## Fruits and Vegetables: An Important Part of Your Diet

One of the best ways to ensure that we are eating a well-balanced diet is to base our meals on MyPlate.

MyPlate recommends that you make half of each meal fruits and vegetables.

There are a lot of different types of fruit. Have you tried all of these?

| Apples | Cherries | Grapefruit | Nectarines | Pomegranates |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Apricots | Clementine | Honeydew melon | Oranges | Raisins |
| Avocados | Coconut | Kiwis | Papayas | Raspberries |
| Bananas | Cranberries | Lemons | Peaches | Star fruits |
| Blackberries | Dates | Limes | Pears | Strawberries |
| Blueberries | Figs | Mandarin oranges | Pineapple | Tangerines |
| Cantaloupe | Grapes | Mangoes | Plums | Watermelon |

## There are also a wide variety of vegetables.

| Alfalfa sprouts | Brussels | Greens (Collard, | Peapods | Squash <br> Artichokes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| sprouts | Chard, Kale, | Green peas | (Butternut, |  |
| Asparagus | Cabbage | Mustard) | Bell peppers | Zucchini, |
| Bamboo shoots | Carrots | Jicama | Jalapeno | Dumpling, |
| Bean sprouts | Cauliflower | Kohlrabi | peppers | Patty Pan, |
| Beans | Celery | Leeks | Potatoes | Acorn) |
| Beets | Corn | Mushrooms | Rutabagas | Sweet |
| Bok Choy | Cucumbers | Okra | Salad greens | potatoes |
| Broccoli | Eggplant | Onions (red, white, | Sauerkraut | Turnips |
|  | Green onions | yellow) | Spinach | Water |
|  |  | Radishes | Tomatoes | chestnuts |
|  |  |  |  | Yams |

## Post-Core: Healthy Eating with Variety and Balance

## Shopping for Fruits and Vegetables

Fruits and vegetables provide vitamins, minerals, and fiber that our bodies need to stay healthy. They can make a great snack and are an important part of a well-balanced meal.

## Tips on Shopping for Fresh Produce:

> Buy only what you need and will use within a few days (although some items, such as apples and potatoes, can be for several weeks).
> Fruits and vegetables that are in season are usually the least expensive and are better quality.
> Examine each item individually, looking for bruises, blemishes, or decay.
$>$ Look for bright color. Older items may appear darkened or brown in color.
> Lightly press on items to check for firmness.

| Fresh | When possible, it is best to buy local, fresh <br> produce. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Canned | Most canned food retains the majority of its <br> vitamins and minerals. |
| Some canned foods are high in sodium; <br> try to buy those without added salt. |  |
| Frozen | Frozen fruits and vegetables tend to retain <br> most of their nutritional qualities. |
| Try to avoid choices that add cheese sauces, <br> butter topping, sugar, or other condiments. |  |

## Add Fruits \& Vegetables to Every Meal and Snack

FACT: Only $10 \%$ of foods consumed at breakfast are fruits, vegetables, or $100 \%$ juice.

FACT: Americans are four times more likely to pick a processed snack than a fruit or vegetable.

ACTION: Add a serving of fruit with breakfast, some raw vegetables to lunch, and a salad to dinner.

ACTION: Select fruits and vegetables for a snack full of vitamins, nutrients, and good taste.

Try these tips for adding more fruits and vegetables to your day:
$\square$ Make fruit and vegetables visible in your home.
■ Microwave vegetables to serve with dinner; when grilling out, add vegetables and fruit.
$\checkmark$ Grab an apple, banana, pear, or other piece of fruit to eat on-the-go.
$\square$ Snack on raw veggies like baby carrots, pepper strips, broccoli, and celery.
$\boxtimes$ Pick up ready-made salads from the produce shelf for a quick salad anytime.
■ Microwave a sweet potato for a delicious side dish.
$\square$ Choose fruit for dessert.
■ Pile spinach, tomatoes, peppers, and onions on your pizza (and ask for less cheese).

■ Add strawberries, blueberries, bananas, and other brightly colored fruits to your waffles, oatmeal, toast, or cereal.

■ Stir fresh or frozen vegetables into your pasta, noodles, or omelet.
$\square$ Whip up smoothies made from fresh or frozen berries, ice, and yogurt.
$\square$ Jazz up your soups or sauces with a can of kidney beans, peas, corn, or green beans.

## Post-Core: Healthy Eating with Variety and Balance

## Mindful Eating

Healthy eating is not just about what you eat, but also how you eat.

Mindful eating is something we can do to bring our focus back to the food we are eating.

What are the drawbacks of mindless eating?
> Less awareness of how much food we're eating
> Less ability to know when we're full

## What are the benefits of mindful eating?


$>$ Your brain has time to realize that you are full, which takes about 20 minutes.
> Research shows that when people eat slowly and mindfully they tend to eat less food.
> It can improve the whole experience of eating.
> It helps with learning how to ignore the urges to snack that aren't linked with hunger.
> It can help reduce overeating.

## Post-Core: Healthy Eating with Variety and Balance

## Mindful Eating

## How can you eat more slowly?

> Put down your utensils for $10-15$ seconds after a few bites.
> Take sips of water (or non-calorie beverage) after every few bites.
> Take small bites and chew slowly. Finish chewing and swallowing each bite before you pick up more food.

Here are some other tips for how to eat mindfully.

## Mindful Eating

$\square$ Focus on your food. Look at the food on your plate. Notice how each bite feels and tastes. Take time to enjoy the taste and smell of the food.
$\boxtimes$ Create a calm eating environment. With less stress or chaos, you can pay attention to what you are eating. Turn off the TV and computer, put away newspapers, books, and magazines, and try not to eat on the run.
$\square$ Learn to refocus on your food after a distraction. Although it is ideal to eat without distractions such as the TV, computer, phone calls, etc., there will probably be times when you will be interrupted. These are the times that you need to remind yourself to refocus on your food.

> Each time you eat, sit down and eat slowly and mindfully. Learn how to enjoy every bite of food so you feel both physically and mentally satisfied at the end of the meal.

