Table 1.2 – Part 1 of 2

Numbers and rates* of reported cases† of hepatitis A virus infection, by demographic characteristics United States, 2016–2020

Characteristics	2016 No.	2016 Rate*	2017 No.	2017 Rate*	2018 No.	2018 Rate*	2019 No.	2019 Rate*	2020 No.	2020 Rate*
Total [§]	2,007	0.6	3,366	1.0	12,474	3.8	18,846	5.7	9,952	3.0
Age (years)										
0–9	47	0.1	40	0.1	54	0.1	127	0.3	39	0.1
10–19	131	0.3	86	0.2	231	0.6	231	0.6	90	0.2
20–29	392	0.9	659	1.4	2,763	6.1	3,582	7.9	1,476	3.3
30–39	391	0.9	893	2.1	4,268	9.8	6,400	14.5	3,381	7.6
40–49	333	0.8	621	1.5	2,658	6.6	4,177	10.4	2,389	5.9
50–59	297	0.7	554	1.3	1,509	3.5	2,635	6.2	1,497	3.6
≥60	409	0.6	509	0.7	987	1.4	1,691	2.3	1,077	1.4
Sex										
Male	1,107	0.7	2,209	1.4	7,497	4.7	11,824	7.3	6,141	3.8
Female	897	0.5	1,149	0.7	4,952	3.0	6,997	4.2	3,802	2.3
Race/ethnicity										
American Indian/Alaska Native	3	0.1	13	0.5	15	0.5	60	2.2	56	2.0
Asian/Pacific Islander	299	1.5	124	0.6	104	0.5	139	0.7	92	0.4
Black, non-Hispanic	137	0.3	303	0.7	508	1.2	1,072	2.5	693	1.6
White, non-Hispanic	865	0.4	1,979	1.0	8,670	4.3	13,709	6.8	7,780	3.9
Hispanic	293	0.5	471	0.8	413	0.7	916	1.5	386	0.6

^{*} Rates per 100,000 population.

§ Numbers reported in each category may not add up to the total number of reported cases in a year due to cases with missing data or, in the case of race/ethnicity, cases categorized as "Other".

Source: CDC, National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Viral Hepatitis Surveillance Report – United States, 2020. https://www.cdc.gov/hepatitis/statistics/2020surveillance/index.htm. Published September 2022.



[†] Reported confirmed cases. For the case definition, see https://ndc.services.cdc.gov/conditions/hepatitis-a-acute/.

Table 1.2 - Part 2 of 2

Numbers and rates* of reported cases† of hepatitis A virus infection, by demographic characteristics United States, 2016–2020

Characteristics	2016 No.	2016 Rate*	2017 No.	2017 Rate*	2018 No.	2018 Rate*	2019 No.	2019 Rate*	2020 No.	2020 Rate*
Urbanicity [¶]										
Urban	1,769	0.6	3,055	1.1	7,657	2.7	14,637	5.2	7,972	2.8
Rural	182	0.4	180	0.4	3,153	6.8	3,372	7.3	1,853	4.0
HHS Region**										
Region 1: Boston	105	0.7	91	0.6	410	2.8	593	4.0	240	1.6
Region 2: New York	173	0.6	289	1.0	235	0.8	1,001	3.5	412	1.5
Region 3: Philadelphia	309	1.0	159	0.5	2,498	8.1	1,611	5.2	836	2.7
Region 4: Atlanta	269	0.4	438	0.7	5,030	7.6	8,900	13.3	4,959	7.3
Region 5: Chicago	259	0.5	855	1.6	3,074	5.9	3,562	6.8	671	1.3
Region 6: Dallas	179	0.4	157	0.4	407	1.0	1,166	2.7	1,430	3.3
Region 7: Kansas City	58	0.4	46	0.3	273	1.9	393	2.8	679	4.8
Region 8: Denver	40	0.3	246	2.1	172	1.4	392	3.2	116	0.9
Region 9: San Francisco	560	1.1	1,033	2.0	311	0.6	943	1.8	276	0.5
Region 10: Seattle	55	0.4	52	0.4	64	0.5	285	2.0	333	2.3

Source: CDC, National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Viral Hepatitis Surveillance Report – United States, 2020. https://www.cdc.gov/hepatitis/statistics/2020surveillance/index.htm. Published September 2022.



^{*} Rates per 100,000 population.

[†] Reported confirmed cases. For the case definition, see https://ndc.services.cdc.gov/conditions/hepatitis-a-acute/.

[¶] Urbanicity was categorized according to the 2013 National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) urban-rural classification scheme for counties and county-equivalent entities (https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data_access/urban_rural.htm). Large central metro, large fringe metro, medium metro, and small metro counties were grouped as urban. Micropolitan and noncore counties were grouped as rural.

^{**} US Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Regions were categorized according to the grouping of states and US territories assigned under each of the ten Department of Health and Human Services regional offices (https://www.hhs.gov/about/agencies/iea/regional-offices/index.html). For the purposes of this report, regions with US territories (Region 2 and Region 9) contain data from states only.