

**Table 3.2. Number and rates\* of reported cases† of acute hepatitis C, by demographic characteristics – United States 2015–2019**

Characteristics	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	
	No.	Rate*	No.	Rate*	No.	Rate*	No.	Rate*	No.	Rate*
<b>Total<sup>§</sup></b>	<b>2,436</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>2,967</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>3,216</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>3,621</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>4,136</b>	<b>1.3</b>
<b>Age (years)</b>										
0–19	99	0.1	86	0.1	103	0.1	81	0.1	63	0.1
20–29	999	2.4	1,135	2.7	1,189	2.7	1,310	3.0	1,262	2.9
30–39	682	1.7	868	2.2	937	2.3	1,070	2.6	1,347	3.2
40–49	337	0.9	452	1.2	441	1.1	494	1.3	664	1.7
50–59	240	0.6	264	0.6	332	0.8	366	0.9	442	1.1
≥60	77	0.1	141	0.2	185	0.3	295	0.4	358	0.5
<b>Sex</b>										
Male	1,334	0.9	1,627	1.1	1,775	1.2	2,012	1.3	2,471	1.6
Female	1,093	0.7	1,310	0.8	1,431	0.9	1,605	1.0	1,653	1.0
<b>Race/ethnicity</b>										
American Indian/ Alaska Native	39	1.8	70	3.1	67	2.9	83	3.6	83	3.6
Asian/Pacific Islander	16	0.1	25	0.1	23	0.1	29	0.1	36	0.2
Black, non-Hispanic	112	0.3	130	0.3	202	0.5	231	0.6	267	0.7
White, non-Hispanic	1,724	0.9	2,109	1.1	2,227	1.2	2,405	1.3	2,683	1.4
Hispanic	148	0.3	191	0.3	234	0.4	280	0.5	350	0.6
<b>Urbanicity<sup>¶</sup></b>										
Urban	1,812	0.7	2,227	0.8	2,397	0.9	2,782	1.0	3,275	1.2
Rural	545	1.3	501	1.2	485	1.1	676	1.6	720	1.7
<b>HHS Region: Regional Office<sup>#</sup></b>										
1: Boston	280	3.2	471	3.8	391	2.8	172	1.2	237	1.7
2: New York	251	0.9	301	1.0	313	1.1	332	1.2	405	1.4
3: Philadelphia	286	1.0	422	1.4	424	1.4	404	1.4	392	1.3
4: Atlanta	721	1.2	706	1.1	826	1.3	1,056	1.7	1,253	2.0
5: Chicago	475	0.9	615	1.2	692	1.3	977	1.9	1,053	2.0
6: Dallas	149	0.4	95	0.2	105	0.2	114	0.3	157	0.4
7: Kansas City	38	0.3	41	0.4	70	0.6	89	0.8	74	0.5
8: Denver	85	0.8	152	1.4	162	1.4	225	1.9	222	1.9
9: San Francisco	71	0.2	76	0.2	138	0.3	133	0.3	222	0.5
10: Seattle	80	0.6	88	0.7	95	0.7	119	0.9	121	0.9

Source: CDC, National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System.

\* Rates per 100,000 population.

† Reported cases that met the classification criteria for a confirmed case. For the case definition, see <https://ndc.services.cdc.gov/conditions/hepatitis-c-acute/>.

§ Numbers reported in each category might not add up to the total number of reported cases in a year because of cases with missing data or, in the case of race/ethnicity, cases categorized as “Other.”

¶ Urbanicity was categorized according to the 2013 National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) urban-rural classification scheme for counties and county-equivalent entities ([https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data\\_access/urban\\_rural.htm](https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data_access/urban_rural.htm)). Large central metropolitan, large fringe metropolitan, medium metropolitan, and small metropolitan counties were grouped as urban. Micropolitan and noncore counties were grouped as rural.

# US Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) regions were categorized according to the grouping of states and US territories assigned under each of the 10 HHS regional offices (<https://www.hhs.gov/about/agencies/iea/regional-offices/index.html>). For the purposes of this report, regions with US territories (Regions 2 and 9) contain data from states only.