

# **Self-Contained Atmospheric Protective Ensemble (SCAPE) Propellant Handlers Ensemble (PHE)**

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## ◆ Self Contained Atmospheric Protective Ensemble (SCAPE)

- Predates Shuttle Operations (1960s)
- Equipment has evolved to accommodate the needs for all programs
- Current SCAPE (Propellant Handlers Ensemble (PHE)) have been in use since 1987
- Used in IDLH Environments

## ◆ Available in two modes

- Category I: Self Contained Environmental Control Unit (ECU)
  - Mobile; not attached to an external air source
  - Internal Cryogenic Air Supply, ECU
- Category IV: Airline Supplied
  - Airline Supply Required
  - Portable Air Supply Required for Ingress/Egress

## ◆ Features of the SCAPE-PHE

- Detachable, variable sized boots and gloves
- “Bubble” or Flat Visor
- Internal Air Distribution System

# Category I SCAPE-PHE

Kennedy Space Center

KSC Institutional Services Contract



Figure 1a



# Category I SCAPE-PHE

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## ◆ Environmental Control Unit

- Utilizes Locally Manufactured Liquid Air (20% - 30% Oxygen)



# Category IV SCAPE-PHE

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# Category IV SCAPE-PHE



- ◆ Research for an improved ensemble began in late 1970s and was driven by:
  - NIOSH (78-172 and 76-149) recommended changes in Allowable Exposure Limits for fuels and oxidizer used by NASA and the Air Force
  - An incident involving a Rocket Fuel Handler's Coverall (RFHCO) in an Air Force TITAN Missile Silo and personnel injury

## ◆ Design Challenges and Design Requirements

- Single Point Failure Mode
- Glove and Boot Disconnects and Seals
- Visor
- Vent Valves
- Suit Fabric
- Gloves
- Torso Closure
- Communications
- Emergency Air Supply

## ◆ Program Execution

- Survey of users of protective suits in propellant operations and of suit/component manufacturers
- Test program to evaluate propellant resistance and other characteristics of candidate materials and components for an improve suit
- Specification prepared to define and describe an improved ensemble

## ◆ Single Point Failure Mode

- Prevent/Minimize circulation of toxic vapors in the head area (breathing zone) in the event of a puncture or tear of the suit material
  - Evaluated manual mode change to head-only air
  - Evaluated neck ring with air to head first
  - Evaluated automatic mode change to head-only air
  - Evaluated internal face mask
- Design Preference
  - Manual Mode change to head-only air
  - Distribute 60% of air supply to head area at all times

## ◆ Glove and Boot Disconnects and Seals

- Prevent Liquid Impingement
- Visual and mechanical indicators that ensure reliable connections
- Design Preference
  - Aluminum Quick Disconnects with O-Ring Seal

## ◆ Gloves

- Glove thickness limited dexterity and material became “sticky” when exposed to high concentrations of oxidizer
- Design Preference
  - The current glove was selected because it was the only one that adequately resisted propellants

## ◆ Suit Fabric

- Develop a more “Robust” fabric
- Improve Flammability
- Improve Maintenance
- Design Preference
  - Thicker Fabric developed which incorporates a wear-indicator
  - Validated protection through Permeation Testing and Physical Properties Testing
  - Reasonable flame resistance

## ◆ Visor

- Minimize/Prevent scratches
- Improve Chemical Resistance
- Design Preference
  - Polycarbonate material with Chemical Resistant Hard Coating

## ◆ Vent Valves

- Prevent vapor migration under steady state venting and negative pressure scenarios
- Testing performed in the NASA Lab using Helium to determine flow characteristics
- Design Preference
  - Implemented a diaphragm-type exhaust valve with a relief valve cover to direct air flow and provide impingement protection

## ◆ Torso Closure

- Current closure design worked against the positive pressure of the suit
- Design Preference
  - Selected a zip-lock style closure with zipper reinforcement

## ◆ Communications

- Focus on standard system that would be common to all users
- Design Preference
  - Selected a headset and connecting cable to a bulkhead feedthrough on the garment fabric
  - External bulkhead connector allows for adaptation to other communications systems

## ◆ Emergency Air Supply

- Provide egress capability in the event of breathing air supply failure
- Design Preference
  - Internally worn Emergency Air Supply with SCUBA mouthpiece originally designed
  - Unit increased ensemble weight and was discontinued
  - Egress capability accomplished through SCAPE Ventilators

# Performance Validation of the SCAPE-PHE

## ◆ Protection factor testing

- Overall Protection Factor of 50,000 for preoperational and operational exercises in Category I and Category IV Modes

## ◆ Physiological Testing

- High and Low Temperature Operation Tests
- Manned and Unmanned Carbon Dioxide Tests
- ECU Testing in non-vertical attitudes

## ◆ Other Testing

- Liquid Impingement Testing of ensemble from all attitudes
- Ensemble Exposure Testing
- Ensemble Fire Testing

# Maintenance Testing of the SCAPE-PHE

- ◆ Maintenance testing validates continued performance:
  - Light Inspection (small holes)
  - Visual Inspection - Material degradation and damage identified
  - Ensemble Leak Test
  - Airline Flow Test
  - Exhaust Valve Reverse Flow (Leak) Test
  - Quality Inspection/Verification
  - Boots and Gloves tested individually