (observable entity)*

\_\_\_ Cecum [T-59100, 32713005] *Cecum structure (body structure)*

\_\_\_ **Right (ascending) colon** [T-59400, 51342009] ***Right colon structure (body structure)***

\_\_\_ Hepatic flexure [T-59438, 48338005] *Structure of right colic flexure (body structure)*

\_\_\_ Transverse colon [T-59440, 485005] *Transverse colon structure (body structure)*

\_\_\_ Splenic flexure [T-59442, 72592005] *Structure of left colic flexure (body structure)*

\_\_\_ Left (descending) colon [T-59450, 55572008] *Left colon structure (body structure)*

\_\_\_ Sigmoid colon [T-59470, 60184004] *Sigmoid colon structure (body structure)*

\_\_\_ Rectum [T-59600, 34402009] *Rectum structure (body structure)*

\_\_\_ Not specified [T-59000, 14742008] *Large intestinal structure (body structure)*

# SNOMED CT Encoded CAP Checklist

**HISTOLOGIC TYPE [R-00257, 371441004] *Histologic type (observable entity)***

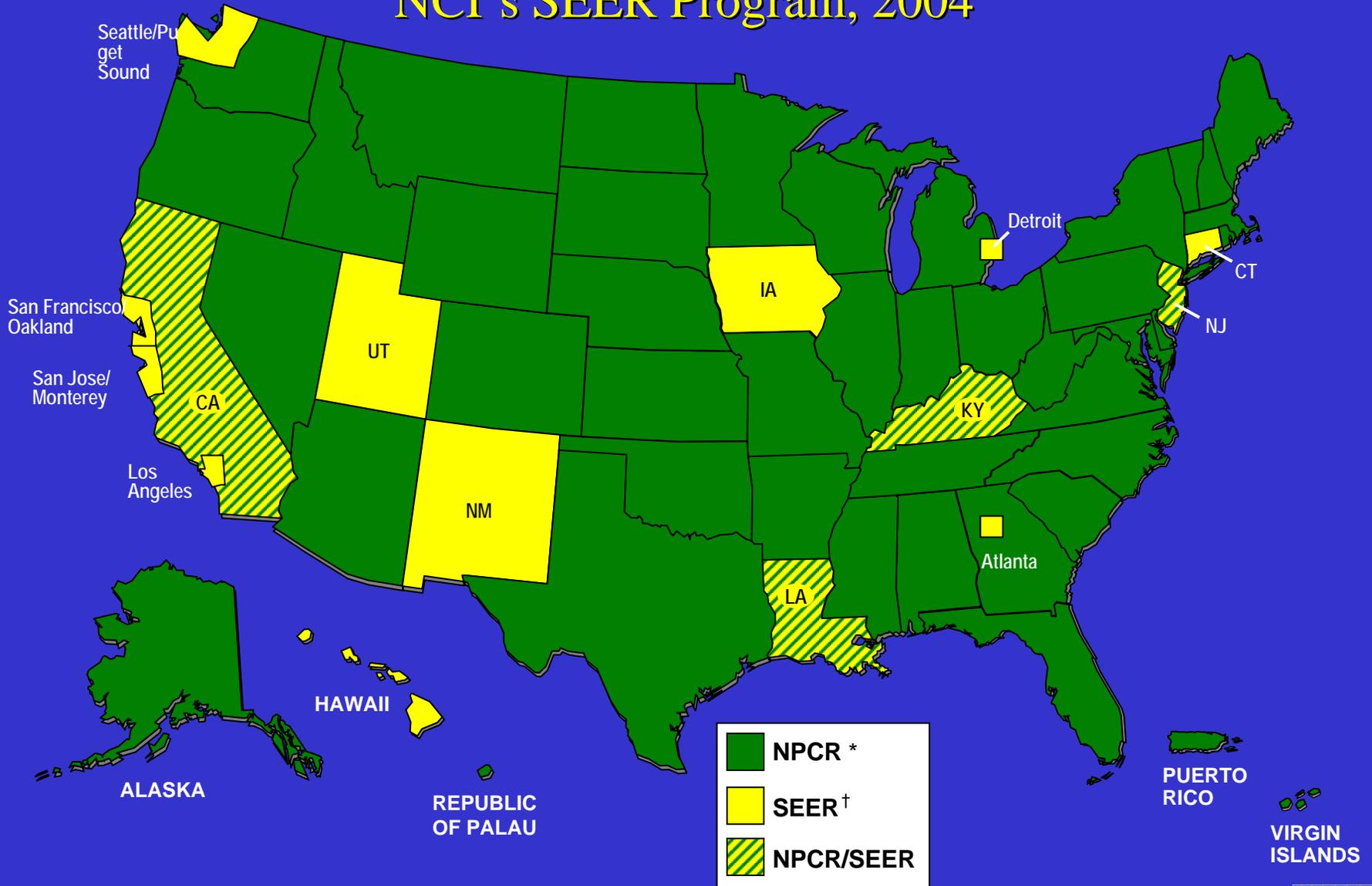
- Adenocarcinoma [M-81403, 35917007] *Adenocarcinoma, no subtype (morphologic abnormality)***
- Mucinous adenocarcinoma (greater than 50% mucinous) [M-84803, 72495009] *Mucinous adenocarcinoma (morphologic abnormality)***
- Medullary carcinoma [M-85103, 32913002] *Medullary carcinoma (morphologic abnormality)***
- Signet-ring cell carcinoma (greater than 50% signet-ring cells) [M-84903, 87737001] *Signet ring cell carcinoma (morphologic abnormality)***
- Small cell carcinoma [M-80413, 74364000] *Small cell carcinoma (morphologic abnormality)***
- Undifferentiated carcinoma [M-80203, 38549000] *Carcinoma, undifferentiated (morphologic abnormality)***
- Other (specify):  *not coded***
- Carcinoma, type cannot be determined [M-80103, 68453008] *Carcinoma, no subtype (morphologic abnormality)***

# Messaging Standard

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- ◆ **Health Level 7, Version 2.3.1 (HL7)**
- ◆ **Logical Observations and Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC)**
  - **Question – Data Item Name - Header - Metadata**
- ◆ **Systematic Nomenclature of Medicine, Clinical Terms (SNOMED CT)**
  - **Answer – Data Item Codes - Checkable line item - Data**

# CDC's NPCR Program and NCI's SEER Program, 2004



# Funds Awarded – A Pilot Project

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## ◆ 2001 – DCPC Funded

- California Department of Health Services

- Ohio Department of Health

## ◆ 3 Year Project Period

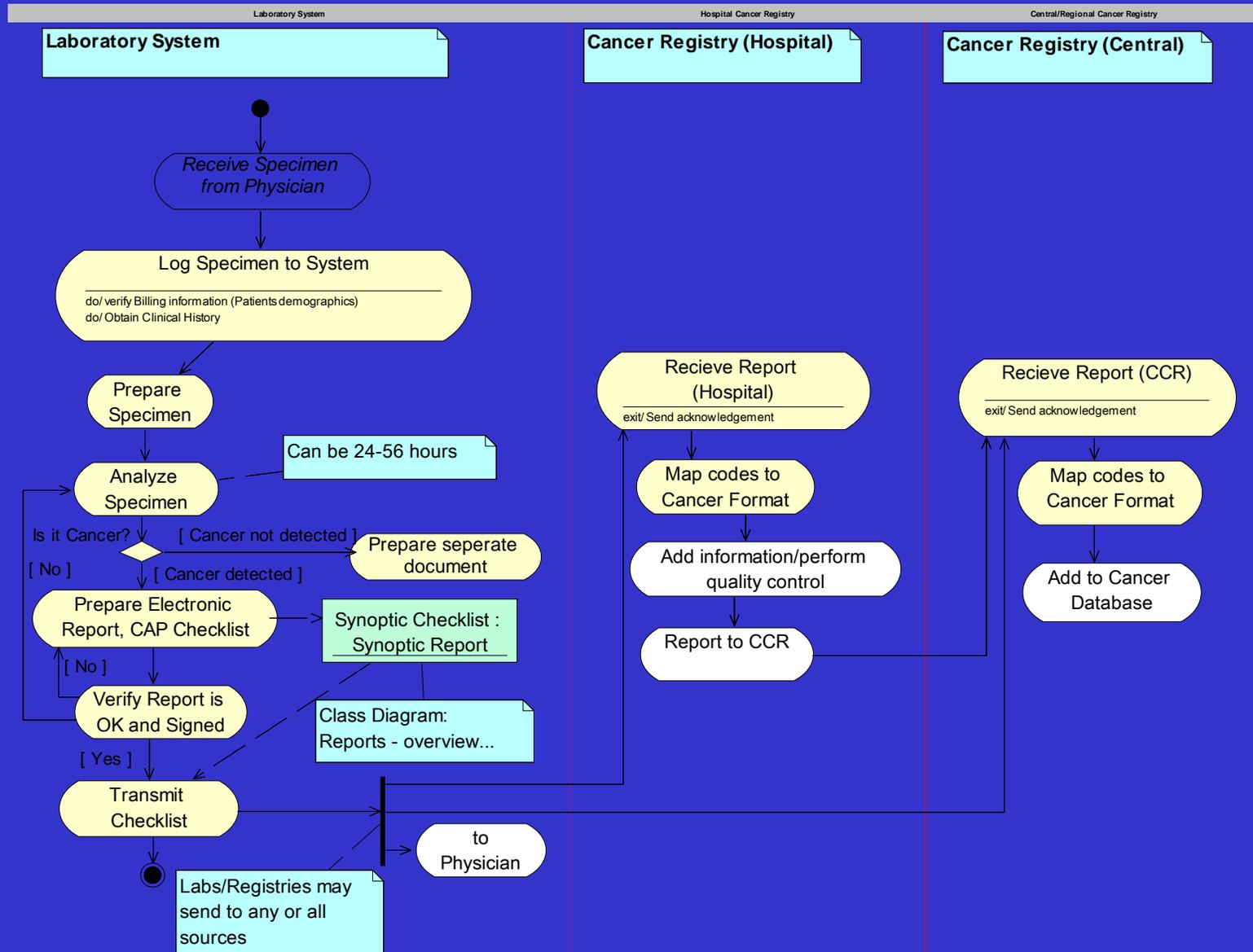
## ◆ CAP Colon and Rectum Cancer Protocols and Checklist

# Objectives

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- ◆ Compare completeness, timeliness, and quality of synoptic checklists with traditional text-based narrative reports
- ◆ Provide input to help promote the implementation of the CAP Cancer Protocols and Checklists among
  - Pathologists
  - Cancer Registrars
  - National Cancer Organizations
  - CAP

# General Reporting Pathology Protocols Workflow



# Implementation Tables

## OBX Segments with SNOMED and LOINC codes

RPP Item #	Proposed Item Name for Messaging	CAP Checklist Item Name	LOINC code	Data type	SNOMED code
4	Tumor Site	Tumor Site	33725-3	CE	263601005
11	Histologic Type	Histologic Type	31205-8	CWE	371441004
13	Histologic Grade (hi/low)	Histologic Grade	33732-9	CWE	371469007

**Barry Gordon**

## Implementation Tables

### RPP Fields to HL7 Segments

HL7 ID Number	HL7 Name	HL7 Req	RPP Req	Cerner uses	Calif. Uses	contents, format, or example	Data Type
MSH:01	Field Separator	R	R	R	R		ST
MSH:02	Encoding Characters	R	R	R	R	"^~&"	ST
MSH:03	Sending Application	R	R	R	R	"CNETRPP" or "CoPathPlus"	HD
MSH:04	Sending Facility	R	R	?	R	Path Facility ID # (CLIA #) Name^Code^CLIA	HD
MSH:05	Receiving Application	O	O	Y	Y	e.g. "Cancer Registry Application"	HD
MSH:06	Receiving Facility	O	O	Y	Y	"UCI" or 'State Cancer Registry'	HD
MSH:07	Date/Time of Message	R	R	R	R	YYYYMMDDHH MMSS	TS

**Barry Gordon**

# HL7 Message

MSH|^~\&|CoPathPlus||Cancer Registry Application|State Cancer  
Registry|20040128094300||ORU^R01|1700000000169|P|2.3.1  
PID|1||077777777^U||LASTNAME^FIRSTNAME^J.||1111111|M||ZEO-  
1|||||111-11-1111  
ORC|RE||SS01-  
26488^CoPathPlus||CM|||200401131614|^Manager^System||45599^GOEL^  
AMITABH|||||ORDERING FACILITY NAME|ORDERING FACILITY  
ADDRESS|ORDERING FACILITY PHONE|ORDERING PROVIDER  
ADDRESS  
OBR|1||SS01-26488^CoPathPlus|^UHC Surgical Pathology  
Department||200110160000|||||200110170000|COLONX&Colon Right  
micolectomy|45599|||||200401271230||SP|F|||||12198^LASTNAME^JOSEPH  
|12198^LASTNAME^JOSEPH |||||||R-10119^^SNM  
OBX|1|CE|33722-  
0^ColonSpecType^LN||122648004^RightHemicolectomy^SNM|||||F  
OBX|18|CE|33725-3^ColonTumorSite^LN|  
|51342009^RightAscendingColon^SNM|||||F  
OBX|22|CE|31205-8^ColonHistoType^LN|  
|35917007^Adenocarcinoma^SNM|||||F

# Ohio Evaluation Measures

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## ◆ Completeness/Quality:

- Lab/OCISS Assessment of Quality, Completeness
- Physician Assessment of Quality of Checklist
- Pathologists Assessment of Quality of Checklist

## ◆ Timeliness:

- Survey pathology staff and cancer registrars entering data

# California Evaluation Measures

- ◆ Completeness: Does the checklist provide the necessary information to code the state-required extent of disease data item?
- ◆ Timeliness/Efficiency:
  - Does it take less time for the cancer registrar to abstract information from the CAP checklist as opposed to the narrative pathology report?
  - Does it take less time for the pathologist to complete the CAP checklist as opposed to a narrative pathology report?
- ◆ Quality/Accuracy:
  - Are the codes generated for certain data items from the CAP checklist as accurate as the codes produced by cancer registry staff?
  - Does using the checklist format enhance the quality of the data?

# California: Quality/Accuracy Measure

- ◆ Does using the checklist format enhance the quality of the data?
  - Process: Using narrative pathology reports from the previous year, complete a checklist for each report.
  - Analysis: Identify the data items on the checklist that could not be completed using the narrative

# California Preliminary Results

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- ◆ **Process:** Using narrative pathology reports from the previous year, complete a checklist for each report.
  - **2002 Colon & Rectum Cases, N = 42**
  - **17 non-eligible (surgery elsewhere, appendix, bx only)**
  - **25 eligible (23 resection, 2 local excision, 0 polypectomy)**

**Kathleen Davidson-Allen**

# California Preliminary Results

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◆ **Analysis:** Identify the data items on the checklist that could not be completed using the narrative

- **Resection Checklist (N=22\*):**

- **15 required data items – 94% were completed**

- **12 non-required data items – 28% were completed**

(\*waiting for correct pathology report)

**Kathleen Davidson-Allen**

# California Preliminary Results

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## Resection Checklist

- ◆ Required data items missing (9 reports)
  - specify margin, N=8 (submitted w/o orientation)
  - distance tumor from margin, N=4
  - lymphatic invasion, N=3
  - venous invasion, N=3
  - grade, N=1
  - size, N=1

**Kathleen Davidson-Allen**

# Lessons Learned and Questions

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- ◆ Checklists originally designed - paper form
- ◆ Checklists evolve:
  - Collaborative Stage – Checklist Identifier
- ◆ Implementation Tables Developed:
  - OBX and other HL7 segments
- ◆ What type of text? Clinical History?
- ◆ Conformance software
- ◆ Need to address “Addendums”

## Lessons Learned and Questions

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- ◆ Checklists ~90% of all cancers, Remaining ~10%?
- ◆ Cost to pathology laboratory
  - Fee to use SNOMED CT encoded Checklist
- ◆ Do we need a system to identify the SNOMED Encoded Checklist?
- ◆ HL7 message with LOINC and SNOMED
  - Encoded Checklists SNOMED CT codes: question and answer

# Acknowledgements: RPP Team

## ◆ California

- Kathleen Davidson-Allen, California Cancer Registry
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- Larry Derrick, Rocky Mountain Cancer Data System
- Georgette Haydu and Bette Smith, OCISS
- Pat Patterson, University Hospital of Cleveland

## ◆ SNOMED

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## ◆ CDC

- Warren Williams, National Immunization Program

# Contact

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# Addendum

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◆ If Questions?

# Colon and Rectum: Resection Checklist

## Required Data Elements (N=15):

- ◆ Specimen type
- ◆ Tumor site
- ◆ Tumor size
- ◆ Histologic type
- ◆ Histologic grade
- ◆ Primary tumor
- ◆ Regional lymph nodes
- ◆ Specify, examined (regional lymph nodes)
- ◆ Specify, involved (regional lymph nodes)
- ◆ Distant metastasis
- ◆ Margins
- ◆ Distance of tumor from closest margin
- ◆ Specify margin
- ◆ Lymphatic invasion
- ◆ Venous invasion

# Colon and Rectum: Resection Checklist

## Non-required Data Elements (N=12\*):

- ◆ Length (specimen type)
- ◆ Tumor configuration
- ◆ Additional dimensions (tumor size)
- ◆ Mesorectum
- ◆ pT3 a/b and pT3 c/d
- ◆ Specify site (distant metastasis)
- ◆ Intramural/extramural (lymphatic invasion)
- ◆ Intramural/extramural (venous invasion)
- ◆ Perineural invasion
- ◆ Tumor border configuration
- ◆ Intratumoral/peritumoral lymphocytic response
- ◆ Additional pathologic findings

\*\*January 2004: N=13 (Mesenteric margin added)