### Description

A frequency table is an organized display of counts and percentages. The data are organized by a row variable and a column variable, and the frequency table provides a count of the number of observations in the data set that meet the specifications of both the row and column variables.

The Antimicrobial Resistance (AR) Frequency Table report will allow you to analyze AR events from your facility (or group) in which a specific antimicrobial resistant organism (or "phenotype") was identified. CDC has defined 16 AR Option phenotypes of epidemiologic importance; the analysis output options will display data from these 16 phenotypes by default. Criteria and definitions for the pre-defined phenotypes can be found here: https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/pdfs/ps-analysis-resources/aur/ar-phenotype-definitions-508.pdf.

For a general, step-by-step explanation of the NHSN modification screen, refer to this document: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/pdfs/ps-analysis-resources/howtomodifyreport.pdf.</u>

#### Example

Suppose you are interested in looking at the distribution of Antimicrobial Resistance (AR) Option events that met the NHSN AR Organisms definitions across each calendar year, by the location types in your facility.

After generating data sets, to run a frequency table report, click Analysis > Reports > Antimicrobial Use and Resistance Module > Antimicrobial Resistance Data. After selecting the report, in this case, "Frequency Table – Antimicrobial Resistant Organisms," a pop-up box will appear that will allow you to "Run Report," "Modify Report," or "Export Data Set." Select "Modify Report" to customize your report.





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#### **Modifying the Report**

When you choose to modify the report, the modification screen appears showing multiple tabs containing available modifications for the given report. The "Title/Format" tab allows you to update the report title and select the format in which you want the report displayed, such as HTML or PDF. To filter the data by time period, choose the "Time Period" tab at the top of the page. In this example, we have limited the report to include only AR organisms that were collected from 2016 through 2018 (Spec Collected~Year Beginning = 2016 and Ending = 2018).

**Tip:** For more descriptive variable labels on your report, check the box "Show descriptive variable names" that appears near the top of the modification window (recommended).

Show descriptive v	ariable names (I	Print List)	Analysis Data Set: Antibiogram_AR	Type: Frequency Table	Data Set Generated On: 12/10/2018 16:29:0
Title/Format	Time Period	Filters	Display Options		
Time Period:					
Date Va	riable	Beginnir	ng Ending	terres for second statements	1
Spec Collected	-Year 🗸	2016	2018	Clear Time Period	
Enter Date v	ariable/Time p	eriod at the ti	me you click the Run button		

The "Filters" tab allows you to further filter the data that will be displayed in the report. The frequency table report defaults automatically to filter the output for specific AR Organisms. We will use this default.

**Tip:** For including just one item in each filter such as a single phenotype, the "equal" operator can be used instead of the "in" operator.

/ Show de	escriptive variable names (Print List) Analysis Data Set: Antibiogram_AR Type: Frequency Table Data Set Generated On: 12/10/2018 16:2	29:0
Title/Fo	rmat Time Period Filters Display Options	
Additio	nal Filters: Clear	
AND	OR Add group	
A	ND OR Add rule	
	Resistant Organism V III V	
	Ficture ded another provide a solution to a	
	Extended spectrum cephalosporin-resistant E.coli V X	
	Extended-spectrum cephalosponn-resistant kiebsiena preumoniae/oxytoca	
	Carbapenem-non-susceptible Acinetobacter spp.	
	Carbapeneni-non-susceptible Pseudomonas aeruginosa V X,	
TL	Multidrug-resistant Acinetobacter spp.	
	Multidrug-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa VX,	
	Vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus faecium VI,	
	Vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus faecalis VI,	
	Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae (expanded)	
	Fluconazole-resistant Candida albicans/auris/glabrata/parapsilosis/tropicalis YX,	



The "Display Options" tab allows you to customize the variables to display in your report. In our example, we used the default "Resistant Organism" for Row, selected "Spec Collected~Year" for Column, and selected "Location Type" for Page by drop downs. Additional selections are available below the Frequency Table Options and Two-Way Table Options for even more customization.

*Tip:* Not sure of the meaning of the variables in the list? Use the variable reference list: http://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/pdfs/ps-analysis-resources/varlabelxref-ps\_current.pdf.

lodify "Frequency Table - Antimicrobi	ial Resistant Orga	anisms"				
✓ Show descriptive variable names (Print I	List)	Analysis Data Set: Antibio	ogram_AR <b>Type:</b> Free	quency Table	Data Set Generated On: 11/29/	2018 10:25:00
Title/Format Time Period	Filters Displ	lay Options				
Frequency Table Options:						
Selected Variables to include in re	eport:					
Row	(	Column		Page by		
Resistant Organism	~	Spec Collected~Year	~	Location T	уре	$\checkmark$
Frequency Table Options:						
Table percent - Display cell freq	quency divided by	table total				
Missing - Include observations	with missing value	2S				
Print the table in list form						
Two-Way Table Options:						
Row Percent - Display cell frequ	uency divided by r	ow total				
Column Percent - Display cell fr	requency divided	by column total				
Expected - Expected cell freque	encies					
Chi-square - Test for independe	ence					
				▶ Run	🗑 Save 👔 Export	Close

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### **Final Report**

The example frequency table shown below is the result of the modifications shown in this document. There is one row for each AR organism phenotype and one column for each year. The output below shows only the frequency table for the CC, or critical care, location type but the full report would include the facility's other location types in separate tables.

*Note: This example uses fictitious data for illustrative purposes only.* 

National Healthcare Safety Network Frequency Table - Antimicrobial Resistant Organisms As of: December 11, 2018 at 9:48 AM Date Range: ANTIBIOGRAM_AR specDateYr 2016 to 2018 if (((phenotype_AR IN (MRSA_AR, ESCecoli_AR, ESCklebsiella_AR, carbNS_Acine_AR, carbNS_PA_AR, MDR_Acine_AR, MDR PA_AR, VREfaecium_AR, VREfaecalis_AR, CREexpanded_AR, FR_Candi_AR", "DR_SP_AR.))) Location Type=CC								
Frequency	Table of phenotype_	Table of phenotype_AR by specDateYr						
	nhenotype AR(Resistant Organism)	specDat	eYr(Spec	2018	d~Year) Total			
	CREexpanded AR	0	0	95	95			
1 [	DR_SP_AR	2	0	5	7	1		
	ESCecoli_AR	0	1	8	9	-		
	ESCklebsiella_AR	0	0	8	8			
	FR_Candi_AR	0	0	10	10			
	MDR_Acine_AR	0	0	3	3			
	MDR_PA_AR	0	0	6	6	_		
2	MRSA_AR	0	0	38	38			
	VREfaecalis_AR	0	0	10	10			
	VREfaecium_AR	0	0	2	2			
	carbNS_Acine_AR	0	0	7	7			
	carbNS_PA_AR	0	0	10	10			
	Total	2	1	202	205			
1. Please fi https://wv	Total	2 type_AR esources	1 definiti s/aur/ar-	202 ons at	205 vpe-defi	nitions-508.pdf		

- In the three year timeframe shown, the red box (#1 above) shows a total of 7 drug-resistant *Streptococcus* pneumoniae organisms (phenotype\_AR = DR\_SP\_AR) were reported from all Critical Care units (Location Type = CC) with 2 reported in 2016, 0 in 2017, and 5 in 2018.
- The blue box (#2 above) shows in 2018, there were 38 Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* organisms (phenotype\_AR = MRSA\_AR) from all Critical Care units (Location Type = CC) but none reported in 2016 and 2017.



National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases Division of Healthcare Quality Promotion

#### **Additional Resources**

Introduction to NHSN Analysis: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/pdfs/training/2018/intro-to-analysis-508.pdf</u> How to Export Data from NHSN: <u>http://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/pdfs/ps-analysis-resources/exportdata.pdf</u> AUR Module Protocol: <u>http://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/pdfs/pscmanual/11pscaurcurrent.pdf</u> Surveillance for Antimicrobial Resistance Options: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/acute-care-hospital/aur/</u>

