2004

# Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 

## Calculated Variables and Risk Factors

(Version 3 - Revised 03/10/2005)

## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File

## INTRODUCTION:

This document provides information on calculated variables and risk factors for the 2003 Behavioral Risk Factor Survey. These variables are calculated from responses to questions in the survey. There are three types of calculated variables.

The first are those variables used to stratify and weight the data. These variables are not included in this document and include the following:
_AGEG_, _FINALWT, _IMPAGE, _IMPNPH, _MSACODE, _POSTSTR, _RACEG3_, _RAW, _REGION, _SEXG_, _STSTR, _STRWT, and _WT2.

The second are intermediate variables. These are variables are derived from a question response and are used to calculate some other variable or risk factor. For example: WTKG is derived from the WEIGHT variable in the survey. WTKG is then used to calculate the body mass index variable (_BMI2). Most of the intermediate variables end with an underscore (Example: FTJUDAY_), but not all of them do.

The third type of calculated variables are those used to categorize or classify respondents. Most of these begin with an underscore. (Example: _BMI2.) Exceptions are _DENSTR2, _GEOSTR, and _STATE, which are determined before the interview. Some of the calculated variables group continuous variables such as weight, age, or body mass index, into categories. Other calculated variables create "Risk Factors." The "Risk Factors" group respondents into two categories, "At Risk" or "Not At Risk" based on their responses. The "At Risk" group has health behaviors that are associated with an increased risk for illness or injury.

The tables in this report include a description of what the responses mean and a copy of the code used to calculate these variables in $\mathrm{SAS}^{\circledR}$. The syntax of the code may or may not work as is in other statistical programs.

NEW CALCULATED VARIABLES FOR 2004:
There were no new calculated variables for 2004.

CALCULATED VARIABLES WITH CHANGED NAMES FOR 2004:
_FLUSHOT changed to _FLSHOT2 due to FLUSHOT changing to FLUSHOT2.
_RFPAP3Y changed to _RFPAP32 due to HADPAP changing to HADPAP2 and LASTPAP changing to LASTPAP2.
_RFSIGMD change to _RFSIGM2 due to HADSIGM2 changing to HADSIGM3.
_AIDSTST changed to _AIDTST2 due to HIVTST3 changing to HIVTST4.
_STDCNDM changed to _STDCND2 due to PCSAIDS changing to PCSAIDS2.
HTIN3 changed from HTIN2 due to HEIGHT changing to HEIGHT2 (up to four digits).
HTM3 changed from HTM2 due to HTIN2 changing to HTIN3.
WTKG2 changed from WTKG due to WEIGHT changing to WEIGHT2 (up to four digits).
_BMI4 changed from _BMI3 due to HTM2 changing to HTM3 and WTKG changing to WTKG2.
_BMI4CAT changed from _BMI3CAT due to _BMI3 changing to _BMI4.
_RFBMI4 changed from _RFBMI3 due to _BMI3 changing to _BMI4.

# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 1: Health Status

| Risk Factor: Fair or Poor health. _RFHLTH is derived from GENHLTH. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Not At Risk | Respondents report having excellent, very good or good health ( $\mathrm{GENHLTH}=1,2,3$ ) |
| 2 | At Risk | Respondents who report having fair or poor health (GENHLTH $=4,5$ ) |
| 9 | Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing | Respondents who report they don't know their general health status, those who refused to answer the general health question, and those with missing responses (GENHLTH =7, 9, Missing) |
|  | SAS code: | IF 4 LE GENHLTH LE 5 THEN _RFHLTH=2; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 1 LE GENHLTH LE 3 THEN _RFHLTH=1; ELSE RFHLTH=3; |

## Section 2: Healthy Days - Health Related Quality of Life

There are no calculated variables for Section 2.

## Section 3: Health Care Access

There are no calculated variables for Section 3.

## Section 4: Exercise



Section 5: Environmental Factors
There are no calculated variables for Section 5.

## Section 6: Excess Sun Exposure

There are no calculated variables for Section 6.

# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 7: Tobacco Use




## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Alcohol Consumption

| Drink-occasions-per-day. DROCCDY_ is derived from ALCDAY3 by dividing the ALCDAY3 variable by 7 days per week or 30 days per month. (Note: DROCCDY_ gets multiplied by 100 after _RFCRDR2 is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 1.23 will be 123 in the final data set.) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 D | Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing | Respondents that reported they did not know how many days they had at least one drink of alcohol, those that refused to answer how many days they had at least one drink of alcohol, those with missing responses (ALCDAY3=777, 999, Missing). |
|  | SAS code: | IF 101 LE ALCDAY3 LE 107 THEN DROCCDY_=(ALCDAY3-100)/7; ELSE IF 201 LE ALCDAY3 LE 230 THEN DROCCDY_=(ALCDAY3200)/30; <br> ELSE IF ALCDAY3 EQ 888 THEN DROCCDY_=0; <br> ELSE IF ALCDAY3 IN $(., 777,999)$ THEN DROCCDY_=9; <br> DROCCDY_=round((DROCCDY_*100),1); *This is done after all of the alcohol calculations but the code is included here; |
| DRNKANY3 | NY3 <br> Alcoholic <br> ALCDAY <br> that were | verages consumed in the past 30 days. DRNKANY3 is derived from nd creates a "Yes/No" variable similar to DRINKANY and DRNKANY2 ed in surveys previously. |
| 1 | Yes | Respondents who report drinking alcohol in the past 30 days (ALCDAY3 < 231) |
| 2 | No | Respondents who report not drinking alcohol in the past 30 days (ALCDAY3=888) |
| 7 D | Don't know/ Not Sure | Respondents who report they did not know or were not sure if they drank alcohol in the past 30 days (ALCDAY3=777) |
| 9 R | Refused/ Missing | Respondents who refused to answer if they drank alcohol in the past 30 days, or those with missing responses (ALCDAY3=999, Missing) |
|  | SAS code: | IF ALCDAY3 < 231 THEN DRNKANY3=1; <br> ELSE IF ALCDAY3=888 THEN DRNKANY3=2; <br> ELSE IF ALCDAY3=777 THEN DRNKANY3=7; <br> ELSE DRNKANY3=9; |

## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Alcohol Consumption (continued)

| Risk factor: Having five or more drinks of alcohol on an occasion. _RFBING2 is derived from DRNK2GE5 and ALCDAY3. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Not At Risk | Respondents who report they did not drink in the past 30 days, or those that report that they did drink alcohol in the past 30 days but did not report having five or more drinks of alcohol on an occasion (ALCDAY3<231 and DRNK2GE5=88; or ALCDAY3=888) |
| 2 | At Risk | Respondents who report they did drink in the past 30 days and had five or more drinks on one or more occasions in the past month (ALCDAY3<231 and $1<=$ DRNK2GE5<=76) |
| 9 D | Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing | Respondents who reported that they did not know if they had consumed five or more drinks of alcohol on one occasion or refused to answer if they had consumed five or more drinks of alcohol on one occasion or those with missing responses (DRNK2GE5=77, 99, Missing; or ALCDAY3=777, 999, Missing) |
|  | SAS code: | ```IF ALCDAY3 NOTIN (777,888,999,.) THEN DO; IF (1 LE DRNK2GE5 LE 76) THEN _RFBING2=2; ELSE IF DRNK2GE5 IN (.,77,99) THEN _RFBING2=9; ELSE IF DRNK2GE5 IN (88) THEN _RFBING2=1; END; ELSE IF ALCDAY3 IN (888) THEN _RFBING2=1; ELSE _RFBING2=9;``` |
| _DRNKDY2 | Total number of alcohol drinks consumed per day. _DRNKDY2 is derived from DROCCDY_ and AVEDRNK by multiplying the total number of drink occasions per day (DROCCDY_) by the average number of drinks per occasion (AVEDRNK). DRNKDY2 is stored in the data set with two implied decimal places. To get the actual value, divide DRNKDY2 by 100. |  |
| 0 |  | Respondents who did not drink in the past month (DROCCDY_=0) |
| 99 D | Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing | Respondents who refused to report the number of alcohol drinks consumed per day, or respondents who did not know the number of alcohol drinks consumed per day, or those with missing responses (AVEDRNK=Missing, 77,99 ) or respondents who refused to report the number drink occasions per day, or respondents who did not know the number of drink occasions per day, or those with missing responses (DROCCDY_=9) |
|  | SAS code: | ```IF DROCCDY_=0 THEN _DRNKDY2=0; ELSE IF DROCCDY_=9 THEN _DRNKDY2=99; ELSE IF AVEDRNK IN \((., 77,99)\) THEN _DRNKDY2=99; ELSE _DRNKDY2=AVEDRNK * DROCCDY_; _DRNKDY2=ROUND((_DRNKDY2*100),1); *This is done after all of the alcohol calculations but the code is included here;``` |

## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Alcohol Consumption (continued)



## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Alcohol Consumption (continued)



## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 9: Asthma

| LTASTHM | Risk factor: Respondents who have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professionalthat they had asthma. _LTASTHM is derived from ASTHMA2. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Not At Risk | Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=2) |
| 2 | At Risk | Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=1) |
| $9 \quad$ D | Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing | Respondents who reported they did not know if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, or those with missing responses (ASTHMA2=7, 9, Missing) |
|  | SAS code: | IF ASTHMA2=1 THEN _LTASTHM=2; <br> ELSE IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN _LTASTHM=1; <br> ELSE _LTASTHM=9; |
| CASTHMA | MA Risk factor: Respondents who have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma and that they still have asthma. _CASTHMA is derived from ASTHMA2 and ASTHNOW. |  |
| 1 | Not At Risk | Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=2) or do not still have asthma (ASTHMA2=1 and ASTHNOW=2) |
| 2 | At Risk | Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=1) and that they still have asthma (ASTHNOW=1) |
| $9 \quad$ D | Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing | Respondents who reported they did not know if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that did not know if they still had asthma, those that refused to answer if they still had asthma, or those with missing responses (ASTHMA2=7, 9, Missing) or (ASTHNOW=7, 9, Missing) |
|  | SAS code: | ```IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN _CASTHMA=1; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=1 THEN _CASTHMA=2; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=2 THEN _CASTHMA=1; ELSE _CASTHMA=9;``` |

# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 9: Asthma (continued)



## Section 10: Diabetes

There are no calculated variables for Section 10.

## Section 11: Oral Health



# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 11: Oral Health (continued)



# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 12: Immunization



## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 13: Demographics Race variables

```
MRACEORG Reported MRACE variable with any trailing 7,8, or 9 removed. MRACEORG is derived
        from MRACE in the original order in which the data were received from the
        state/territory. If MRACE is greater than }9\mathrm{ then any trailing 7,8, or }9\mathrm{ is removed. If
        MRACE is less than or equal to 9 then MRACEORG is equal to MRACE. (Example: If
        MRACE=3147 then MRACEORG=314.)
    SAS code: IF LENGTH(MRACE) > }1\mathrm{ THEN DO;
                            MRACEORG = PUT(COMPRESS(MRACE,'789'),6.);
                            END;
                            ELSE DO;
                        MRACEORG=MRACE;
                    END;
MRACEASC Reported MRACE variable with any trailing 7,8, or 9 removed, in ascending order.
        MRACEASC is derived from MRACEORG. The values that make up MRACEORG are
        sorted from smallest to largest. (Example: If MRACEORG=513 then
        MRACEASC=135.)
    SAS code: IF LENGTH(TRIM(LEFT(MRACEORG))) > 1 THEN DO;
    LEN=LENGTH(RIGHT(MRACEORG));
    DO I = 1 TO LEN-1;
    DO J = 1 TO LEN-1 WHILE (SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J+1,1)
    NE ' ');
    IF SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J,1) > SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J+1,1) THEN
    SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J,2) = REVERSE(SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J,2));
    END;
    END;
    END;
    MRACEASC = INPUT(MRACEORG,6.);
```


## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 13: Demographics Race variables (continued)

| _PRACE | more than one response then _PRACE=ORACE2. Hispanic or Latino information is not used to derive this variable. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | White | Respondents who report their race as white (MRACE=1 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=1) |
| 2 | Black | Respondents who report their race as black (MRACE $=2$ or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=2) |
| 3 | Asian | Respondents who report they are Asian (MRACE=3 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=3) |
| 4 | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | Respondents who report their race as Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (MRACE $=4$ or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=4) |
| 5 | American Indian, Alaska Native | Respondents who report their race as American Indian or Alaska Native (MRACE $=5$ or MRACEASC $>11$ and ORACE2=5) |
| 6 | Other Race | Respondents who report they are of some other race group not listed in the question responses (MRACE=6 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=6) |
| 7 | No Preferred Race | Respondents who report they are of more than one race group but do not report a preference or preferred race is missing (MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=7 or 9) |
| 8 | Multiracial (Preferred Race Not Asked) | Respondents who report they are of more than one race group but did not answer the question about which race best represents them NOTE: This is a data collection error. (MRACEASC $>11$ and ORACE2=8) or (MRACEASC >11 and ORACE2=Missing) |
| 77 | Don't Know | Respondents who report they did not know their race and did not answer the question about which race best represents them. (MRACEASC =7) |
| 99 | Refused | Respondents who refused to give their race and did not answer the question about which race best represents them (MRACEASC $=9$ ) |
|  | SAS code: | IF 1 LE MRACEASC LE 6 THEN _PRACE=MRACEASC; |
|  |  | ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 7 THEN _PRACE=77; |
|  |  | ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 9 THEN _PRACE=99; |
|  |  | ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 IN $(7,9)$ THEN _PRACE=7; ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 EQ. THEN _PRACE=8; |
|  |  | ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 EQ 8 THEN_PRACE=8; ELSE IF 1 LE ORACE2 LE 6 THEN PRACE=ORACE2; |

## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 13: Demographics Race variables (continued)

| -MRACE | Multiracial race categorization.__MRACE is derived from MRACEASC. If respondents <br> report more than one race they are assigned to the multiracial category. Otherwise <br> MRACE=MRACEASC. Hispanic or Latino information not used in defining this |
| :---: | :---: |
| variable. |  |

# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 13: Demographics Race variables (continued)



# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 13: Demographics Race variables (continued)



## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 13: Demographics Race variables (continued)

_RACE_G Five-level race/ethnicity category. _RACE_G is derived from _RACEGR2. _RACE_G (New Variable is used to create the data for the web tables.
in 2004)
1 White only, Non- Respondents who report they are white and not of Hispanic origin Hispanic
2 Black only, Non(_RACEGR2=1)
2
Respondents who report they are black and not of Hispanic origin Hispanic (_RACEGR2=2)
3 Hispanic Respondents who report that they are of Hispanic origin (_RACEGR2=5)
4 Other Race only,
Non-Hispanic
All other respondents with valid race responses except for those reporting multiracial or Hispanic origins (_RACEGR2=3)
5 Multiracial, Non- All other respondents reporting multiracial but non-Hispanic origin Hispanic (_RACEGR2=4)
Don't Know/ Not
Respondents for whom _RACEGR2=9 or _RACEGR2=Missing
Sure/ Refused/ Missing
SAS code:

$$
\text { IF _RACEGR2 = } 1 \text { THEN RACE_G = 1; }
$$

ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 2 THEN _RACE_G $=2$;
ELSE IF _RACEGR2 $=3$ THEN __RACE_G $=4$;
ELSE IF _RACEGR2 $=4$ THEN __RACE_G $=5$;
ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 5 THEN _RACE_G = 3;

| _CNRACE | Number of census race categories chosen. _CNRACE is derived from MRACEASC <br> and is equal to the number of "census" race categories chosen: (White, Black, Asian, <br> Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, American Indian/Alaska Native). <br> $1-5$ <br>  <br> MRACEASC is between 1 and 5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| MRACEASC is between 6 and 9 |  |

# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 13: Demographics Race variables (continued)



## Section 13: Demographics Age variables

| Fourteen-level age category. _AGEG5YR is derived from AGE. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01 | 18-24 | Respondents with reported age including 18-24 years |
| 02 | 25-29 | Respondents with reported age including 25-29 years |
| 03 | 30-34 | Respondents with reported age including 30-34 years |
| 04 | 35-39 | Respondents with reported age including 35-39 years |
| 05 | 40-44 | Respondents with reported age including 40-44 years |
| 06 | 45-49 | Respondents with reported age including 45-49 years |
| 07 | 50-54 | Respondents with reported age including 50-54 years |
| 08 | 55-59 | Respondents with reported age including 55-59 years |
| 09 | 60-64 | Respondents with reported age including 60-64 years |
| 10 | 65-69 | Respondents with reported age including 65-69 years |
| 11 | 70-74 | Respondents with reported age including 70-74 years |
| 12 | 75-79 | Respondents with reported age including 75-79 years |
| 13 | 80-99 | Respondents with reported age including 80-99 years |
| 14 D | Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing | Respondents that reported they did not know their age, or those that refused to report their age, or those with missing responses <br> (AGE=7,9,Missing) |
|  | SAS code: | IF 18 LE AGE LE 24 THEN _AGEG5YR=1; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 25 LE AGE LE 29 THEN _AGEG5YR=2; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 30 LE AGE LE 34 THEN _AGEG5YR=3; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 35 LE AGE LE 39 THEN _AGEG5YR=4; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 40 LE AGE LE 44 THEN _AGEG5YR=5; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 45 LE AGE LE 49 THEN _AGEG5YR=6; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 50 LE AGE LE 54 THEN _AGEG5YR=7; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 55 LE AGE LE 59 THEN _AGEG5YR=8; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 60 LE AGE LE 64 THEN _AGEG5YR=9; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 65 LE AGE LE 69 THEN _AGEG5YR=10; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 70 LE AGE LE 74 THEN _AGEG5YR=11; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 75 LE AGE LE 79 THEN _AGEG5YR=12; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 80 LE AGE LE 99 THEN _AGEG5YR=13; |
|  |  | ELSE _AGEG5YR=14; |

# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 13: Demographics Age variables (continued)

| _AGE65YR | Two-level age category._AGE65YR is derived from AGE. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $18-64$ | Respondents with reported ages 18-64 (AGE <=64) |
| 2 | $65-99$ | Respondents with reported ages 64-99 (AGE > 64) |
| 3 | Don't Know/ Not | Respondents for whom AGE=7, 9, or Missing |
|  | Sure/ Refused/ |  |
|  | Missing |  |
|  | SAS code: | IF 18 LE AGE LE 64 THEN AGE65YR=1; |
|  |  | ELSE IF 65 LE AGE LE 99 THEN _AGE65YR=2; |
|  |  | ELSE _AGE65YR=3; |

_AGE_G Six-level age category. _AGE_G is derived from _IMPAGE (imputed age). _AGE_G is (New Variable used to create the data for the web tables.
in 2004)


## Section 13: Demographics Overweight \& Obese

HTIN3
(Name changed in 2004)

Reported height in inches. HTIN3 is derived from HEIGHT2. HTIN3 is calculated by adding the foot portion of HEIGHT2 multiplied by 12, to the inch portion. (Note: HTIN3 gets rounded after all of the BMI calculations occur to make sure that there are no decimals.) (Name changed from HTIN2 to HTIN3 due to the variable HEIGHT2 changing to HEIGHT3.)
SAS code: * CREATE HEIGHT1 CHARACTER VARIABLE;
HEIGHT2=PUT(HEIGHT1,3.);
IF HEIGHT2 NOT IN $(777,999)$ THEN DO;
HTIN3=INPUT((SUBSTR(HEIGHT2,2,2)),2.)) +
((INPUT((SUBSTR(HEIGHT2,1,1)),1.))*12);

## END;

HTIN3 = round(HTIN3,1); *
IF HTIN3=. THEN HTIN3=999; *This is done after all of the BMI calculations but the code is included here;

# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 13: Demographics Overweight \& Obese (continued)



## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 13: Demographics Overweight \& Obese (continued)




# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 13: Demographics (continued)

| LDCNT Number of children. _CHLDCNT is derived from CHILDREN. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | No Children | Respondents for whom CHILDREN $=88$ |
|  | 2 | One Children | Respondents for whom CHILDREN $=1$ |
|  | 3 | Two Children | Respondents for whom CHILDREN $=2$ |
|  | 4 | Three Children | Respondents for whom CHILDREN $=3$ |
|  | 5 | Four Children | Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 4 |
|  | 6 | Five or more Children | Respondents for whom $5<=$ _ CHILDREN $<87$ |
|  | 9 | Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing | Respondents for whom CHILDREN $=99$ |
|  |  | SAS code: | IF CHILDREN = 88 THEN _CHLDCNT = 1; <br> ELSE IF CHILDREN $=01$ THEN _CHLDCNT $=2$; <br> ELSE IF CHILDREN = 02 THEN _CHLDCNT = 3; <br> ELSE IF CHILDREN $=03$ THEN _CHLDCNT $=4$; <br> ELSE IF CHILDREN = 04 THEN _CHLDCNT = 5; <br> ELSE IF $05<=$ CHILDREN < 88 THEN _CHLDCNT = 6; <br> ELSE IF CHILDREN = 99 THEN _CHLDCNT = 9; |

_EDUCAG Highest grade of education completed. _EDUCAG is derived from EDUCA.

1 Did not graduate High School High School graduate
3 Attended College or Technical School College or Technical School graduate
9 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/

Missing
SAS code:

Respondents for whom EDUCA = 1,2,3
Respondents for whom EDUCA = 4
Respondents for whom EDUCA = 5

Respondents for whom EDUCA = 6

Respondents for whom EDUCA = 9 or Missing

IF EDUCA IN $(1,2,3)$ THEN _EDUCAG = 1;
ELSE IF EDUCA IN (4) THEN _EDUCAG = 2;
ELSE IF EDUCA IN (5) THEN _EDUCAG = 3;
ELSE IF EDUCA IN (6) THEN _EDUCAG = 4;
ELSE IF EDUCA IN $(., 9)$ THEN _EDUCAG = 9;

# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 13: Demographics (continued)

| COMG Annual Household Income. _INCOMG is derived from INCOME2. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | Less than \$15,000 | Respondents for whom INCOME2 $=1$ or 2 |
|  | 2 | $\$ 15,000$ to less than $\$ 25,000$ | Respondents for whom INCOME2 $=3$ or 4 |
|  | 3 | $\$ 25,000$ to less than \$35,000 | Respondents for whom INCOME2 $=5$ |
|  | 4 | $\$ 35,000$ to less than $\$ 50,000$ | Respondents for whom INCOME2 $=6$ |
|  | 5 | \$50,000 or more | Respondents for whom INCOME2 $=7$ or 8 |
|  | 9 | Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing | Respondents for whom INCOME2 $=77$ or 99 or Missing |
|  |  | SAS code: | IF INCOME2 IN $(1,2)$ THEN _INCOMG = 1; <br> ELSE IF INCOME2 IN $(3,4)$ THEN _INCOMG $=2$; <br> ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (5) THEN _INCOMG = 3; <br> ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (6) THEN _INCOMG = 4; <br> ELSE IF INCOME2 IN $(7,8)$ THEN _INCOMG = 5; <br> ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (77,99,.) THEN _INCOMG = 9; |

## Section 14: Veterans Status

There are no calculated variables for Section 14.

# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 15: Women's Health



## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 15: Women's Health (continued)



## Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 16: Prostate Cancer Screening

_RFPSA2Y Men aged 40 and older who have not had a PSA test within the past two years. Variable is derived from SEX, AGE, PSATEST, and PSATIME.
1 Not At Risk Male respondents aged 40 and older that have had a PSA test within the past two years (PSATEST=1 and PSATIME=1 or 2)
2 At Risk

9

| Ris | Male respondents aged 40 and older that have not received a PSA test within the past two years (PSATEST=2 or PSATEST=1 and PSATIME=3 or 4 or 5) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused | Male respondents aged 40 and older with don't know, not sure or refused responses for PSATEST or PSATIME or male respondents with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses to AGE (PSATEST=7,9 or PSATIME=7,9 or AGE=7,9,Missing) |
| Missing | Male respondents aged 40 and older with missing responses for PSATEST or PSATIME, Male respondents aged less than 40, or female respondents |
| SAS code: | IF (SEX=1) AND (AGE GE 40) THEN DO; |
|  | IF PSATEST=1 THEN DO; |
|  | IF PSATIME IN (1,2) THEN _RFPSA2Y=1; |
|  | ELSE IF PSATIME IN $(3,4,5)$ THEN _RFPSA2Y=2; |
|  | ELSE IF PSATIME IN $(7,9)$ THEN _RFPSA2Y=9; |
|  | ELSE IF PSATIME=. THEN _RFPSA2Y=.; |
|  | END; |
|  | ELSE IF PSATEST=2 THEN _RFPSA2Y=2; |
|  | ELSE IF PSATEST IN (7,9) THEN _RFPSA2Y=9; |
|  | ELSE IF PSATEST=. THEN _RFPSA2Y=.; |
|  | END; |
|  | ELSE IF (SEX=1) AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFPSA2Y=9; |
|  | ELSE _RFPSA2Y=.; |

# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 17: Colorectal Cancer Screening



# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 17: Colorectal Cancer Screening (continued)



## Section 18: Family Planning

There are no calculated variables for Section 18.

## Section 19: Disability

There are no calculated variables for Section 19.

# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 20: HIVIAIDS



# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 20: HIVIAIDS (continued)



# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 20: HIVIAIDS (continued)



# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 21: Firearms



# Calculated Variables on the 2004 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued) 

## Section 21: Firearms (continued)



