2008

# Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 

Calculated Variables

(Version \#4-Revised: August 31, 2010)

Calculated Variables in the 2008 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File

## INDRODUCTION:

This document provides information on calculated variables and risk factors for the 2006 Behavioral Risk Factor Survey. These variables are calculated from responses to questions in the survey. There are three types of calculated variables.

The first are those variables used to stratify and weight the data, which are not inclued in this document.

The second are intermediate variables. These are variables are derived from a question response and are used to calculate some other variable or risk factor. For example: WTKG2 is derived from the WEIGHT2 variable in the survey. WTKG2 is then used to calculate the body mass index variable (_BMI4). Most of the intermediate variables end with an underscore (Example: FTJUDAY_), but not all of them do.

The third type of calculated variables, are those used to categorize or classify respondents. Most of these begin with an underscore. (Example: _BMI4.) Exceptions are: _DENSTR2, _GEOSTR, and _STATE, which are determined before the interview. Some of the calculated variables group continuous variables such as weight, age, or body mass index, into categories. Other calculated variables regroup non-continuous variables to simplify analyses. The common focus of these variables is on health behaviors that are associated with a "risk" for illness or injury.

The tables in this report include a description of what the responses mean and a copy of the code used to calculate these variables in SAS®. The syntax of the code may or may not work as is in other statistical programs.

## NEW CALCULATED VARIABLES FOR 2008

_RFBLDS2 was added in 2008.

## Section 1: Health Status

| _RFHLTH | Calculated is derived f | variable for adults with good or better health. _RFHLTH from GENHLTH. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Good or Better Health | Respondents that reported having excellent, very good or good health. (GENHLTH =1, 2, 3) |
| 2 | Fair or Poor Health | Respondents that reported having fair or poor health. (GENHLTH $=4,5$ ) |
| 9 | Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing | Respondents that reported they didn't know, refused to answer, or had missing responses for the general health status question. (GENHLTH =7, 9, missing) |
|  | SAS Code: | IF 4 LE GENHLTH LE 5 THEN _RFHLTH=2; ELSE IF 1 LE GENHLTH LE 3 THEN _RFHLTH=1; ELSE _RFHLTH=9; |

## Section 2: Healthy Days - Health-Related Quality of Life

There are no calculated Variables for Section 2.

## Section 3: Health Care Access

_HCVU65 Calculated variable for respondents aged $18-64$ that have any form of
health care coverage. _HCVU65 is derived from AGE and HLTHPLAN.
Have health Respondents that reported having health care coverage (18
care coverage $<=$ AGE $<=64$ and HLTHPLAN $=1$ )

Do not have Respondents that reported not having health care coverage health care ( $18<=$ AGE <= 64 and HLTHPLAN = 2) coverage

Don't know/ Not Sure, Refused or Missing

SAS Code: IF 18 LE AGE LE 64 THEN DO; IF HLTHPLAN=1 THEN _HCVU65=1; ELSE IF HLTHPLAN=2 THEN _HCVU65=2; ELSE _HCVU65=9; END; ELSE _HCVU65 = 9;

## Section 4: Sleep

There are no calculated Variables for Section 4.

## Section 5: Exercise

_TOTINDA Calculated variable for adults that report doing physical activity or exercise during the past 30 days other than their regular job. _TOTINDA is derived from EXERANY2.

Had physical Respondents that reported doing any physical activity or activity or exercise. (EXERANY2=1) exercise

Respondents that report doing no physical activity or activity or exercise. (EXERANY2=2) exercise in last 30 days

9 Don't know/ Refused/

Respondents that reported they didn't know, refused to Missing answer, and those with missing responses for the physical activity/exercise question. (EXERANY2=7, 9, missing)
SAS Code:
IF EXERANY2 IN (1) THEN _TOTINDA=1; ELSE IF EXERANY2 IN (2) THEN _TOTINDA=2; ELSE IF EXERANY2 IN (.,7,9) THEN _TOTINDA=9;

## Section 6: Diabetes

There are no calculated Variables for Section 6.

## Section 7: Oral Health

EXTETH2 Calculated variable for adults aged 18+ that have had permanent teeth extracted. _EXTETH2 is derived from RMVTETH3.

1

Not at risk Respondents that reported having had no permanent teeth removed. (RMVTETH3=8)
At risk Respondents that reported having had permanent teeth removed. (RMVTETH3=1 or 2 or 3 )
Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing
SAS Code: IF RMVTETH3 IN (1,2,3) THEN _EXTETH2=2; ELSE IF RMVTETH3=8 THEN _EXTETH2=1; ELSE _EXTETH2=9;

## Section 7: Oral Health

ALTETH2 Calculated variable for adults aged 65+ who have had all their natural teeth extracted. _ALTETH2 is derived from AGE and RMVTETH3.

1
No
Respondents aged 65 or more that reporteded having none or some natural teeth removed. (AGE > 64 and RMVTETH3=1, 2, 8)

2
Yes

Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing Missing or Age
Less Than 65

SAS Code: IF AGE >= 65 THEN DO;
IF RMVTETH3 IN ( $1,2,8$ ) THEN _ALTETH2=1;
ELSE IF RMVTETH3=3 THEN _ALTETH2=2;
ELSE IF RMVTETH3 IN (.,7,9) THEN _ALTETH2=9;
END;
ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _ALTETH2=9;
ELSE _ALTETH2=.;

## Section 7: Oral Health

_DENVST1 Calculated variable for adults that have visited a dentist, dental hygenist or dental clinic within the past year. _DENVST1 is derived from LASTDEN3 and DENCLEAN.

1

2

9

2 No

Yes

No

Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing

Respondents that reported having had dental visit or teeth cleaning visit in the past year. (LASTDEN3=1 or DENCLEAN=1)
Respondents that reported having not had dental visit or teeth cleaning visit in the past year. (LASTDEN3=2, 3, or 4 and DENCLEAN=2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, or missing)

SAS Code: IF LASTDEN3=8 THEN _DENVST1=2;
ELSE IF LASTDEN3 IN (2,3,4) AND DENCLEAN IN (., $2,3,4,7,8,9$ ) THEN _DENVST1=2;
ELSE IF LASTDEN3=1 OR DENCLEAN=1 THEN _DENVST1=1;
ELSE IF LASTDEN3 IN (.,7,9) AND DENCLEAN IN (2,3,4,8) THEN _DENVST1=2; ELSE _DENVST1=9;

## Section 8: Cardiovascular Disease Prevalence

There are no calculated Variables for Section 8.

## Section 9: Asthma

_LTASTHM Calculated variable for adults who have ever been told they have asthma. _LTASTHM is derived from ASTHMA2.

Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma. (ASTHMA2=2)

Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma. (ASTHMA2=1)

Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/
Missing

Respondents that reporteded they did not know if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, or those with missing responses. (ASTHMA2=7, 9, missing)
SAS Code: IF ASTHMA2=1 THEN _LTASTHM=2; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN _LTASTHM=1; ELSE _LTASTHM=9;

## Section 9: Asthma

CASTHMA Calculated variable for adults who have been told they currently have asthma. _CASTHMA is derived from ASTHMA2 and ASTHNOW.

1 No Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma or do not still have asthma. (ASTHMA2=2 or ASTHMA2=1 and ASTHNOW=2)
Yes
Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma and that they still have asthma. (ASTHMA2=1 and ASTHNOW=1)

Don't know/ Respondents that reporteded they did not know if they had Not Sure Or Refused/ been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused to answer if they had Missing been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that did not know if they still had asthma, those that refused to answer if they still had asthma, or those with missing responses. (ASthmaz=7, 9, missing or ASTHNOW=7, 9, missing)

SAS Code: IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN _CASTHMA=1;
ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=1 THEN _CASTHMA=2;
ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=2 THEN _CASTHMA=1;
ELSE _CASTHMA=9;

```
Section 9: Asthma
    ASTHMST Calculated variable for computed asthma status. _ASTHMST is derived
                from ASTHMA2 and ASTHNOW.
    1 Current Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or
    health professional that they had asthma and that they
    still have asthma. (ASTHMA2=1and ASTHNOW=1)
    Never Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse
    Never Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse
        or health professional that they had asthma. (ASTHMA2=2)
    9
        Don't know/
        Not Sure Or
        Refused/
        Missing
    Former Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or
        health professional that they had asthma but do not still
        have asthma. (ASTHMA2=1 and ASTHNOW=2)
```

```
Respondents that reporteded they didn't know if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that didn't know if they still had asthma, those that refused to answer if they still had asthma, or those with missing responses. (ASTHMA2=7, 9, missing; or ASTHNOW=7, 9, missing)
SAS Code: IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=1 THEN _ASTHMST=1;
ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=2 THEN _ASTHMST=2;
ELSE IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN _ASTHMST=3;
ELSE _ASTHMST=9;
```


## Section 10: Disability

There are no calculated Variables for Section 10.

## Section 11: Tobacco Use

SMOKER3 Calculated variable for four-level smoker status: everyday smoker, someday smoker, former smoker, non-smoker. _SMOKER3 is derived from SMOKE100 and SMOKDAY2.

Current Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 smoker - now cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke every day. smokes every (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKDAY2=1)
day
Current Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 smoker - now cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke some days. smokes some (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKDAY2=2) days

Former smoker Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and currently do not smoke. (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKDAY2=3)
Never smoked Respondents that reported they had not smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime. (SMOKE100=2)

Don't know/ Refused/ Respondents that reporteded they didn't know if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that Missing refused to answer if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that didn't know if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, those that refused to answer if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, or those with missing responses. (SMOKE100=7, 9, missing; or SMOKDAY2=7, 9, missing)

SAS Code: IF SMOKE100=2 THEN _SMOKER3=4;
ELSE IF SMOKE100=1 THEN DO;
IF SMOKDAY2=1 THEN _SMOKER3=1;
ELSE IF SMOKDAY2=2 THEN _SMOKER3=2;
ELSE IF SMOKDAY2 = 3 THEN _SMOKER3=3;
ELSE _SMOKER3=9;
END;
ELSE _SMOKER3=9;

## Section 11: Tobacco Use

RFSMOK3 Calculated variable for adults who are current smokers. _RFSMOK3 is derived from _SMOKER3.

1

2 Yes
2 Yes
Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and currently smoke. (_SMOKER3=1, 2)

9 Don't know/ Refused/ Missing

Respondents that reported they had not smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that reported having smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime but do not currently smoke. (_SMOKER3=3, 4)

Respondents that reporteded they did not know if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that refused to answer if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that didn't know if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, those that refused to answer if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, or those with missing responses. (_SMOKER3=9)
SAS Code: IF _SMOKER3 IN (1,2) THEN _RFSMOK3=2;
ELSE IF _SMOKER3 IN $(3,4)$ THEN _RFSMOK3=1;
ELSE _RFSMOK3=9;

## Section 12: Demographics

MRACEORG Calculated variable for mrace with trailing 7,8,9s removed. MRACEORG is derived from MRACE in the original order in which the data were received from the state
territory. If MRACE is greater than 9 then any trailing 7, 8, or 9 is removed. If MRACE is less than or equal to 9 then MRACEORG is equal to MRACE.

1 65432

1

9

Race code(s)
Respondents reported race or races in original order (MRACE=1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or MRACE > 10)

Don't know/ Respondents that reported they didn't know, or weren't Not sure

Refused
SAS Code: sure of their race. (MRACE=7)
Respondents that refused to give their race. (MRACE=9)
IF LENGTH(MRACE) > 1 THEN DO;

MRACEORG = PUT(COMPRESS(MRACE,'789'),6.);
END; ELSE DO; MRACEORG=MRACE; END;

## Section 12: Demographics

MRACEASC Calculated variable for mrace with 7,8,9s removed, in ascending order. MRACEASC is derived from MRACEORG. The values that make up MRACEORG are sorted from smallest to largest.

1 -
12345
6
7 Don't know/ Not sure

Refused Respondents that refused to give their race. (MRACEORG=9)
SAS Code: IF LENGTH(TRIM(LEFT(MRACEORG))) > 1 THEN DO; LEN=LENGTH(RIGHT(MRACEORG));
DO I = 1 TO LEN-1;
DO J = 1 TO LEN-1 WHILE (SUBSTR(MRACEORG, J+1,1) NE ' ');
IF SUBSTR(MRACEORG, J,1) > SUBSTR(MRACEORG, J+1,1) THEN SUBSTR(MRACEORG, J, 2) = REVERSE(SUBSTR(MRACEORG, J, 2)); END;
END;
END;
MRACEASC = INPUT(MRACEORG,6.);

## Section 12: Demographics



Asian Respondents that reported their race as Asian. (MRACE=3 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=3)

SAS Code:
American Indian or Alaskan Native

Other race

No preferred race

Multiracial but preferred race not asked Not sure

Refused
Don't know/

Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander

Respondents that reported their race as Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander . (MRACE=4 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=4)

Respondents that reported their race as American Indian or Alaska Native. (MRACE=5 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=5)

Respondents who report they are of some other race group not listed in the question responses. (MRACE=6 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=6)

Respondents that reported they are of more than one race group but did not report a preference or the preferred race is missing (MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=7 or 9)
Respondents that reported they are of more than one race group but did not answer the question about which race best represents them NOTE: This is a data collection error. (MRACEASC >11 and ORACE2=8 or MRACEASC >11 and ORACE2= Missing)

Respondents that reported they didn't know their race and did not answer the question about which race best represents them. (MRACEASC=7)
Respondents who refused to give their race and did not answer the question about which race best represents them. (MRACEASC=9)
IF 1 LE MRACEASC LE 6 THEN _PRACE=MRACEASC;
ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 7 THEN _PRACE=77;
ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 9 THEN _PRACE=99;
ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 IN (7,9) THEN _PRACE=7;
ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 EQ . THEN _PRACE=8;
ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 EQ 8 THEN _PRACE=8;
ELSE IF 1 LE ORACE2 LE 6 THEN _PRACE=ORACE2;

Calculated Variables in the 2008 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 12: Demographics

_MRACE Calculated variable for multiracial race categorization. _MRACE is derived from MRACEASC. If respondents report more than one race they are assigned to the multiracial category. Otherwise _MRACE=MRACEASC. White only Respondents that reported they are white. (MRACEASC=1) Black or Respondents that report they are black. (MRACEASC=2) African American only

Asian Only Respondents that reported they are Asian. (MRACEASC=3) Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only
American Respondents that reported they are American Indian or
Indian or Alaska Native. (MRACEASC=5)
Alaskan Native
only

Other race only
Multiracial
Respondents that reported they are of some other race group not listed in the question responses. (MRACEASC=6)
Respondents that reported they are of more than one race group but do not specify a preferred race. (MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=7, 8, 9, or missing)
Don't know/ Respondents that reported they did not know their race.

Not sure

Refused (MRACEASC=7)

Respondents that refused to give their race information. (MRACEASC=9)
SAS Code: IF MRACEASC GE 12 THEN _MRACE = 7;
ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 9 THEN _MRACE = 99;
ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 7 THEN _MRACE = 77;
ELSE IF 1 LE MRACEASC LE 6 THEN _MRACE = MRACEASC;

## Section 12: Demographics

## RACE2 Calculated variable for race

ethnicity categories. RACE2 is derived from _MRACE and HISPANC2. All respondents who report they are of Hispanic or Latino origin are coded as Hispanic.

White only, non-Hispanic

Respondents that reported they are of some other race group not listed in the question responses and are not of Hispanic origin. (_MRACE=6 and HISPANC2=2)

Black only, non-Hispanic

Asian only, non-Hispanic

Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only, Non-Hispanic

SAS Code: IF HISPANC2 IN (7,9) OR (_MRACE IN(77,99) AND HISPANC2 EQ 2) THEN DO;
RACE2 = 9 ;
END;
ELSE IF HISPANC2 = 2 THEN DO;
IF _MRACE = 1 THEN RACE2 = 1 ;
ELSE IF _MRACE = 2 THEN RACE2 = 2 ;
ELSE IF _MRACE = 3 THEN RACE2 = 3 ;
ELSE IF _MRACE = 4 THEN RACE2 = 4 ;
ELSE IF _MRACE = 5 THEN RACE2 = 5 ;
ELSE IF _MRACE = 6 THEN RACE2 $=6$;
ELSE IF _MRACE = 7 THEN RACE2 = 7 ;
END;
ELSE IF HISPANC2 = 1 THEN DO;
RACE2 = 8 ;
END;

## Section 12: Demographics

RACEG2 Calculated variable for white hispanic race group. _RACEG2 is derived from RACE2.
1

> Non-Hispanic White

Respondents that reported they are white and not of Hispanic origin. (RACE2=1)
2
Non-White or Respondents that reported they are non-white or of Hispanic Hispanic origin. (RACE2=2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)

9
Don't know/ Not sure/ Refused

Respondents that reported they did not know, or refused to give their race and are not of Hispanic origin or did not know, or refused to answer if they are of Hispanic origin. (RACE2=9)
SAS Code: IF RACE2 = 1 THEN _RACEG2 = 1; ELSE IF RACE2 IN ( $2,3,4,5,6,7,8$ ) THEN _RACEG2 $=2$; ELSE IF RACE2 = 9 THEN _RACEG2 = 9;

## Section 12: Demographics

_RACEGR2 Calculated variable for five-level race
ethnicity category. _RACEGR2 is derived from RACE2.

1

White only, Non-Hispanic

Black only, Non-Hispanic

Other race only, Non-Hispanic
Multiracial Non-Hispanic

Hispanic

Don't know/ Not sure/ Refused

Respondents that reported they are white and not of Hispanic origin. (RACE2=1)

Respondents that reported they are black and not of Hispanic origin. (RACE2=2)
Respondents that reported they are not white and not black and not of Hispanic origin. (RACE2=3, 4, 5, 6)

Respondents that reported being multiracial but not of Hispanic origin. (RACE2=7)
Respondents that reported they are of Hispanic origin. (RACE2=8)

Respondents that reported they did not know, or refused to give their race and are not of Hispanic origin or did not know, or refused to answer if they are of Hispanic origin. (RACE2=9)
SAS Code: IF RACE2=1 THEN _RACEGR2=1; ELSE IF RACE2=2 THEN _RACEGR2=2; ELSE IF 3 LE RACE2 LE 6 THEN _RACEGR2=3; ELSE IF RACE2=7 THEN _RACEGR2=4; ELSE IF RACE2=8 THEN _RACEGR2=5; ELSE IF RACE2=9 THEN _RACEGR2=9;

## Section 12: Demographics

_RACE_G Calculated variable for race groups used for internet prevalence tables. _RACE_G is derived from _RACEGR2.
1 White - Respondents that reported they are white and not of Non-Hispanic Hispanic origin. (_RACEGR2=1)

Black - Respondents that reported they are black and not of Non-Hispanic Hispanic origin. (_RACEGR2=2)

Hispanic Respondents that reported that they are of Hispanic origin. (_RACEGR2=5)

Other race All other respondents with valid race responses except only, Non-Hispanic for those reporting multiracial or Hispanic origins.

Multiracial, Non-Hispanic

All other respondents reporting multiracial but

Don't know/ Not sure/ Refused component question
SAS Code: IF _RACEGR2 = 1 THEN _RACE_G = 1; ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 2 THEN _RACE_G = 2; ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 3 THEN _RACE_G = 4; ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 4 THEN _RACE_G = 5; ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 5 THEN _RACE_G = 3;

Calculated Variables in the 2008 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

Section 12: Demographics
_CNRACE Calculated variable for number of census race categories chosen. _CNRACE is derived from MRACEASC and is equal to the number of "census" race categories chosen.
0 Other/ do not No census race categories chosen by the respondent. (6 <= know/ refused MRACEASC <= 9)

11 category Onecensus race category chosen by the respondent. chosen (MRACEASC=1)

22 category
Two census race categories chosen by the respondent. chosen (MRACEASC=2)

3 category Three census race categories chosen by the respondent. chosen (MRACEASC=3)

4

5
4 category chosen

Four census race categories chosen by the respondent. (MRACEASC=4)

5 category
Five census race categories chosen by the respondent. chosen (MRACEASC=5)

SAS Code:

```
** REMOVES EXTRA CHARACTERS **;
    MRACE_=COMPRESS(MRACEASC,'679');
    ** REMOVES BLANK SPACES **;
    IF MRACEASC NOTIN (6,7,9) THEN DO;
    _CNRACE=LENGTH(COMPRESS(MRACE_));
    END;
    ELSE DO;
    _CNRACE=0;
    END;
```

Section 12: Demographics
_CNRACEC Calculated variable for number of census race categories chosen, collapsed. _CNRACEC is derived from _CNRACE.
1 One category One census race category chosen by the respondent. chosen (_CNRACE=1)

2
Two or more Two or more census race categories chosen by the categories respondent. (_CNRACE>1) chosen

```
_CNRACE = 0 or No census race categories chosen by the respondent.
        missing (_CNRACE=0)
    SAS Code: IF _CNRACE EQ 0 THEN _CNRACEC=. ;
        ELSE IF _CNRACE EQ 1 THEN _CNRACEC=1;
        ELSE _CNRACEC=2 ;
```

Calculated Variables in the 2008 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 12: Demographics

AGEG5YR Calculated variable for fourteen-level age category. _AGEG5YR is derived from AGE.
1 Age 18 to 24 Respondents with reported age between 18 and 24 years (18 <= AGE <= 24)
Age 25 to 29 Respondents with reported age between 25 and 29 years ( 25 <= AGE <= 29)
2 Age 25 to 29

Age 30 to 34 Respondents with reported age between 30 and 34 years (30 <= AGE <= 34)

Age 35 to 39 Respondents with reported age between 35 and 39 years ( 35 <= AGE <= 39)

Age 40 to 44 Respondents with reported age between 40 and 44 years (40 <= AGE <= 44)

Age 45 to 49 Respondents with reported age between 45 and 49 years (45 <= AGE <= 49)

Age 50 to 54 Respondents with reported age between 50 and 54 years (50 <= AGE <= 54)

Age 55 to 59 Respondents with reported age between 55 and 59 years (55 <= AGE <= 59)

Age 60 to 64 Respondents with reported age between 60 and 64 years (60 <= AGE <= 64)
Age 65 to 69 Respondents with reported age between 65 and 69 years ( 65 <= AGE <= 69)
Age 70 to 74 Respondents with reported age between 70 and 74 years ( 70 <= AGE <= 74)
Age 75 to 79 Respondents with reported age between 75 and 79 years ( 75 <= AGE <= 79)
Age 80 or Respondents with reported age between 80 and 99 years (80 older <= AGE <= 99)

Don't know/ Respondents that reported they didn't know, were not Refused/ Missing sure, refused to report or had missing responses for their age. (AGE=7, 9, missing)

Section 12: Demographics
AGEG5YR Calculated variable for fourteen-level age category. _AGEG5YR is derived from AGE.
SAS Code: IF 18 LE AGE LE 24 THEN _AGEG5YR = 1;
ELSE IF 25 LE AGE LE 29 THEN _AGEG5YR = 2;
ELSE IF 30 LE AGE LE 34 THEN _AGEG5YR = 3;
ELSE IF 35 LE AGE LE 39 THEN _AGEG5YR = 4;
ELSE IF 40 LE AGE LE 44 THEN _AGEG5YR = 5;
ELSE IF 45 LE AGE LE 49 THEN _AGEG5YR = 6;
ELSE IF 50 LE AGE LE 54 THEN _AGEG5YR = 7;
ELSE IF 55 LE AGE LE 59 THEN _AGEG5YR = 8;
ELSE IF 60 LE AGE LE 64 THEN _AGEG5YR = 9;
ELSE IF 65 LE AGE LE 69 THEN _AGEG5YR = 10;
ELSE IF 70 LE AGE LE 74 THEN _AGEG5YR = 11;
ELSE IF 75 LE AGE LE 79 THEN _AGEG5YR = 12;
ELSE IF 80 LE AGE LE 99 THEN _AGEG5YR = 13;
ELSE _AGEG5YR = 14;

## Section 12: Demographics

_AGE65YR Calculated variable for two-level age category. _AGE65YR is derived from AGE.

Age 18 to 64 Respondents with reported ages 18-64. (18 <= AGE <=64)
Age 65 or Respondents with reported ages 65-99. (65 >= AGE >= 99) older
Don't know/ Respondents that reported they didn't know, were not Refused/ Missing sure, refused, or had a missing value for AGE. (AGE=7,9,or missing)

```
    SAS Code: IF 18 LE AGE LE 64 THEN _AGE65YR=1;
                        ELSE IF 65 LE AGE LE 99 THEN _AGE65YR=2;
                        ELSE _AGE65YR = 3;
```

Calculated Variables in the 2008 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 12: Demographics

AGE_G Calculated variable for six-level imputed age category. _AGE_G is derived from _IMPAGE (imputed age).
1 Age 18 to 24 Respondents with imputed ages between 18-24 years of age. (18 <= _IMPAGE <= 24)

2 Age 25 to 34 Respondents with imputed ages between 25-34 years of age. (25 <= _IMPAGE <= 34)

Age 35 to 44 Respondents with imputed ages between 35-44 years of age. ( 35 <= _IMPAGE <= 44)

Age 45 to 54 Respondents with imputed ages between 45-54 years of age. (45 <= _IMPAGE <= 54)
Age 55 to 64 Respondents with imputed ages between 55-64 years of age. (55 <= _IMPAGE <= 64)
Age 65 or Respondents with imputed ages between 65-99 years of age. older (_IMPAGE => 65)
SAS Code: IF (18<=_IMPAGE<=24) THEN _AGE_G = 1;
ELSE IF (25<=_IMPAGE<=34) THEN _AGE_G = 2; ELSE IF ( $35<=\_$IMPAGE<=44) THEN _AGE_G = 3; ELSE IF (45<=_IMPAGE<=54) THEN _AGE_G = 4; ELSE IF (55<=_IMPAGE<=64) THEN _AGE_G = 5; ELSE IF (_IMPAGE >= 65) THEN _AGE_G = 6;

## Section 12: Demographics

HTIN3 Calculated variable for reported height in inches. HTIN3 is derived from HEIGHT2. HTIN3 is calculated by adding the foot portion of HEIGHT2 multiplied by 12, to the inch portion.

1 -
998
999

Height in inches

Don't know/ Refused/ Missing

SAS Code

Respondents calculated height in inches. (HTIN3=(нтM3×100)
$\div 2.54$ or HTIN3=(height in feet $x$ 12) + height in inches)
Respondents that reported they didn't know, were not sure, refused to report or had missing responses for their height. (HEIGHT3=777, 999, 7777, 9999 or missing)

```
** CREATE HEIGHT1 CHARACTER VARIABLE **;
    HEIGHT1=PUT(HEIGHT3,4.);
    IF HEIGHT3 NOT IN (777,999,7777,9999,.) THEN DO;
    IF 1 LE HEIGHT3 LT 800 and 0 LE (INPUT((substr(HEIGHT1,3,2)),2.))
LE 11 THEN DO;
HTIN3=(INPUT((substr(HEIGHT1,3,2)),2.)) +
((INPUT((substr(HEIGHT1,2,1)),1.))*12);
    END;
    ELSE IF 9000 LT HEIGHT3 LT 9242 THEN DO;
    HTIN3=input(((HEIGHT3 - 9000)/2.54),3.0);
    END;
    END;
```

Calculated Variables in the 2008 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 12: Demographics

| HTM3 | Calculated from the dividing | variable for reported height in meters. HTM3 is derived riable HTIN3 by multiplying HTIN3 by 2.54 cm per in and 100 cm per meter. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1- \\ & 998 \end{aligned}$ | Height in meters [2 implied decimal places] | Respondents reported or calculated height in meters. (HTM3 $=($ HTIN3 $\times 2.54) \div 100$ or HTM3 $=($ HEIGHT3 -9000$) \div 100)$ |
| 999 | Don't know/ Refused/ Missing SAS Code: | ```Respondents that reported they didn't know, were not sure, refused to report or had missing responses for their height. (HEIGHT3=777, 999, 7777, 9999 or missing) ** CONVERSION FACTOR = 39.3701 in/M **; IF HEIGHT3 NOT IN (777,999,7777,9999,.) THEN DO; IF 1 LE HEIGHT3 LT 800 and 0 LE (INPUT((substr(HEIGHT1,3,2)),2.)) LE 11 THEN DO; HTM3 = (HTIN3 * 2.54) / 100; END; ELSE IF 9000 LT HEIGHT3 LT 9242 THEN DO; HTM3 = (HEIGHT3 - 9000)/100; END; END;``` |

## Section 12: Demographics

WTKG2 Calculated variable for reported weight in kilograms. WTKG2 is derived from WEIGHT2 by dividing WEIGHT2 by 2.2 kg per lb.
1 - Weight in Respondents reported or calculated weight in kilograms.
99998 kilograms [2 implied decimal places]

99999 Don't know/ Refused/ Missing

SAS Code:

Respondents that reported they didn't know, were not sure, refused to report or had missing responses for their weight.

Calculated Variables in the 2008 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 12: Demographics

BMI4 Calculated variable for body mass index (bmi). _BMI4 is derived from WTKG2 and HTM3. It is calculated by dividing WTKG2 by HTM3².
1 - 1 or greater Respondents calculated body mass index (BMI)

9998

9999
\{units=kilograms per meter squared\}. (_BMI4 = WTKG2 / (HTM3xHTM3))
Don't know/ Respondents that had a missing value for their height in Refused/ meters or weight in kilograms. (WTKG2=missing or HTM3=missing) Missing
SAS Code: IF (WTKG2 NOTIN (.)) AND (HTM3 NOTIN (.)) THEN _BMI4=WTKG2/(HTM3 ** 2); ELSE _BMI4=.; _BMI4=ROUND(_BMI4,.01); IF _BMI4 GT 99.98 THEN _BMI4=99.98; ELSE IF _BMI4=. THEN _BMI4=99.99;

## Section 12: Demographics

_BMI4CAT Calculated variable for three-categories of body mass index (bmi).
_BMI4CAT is derived from_BMI4.
Neither Respondents not classified as overweight or obese based
overweight nor on body mass index. (_BMI4 < 25.00 )
obese

Overweight
Respondents classified as overweight based on body mass index. (25.00 <= _BMI4 < 30.00)

Don't know/ Respondents with an unknown, refused, or missing value Refused/ Missing
SAS Code: IF (0.00 LE _BMI4 < 25.00) THEN _BMI4CAT=1; ELSE IF ( 25.00 LE _BMI4 < 30.00) THEN _BMI4CAT=2; ELSE IF ( 30.00 LE _BMI4 < 99.99) THEN _BMI4CAT=3; ELSE IF (_BMI4 = 99.99) THEN _BMI4CAT=9;

## Section 12: Demographics

RFBMI4 Calculated variable for adults who have a body mass index greater than 25.00 (overweight or obese). _RFBMI4 is derived from _BMI4.

1

2

9

No

Yes

Don't know/ Respondents with an unknown, refused, or missing value Refused/ Missing

Respondents not classified as overweight or obese based on body mass index. (_BMI4 < 25.00)
Respondents classified as overweight or obese based on body mass index. (25.00 <= _BMI4 < 99.99) for body mass index. (_BMI4=99.99)

SAS Code: IF (0.00 LE _BMI4 < 25.00) THEN _RFBMI4=1;
ELSE IF ( 25.00 <= _BMI4 < 99.99) THEN _RFBMI4=2;
ELSE IF (_BMI4 = 99.99) THEN _RFBMI4=9; ** Round off HTM3, WTKG2 and _BMI4 to 2 decimal places and remove the decimal **;
HTIN3 $=$ round(HTIN3,1);
НТМ3 $=$ round((HTM3*100),1);
WTKG2 = round((WTKG2*100),1);
_BMI4 = ROUND((_BMI4*100),1);
IF HTIN3=. THEN HTIN3=999;
IF HTM3=. THEN HTM3=999;
IF WTKG2=. THEN WTKG2=99999;

Calculated Variables in the 2008 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

Section 12: Demographics
CHLDCNT Calculated variable for number of children in household. _CHLDCNT is derived from CHILDREN.
1 No children in Respondents that reported having no children. household (CHILDREN=88)
household

Two children Respondents that reported having two children. in household (CHILDREN=2)

Three Respondents that reported having three children. children in (CHILDREN=3) household

Four children Respondents that reported having four children. in household (CHILDREN=4)

Five or more Respondents that reported having five or more children. children in (5 <= CHILDREN < 87) household Don't know/ Respondents that reported they didn't know, were not Not sure/ Missing

SAS Code: IF CHILDREN = 88 THEN _CHLDCNT = 1;
ELSE IF CHILDREN = 01 THEN _CHLDCNT = 2;
ELSE IF CHILDREN = 02 THEN _CHLDCNT = 3;
ELSE IF CHILDREN = 03 THEN _CHLDCNT = 4;
ELSE IF CHILDREN $=04$ THEN _CHLDCNT $=5$;
ELSE IF 05 <= CHILDREN < 88 THEN _CHLDCNT = 6;
ELSE IF CHILDREN = 99 THEN _CHLDCNT = 9;
ELSE IF CHILDREN = . THEN _CHLDCNT = 9;

## Section 12: Demographics

EDUCAG Calculated variable for level of education completed. _EDUCAG is derived from EDUCA.

Did not Respondents that reported they did not graduate high graduate High school. (EDUCA=1,2,3)

School
Graduated Respondents that reported they graduated high school. High School (EDUCA=4)

Attended Respondents that reported they attended college or College or technical school. (EDUCA=5) Technical School

Graduated Respondents that reported they graduated from college or from College or technical school. (EDUCA=6)

Technical
School
Don't know/ Respondents that reported they did't know, were not sure, Not sure/ refused, or had a missing value for EDUCA. (EDUCA=9, missing) Missing

SAS Code: IF EDUCA IN $(1,2,3)$ THEN _EDUCAG $=1$;
ELSE IF EDUCA IN (4) THEN _EDUCAG = 2;
ELSE IF EDUCA IN (5) THEN _EDUCAG = 3;
ELSE IF EDUCA IN (6) THEN _EDUCAG = 4;
ELSE IF EDUCA IN (.,9) THEN _EDUCAG = 9;

## Section 12: Demographics

INCOMG Calculated variable for income categories. _INCOMG is derived from INCOME2.

Less than Respondents whos reported income is less than $\$ 15,000$. \$15, 000
\$15,000 to Respondents whos reported income is \$15,000 to less than less than \$25,000. (INCOME2=3,4)
\$25,000
$\$ 25,000$ to Respondents whos reported income is $\$ 25,000$ to less than less than \$35,000. (INCOME2=5) \$35,000
$\$ 35,000$ to Respondents whos reported income is \$35,000 to less than less than \$50,000. (INCOME2=6) \$50, 000
\$50,000 or Respondents whos reported income is \$50,000 or more. more

Don't know/ Not sure/ Missing

SAS Code (INCOME2=7,8)

Respondents that refused to answer, didn't know or had a missing value for INCOME2. (INCOME2=77,99, or missing)

```
IF INCOME2 IN (1,2) THEN _INCOMG = 1;
                        ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (3,4) THEN _INCOMG = 2;
                        ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (5) THEN _INCOMG = 3;
                ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (6) THEN _INCOMG = 4;
                        ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (7,8) THEN _INCOMG = 5;
                        ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (77,99,.) THEN _INCOMG = 9;
```


## Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

DROCDY2_ Calculated variable for drink-occasions-per-day. DROCDY2_ is derived from ALCDAY4 by dividing the ALCDAY4 variable by 7 days per week or 30 days per month.

0

1 -

No Drink-Occasion s per day

Drink-Occasion
Respondents reported number of occasions per day that they consumed alcohol. (ALCDAY4 not equal to 777, 888, 999, or s per day missing and DRNKANY4 not equal to 2, 7, 9, or missing)
Don't know/ Respondents that reported they did not know how many days Not Sure Or Refused/
Missing
Respondents reported no occasions per day that they
consumed alcohol. (ALCDAY4=888 or DRNKANY4=2) they had at least one drink of alcohol, those that refused to answer how many days they had at least one drink of alcohol, those with missing responses. (ALCDAY4=777, 999, or missing or DRNKANY4=7, 9, or missing)
SAS Code: IF DRNKANY4 NOTIN (.,2,7,9) AND ALCDAY4 NOTIN (888,777,999,.) THEN DO;
IF 101 LE ALCDAY4 LE 107 THEN DROCDY2_=(ALCDAY4-100)/7;
ELSE IF 201 LE ALCDAY4 LE 230 THEN DROCDY2_=(ALCDAY4-200)/30; END;
ELSE IF ALCDAY4 EQ 888 THEN DROCDY2_=0;
ELSE IF DRNKANY4 EQ 2 THEN DROCDY2_=0;
ELSE DROCDY2_=9;

```
Section 13: Alcohol Consumption
    RFBING4 Calculated variable for binge drinkers (males having five or more drinks on one occasion, females having four or more drinks on one occasion). _RFBING4 is derived from DRNK3GE5 and ALCDAY4.
```

```
No Respondents that reported they did not drink in the past 30 days, or those that report that they did drink alcohol in the past 30 days but did not report having five or more drinks of alcohol on an occasion. (ALCDAY4<231 and DRNK3GE5=88; or ALCDAY4=888)
Yes Respondents that reported they did drink in the past 30 days and had five or more drinks on one or more occasions in the past month. (ALCDAY4<231 and \(1<=\) DRNK3GE5<=76)
Don't know/ Respondents that reporteded that they did not know if they Refused/ Missing had consumed five or more drinks of alcohol on one occasion or refused to answer if they had consumed five or more drinks of alcohol on one occasion or those with missing responses. (DRNK3GE5=77, 99, missing; or ALCDAY4=777, 999, missing)
SAS Code: IF DRNKANY4 NOTIN (.,2,7,9) AND ALCDAY4 NOTIN (888) THEN DO; IF 1 LE DRNK3GE5 LE 76 THEN _RFBING4=2; ELSE IF DRNK3GE5 IN (.,77,99) THEN _RFBING4=9; ELSE IF DRNK3GE5 IN (88) THEN _RFBING4=1; END;
ELSE IF ALCDAY4 = 888 THEN _RFBING4=1; ELSE IF DRNKANY4 = 2 THEN _RFBING4=1; ELSE _RFBING4=9;
```


## Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

_DRNKDY3 Calculated variable for calculated total number of alcoholic beverages consumed per day. _DRNKDY3 is derived from DROCDY2_ and AVEDRNK2 by multiplying the total number of drink occasions per day (DROCDY2_) by the average number of drinks per occasion (AVEDRNK2).

0 Did not drink Respondents who did not drink in the past month. (DROCDY2_=0)
Number of Respondents reported number of alcholic drinks in the drinks per day past month. (0 < DROCDY2_ < 990)

## Don't know/ <br> Respondents who refused to report the number of alcohol

 Not sure/ Refused/ Missing drinks consumed per day, or respondents who did not know the number of alcohol drinks consumed per day, or those with missing responses or respondents who refused to report the number drink occasions per day, or respondents who did not know the number of drink occasions per day, or those with missing responses. (AVEDRNK2=.,77,99 or DROCDY2_=900)SAS Code: IF DROCDY2 $=0$ THEN _DRNKDY3=0;
ELSE IF DROCDY2_ = 9 THEN _DRNKDY3=99; ELSE IF AVEDRNK2 IN (.,77,99) THEN _DRNKDY3=99; ELSE _DRNKDY3=AVEDRNK2 * DROCDY2_; _DRNKDY3=ROUND((_DRNKDY3*100),1);
*This is done after all of the alcohol calculations but the code is included here;

## Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

_DRNKMO3 Calculated variable for calculated total number of alcoholic beverages consumed per month. _DRNKMO3 is derived by multiplying _DRNKDY3 by 30.
0 Did not drink Respondents who did not consume any drinks of alcohol in in the past the past month. (_DRNKDY3=0) month

1 - Number of Respondents reported number of alcholic drinks pre day.
(0 < _DRNKDY3 < 9999)
Respondents that reporteded they did not know if they consumed any drinks of alcohol in the past month, or those that refused to answer if they consumed any drinks of alcohol in the past month. (_DRNKDY3=9999)
SAS Code: IF _DRNKDY3 NOTIN (.,99) THEN _DRNKMO3=_DRNKDY3*30;
ELSE _DRNKMO3=9999;
_DRNKMO3=ROUND(_DRNKMO3,1);
*This is done after all of the alcohol calculations but the code is included here;

## Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

_RFDRHV3 Calculated variable for heavy drinkers (adult men having more than two drinks per day and adult women having more than one drink per day).

Don't know/ Respondents with don't know, refused or missing responses Refused/ for ALCDAY4 or _DRNKDY3. (ALCDAY4=777, 999, or missing, or Missing _DRNKDY3=99, or missing)

SAS Code: IF SEX=1 AND _DRNKDY3 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
IF _DRNKDY3 GT 2 THEN _RFDRHV3=2;
ELSE IF _DRNKDY3 LE 2 THEN _RFDRHV3=1;
END;
ELSE IF SEX=2 AND _DRNKDY3 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
IF _DRNKDY3 GT 1 THEN _RFDRHV3=2;
ELSE IF _DRNKDY3 LE 1 THEN _RFDRHV3=1;
END;
ELSE IF ALCDAY4 EQ 888 THEN _RFDRHV3=1;
ELSE IF DRNKANY4 EQ 2 THEN _RFDRHV3=1;
ELSE _RFDRHV3=9;

## Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

_RFDRMN3 Calculated variable for adult men that are heavy drinkers (having more than two drinks per day). _RFDRMN3 is derived from _DRNKDY3 and SEX and ALCDAY4.

1

2

9

No Male respondents that reported having 2 drinks per day or less. (SEX=1 and _DRNKDY3 <= 200 or ALCDAY4=888)

Yes Male respondents that reported having more than 2 drinks per day. (SEX=1 and _DRNKDY3 > 200)

```
Don't know/
        Refused/
        Missing
        999, or missing, or _DRNKDY3=99, or missing)
Respondent is Female respondents. (SEX=2)
        female
    SAS Code: IF SEX=1 THEN DO;
    IF _DRNKDY3 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
    IF _DRNKDY3 GT 2 THEN _RFDRMN3=2;
    ELSE IF _DRNKDY3 LE 2 THEN _RFDRMN3=1;
    END;
    ELSE IF ALCDAY4 IN (888) THEN _RFDRMN3=1;
    ELSE IF DRNKANY4 EQ 2 THEN _RFDRMN3=1;
ELSE _RFDRMN3=9;
    END;
    ELSE IF SEX=2 THEN _RFDRMN3=.;
```


## Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

_RFDRWM3 Calculated variable for adult women that are heavy drinkers (having more than one drink per day). _RFDRWM3 is derived from _DRNKDY3 and SEX and ALCDAY4.

1

2

9

No

Yes

Don't know/ Refused/ Missing

Respondent is Male respondents. (SEX=1) male

SAS Code: IF SEX=2 THEN DO;
IF _DRNKDY3 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
IF _DRNKDY3 GT 1 THEN _RFDRWM3=2;
ELSE IF _DRNKDY3 LE 1 THEN _RFDRWM3=1;
END;
ELSE IF ALCDAY4 IN (888) THEN _RFDRWM3=1;
ELSE IF DRNKANY4 EQ 2 THEN _RFDRWM3=1;
ELSE _RFDRWM3=9;
END;
Else IF SEX=1 THEN _RFDRWM3=.;
** ROUND OFF _DRNKMO3 TO NO DECIMAL PLACES ** MULTIPLY _DRNKDY3 BY 100 AND THEN ROUND OFF TO NO DECIMAL PLACES AND THEN REMOVE THE DECIMAL PLACES **;
DROCDY2_=round((DROCDY2_*100),1); _DRNKMO3=ROUND(_DRNKMO3,1); _DRNKDY3=ROUND((_DRNKDY3*100),1);

Section 14: Immunization
FLSHOT3 Calculated variable for adults aged 65+ who have had a flu shot within the past year. _FLSHOT3 is derived from FLUSHOT3.

1

Respondents aged 65 or older that reporteded having a flu shot within the past 12 months. (AGE >= 65 and FLUSHOT3=1)
No Respondents aged 65 or older that reporteded not having had a flu shot within the past 12 months. (AGE >= 65 and FLUSHOT3=2)
Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/
Missing
Respondents who did not know their age, those that refused to report their age, those that didn't know if they had a flu shot in the past 12 months, or those that refused to answer if they had a flu shot in the past 12 months,
or those with missing responses. (AGE >= 65 and FLUSHOT3=7,9, or missing or AGE=7,9, or missing)
Age Less Than Respondents aged 18-64. (18 <= AGE <= 64)
65
SAS Code: IF AGE GE 65 THEN DO; IF FLUSHOT3=1 THEN _FLSHOT3=1; ELSE IF FLUSHOT3=2 THEN _FLSHOT3=2; ELSE IF FLUSHOT3 IN (.,7,9) THEN _FLSHOT3=9; END;
ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _FLSHOT3=9; ELSE _FLSHOT3=.;

Section 14: Immunization
_PNEUMO2 Calculated variable for adults aged 65+ who have ever had a pneumonia vaccination. _PNEUMO2 is derived from PNEUVAC3.

Yes

No Respondents aged 65 or older that reporteded not having had a pneumonia shot. (AGE >= 65 and FLUSHOT3=2)

Don't know/ Respondents who did not know their age, those that refused Not Sure Or

Respondents aged 65 or older that reporteded having a pneumonia shot. (AGE >= 65 and FLUSHOT3=1)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Refused/ } \\
& \text { Missing }
\end{aligned}
$$

2

9
65

SAS Code: IF AGE GE 65 THEN DO; IF PNEUVAC3=1 THEN _PNEUMO2=1; ELSE IF PNEUVAC3=2 THEN _PNEUMO2=2; ELSE IF PNEUVAC3 IN (.,7,9) THEN _PNEUMO2=9; ELSE _PNEUMO2=.; END; ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _PNEUMO2=9; ELSE _PNEUMO2=.;

## Section 15: Falls

There are no calculated Variables for Section 15.

## Section 16: Seatbelt Use

RFSEAT2 Calculated variable for always or nearly always wear seat belts calculated variable. _RFSEAT2 is derived from SEATBELT.
1 Always or Respondents that report they always or nearly always use Almost Always a seatbelt when they ride or drive in a car or they never Wear Seat Belt drive or ride in a car. (SEATBELT=1,2,8)

2
Sometimes, Respondents that report they sometimes, seldom or never Seldom, or use a seatbelt when they ride or drive in a car. Never Wear Seat (SEATBELT=3,4,5)

Belt
9
Don't know/ Respondents that report they don't know, are not sure, Not Sure Or refused or with missing responses for if they use a

Refused/ seatbelt when they ride or drive in a car. (SEATBELT=7,9
Missing or missing)
SAS Code: IF SEATBELT IN (1,2,8) THEN _RFSEAT2=1;
ELSE IF SEATBELT IN $(3,4,5)$ THEN _RFSEAT2=2; ELSE _RFSEAT2=9;

## Section 16: Seatbelt Use

RFSEAT3 Calculated variable for always wear seat belts calculated variable. _RFSEAT3 is derived from SEATBELT.
1 Always Wear
Respondents that report they always use a seatbelt when Seat Belt they ride or drive in a car or they never drive or ride in a car. (SEATBELT=1,8)

Don't Always Respondents that report they nearly always, sometimes, Wear Seat Belt seldom or never use a seatbelt when they ride or drive in a car. (SEATBELT=2,3,4,5)
9 Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing
SAS Code: IF SEATBELT IN (1,8) THEN _RFSEAT3=1;
ELSE IF SEATBELT IN (2,3,4,5) THEN _RFSEAT3=2; ELSE _RFSEAT3=9;

## Section 17: Drinking and Driving

There are no calculated Variables for Section 17.

## Section 18: Women's Health

_RFMAM2Y Calculated variable for women respondents aged 40+ that have had a mammogram in the past two years. _RFMAM2Y is derived from SEX, AGE, HADMAM, and HOWLONG. Not Sure/ Refused

No

Female respondents aged 40 and older that have received a mammogram within the past two years. (Sex=2 and AGE >= 40 and HADMAM=1 and HOWLONG=1,2)
Female respondents aged 40 and older that have not received a mammogram within the past two years. (Sex=2 and AGE >= 40 and HADMAM=2 or HADMAM=1 and HOWLONG=3,4,5)

Female respondents aged 40 and older with don't know, not sure, or refused responses for HADMAM or HOWLONG or female respondents with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses for AGE, HADMAM or HOWLONG. (Sex=2 and HADMAM=7,9, missing or HOWLONG=7,9, missing or AGE=7,9,missing)
Missing or Age Female respondents less than 40 years old, or male less than 40 or respondents. (SEX=1 or SEX=2 and AGE < 40)

Male
SAS Code: IF SEX=2 AND AGE GE 40 THEN DO;
IF HADMAM=1 THEN DO;
IF HOWLONG IN (1,2) THEN _RFMAM2Y=1;
ELSE IF HOWLONG IN $(3,4,5)$ THEN _RFMAM2Y=2; ELSE IF HOWLONG IN (7,9,.) THEN _RFMAM2Y=9; END;
ELSE IF HADMAM=2 THEN _RFMAM2Y=2;
ELSE IF HADMAM IN (7,9,.) THEN _RFMAM2Y=9;
END;
ELSE IF SEX=2 AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFMAM2Y=9; ELSE _RFMAM2Y=.;

## Section 18: Women's Health

_MAM502Y Calculated variable for women respondents aged 50+ that have had a mammogram in the past two years. _MAM502y is derived from SEX, AGE, HADMAM, and HOWLONG.

Don't know/ Not Sure/ Refused

Female respondents aged 50 and older that have received a mammogram within the past two years. (Sex=2 and AGE >= 50 and HADMAM=1 and HOWLONG=1,2)

No
Female respondents aged 50 and older that have not received a mammogram within the past two years. (Sex=2 and AGE >= 50 and HADMAM=2 or HADMAM=1 and HOWLONG=3,4,5)

Female respondents aged 50 and older with don't know, not sure, or refused responses for HADMAM or HOWLONG or female respondents with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses for AGE, HADMAM or HOWLONG. (Sex=2 and HADMAM=7,9, missing or HOWLONG=7,9, missing or AGE=7,9,missing)
Missing or Age Female respondents less than 50 years old, or male less than 50 or respondents. (SEX=1 or SEX=2 and AGE < 50)

Male
SAS Code: IF SEX=2 AND AGE GE 50 THEN DO;
IF HADMAM=1 THEN DO;
IF HOWLONG IN (1,2) THEN _MAM502Y=1;
ELSE IF HOWLONG IN $(3,4,5)$ THEN _MAM502Y=2; ELSE IF HOWLONG IN $(7,9)$ THEN _MAM502Y=9; END;
ELSE IF HADMAM=2 THEN _MAM502Y=2;
ELSE IF HADMAM IN (7,9,.) THEN _MAM502Y=9;
END;
ELSE IF SEX=2 AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _MAM502Y=9; ELSE _MAM502Y=.;

## Section 18: Women's Health

RFPAP32 Calculated variable for women respondents aged 18+ that have had a pap test in the past three years. _RFPAP32 is derived from the variables SEX, AGE, HADHYST2, PREGNANT, HADPAP2, and LASTPAP2.

1 Not Sure/ Refused

Missing or Male

No
Female respondents aged 18 and older, with intact cervix, that have received a pap smear within the past three years. (SEX=2 and AGE GE 18 and HADHYST2 NE 1 or PREGNANT=1 and HADPAP2=1 and LASTPAP2=1,2,3)

Female respondents aged 18 and older, with intact cervix, that have not received a pap smear within the past three years. (SEX=2 and AGE GE 18 and HADHYST2 NE 1 or PREGNANT=1 and HADPAP2=2 or HADPAP2=1 and LASTPAP2=4,5)
Don't know/ Female respondents aged 18 and older, with intact cervix, with don't know, not sure or refused responses for HADPAP2 or LASTPAP2 or females with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses to AGE. (SEX=2 and AGE GE 18 and HADHYST2 NE 1 or PREGNANT=1 and HADPAP2=7,9 or LASTPAP2=7,9 or AGE=7, 9 , missing)
Female respondents aged 18 and older with missing responses for HADPAP2 or LASTPAP2, or with yes, responses for having had a hysterectomy or male respondents. (SEX=2 and AGE >=18 and HADHYST2=1 AND PREGNANT NE 1 or HADPAP2=missing or LASTPAP2=missing or SEX=1)
SAS Code: IF SEX=2 AND HADHYST2=1 AND PREGNANT NE 1 THEN DO; _RFPAP32=.;
END;
ELSE DO;
IF SEX=2 AND AGE >= 18 THEN DO;
IF HADPAP2=1 THEN DO;
IF 1 LE LASTPAP2 LE 3 THEN _RFPAP32=1;
ELSE IF 4 LE LASTPAP2 LT 7 THEN _RFPAP32=2;
ELSE IF LASTPAP2 IN (7,9) THEN _RFPAP32=9;
ELSE IF LASTPAP2=. THEN _RFPAP32=.;
END;
ELSE IF HADPAP2=2 THEN _RFPAP32=2;
ELSE IF HADPAP2 IN (7,9) THEN _RFPAP32=9;
ELSE IF HADPAP2=. THEN _RFPAP32=.;
END;
ELSE IF SEX=2 AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFPAP32=9;
ELSE _RFPAP32=.;
END;

Calculated Variables in the 2008 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 19: Prostate Cancer Screening

RFPSA2Y Calculated variable for male respondents aged 40+ that have had a psa test in the past 2 years. _RFPSA2Y is derived from SEX, AGE, PSATEST, and PSATIME.

1

Male respondents aged 40 and older that have had a PSA test within the past two years. (SEX=1 and AGE >= 40 and PSATEST=1 and PSATIME=1 or 2)
No Male respondents aged 40 and older that have not received a PSA test within the past two years. (SEX=1 and AGE >= 40 and PSATEST=2 or PSATEST=1 and PSATIME=3 or 4 or 5)

Male respondents aged 40 and older with don't know, not sure or refused responses for PSATEST or PSATIME or male respondents with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses to AGE. (SEX=1 and AGE >= 40 and PSATEST=7,9 or PSATIME=7,9 or SEX=1 and AGE=7,9,missing)

Missing or Age Male respondents aged 40 and older with missing responses less than 40 or for PSATEST or PSATIME, Male respondents aged less than

Female 40, or female respondents. (SEX=1 and AGE >=40 and PSATEST=missing or PSATIME=missing or SEX=1 and AGE < 40 or SEX=2)
SAS Code: IF (SEX=1) AND (AGE GE 40) THEN DO;
IF PSATEST=1 THEN DO;
IF PSATIME IN (1,2) THEN _RFPSA2Y=1;
ELSE IF PSATIME IN $(3,4,5)$ THEN _RFPSA2Y=2;
ELSE IF PSATIME IN $(7,9)$ THEN _RFPSA2Y=9;
ELSE IF PSATIME=. THEN _RFPSA2Y=.;
END;
ELSE IF PSATEST=2 THEN _RFPSA2Y=2;
ELSE IF PSATEST IN (7,9) THEN _RFPSA2Y=9;
ELSE IF PSATEST=. THEN _RFPSA2Y=.;
END;
ELSE IF (SEX=1) AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFPSA2Y=9;
ELSE _RFPSA2Y=.;

Calculated Variables in the 2008 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 20: Colorectal Cancer Screening

RFBLDS2 Calculated variable for respondents aged 50+ that have had a blood stool test within the past two years. _RFBLDS2 is derived from AGE, BLDSTOOL, and LSTBLDS3.

Don't know/ Not Sure/ Refused

Respondents aged 50 and older that have had a blood stool test within the past two years. (AGE >=50 and BLDSTOOL=1 and LSTBLDS3=1,2)

No Respondents aged 50 and older that have not received a blood stool test within the past two years. (AGE >=50 and BLDSTOOL=2 or BLDSTOOL=1 and LSTBLDS3=3,4)

Respondents aged 50 and older with don't know, not sure or refused responses to BLDSTOOL or LSTBLDS3 or with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses for AGE. (AGE >=50 and BLDSTOOL=7,9 or LSTBLDS3=7,9 or AGE=7,9,missing)

Missing or Age Respondents aged 50 and older with missing responses for less than 50 BLDSTOOL or LSTBLDS3, or respondents aged less than 50. (AGE >=50 and BLDSTOOL=missing or LSTBLDS3=missing or AGE<50)

SAS Code: IF AGE>=50 THEN DO;
IF BLDSTOOL=1 THEN DO;
IF LSTBLDS3 IN $(1,2)$ THEN _RFBLDS2=1;
ELSE IF LSTBLDS3 IN $(3,4,5)$ THEN _RFBLDS2=2;
ELSE IF LSTBLDS3 IN (7,9) THEN _RFBLDS2=9;
ELSE IF LSTBLDS3=. THEN _RFBLDS2=.;
END;
ELSE IF BLDSTOOL=2 THEN _RFBLDS2=2;
ELSE IF BLDSTOOL IN (7,9) THEN _RFBLDS2=9;
ELSE IF BLDSTOOL=. THEN _RFBLDS2=.;
END;
ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFBLDS2=9;
ELSE _RFBLDS2=.;

## Section 20: Colorectal Cancer Screening

RFSIGM2 Calculated variable for respondents aged 50 or older that have had a sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy. _RFSIGM2 is derived from AGE and HADSIGM3.

Yes Respondents aged 50 and older that have had a sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy. (AGE >=50 and HADSIGM3=1)

No
Respondents aged 50 and older that have never had a sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy. (AGE >=50 and HADSIGM3=2)

Don't know/ Not Sure/ Refused

Respondents aged 50 and older with don't know, not sure or refused responses to HADSIGM or with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses to AGE. (AGE >=50 and HADSIGM3=7,9 or AGE=7,9,missing)
Missing or Age Respondents aged 50 and older with missing responses for less than 50 HADSIGM3, or respondents aged less than 50. (AGE >=50 and HADSIGM3=missing or AGE < 50)
SAS Code: IF AGE>=50 THEN DO; IF HADSIGM3=1 THEN _RFSIGM2=1; ELSE IF HADSIGM3=2 THEN _RFSIGM2=2; ELSE IF HADSIGM3 IN (7,9) THEN _RFSIGM2=9; ELSE IF HADSIGM3=. THEN _RFSIGM2=.; END;
ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFSIGM2=9;
ELSE _RFSIGM2=.;

Calculated Variables in the 2008 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

Section 21: HIV/AIDS
AIDTST2 Calculated variable for adults aged 18-64 that have ever been tested for hiv. _AIDTST2 is derived from AGE and HIVTST5.
1
Yes Respondents with reported ages between18 and 64 that reported to have been tested for HIV. (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVTST5=1)

2
No
Respondents with reported ages between18 and 64 that did not report having been tested for HIV. (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVTST5=2)

9
Don't know/ Respondents with reported ages between18 and 64 that Not Sure/ reported they did not know if they had been tested for Refused HIV, or those with reported ages between18 and 64 that refused to answer if they had been tested for HIV. or respondents that reported they did not know their age or respondents that refused to report their age. (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVTST5=7,9 or AGE=7,9)

```
Missing or Age Respondents with missing responses for HIVTST5 or
greater than 64 respondents with reported ages older than 64 or
                                    respondents with missing age responses. (18<=AGE<=64 and
                                    HIVTST5=missing or AGE > 64 or AGE=missing)
SAS Code: IF 18 <= AGE <= 64 THEN DO;
                IF HIVTST5=1 THEN _AIDTST2=1;
                ELSE IF HIVTST5=2 THEN _AIDTST2=2;
                ELSE IF HIVTST5 IN (7,9) THEN _AIDTST2=9;
                ELSE IF HIVTST5=. THEN _AIDTST2=.;
                END;
                ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _AIDTST2=9;
                ELSE _AIDTST2=.;
```


## Section 22: Emotional Support and Life Satisfaction

There are no calculated Variables for Section 22.

