Form 52.13 National Outbreak Reporting System (NORS) Appendix

Signs and Symptoms: <u>Choose all that apply</u>. NORS users may enter new signs and symptoms if it is not listed below.

Abdominal Cramps Alopecia (absence of hair) Anaphylaxis Anorexia Appendicitis Arthralgia Asymptomatic Ataxia Backache Bedridden Bloating Blood pressure flux Bloody Stools Bloody vomitus Blurred vision Body ache Bradycardia **Bullous skin lesions** Burnina Burns in mouth Chest pain Chills Coma Congestion Couah Dark Urine Dehydration **Descending paralysis** Diarrhea Difficulty breathing Difficulty swallowing **Dilated pupils** Diplopia (double vision) Disoriented Dizziness Dry mouth Dysconjugate gaze Dysesthesia (impairment of a sense, esp. touch) Ear ache Ears ringing Edema Eosinophil Erythemia Excess saliva Eye problems

Facial weakness Faintness Fasiculations (bundling nerve/muscle fibers) Fatigue Fever Flushina Gas Hallucinations Headache Heartburn Hemorrhage Histamine reaction Hives Hoarse Hot flash/flush HUS (Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome) Hypotension Insomnia Itching Jaundice Joint pain Lethargy Light-headed Liver necrosis Loss of appetite Loss of consciousness Lymphandenopathy Malaise Memory loss Meningitis Mucus Mucus in stool Muscle breakdown Muscle fatigue Muscle spasm Myalgia Nausea Neurological symptoms Nightmares Numbness Oral Swelling Pain Palpitations Paralysis

Paresthesia Periorbital edema Pharyngitis Photophobia Prostration Ptosis Quadriplegia Rapid pulse Rash Redness Respiratory arrest Rhinitis Seizures Septicemia Shakes Shock Shortness of breath Sore throat Speech difficulty Stiff neck Stiffness Stomach ache Sweating Swelling Swollen glands Swollen tongue Tachycardia **Taste Disturbance** Temperature reversal Temperature variant Thick tongue Thirst Thrombocytopenia Tingling Trembling TTP (Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura) Urinary problems Urticaria Vomiting Weak pulse Weakness Weight loss Wheezing

Reason(s) suspected: Choose all that apply.

- 1 Statistical evidence from epidemiological investigation
- 2 Laboratory evidence (e.g., identification of agent in food)
- 3 Compelling supportive information
- 4 Other data (e.g., same phage type found on farm that supplied eggs)
- 5 Specific evidence lacking but prior experience makes it likely source

Method of processing (Prior to point-of-service: Processor): Choose all that apply.

- 1 Pasteurized (e.g., liquid milk, cheese, and juice etc)
- 2 Unpasteurized (e.g., liquid milk, cheese, and juice etc)
- 3 Shredded or diced
- 4 Pre-packaged (e.g., bagged lettuce or other produce)
- 5 Irradiation
- 6 Pre-washed
- 7 Frozen
- 8 Canned
- 9 Acid treatment (e.g., commercial potato salad with vinegar, etc)
- 10 Pressure treated (e.g., oysters, etc)
- 11 None or Unknown

Method of Preparation (At point-of-service: Retail: restaurant, grocery store): <u>Select only one</u> 1 – Prepared in the home

2 – Ready to eat food: No manual preparation, No cook step. (e.g., sliced cheese, pre-packaged deli meats; whole raw fruits; pre-shucked raw oysters, etc)

3 – Ready to eat food: Manual preparation, No cook step. (e.g., cut fresh fruits and vegetables, chicken salad made from canned chicken, etc)

4 – Cook and Serve Foods: Immediate service. (e.g., soft-cooked eggs, hamburgers, etc)

5 – Cook and hot hold prior to service. (e.g., soups, hot vegetables, mashed potatoes, etc)

6 - Advance preparation: Cook, cool, serve (e.g., sliced roast beef from a whole cooked roast, etc)

7 - Advance preparation: Cook, cool, reheat, serve (e.g., casseroles, soups, sauces, chili, etc)

8 – Advance preparation: Cook, cool, reheat, hot hold, serve (e.g., chili, refried beans, etc)

9 – Advance preparation: Cook-chill and Reduced Oxygen Packaging (ROP) (e.g., sauces, gravies, cheeses, etc packaged under ROP)

10 – None or Unknown

Level of preparation: Select only one

- 1 Foods eaten raw with minimal or no processing. (e.g., washing, cooling)
- 2 Foods eaten raw with some processing. (e.g., no cooking, fresh cut and/or packaged raw)
- 3 Foods eaten heat processed. (e.g., cooked: a microbiological kill step was involved in processing)

Contributing Factors: Choose all that apply.

Contamination Factors:

C1 – Toxic substance part of the tissue

C2 – Poisonous substance intentionally/deliberately added

C3 – Poisonous substance accidentally/inadvertently added

- C4 Addition of excessive quantities of ingredients that are toxic in large amounts
- C5 Toxic container
- C6 Contaminated raw product food was intended to be consumed after a kill step

C7 – Contaminated raw product – food was intended to be consumed raw or undercooked/underprocessed

C8 – Foods originating from sources shown to be contaminated or polluted (such as a growing field or harvest area)

- C9 Cross-contamination of ingredients (cross-contamination does not include ill food workers)
- C10 Bare-hand contact by a food handler/worker/preparer who is suspected to be infectious
- C11 Glove-hand contact by a food handler/worker/preparer who is suspected to be infectious

C12 – Other mode of contamination (excluding cross-contamination) by a food handler/worker/preparer who is suspected to be infectious

C13 - Foods contaminated by non-food handler/worker/preparer who is suspected to be infectious

C14 – Storage in contaminated environment

C15 – Other source of contamination

C-N/A – Contamination Factors - Not Applicable

Proliferation/Amplification Factors:

P1 – Food preparation practices that support proliferation of pathogens (during food preparation)

P2 – No attempt was made to control the temperature of implicated food or the length of time food was out of temperature control (during food service or display of food)

P3 – Improper adherence of approved plan to use Time as a Public Health Control

P4 - Improper cold holding due to malfunctioning refrigeration equipment

P5 – Improper cold holding due to an improper procedure or protocol

P6 – Improper hot holding due to malfunctioning equipment

P7- Improper hot holding due to improper procedure or protocol

P8 – Improper/slow cooling

P9 – Prolonged cold storage

P10 – Inadequate modified atmosphere packaging

P11 – Inadequate processing (acidification, water activity, fermentation)

P12 - Other situations that promoted or allowed microbial growth or toxic production

P-N/A – Proliferation/Amplification Factors - Not Applicable

Survival Factors:

S1 - Insufficient time and/or temperature control during initial cooking/heat processing

S2 – Insufficient time and/or temperature during reheating

S3 – Insufficient time and/or temperature control during freezing

S4 – Insufficient or improper use of chemical processes designed for pathogen destruction

S5 – Other process failures that permit pathogen survival

S-N/A - Survival Factors - Not Applicable