

COVID-19 Vaccine Safety Technical (VaST) Work Group

Assessment

Grace M. Lee, MD MPH

VaST ACIP Chair

Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices

May 12, 2021



COVID-19 Vaccine Safety Technical (VaST) Work Group

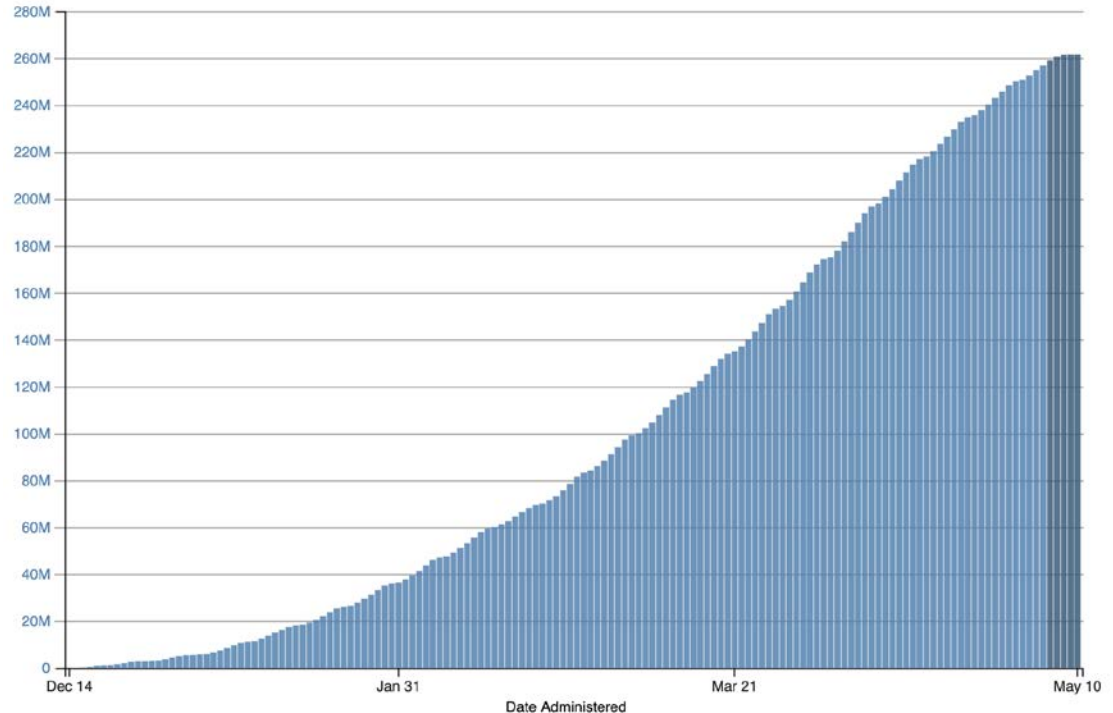
Objectives

- Review, evaluate, and interpret post-authorization/approval COVID-19 vaccine safety data
- Serve as the central hub for technical subject matter expertise from federal agencies conducting post-authorization/approval safety monitoring
- Advise on analyses, interpretation, and data presentation
- Provide updates to the ACIP COVID-19 Vaccines Work Group and the ACIP on COVID-19 vaccine safety

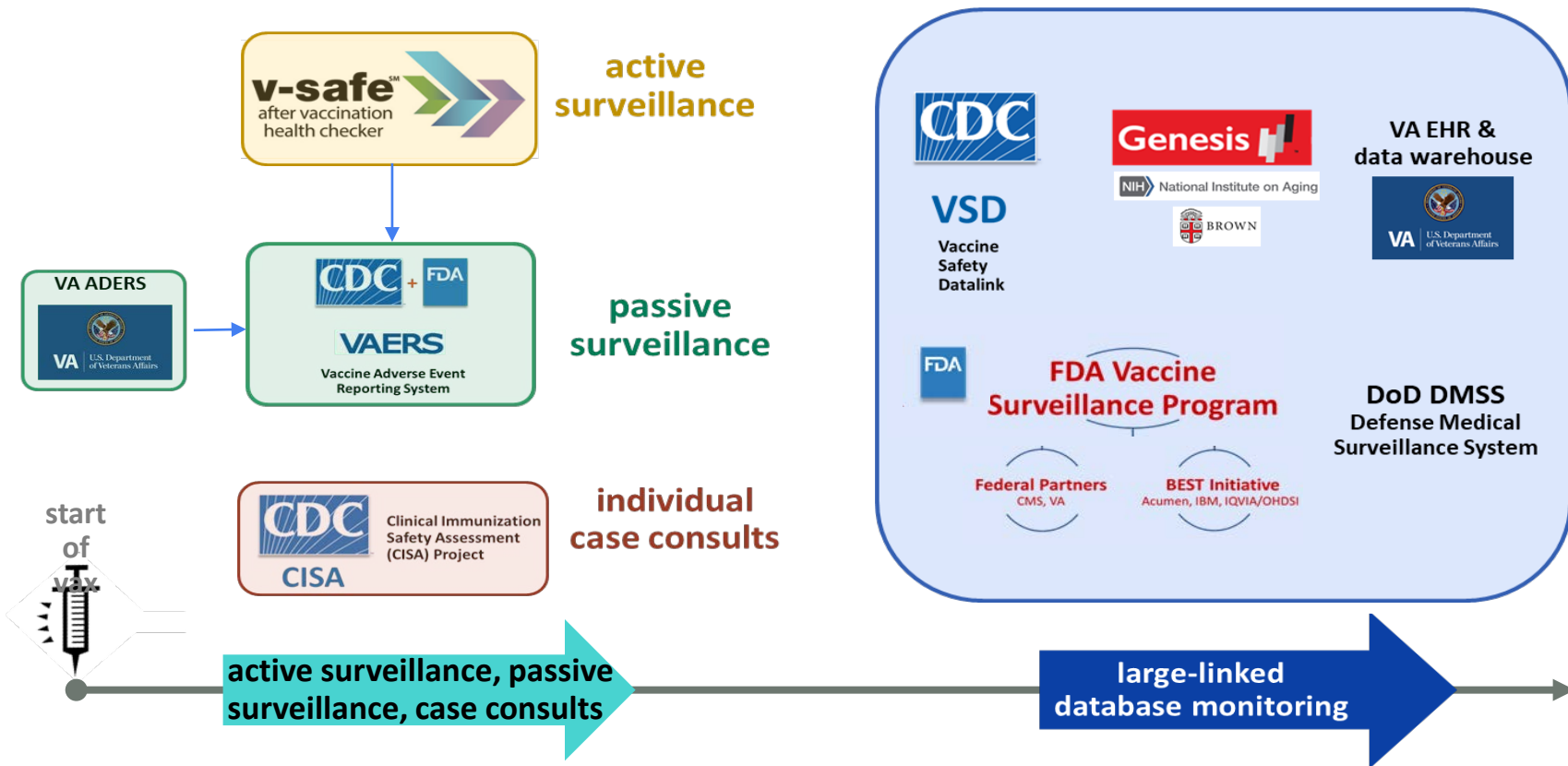
U.S. Vaccination Program

- As of May 10
 - 262 million doses administered in the U.S.
 - 140 million Pfizer-BioNTech
 - 113 million Moderna
 - 9 million Janssen
 - 153 million individuals who received ≥ 1 dose

Cumulative Count of Total Doses Administered and Reported to the CDC by Date Administered, United States



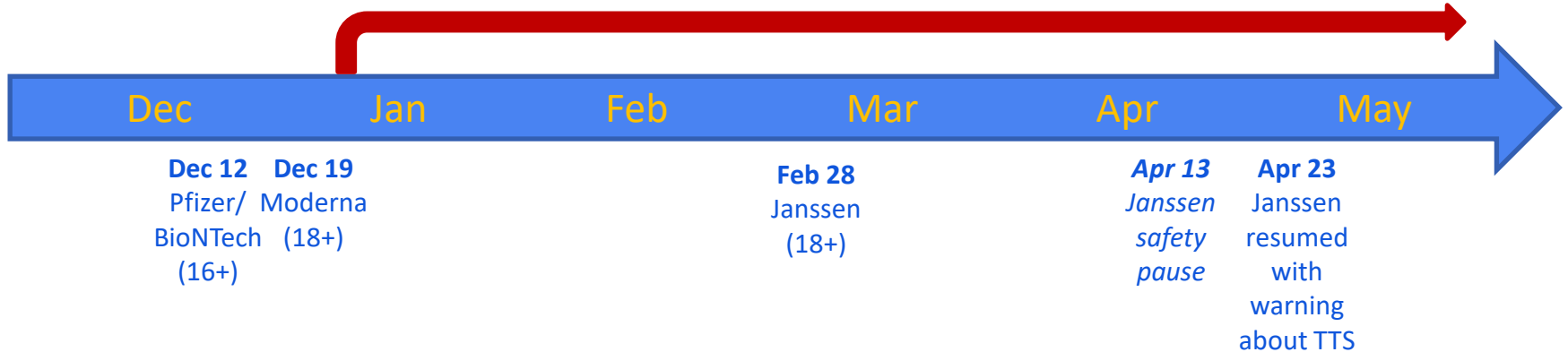
Vaccine Safety Monitoring Timeline



VaST Activities

Dec 21, 2020 – present:

- 20 independent meetings to review vaccine safety data
- 4 joint meetings with COVID-19 Vaccines Work Group focused on safety



Janssen Vaccine - Thrombosis with Thrombocytopenia Syndrome (TTS)

VaST meeting April 12

- CVST with thrombocytopenia identified as a rare, but serious adverse event following Janssen vaccine

CDC and FDA April 13

- Safety pause of Janssen COVID-19 vaccine
- HAN issued to ensure timely recognition and appropriate management

ACIP meeting April 14

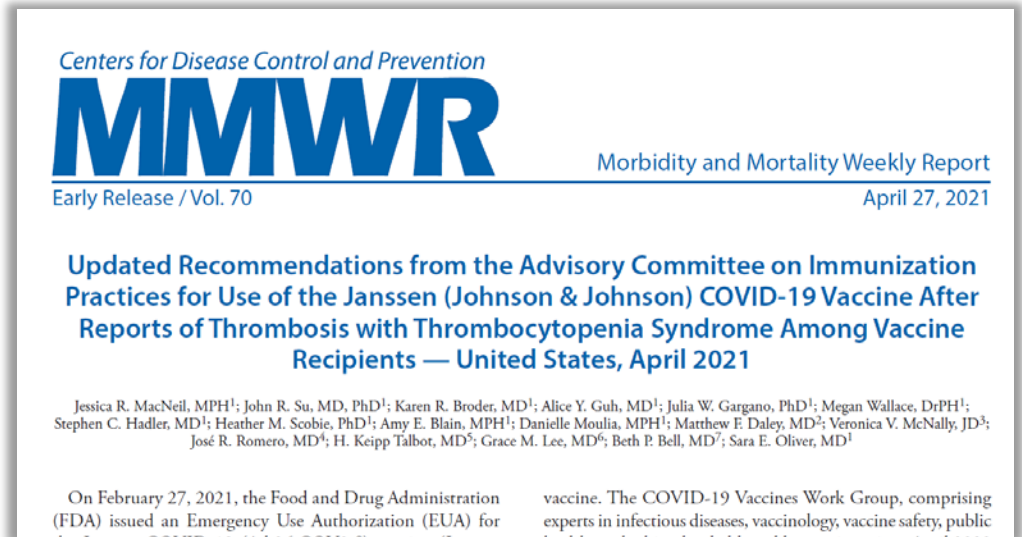
- Review of TTS cases
- Request for additional information to support evidence-based decision making

VaST Meetings to Review Data on Thrombosis with Thrombocytopenia Syndrome (TTS)

- April 12
- April 19
- April 22

April 23: ACIP Meeting →

- April 26
- May 3
- May 10



TTS – reviewed at VaST Meetings*

- Enhanced monitoring and refined CDC case ascertainment approach used for TTS cases following Janssen in VAERS
 - Median age 40 years (range 18-59)
 - 28 cases identified - 22 female, 6 male
- Review of data from VSD RCA and VA RCA
 - Broad electronic algorithms implemented to capture potential CVST or TTS events, followed by rapid review of electronic medical records for confirmation
 - No safety signals identified for CVST or TTS following mRNA or Janssen vaccines

Safety Monitoring of the Janssen (Johnson & Johnson) COVID-19 Vaccine — United States, March–April 2021

David K. Shay, MD¹; Julianne Gee, MPH¹; John R. Su, MD, PhD¹; Tanya R. Myers, PhD¹; Paige Marquez, MSPH¹; Ruiling Liu, PhD¹; Bicheng Zhang, MS¹; Charles Licata, PhD¹; Thomas A. Clark, MD¹; Tom T. Shimabukuro, MD¹

On April 30, 2021, this report was posted as an MMWR Release on the MMWR website (<https://www.cdc.gov/n>

On February 27, 2021, the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) issued an Emergency Use Authorization for Janssen (Ad.26.COVS.2.S) COVID-19 vaccine Biotech, Inc., a Janssen Pharmaceutical company, & Johnson) (1). The Janssen COVID-19 vaccine, a COVID-19 vaccine authorized for use in the United States uses a replication-incompetent human adenoviral vector platform (2) and is administered as a single intramuscular dose, whereas the first two authorized vaccines use a*

Research

JAMA | Original Investigation

US Case Reports of Cerebral Venous Sinus Thrombosis With Thrombocytopenia After Ad26.COVS.2.S Vaccination, March 2 to April 21, 2021

Isaac See, MD; John R. Su, MD, PhD, MPH; Allison Lale, MD, MPH; Emily Jane Woo, MD, MPH; Alice Y. Guh, MD, MPH; Tom T. Shimabukuro, MD, MPH, MBA; Michael B. Streiff, MD; Agam K. Rao, MD; Allison P. Wheeler, MD, MSCI; Suzanne F. Beavers, MD; Anna P. Durbin, MD; Kathryn Edwards, MD; Elaine Miller, RN, MPH; Theresa A. Harrington, MD, MPH&TM; Adamma Mba-Jonas, MD, MPH; Narayan Nair, MD; Duong T. Nguyen, DO; Kawsar R. Talaat, MD; Victor C. Urrutia, MD; Shannon C. Walker, MD; C. Buddy Creech, MD; Thomas A. Clark, MD, MPH; Frank DeStefano, MD, MPH; Karen R. Broder, MD

Talking to Patients

about Safety of the Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine

Effective April 23, 2021, CDC and FDA recommend use of the Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine (Johnson & Johnson) resume in the United States.

The available data show that the vaccine's known and potential benefits outweigh its known and potential risks.

You can offer the Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine to people 18 years and older who want to get vaccinated against COVID-19.

As a clinician, your answers to patient questions matter. Your strong recommendation can help them make an informed decision and feel confident about getting vaccinated.

If your patient has questions about the safety of the Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine:

- ➔ Discuss the possibility of a rare but increased risk of blood clots with low platelets seen after receiving the J&J/Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine.
- ➔ To date, most of these reports have been in women younger than 50 years old, but there have also been reports in men and older women.
- ➔ The reporting rate for this event in women is about 7 per 1 million women vaccinated.

What do I need to know about Johnson & Johnson's Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine (J&J/Janssen) now?

There is a risk of a rare but serious condition involving blood clots and low platelets in people after receiving the J&J/Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine. **This risk is very low.**

This problem is rare and happened in about 7 per 1 million vaccinated women between 18 and 49 years old.

For women 50 years and older and men of any age, this problem is even more rare.

This problem has not been linked to the other two COVID-19 vaccines (Pfizer-BioNTech and Moderna).



VaST Summary

- No confirmed TTS cases following mRNA vaccines
- Risk of TTS following Janssen vaccine highest in females <50 years
- Continue risk mitigation strategies
 - Educate patients about benefits and risks of available vaccines
 - Earlier recognition and timely management of TTS
- VaST will continue to monitor TTS, thromboembolic disease, and thrombocytopenia in all available vaccine safety surveillance systems
- VaST will update the ACIP COVID-19 vaccines workgroup, ACIP secretariat and ACIP on a regular basis

VaST Members

VaST Members

Grace Lee (ACIP)
Robert Hopkins (NVAC)
Matt Daley
Veronica McNally
Keipp Talbot
Kathy Edwards
Lisa Jackson
Jennifer Nelson
Laura Riley
Robert Schechter
Patricia Whitley-Williams

CDC Co-Leads

Lauri Markowitz
Melinda Wharton

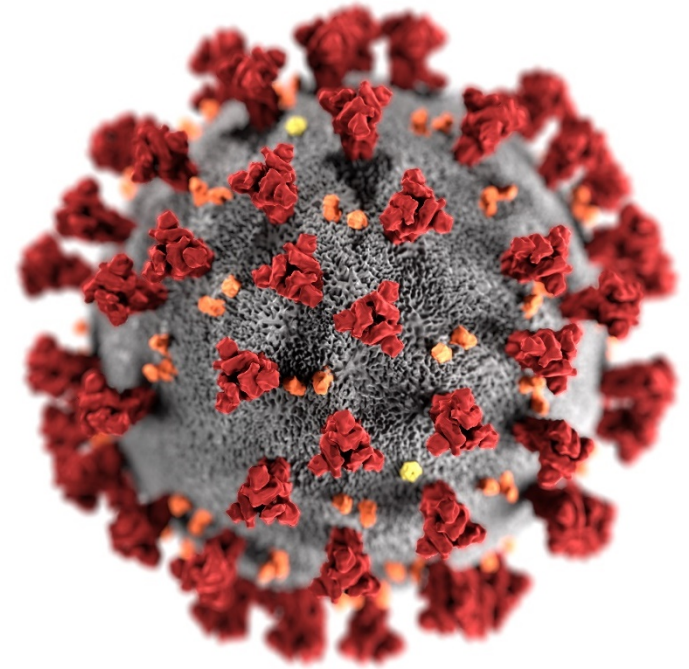
Ex Officio and Liaison Representatives

Tatiana Beresnev (NIH)
Karen Farizo; Hui Lee Wong (FDA)
Judith Steinberg (OIDP)
Jeffrey Kelman (CMS)
Matthew Clark (IHS)
Mary Rubin (HRSA)
Fran Cunningham (VA)
Limone Collins (DoD)

Administrative Support

Jared Woo

TTS Updates: Work Group Interpretation



Sara Oliver MD, MSPH
ACIP Meeting
May 12, 2021

Updated Recommendations from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices for Use of the Janssen (Johnson & Johnson) COVID-19 Vaccine After Reports of Thrombosis with Thrombocytopenia Syndrome Among Vaccine Recipients — United States, April 2021

Jessica R. MacNeil, MPH¹; John R. Su, MD, PhD¹; Karen R. Broder, MD¹; Alice Y. Guh, MD¹; Julia W. Gargano, PhD¹; Megan Wallace, DrPH¹; Stephen C. Hadler, MD¹; Heather M. Scobie, PhD¹; Amy E. Blain, MPH¹; Danielle Moulia, MPH¹; Matthew F. Daley, MD²; Veronica V. McNally, JD³; José R. Romero, MD⁴; H. Keipp Talbot, MD⁵; Grace M. Lee, MD⁶; Beth P. Bell, MD⁷; Sara E. Oliver, MD¹

“ACIP reaffirmed its interim recommendations for use of the Janssen COVID-19 vaccine in all persons aged ≥ 18 years under FDA’s EUA, which now includes a **warning** that **rare clotting events** might occur after vaccination, primarily among **women aged 18-49 years**.

Patient and provider education about the risk for TTS with the Janssen COVID-19 vaccine, especially among women aged < 50 years, as well as the **availability of alternative COVID-19 vaccines**, is required to guide vaccine decision making and ensure early recognition and clinical management of TTS.”

https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/70/wr/mm7017e4.htm?s_cid=mm7017e4_w

<https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/covid-19/downloads/talking-patients-Janssen-COVID-19-Vaccine-safety.pdf>

Talking to Patients about Safety of the Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine

Effective April 23, 2021, CDC and FDA recommend use of the Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine (Johnson & Johnson) resume in the United States. **The available data show that the vaccine’s known and potential benefits outweigh its known and potential risks.** You can offer the Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine to people 18 years and older who want to get vaccinated against COVID-19.

As a clinician, your answers to patient questions matter. Your strong recommendation can help them make an informed decision and feel confident about getting vaccinated against COVID-19.

If your patient has questions about the safety of the Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine:

- ➔ Discuss the possibility of a **rare but increased risk** of blood clots with low platelets seen after receipt of the Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine.
- ➔ To date, most of these reports have been in adult women younger than 50 years old, but there have been reports in men and older women.
- ➔ The reporting rate for this event in women 18 to 49 years old is about 7 per 1 million women vaccinated, so this event is rare.
- ➔ The reporting rate for both women 50 years and older and men is less than 1 per 1 million people vaccinated.



I STRONGLY ENCOURAGE YOU TO GET VACCINATED.



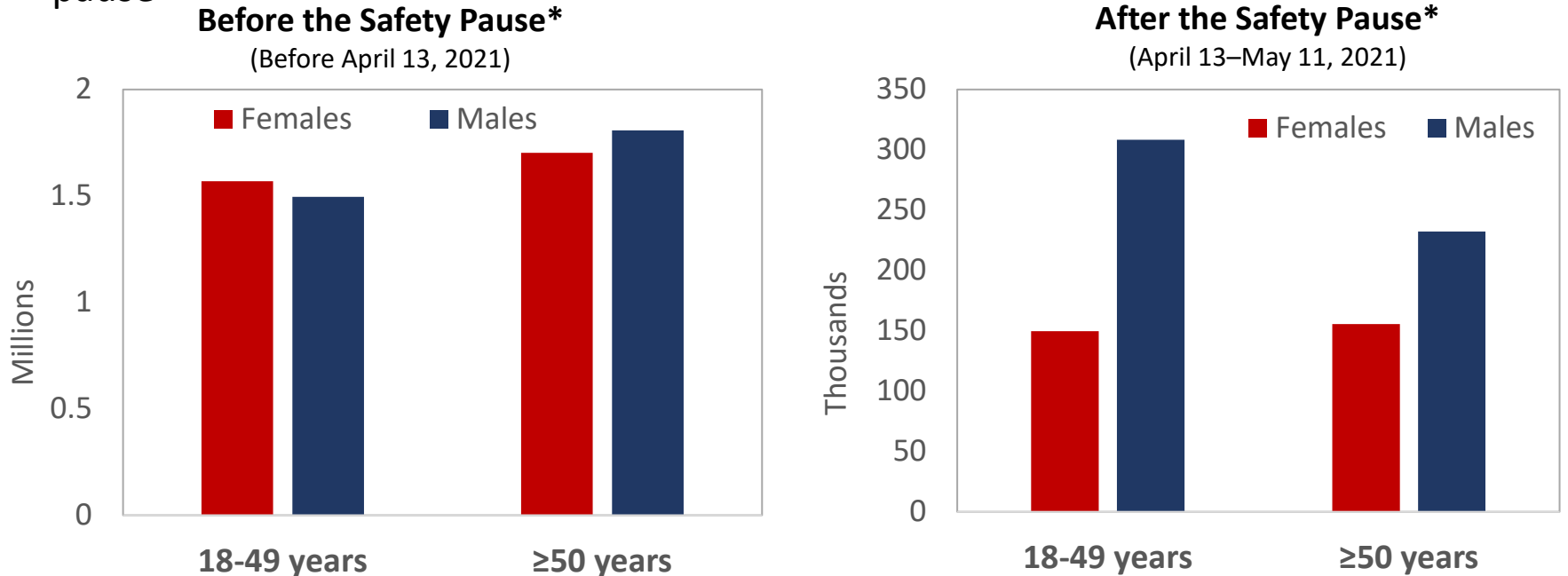
- » Explain that there are other COVID-19 vaccine options available for which this specific risk has not been seen.
- » Consider and discuss if the patient will be able and willing to complete a two-dose mRNA vaccine series.
- » CDC and FDA will continue to monitor the safety of all COVID-19 vaccines.

If they have questions, you can send them to:

<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/safety/JJUpdate.html>

Janssen COVID-19 vaccine administration: Before and after the safety pause

- 1,209,404 doses of the Janssen COVID-19 vaccine administered after the safety pause

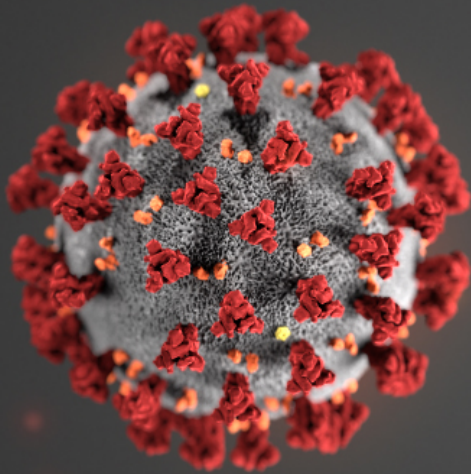


*Does not include administration records from Texas, or records without a valid age or sex
CDC | Data as of: May 11, 2021 6:00am ET

Janssen COVID-19 vaccine:

Risk/benefit analysis

- The **Risk/benefit analysis** was updated with the updated incidence of TTS and reviewed by the COVID-19 vaccines Work Group
- The Work Group's interpretation is that the **benefits** still outweighed the **risks** at this time, and no updates to vaccine policy are needed at this time
 - The Work Group will continue to review TTS updates and the Risk/benefit analysis
- If/when the Work Group's assessment is that updates to recommendations for use of the Janssen COVID-19 vaccine should be considered, the Risk/benefit analysis will be presented to ACIP again, along with updated **policy considerations**



For more information, contact CDC
1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636)
TTY: 1-888-232-6348 www.cdc.gov

Thank you!

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.



Janssen COVID-19 vaccine administration: Before and after the safety pause

	Pre Pause (Before April 13, 2021)				Post Pause (April 23, 2021 - May 11, 2021)			
	Female		Male		Female		Male	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
18-29 years old	488,795	15%	464,502	14%	50,420	17%	112,525	21%
30-39 years old	521,914	16%	476,125	14%	46,497	15%	97,630	18%
40-49 years old	558,793	17%	554,773	17%	52,723	17%	98,091	18%
50-64 years old	1,155,482	35%	1,153,702	35%	97,652	32%	163,970	30%
64+ years old	547,140	17%	653,789	20%	57,998	19%	68,255	13%
Total	3,272,124		3,302,891		305,290		540,471	