Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

# Calculated Variables 

in the Data File of the

## 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

(Version \#8-Revised: August 10, 2015)


## INTRODUCTION:

This document provides information on calculated variables for the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System survey. These variables are calculated from responses to questions in the survey.

There are three types of calculated variables:

1. Variables used to stratify and weight the data (not included in this document).
2. Intermediate variables, which are derived from a question response and are used to calculate some other variable or risk factor.
>Example: WTKG2 is derived from the WEIGHT2 variable in the survey. WTKG2 is then used to calculate the body mass index variable (_BMI4). Most—but not all—of the intermediate variables end with an underscore such as FTJUDAY_.
3. Variables used to categorize or classify respondents.

Most of these variables begin with an underscore such as _BMI4. (Exceptions are _DENSTR2, _GEOSTR, and _STATE, which are determined before the interview.) Some of the calculated variables group continuous variables-such as weight, age, or body mass index - into categories. Other calculated variables regroup non-continuous variables to simplify analyses. The common focus of these variables is on health behaviors associated with a risk of illness or injury.

The tables in this report include a description of what the responses mean and a copy of the code used to calculate these variables in SAS®. The syntax of the code, as given, may or may not work in the particular statistical program that you are using.

## NEW CALCULATED VARIABLES FOR 2014

_COL10YR was added in 2014. _CPRACE was added in 2014.
_CRCREC was added in 2014.
_FOBT1YR was added in 2014.
_FOBTFS was added in 2014.
_FS5YR was added in 2014.
_HFOB3YR was added in 2014.
_MAM5021 was added in 2014.
_RFBLDS3 was added in 2014.
_RFPAP33 was added in 2014.

| Section 1: Health Status |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| _RFHLTH | Calculated variable for adults with good or better health. _RFHLTH is derived from GENHLTH. |  |
| 1 | Good or Better Health | Respondents who reported having excellent, very good or good health. ( GENHLTH =1, 2, 3) |
| 2 | Fair or Poor Health | Respondents who reported having fair or poor health. (GENHLTH $=4,5$ ) |
| 9 | Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing | Respondents who reported they didn't know, refused to answer, or had missing responses for the general health status question. (GENHLTH $=7,9$, missing) |
|  | SAS Code: | IF 4 LE GENHLTH LE 5 THEN RFHLTH=2; ELSE IF 1 LE GENHLTH LE $3^{-}$THEN _RFHLTH=1; ELSE _RFHLTH=9; |

## Section 2: Healthy Days - Health Related Quality of Life

There are no calculated variables for Section 2.

| Section 3: Health Care Access |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| _HCVU651 Calculated variable for respondents aged 18-64 who have any form of health care coverage. _HCVU651 is derived from AGE and HLTHPLN1. |  |  |
| 1 | Have health care coverage | Respondents who reported having health care coverage ( $18<=$ AGE $<=64$ and HLTHPLN1 = 1) |
| 2 | Do not have health care coverage | Respondents who reported not having health care coverage ( $18<=$ AGE $<=64$ and HLTHPLN1 = 2) |
| 9 | Don't know/ Not Sure, Refused or Missing | Respondents who reported that they didn't know, were not sure, refused to report or had missing responses for having health care coverage ( $18<=$ AGE $<=64$ and HLTHPLN $1=7,9$, or missing or AGE $=>65$ ) |
|  | SAS Code: | ```IF 18 LE AGE LE 64 THEN DO; IF HLTHPLN1=1 THEN HCVU651=1; ELSE IF HLTHPLN1=2 THEN _HCVU651=2; ELSE _HCVU651=9; END; ELSE _HCVU651 = 9;``` |


| Section 4: Exercise |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| _TOTINDA Calculated variable for adults who reported doing physical activity or exercise during the past 30 days other than their regular job. _TOTINDA is derived from EXERANY2. |  |  |
| 1 | Had physical activity or exercise | Respondents who reported doing any physical activity or exercise. (EXERANY2=1) |
| 2 | No physical activity or exercise in last 30 days | Respondents who reported doing no physical activity or exercise. (EXERANY2=2) |
| 9 | Don't know/ Refused/ Missing | Respondents who reported they didn't know or refused to answer, and those with missing responses for the physical activity/exercise question. (EXERANY2=7, 9, missing) |
|  | SAS Code: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IF EXERANY2 IN (1) THEN TOTINDA=1; } \\ & \text { ELSE IF EXERANY2 IN (2) THEN_TOTINDA=2; } \\ & \text { ELSE IF EXERANY2 IN }(., 7,9) \text { THEN _TOTINDA=9; } \end{aligned}$ |

## Section 5: Inadequate Sleep

There are no calculated variables for Section 5.

## Section 6: Chronic Health Conditions

_LTASTH1 Calculated variable for adults who have ever been told they have asthma. _LTASTH1 is derived from ASTHMA3.

No

Yes

Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing

SAS Code:

Respondents who have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma. (ASTHMA3=2)
Respondents who have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma. (ASTHMA3=1)
Respondents who reported they did not know if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those who refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, or those with missing responses. (ASTHMA $3=7,9$, missing)

```
IF ASTHMA3=1 THEN _LTASTH1=2;
    ELSE IF ASTHMA3=2 THEN _LTASTH1=1;
    ELSE _LTASTH1=9;
```

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 6: Chronic Health Conditions

_CASTHM1 Calculated variable for adults who have been told they currently have asthma. _CASTHM1 is derived from ASTHMA3 and ASTHNOW.

1 No

Yes

Don't know/ Not
Sure Or Refused/
Missing

SAS Code: IF ASTHMA3=2 THEN _CASTHM1=1;
ELSE IF ASTHMA3=1 AND ASTHNOW=1 THEN CASTHM1=2; ELSE IF ASTHMA3=1 AND ASTHNOW=2 THEN _CASTHM1=1; ELSE _CASTHM1=9;

## Section 6: Chronic Health Conditions

_ASTHMS1 Calculated variable for computed asthma status. _ASTHMS1 is derived from ASTHMA3 and ASTHNOW.

Current

Former Respondents who have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma but do not still have asthma. (ASTHMA3=1 and ASTHNOW=2) Respondents who have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma. (ASTHMA3=2)
Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing

Respondents who have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma and that they still have asthma. (ASTHMA3=1and ASTHNOW=1) Resones who (ASTHA3-2)
Respondents who reported they didn't know if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those who refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those who didn't know if they still had asthma, those that refused to answer if they still had asthma, or those with missing responses. (ASTHMA3 $=7,9$, missing; or ASTHNOW=7, 9, missing)
SAS Code: IF ASTHMA3=1 AND ASTHNOW=1 THEN _ASTHMS1=1;

```
    ELSE IF ASTHMA3=1 AND ASTHNOW=2 THEN _ASTHMS1=2;
    ELSE IF ASTHMA3=2 THEN _ASTHMS1=3;
    ELSE _ASTHMS1=9;
```


## Section 6: Chronic Health Conditions

_DRDXAR1 Calculated variable for respondents who have had a doctor diagnose them as having some form of arthritis. _DRDXAR1 is derived from HAVARTH3.

| 1 | Diagnosed with arthritis | Respondents who have been told by a doctor they had arthritis (HAVARTH3=1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Not diagnosed with arthritis | Respondents who have not been told by a doctor they had arthritis (HAVARTH3=2) |
|  | Don't know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing | Respondents who reported they didn't know if they had been told by a doctor they had arthritis, those who refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor they had arthritis, and those with missing responses (HAVARTH2 $2=7,9$, or missing) |
|  | SAS Code: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IF HAVARTH3 }=1 \text { THEN } \quad \text { DRDXAR1=1; } \\ & \text { ELSE IF HAVARTH3 }=2 \text { THEN DRDXAR1=2; } \\ & \text { ELSE IF HAVARTH3 IN }(7,9, .) \text { THEN _DRDXAR1=.; } \end{aligned}$ |


| Section 7: Oral Health |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| EXTETH2 |  | Calculated variable for adults aged $18+$ who have had permanent teeth extracted. _EXTETH2 is <br> derived from RMVTETH3. |
| 1 | Not at risk | Respondents who reported having had no permanent teeth removed. <br> (RMVTETH3=8) |
| 2 | At risk | Respondents who reported having had permanent teeth removed. (RMVTETH3=1 <br> or 2 or 3) |
| 9 | Don't know/ Not <br> Sure Or Refused/ <br> Missing | Respondent who reported they didn't know, refused to answer, or had missing <br> values for the had any permanent teeth extracted question. (RMVTETH3=7, 9, <br> missing) |
| SAS Code: | IF RMVTETH3 IN (1,2,3) THEN_EXTETH2=2; <br> ELSE IF RMVTETH3=8 THEN_EXTETH2=1; <br> ELSE _EXTETH2=9; |  |


| Section 7: Oral Health |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| _ALTETH2 Calculated variable for adults aged 65+ who have had all their natural teeth extracted. _ALTETH2 is derived from AGE and RMVTETH3. |  |  |
| 1 | No | Respondents aged 65 or more who reported having none or some natural teeth removed. (AGE > 64 and RMVTETH3 $=1,2,8$ ) |
| 2 | Yes | Respondents aged 65 or more who reported having all natural teeth removed. (AGE > 64 and RMVTETH3=3) |
| 9 | Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing | Respondents who didn't know, or refused to report their age or didn't know, or refused to report if they had any natural teeth removed. (AGE=7, 9, missing; or RMVTETH3=7, 9, missing) |
|  | Missing or Age Less Than 65 | Respondents aged 18-64. (18 < = AGE < = 64) |
|  | SAS Code: | ```IF AGE >= 65 THEN DO; IF RMVTETH3 IN (1,2,8) THEN _ALTETH2=1; ELSE IF RMVTETH3=3 THEN _ALTETH2=2; ELSE IF RMVTETH3 IN (.,7,9) THEN _ALTETH2=9; END; ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _ALTETH2=9; ELSE _ALTETH2=.;``` |


| Section 7: Oral Health |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| _DENVST2 Calculated variable for adults who have visited a dentist, dental hygenist or dental clinic within the past year. _DENVST2 is derived from LASTDEN3. |  |  |
| 1 | Yes | Respondents who reported having had dental visit in the past year. (LASTDEN3=1) |
| 2 | No | Respondents who reported having not had dental visit in the past year. (LASTDEN3=2, 3, or 4) |
| 9 | Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing | Respondents with missing values or who refused or didn't know if they had a dental visit in the past year. (LASTDEN3=7,9 or missing) |
|  | SAS Code: | IF LASTDEN3=1 THEN -DENVST2=1; ELSE IF LASTDEN3 IN $(2,3,4,8)$ THEN DENVST2=2; ELSE IF LASTDEN3 IN $(., 7,9)$ THEN _DENVST2=9; |

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Demographics

_PRACE1 Calculated variable for preferred race category. _PRACE is derived from MRACASC1 and ORACE3. If MRACEASC has only one response, then _PRACE1=MRACASC1. If MRACASC1 has more than one response then _PRACE1=ORACE3.

White Respondents who reported their race as white. (MRACASC1=10 or MRACASC1>99 and ORACE3=10)
Black or African Respondents who reported their race as black. (MRACASC1=22 or MRACASC1>99 American and ORACE3=20)
American Indian or
Alaskan Native
Respondents who reported their race as American Indian or Alaska Native. (MRACASC1=30 or MRACASC1>99 and ORACE3=30)

Asian
Respondents who reported their race as Asian. (MRACASC1=40 or MRACASC1>99 and ORACE3=40)
Native Hawaiian or Respondents who reported their race as Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander. other Pacific Islander
6 Other race (MRACASC1=50 or MRACASC1>99 and ORACE3=50)
Respondents who report they are of some other race group not listed in the question responses. (MRACASC1 $=60$ or MRACASC1 $>99$ and ORACE3=60)
7 No preferred race
Respondents who reported they are of more than one race group but did not report a preference or the preferred race is missing (MRACASC1>99 and ORACE3=77 or 99)
Multiracial but Respondents who reported they are of more than one race group but did not preferred race not answered

Don't know/ Not sure
Refused Respondents who refused to give their race and did not answer the question about which race best represents them. (MRACASC1=99)
SAS Code:

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Demographics

_MRACE1 Calculated variable for calculated multiracial race categorization. _MRACE1 is derived from MRACASC1. If respondents reported more than one race they are assigned to the multiracial category. If MRACASC1 is less than 40 or equal to 60 then _MRACE1=MRACASC1. If MRACASC1 is $40-47$ then _MRACE1=40. If MRACASC1 is 50-54 then _MRACE1=50.

White only
Black or African
American only
American Indian or Alaskan Native only

Asian Only Respondents who reported they are Asian. (MRACASC1 $=40,41,42,423,44,45,46,47$ )
Native Hawaiian or Respondents who reported they are native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander. other Pacific Islander (MRACASC1 $=50,51,52,53,54$ ) only
Other race only Respondents who reported they are of some other race group not listed in the question responses. (MRACASC1=60)
Multiracial Respondents who reported they are of more than one race group (MRACASC1>99)
Don't know/ Not Respondents who reported they did not know their race. (MRACASC1=77) sure
Refused Respondents who refused to give their race information. (MRACASC1=99)
SAS Code: IF MRACASC1 GT 99 THEN _MRACE1 = 7; ELSE IF MRACASC1 EQ 99 ${ }^{-}$THEN _MRACE1 = 99; ELSE IF MRACASC1 EQ 77 THEN _MRACE1 = 77; ELSE IF MRACASC1 EQ 10 THEN ${ }^{-}$MRACE1 = 1; ELSE IF MRACASC1 EQ 20 THEN MRACE1 = 2;
ELSE IF MRACASC1 EQ 30 THEN MRACE1 = 3; ELSE IF 40 LE MRACASC1 LE $4 \overline{7}$ THEN MRACE1 $=4$; ELSE IF 50 LE MRACASC1 LE 54 THEN _MRACE1 = 5; ELSE IF MRACASC1=60 THEN _MRACE1=6;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Demographics

_HISPANC Calculated variable for Hispanic, Latino
a, or Spanish origin calculated variable. _HISPANC is derived from HISPANC3
1 Hispanic, Latino/ a, Respondents who reported being of Hispanic, Latino/a, or Spanish origin or Spanish origin (HISPANC3=1,2,3,4 or HISPANC3 > 9)
Not of Hispanic, Respondents who reported they were not of Hispanic, Latino/a, or Spanish origin Latino/ a, or Spanish (HISPANC3=5) origin
Don't Know, Respondents who refused to report if they were of Hispanic, Latino/a, or Spanish Refused or Missing origin (HISPANC3=7)

Not asked or Respondents who reported they did not know if they were of Hispanic, Latino/a,
Missing or Spanish origin (HISPANC3=9)
SAS Code: HISPNUM=INPUT (HISPANC3,4.0); IF HISPNUM in $(5,58)$ THEN _HISPANC=2;
ELSE IF HISPNUM in (7,9,.) THEN _HISPANC=9;
ELSE _HISPANC=1;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Demographics

_RACE Calculated variable for race ethnicity categories. RACE2 is derived from _MRACE1 and _HISPANC. All respondents who reported they are of Hispanic or Latino origin are coded as Hispanic.

White only, Respondents who reported they are white and not of Hispanic origin. non-Hispanic (_MRACE1=1 and _HISPANC=2)
Black only, Respondents who reported they are black and not of Hispanic origin. non-Hispanic (_MRACE1=2 and _HISPANC=2)
American Indian or Respondents who reported they are American Indian or Alaska Native and not of Alaskan Native only, Hispanic origin. (_MRACE1=3 and _HISPANC=2)

Non-Hispanic
Asian only, Respondents who reported they are Asian and not of Hispanic origin. non-Hispanic (_MRACE1=4 and _HISPANC=2)
Native Hawaiian or Respondents who reported they are Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and not other Pacific Islander of Hispanic origin. (_MRACE1=5 and _HISPANC=2) only, Non-Hispanic

Other race only, Respondents who reported they are of some other race group not listed in the non-Hispanic question responses and are not of Hispanic origin. (_MRACE1=6 and _HISPANC=2)
Multiracial, Respondents who reported they are of more than one race group and are not of non-Hispanic Hispanic origin. (_MRACE1=7 and _HISPANC=2)

Hispanic Respondents who reported they are of Hispanic origin. (_HISPANC=1)

Don't know/ Not sure/ Refused

Respondents who reported they did not know, or refused to give their race and are not of Hispanic origin or did not know, or refused to answer if they are of Hispanic origin. (_MRACE1 $=77,99$ and_HISPANC $=2$ or_HISPANC=7, 9)
SAS Code:

```
IF _HISPANC=9 OR (_MRACE1 IN(77,99) AND HISPANC3 EQ 2) THEN DO;
    RACE = 9 ;
    END;
    ELSE IF HISPANC =2 THEN DO;
    IF MRACE1 = 1 THEN RACE = 1 ;
    ELSE IF _MRACE1 = 2 THEN _RACE = 2 ;
    ELSE IF _MRACE1 = 3 THEN - RACE = 3 ;
    ELSE IF 'MRACE1 = 4 THEN - RACE = 4 ;
    ELSE IF _MRACE1 = 5 THEN -}\mp@subsup{}{}{-}\mathrm{ RACE = 5 ;
    ELSE IF _MRACE1 = 6 THEN _RACE = 6 ;
    ELSE IF _MRACE1 = 7 THEN _RACE = 7 ;
    END;
    ELSE IF HISPANC=1 THEN DO;
    _RACE = \overline{8};
    END;
```


## Section 8: Demographics

_RACEG21 Calculated variable for white non-Hispanic race group. _RACEG21 is derived from _RACE.
1 Non-Hispanic White Respondents who reported they are white and not of Hispanic origin. (_RACE=1)

2
Non-White or Respondents who reported they are non-white or of Hispanic origin. (RACE=2, 3, Hispanic $\quad 4,5,6,7,8$ )
9

> Don't know/ Not sure/ Refused

Respondents who reported they did not know, or refused to give their race and are not of Hispanic origin or did not know, or refused to answer if they are of Hispanic origin. (_RACE=9)


## Section 8: Demographics

_RACEGR3 Calculated variable for five-level race
ethnicity category. _RACEGR3 is derived from _RACE.
White only, Non-Hispanic

Black only, Respondents who reported they are black and not of Hispanic origin. (_RACE=2) Non-Hispanic

Other race only, Respondents who reported they are not white and not black and not of Hispanic Non-Hispanic origin. (_RACE=3, 4, 5, 6)
Multiracial, Respondents who reported being multiracial but not of Hispanic origin. Non-Hispanic (_RACE=7)
Hispanic Respondents who reported they are of Hispanic origin. (_RACE=8)
Don't know/ Not Respondents who reported they did not know, or refused to give their race and sure/ Refused are not of Hispanic origin or did not know, or refused to answer if they are of Hispanic origin. (_RACE=9)


## Section 8: Demographics

_RACE_G1 Calculated variable for race groups used for internet prevalence tables. _RACE_G is derived from _RACEGR3.

White - Respondents who reported they are white and not of Hispanic origin. Non-Hispanic (_RACEGR3=1)

Black - Respondents who reported they are black and not of Hispanic origin. Non-Hispanic (_RACEGR3=2)

Hispanic Respondents who reported that they are of Hispanic origin. (_RACEGR3=5) Other race only, All other respondents with valid race responses except for those reporting Non-Hispanic multiracial or Hispanic origins. (_RACEGR3=3)
Multiracial, All other respondents reporting multiracial but non-Hispanic origin. Non-Hispanic (_RACEGR3=4)

Don't know/ Not Respondents with don't know, refused or missing values for _RACEGR2. sure/ Refused (_RACEGR3=9, missing) component question SAS Code: IF _RACEGR3 $=1$ THEN _RACE_G1 = 1; ELSE IF _RACEGR3 = 2 THEN _RACE_G1 = 2; ELSE IF ${ }^{-}$RACEGR3 $=3$ THEN ${ }^{-}$RACE $^{-}$G1 $=4$; ELSE IF ${ }^{-}$RACEGR3 $=4$ THEN ${ }^{-}$RACE ${ }^{-}$G1 $=5$; ELSE IF -_RACEGR3 = 5 THEN ${ }_{-}^{-}$RACE_- ${ }^{-} 1=3$;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Demographics

_AGEG5YR Calculated variable for fourteen-level age category. _AGEG5YR is derived from AGE.

1
2
3
4

Age 18 to 24 Respondents with reported age between 18 and 24 years ( $18<=\mathrm{AGE}<=24$ )
Age 25 to 29 Respondents with reported age between 25 and 29 years ( $25<=\mathrm{AGE}<=29$ )
Age 30 to 34 Respondents with reported age between 30 and 34 years ( $30<=\mathrm{AGE}<=34$ )
Age 35 to 39 Respondents with reported age between 35 and 39 years ( $35<=\mathrm{AGE}<=39$ )
Age 40 to 44 Respondents with reported age between 40 and 44 years ( $40<=$ AGE $<=44$ )
Age 45 to 49 Respondents with reported age between 45 and 49 years ( $45<=\mathrm{AGE}<=49$ )
Age 50 to 54 Respondents with reported age between 50 and 54 years ( $50<=\mathrm{AGE}<=54$ )
Age 55 to 59 Respondents with reported age between 55 and 59 years ( $55<=$ AGE $<=59$ )
Age 60 to 64 Respondents with reported age between 60 and 64 years ( $60<=\mathrm{AGE}<=64$ )
Age 65 to 69 Respondents with reported age between 65 and 69 years ( $65<=$ AGE $<=69$ )
Age 70 to 74 Respondents with reported age between 70 and 74 years ( $70<=$ AGE $<=74$ )
Age 75 to 79 Respondents with reported age between 75 and 79 years ( $75<=$ AGE $<=79$ )
Age 80 or older Respondents with reported age between 80 and 99 years ( $80<=\mathrm{AGE}<=99$ )
Don't know/ Respondents who reported they didn't know, were not sure, refused to report or Refused/ Missing had missing responses for their age. (AGE=7, 9, missing)


## Section 8: Demographics

_AGE65YR Calculated variable for two-level age category. _AGE65YR is derived from AGE.
1 Age 18 to 64 Respondents with reported ages 18-64. ( $18<=$ AGE $<=64$ )
2 Age 65 or older Respondents with reported ages 65-99. ( $65>=$ AGE $>=99$ )

Don't know/ Respondents who reported they didn't know, were not sure, refused, or had a Refused/ Missing missing value for AGE. (AGE=7,9,or missing)

SAS Code: IF 18 LE AGE LE 64 THEN _AGE65YR=1; ELSE IF 65 LE AGE LE $99^{-}$THEN _AGE65YR=2; ELSE _AGE65YR = 3;

## Section 8: Demographics

_AGE_G Calculated variable for six-level imputed age category. _AGE_G is derived from _IMPAGE (imputed age).

Age 18 to 24 Respondents with imputed ages between 18-24 years of age. ( $18<=$ _IMPAGE $<=$ 24)

Age 25 to 34 Respondents with imputed ages between 25-34 years of age. ( $25<=$ _IMPAGE $<=$ 34)

Age 35 to 44 Respondents with imputed ages between 35-44 years of age. ( $35<=$ _IMPAGE $<=$ 44)

Age 45 to 54 Respondents with imputed ages between $45-54$ years of age. ( $45<=$ _IMPAGE $<=$ 54)

Age 55 to 64 Respondents with imputed ages between 55-64 years of age. ( $55<=$ _IMPAGE $<=$ 64)

Age 65 or older Respondents with imputed ages between $65-99$ years of age. (IMPAGE => 65)
SAS Code: IF (18<=_IMPAGE<=24) THEN _AGE_G = 1; ELSE IF ${ }^{-}(25<=$ IMPAGE<=34) THEN $\quad$ AGE_G $=2$; ELSE IF $\left(35<={ }^{-}\right.$IMPAGE< $\left.=44\right)$ THEN ${ }^{-}{ }^{\text {AGE }}{ }^{-} \mathrm{G}=3$; ELSE IF (45<= ${ }^{-}$IMPAGE<=54) THEN ${ }^{-}{ }^{\text {AGE }}{ }^{-}$G $=4$; ELSE IF ( $55<={ }_{-}^{-}$IMPAGE<=64) THEN ${ }^{-}{ }^{-} \mathrm{AGE}_{-}^{-} \mathrm{G}=5$; ELSE IF (_IMPAGE >= 65) THEN _AGE_G = 6;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Demographics

_AGE80 Calculated continuous variable for imputed age, values above 80 are collapsed. _AGE80 is derived from _IMPAGE.
18-24 Imputed Age 18 to

24

$$
\text { Age }<=24 \text { ) }
$$

Imputed Age 25 to Respondents with reported Imputed Age between 25 and 29 years ( $25<=$ Imputed 29

Age <= 29)
Imputed Age 30 to Respondents with reported Imputed Age between 30 and 34 years ( $30<=$ Imputed 34 Age $<=34$ )

Imputed Age 35 to Respondents with reported Imputed Age between 35 and 39 years ( $35<=$ Imputed 39 Age $<=39$ )

Imputed Age 40 to Respondents with reported Imputed Age between 40 and 44 years ( $40<=$ Imputed 44 Age $<=44$ )
Imputed Age 45 to Respondents with reported Imputed Age between 45 and 49 years ( $45<=$ Imputed 49 Age $<=49$ )

Imputed Age 50 to Respondents with reported Imputed Age between 50 and 54 years ( $50<=$ Imputed 54 Age $<=54$ )
Imputed Age 55 to Respondents with reported Imputed Age between 55 and 59 years ( $55<=$ Imputed 59

Age $<=59$ )
Imputed Age 60 to Respondents with reported Imputed Age between 60 and 64 years $(60<=$ Imputed 64 Age $<=64$ )
Imputed Age 65 to Respondents with reported Imputed Age between 65 and 69 years ( $65<=$ Imputed 69 Age $<=69$ )
Imputed Age 70 to Respondents with reported Imputed Age between 70 and 74 years $(70<=$ Imputed 74 Age $<=74$ )
Imputed Age 75 to Respondents with reported Imputed Age between 75 and 79 years ( $75<=$ Imputed 79 Age $<=79$ )
Imputed Age 80 or Respondents with reported Imputed Age between 80 and 99 years ( $80<=$ Imputed older Age < $=99$ )
SAS Code: IF 18 LE IMPAGE LE 80 THEN AGE80=_IMPAGE; ELSE IF _IMPAGE GE 80 THEN _A $G E 80=8 \overline{0}$;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Demographics

HTIN4 Calculated variable for reported height in inches. HTIN4 is derived from HEIGHT2. HTIN4 is calculated by adding the foot portion of HEIGHT2 multiplied by 12 , to the inch portion.
36-95 Height in inches Respondents calculated height in inches. (HTIN4=(height in feet x 12) + height in inches)
999 Don't know/ Respondents who reported they didn't know, were not sure, refused to report or Refused/ Missing had missing responses for their height. (HEIGHT3=777, 999, 7777, 9999 or missing or HEIGHT3 < 36 inches or HEIGHT3 > 95 inches)
SAS Code: IF $300<=$ HEIGHT3<=311 THEN HTIN4 $=((\operatorname{HEIGHT} 3-300)+36)$;

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ELSE IF } 400<=\text { HEIGHT } 3<=411 \text { THEN HTIN } 4=((\text { HEIGHT3-400)+48); } \\
& \text { ELSE IF } 500<=\text { HEIGHT3<=511 THEN HTIN4 } 4=((\text { HEIGHT3-500)+60); } \\
& \text { ELSE IF } 600<=\text { HEIGHT3<=611 THEN HTIN } 4=((\text { HEIGHT3-600)+72); } \\
& \text { ELSE IF } 700<=\text { HEIGHT } 3<=711 \text { THEN HTIN } 4=((\text { HEIGHT3-700)+84); }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Section 8: Demographics

HTM4 Calculated variable for reported height in meters. HTM4 is derived from the variable HTIN4 by multiplying HTIN4 by 2.54 cm per in and dividing by 100 cm per meter. HTM4 is derived from HEIGHT2 metric values by dividing by 100 .
91-244 Height in meters [2 Respondents reported or calculated height in meters. (HTM4=HTIN4 00.0254 or implied decimal HTM4 $=($ HEIGHT3 -9000$) \div 100)$ places]
Don't know/ Respondents who reported they didn't know, were not sure, refused to report or Refused/ Missing had missing responses for their height. (HEIGHT3=777, 999, 7777, 9999 or missing or HEIGHT3 < 0.91 meters or HEIGHT3 2.44 meters)
SAS Code: IF $300<=$ HEIGHT3 $<=711$ THEN HTM4=HTIN4*0.0254;
ELSE IF $9091<=$ HEIGHT3 < 9244 THEN HTM4=(HEIGHT3-9000)/100;

## Section 8: Demographics

WTKG3 Calculated variable for reported weight in kilograms. WTKG3 is derived from WEIGHT2 by multiplying WEIGHT2 by 0.4535924 kg per lb .
2300-Weight in kilograms Respondents reported or calculated weight in kilograms.
29500 [2 implied decimal places]
99999
Don't know/ Respondents who reported they didn't know, were not sure, refused to report or Refused/ Missing

SAS Code: $\quad$ ** CONVERSION FACTOR $=0.4535924 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{lb}$ **;
IF WEIGHT2 NOT IN (777,999,7777,9999,.) THEN DO;
IF 0050 LE WEIGHT2 < 0650 THEN WTKG3=WEIGHT2*0.4535924;
ELSE IF 9023 LE WEIGHT2 < 9295 THEN WTKG3=WEIGHT2-9000;
End;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Demographics

_BMI5 Calculated variable for body mass index (bmi). _BMI5 is derived from WTKG3 and HTM4. It is calculated by dividing WTKG3 by HTM4².
1-9999 1 or greater Respondents calculated body mass index (BMI) \{units=kilograms per meter squared $\}$. (_BMI5 = WTKG3 / (HTM4xHTM4))
Don't know/ Respondents who had a missing value for their height in meters or weight in
Refused/ Missing kilograms. (WTKG3=missing or HTM4=missing or _BMI5<12.00 or _BMI5>=100 or PREGNANT=1)
SAS Code: IF (WTKG3 NOTIN (.)) AND (HTM4 NOTIN (.)) THEN _BMI5=WTKG3/(HTM4 ** 2);

ELSE BMI5=.;
IF _BMI5 NE . THEN _BMI5=ROUND (_BMI5, . O1) ;
IF _BMI5 > 99.99 THEN _BMI5=.;
IF _BMI5 < 12.00 THEN _BMI5=.;
IF $\operatorname{PREGNANT}=1$ THEN _BMI $\overline{5}=$.;

## Section 8: Demographics

_BMI5CAT Calculated variable for four-categories of body mass index (bmi). _BMI5CAT is derived from _BMI5.

1 Underweight Respondents classified as underweight based on body mass index. (_BMI5 < 18.50)
Normal Weight Respondents classified as normal weight based on body mass index. ( $18.50<=$ _BMI5 < 25.00)
Overweight Respondents classified as overweight based on body mass index. (25.00<=_BMI5 <30.00)
Obese $\quad$ Respondents classified as obese based on body mass index. (30.00<=_BMI5 < 99.99)

Don't know/ Respondents with an unknown, refused, or missing value for body mass index.
Refused/ Missing (_BMI5=.)
SAS Code: IF ( 0.00 LE BMI5 < 18.50) THEN_BMI5CAT=1; ELSE IF ( 18.50 LE _BMI5 $<25.00$ ) THEN _BMI5CAT=2; ELSE IF ( 25.00 LE _-BMI5 < 30.00 ) THEN _BMI5CAT=3; ELSE IF _BMI5 GE 30.00 THEN _BMI5CAT=4;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Demographics

_RFBMI5 Calculated variable for adults who have a body mass index greater than 25.00 (overweight or obese). _RFBMI5 is derived from _BMI5.

1

2

9

No
Yes

Don't know/ Respondents with an unknown, refused, or missing value for body mass index. Refused/ Missing (_BMI5=missing)

SAS Code: IF (12.00 LE BMI5 < 25.00) THEN _RFBMI5=1; ELSE IF (25.00 <= _BMI5 < 99.99) THEN _RFBMI5=2; ELSE _RFBMI5=9;
** Round off HTM4, WTKG3 and BMI5 to 2 decimal places and remove the decimal **;
HTIN4 = round (HTIN4,1);
HTM4 = round((HTM4*100),1); WTKG3 = round((WTKG3*100),1); IF _BMI5 NE . THEN _BMI5 = ROUND ((_BMI5*100),1);

## Section 8: Demographics

_CHLDCNT Calculated variable for number of children in household. _CHLDCNT is derived from CHILDREN.

1 No children in household household household household

Four children in household

Five or more children in household

Don't know/ Not sure/ Missing

## SAS Code:

One child in Respondents who reported having one child. (CHILDREN=1)

Two children in Respondents who reported having two children. (CHILDREN=2)

Three children in Respondents who reported having three children. (CHILDREN=3)
Respondents who reported having no children. (CHILDREN=88)

Respondents who reported having four children. (CHILDREN=4)

Respondents who reported having five or more children. ( $5<=$ CHILDREN $<87$ )

Respondents who reported they didn't know, were not sure, refused or had a
missing value for CHILDREN. (CHILDREN=99)

```
IF CHILDREN = 88 THEN _CHLDCNT = 1;
    ELSE IF CHILDREN = 01 THEN _CHLDCNT = 2;
    ELSE IF CHILDREN = 02 THEN CHLDCNT = 3;
    ELSE IF CHILDREN = 03 THEN -}\mathrm{ CHLDCNT = 4;
    ELSE IF CHILDREN = 04 THEN CHLDCNT = 5;
    ELSE IF 05 <= CHILDREN < 88 THEN CHLDCNT = 6;
    ELSE IF CHILDREN = 99 THEN _CHLDCNT = 9;
    ELSE IF CHILDREN = . THEN CHLDCNT = 9;
```

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 8: Demographics

_EDUCAG Calculated variable for level of education completed. _EDUCAG is derived from EDUCA.
1 Did not graduate Respondents who reported they did not graduate high school. (EDUCA=1,2,3) High School
Graduated High Respondents who reported they graduated high school. (EDUCA=4)
School
Attended College or Respondents who reported they attended college or technical school. (EDUCA=5) Technical School

4
Graduated from Respondents who reported they graduated from college or technical school. College or Technical (EDUCA=6)

School
9
Don't know/ Not Respondents who reported they didn't know, were not sure, refused, or had a sure/ Missing missing value for EDUCA. (EDUCA=9, missing)
SAS Code:
IF EDUCA IN (1,2,3) THEN EDUCAG $=1 ;$
ELSE IF EDUCA IN (4) THEN $\quad$ EDUCAG $=2 ;$
ELSE IF EDUCA IN (5) THEN _EDUCAG $=3 ;$
ELSE IF EDUCA IN (6) THEN EDUCAG $=4 ;$
ELSE IF EDUCA IN $(., 9)$ THEN _EDUCAG $=9$;

## Section 8: Demographics

_INCOMG Calculated variable for income categories. _INCOMG is derived from INCOME2.
1 Less than $\$ 15,000$ Respondents whose reported income is less than $\$ 15,000$. (INCOME $2=1,2$ )
$\$ 15,000$ to less than Respondents whose reported income is $\$ 15,000$ to less than $\$ 25,000$.
\$25,000 (INCOME2=3,4)
$\$ 25,000$ to less than Respondents whose reported income is $\$ 25,000$ to less than $\$ 35,000$.
\$35,000 (INCOME2=5)
$\$ 35,000$ to less than Respondents whose reported income is $\$ 35,000$ to less than $\$ 50,000$.
\$50,000 (INCOME2=6)

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 9: Tobacco Use

_SMOKER3 Calculated variable for four-level smoker status: everyday smoker, someday smoker, former smoker, non-smoker. _SMOKER3 is derived from SMOKE100 and SMOKDAY2.

Current smoker - Respondents who reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime now smokes every and now smoke every day. (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKDAY2=1) day
Current smoker now smokes some days
Former smoker

Never smoked Respondents who reported they had not smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime. (SMOKE $100=2$ )
Don't know/ Respondents who reported they didn't know if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in Refused/ Missing their lifetime, those who refused to answer if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those who didn't know if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, those who refused to answer if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, or those with missing responses. (SMOKE100 $=7,9$, missing; or SMOKDAY2=7, 9, missing)
SAS Code: IF SMOKE100=2 THEN _SMOKER3=4; ELSE IF SMOKE100=1 THEN DO; IF SMOKDAY2=1 THEN SMOKER3=1; ELSE IF SMOKDAY2=2 THEN _SMOKER3=2; ELSE IF SMOKDAY2 = 3 THEN _SMOKER3=3; ELSE _SMOKER3=9;
END; ELSE _SMOKER3=9;

## Section 9: Tobacco Use

_RFSMOK3 Calculated variable for adults who are current smokers. _RFSMOK3 is derived from _SMOKER3.

Respondents who reported they had not smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those who reported having smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime but do not currently smoke. (_SMOKER3=3, 4)

2 Yes

9 Don't know/ Refused/ Missing

Respondents who reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and currently smoke. (SMOKER3=1, 2)
Respondents who reported they did not know if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those who refused to answer if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those who didn't know if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, those who refused to answer if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, or those with missing responses. (_SMOKER3=9)
SAS Code: IF SMOKER3 IN (1,2) THEN RFSMOK3=2; ELSE IF _SMOKER3 IN $(3,4)$ THEN _RFSMOK3=1; ELSE _RFSMOK3=9;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

Section 10: Alcohol Consumption
DRNKANY5 Calculated variable for adults who reported having had at least one drink of alcohol in the past 30 days.. DRNKANY5 is derived from AKCDAY5

1

2

7

9 Refused/ Missing
SAS Code:

Respondents who reported drinking at least one alcoholic beverage in the past 30 days. ( $1<=$ ALCDAY $<=231$ )

No Respondents who reported drinking no alcoholic beverages in the past 30 days. (ALCDAY5=888)
Don't know/ Not Respondents who reported not knowing if they drank at least one alcoholic beverage in the past 30 days. (ALCDAY5=777)
Respondents who refused to answer or had a missing value for drinking at least one alcoholic beverage in the past 30 days. (ALCDAY5=999, Missing)

```
IF 1 <= ALCDAY5 < 231 THEN DRNKANY5=1;
ELSE IF ALCDAY5=888 THEN DRNKANY5=2;
ELSE IF ALCDAY5=777 THEN DRNKANY5=7;
ELSE DRNKANY5=9;
```


## Section 10: Alcohol Consumption

DROCDY3_ Calculated variable for drink-occasions-per-day. DROCDY3_is derived from ALCDAY5 by dividing the ALCDAY5 variable by 7 days per week or 30 days per month.
No Drink-Occasions Respondents reported no occasions per day that they consumed alcohol. per day (ALCDAY5=888)
1-899 Drink-Occasions per Respondents reported number of occasions per day that they consumed alcohol. day (ALCDAY5 not equal to 777, 888, 999, or missing)

900 Don’t know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing one drink of alcohol, those who refused to answer how many days they had at least one drink of alcohol, those with missing responses. (ALCDAY5 $=777$, 999, or missing)
SAS Code: IF ALCDAY5 NOTIN (888,777,999,.) THEN DO; IF 101 LE ALCDAY5 LE 107 THEN DROCDY3_=(ALCDAY5-100)/7; ELSE IF 201 LE ALCDAY5 LE 230 THEN DRŌCDY3_=(ALCDAY5-200)/30; END;
ELSE IF ALCDAY5 EQ 888 THEN DROCDY3_=0;
ELSE DROCDY3_=9;

* DROCDY3_=round ((DROCDY3_*100),1);
*This is done after all of the alcohol calculations but the code is included here;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 10: Alcohol Consumption

_RFBING5 Calculated variable for binge drinkers (males having five or more drinks on one occasion, females having four or more drinks on one occasion). _RFBING5 is derived from DRNK3GE5 and ALCDAY5.

Respondents who reported they did not drink in the past 30 days, or those who reported that they did drink alcohol in the past 30 days but did not report having five or more drinks of alcohol on an occasion. (ALCDAY5<231 and DRNK3GE5=88; or ALCDAY5=888)
Yes
Respondents who reported they did drink in the past 30 days and had five or more drinks on one or more occasions in the past month. (ALCDAY5<231 and $1<=$ DRNK3GE5<=76)
Don't know/ Respondents who reported that they did not know if they had consumed five or Refused/ Missing more drinks of alcohol on one occasion or refused to answer if they had consumed five or more drinks of alcohol on one occasion or those with missing responses. (DRNK3GE5=77, 99, missing; or ALCDAY5 $=777$, 999 , missing)
SAS Code: IF ALCDAY5 NOTIN (888) THEN DO;
IF 1 LE DRNK3GE5 LE 76 THEN _RFBING5=2;
ELSE IF DRNK3GE5 IN (.,77,99) THEN RFBING5=9;
ELSE IF DRNK3GE5 IN (88) THEN _RFBIN̄G5=1;
END;
ELSE IF ALCDAY5 = 888 THEN _RFBING5=1;
ELSE _RFBING5=9;

## Section 10: Alcohol Consumption

_DRNKDY4 Calculated variable for calculated total number of alcoholic beverages consumed per day. _DRNKDY4 is derived from DROCDY3_ and AVEDRNK2 by multiplying the total number of drink occasions per day (DROCDY3_) by the average number of drinks per occasion (AVEDRNK2).
$0 \quad$ Did not drink
1-9899
Respondents who did not drink in the past month. (DROCDY3 $=0$ )
-
9900

Number of drinks
per day

Don't know/ Not sure/ Refused/ Missing

Respondents reported number of alcoholic drinks in the past month. $(0<$ DROCDY3_<990)
Respondents who refused to report the number of alcohol drinks consumed per day, or respondents who did not know the number of alcohol drinks consumed per day, or those with missing responses or respondents who refused to report the number drink occasions per day, or respondents who did not know the number of drink occasions per day, or those with missing responses.
(AVEDRNK2=.,77,99 or DROCDY3_=900)
SAS Code: IF DROCDY3_ $=0$ THEN $\operatorname{DRNKDY4=0;~}$
ELSE IF DRŌCDY3_ = 9 THEN _DRNKDY4=99;
ELSE IF AVEDRNK $\overline{2}$ IN $(., 77, \overline{9} 9)$ THEN _DRNKDY4=99;
ELSE _DRNKDY4=AVEDRNK2 * DROCDY3_;

* DRNKDY4=ROUND ( (_DRNKDY4*100), 1);
*This is done after all of the alcohol calculations but the code is included here;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 10: Alcohol Consumption

_DRNKMO4 Calculated variable for calculated total number of alcoholic beverages consumed per month. _DRNKMO4 is derived by multiplying _DRNKDY4 by 30.
0 Did not drink in the Respondents who did not consume any drinks of alcohol in the past month. past month (_DRNKDY4=0)
1-9998 Number of Drinks Respondents reported number of alcoholic drinks per day. ( 0 < _DRNKDY4 < 9900)
9999
Don't know/ Respondents who reported they did not know if they consumed any drinks of Refused/ Missing alcohol in the past month, or those who refused to answer if they consumed any drinks of alcohol in the past month. (_DRNKDY4=9900)
SAS Code: IF _DRNKDY4 NOTIN (.,99) THEN _DRNKMO4=_DRNKDY4*30; ELSE _DRNKMO4=9999;

* _DRN̄KMO4=ROUND(_DRNKMO4,1);
*This is done after all of the alcohol calculations but the code is included here;


## Section 10: Alcohol Consumption

_RFDRHV4 Calculated variable for heavy drinkers (adult men having more than two drinks per day and adult women having more than one drink per day). _RFDRHV4 is derived from _DRNKDY4, ALCDAY5, and SEX.

No
Male Respondents who reported having 2 drinks per day or less, or female Respondents who reported having 1 drinks per day or less. (Sex=1 and _DRNKDY4 $<=200$ or Sex=2 and _DRNKDY4 <= 100 or ALCDAY5=888)
Yes

Don't know/ Respondents with don't know, refused or missing responses for ALCDAY5 or Refused/ Missing

SAS Code:
Male Respondents who reported having more than 2 drinks per day, or female Respondents who reported having more than 1 drink per day. (Sex=1 and _DRNKDY4 > 200 or Sex=2 and _DRNKDY4 > 100) _DRNKDY4. (ALCDAY5=777, 999, or missing, or _DRNKDY43=99, or missing)

```
IF SEX=1 AND _DRNKDY4 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
    IF _DRNKDY4 GT 2 THEN _RFDRHV4=2;
    ELSE IF _DRNKDY4 LE 2 THEN _RFDRHV4=1;
    END;
    ELSE IF SEX=2 AND _DRNKDY4 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
    IF _DRNKDY4 GT 1 T\overline{HEN _RFDRHV4=2;}
    ELSE IF _DRNKDY4 LE 1 THEN _RFDRHV4=1;
    END;
    ELSE IF ALCDAY5 EQ 888 THEN _RFDRHV4=1;
    ELSE _RFDRHV4=9;
```


## Section 10: Alcohol Consumption

_RFDRMN4 Calculated variable for adult men who are heavy drinkers (having more than two drinks per day). _RFDRMN4 is derived from _DRNKDY4 and SEX and ALCDAY5.

1

No
Yes

Don't know/ Male respondents with don't know, refused or missing responses for ALCDAY5 Refused/ Missing or _DRNKDY4. (SEX=1 and ALCDAY5=777, 999, or missing, or _DRNKDY4=99, or missing)

Respondent is Female respondents. (SEX=2)
female
SAS Code:

```
IF SEX=1 THEN DO;
    IF _DRNKDY4 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
    IF _DRNKDY4 GT 2 THEN _RFDRMN4=2;
    ELSE IF _DRNKDY4 LE 2 THEN _RFDRMN4=1;
    END;
    ELSE IF ALCDAY5 IN (888) THEN _RFDRMN4=1;
ELSE _RFDRMN4=9;
    END;
    ELSE IF SEX=2 THEN _RFDRMN4=.;
```

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 10: Alcohol Consumption

_RFDRWM4 Calculated variable for adult women who are heavy drinkers (having more than one drink per day). _RFDRWM4 is derived from _DRNKDY4 and SEX and ALCDAY5.

1

2

No Female Respondents who reported having 1 drink per day or less. (SEX=2 and _DRNKDY4 <= 200 or ALCDAY5=888)
Yes
Female Respondents who reported having more than 1 drink per day. (SEX=2 and _DRNKDY4 > 200)

```
Don't know/ Female respondents with don't know, refused or missing responses for Refused/ Missing ALCDAY5 or _DRNKDY4. (SEX=2 and ALCDAY5=777, 999, or missing, or _DRNKDY4=99, or missing)
Respondent is male Male respondents. (SEX=1)
SAS Code:
```

```
IF SEX=2 THEN DO;
```

IF SEX=2 THEN DO;
IF DRNKDY4 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
IF DRNKDY4 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
IF _DRNKDY4 GT 1 THEN _RFDRWM4=2;
IF _DRNKDY4 GT 1 THEN _RFDRWM4=2;
ELSE IF _DRNKDY4 LE 1 THEN _RFDRWM4=1;
ELSE IF _DRNKDY4 LE 1 THEN _RFDRWM4=1;
END;
END;
ELSE IF ALCDAY5 IN (888) THEN _RFDRWM4=1;
ELSE IF ALCDAY5 IN (888) THEN _RFDRWM4=1;
ELSE RFDRWM4=9;
ELSE RFDRWM4=9;
END;
END;
Else IF SEX=1 THEN RFDRWM4=.;
Else IF SEX=1 THEN RFDRWM4=.;
** ROUND OFF _DRNKMO4 TO NO DECIMAL PLACES ** MULTIPLY _DRNKDY4 BY
** ROUND OFF _DRNKMO4 TO NO DECIMAL PLACES ** MULTIPLY _DRNKDY4 BY
100 AND THEN ROUND OFF TO NO DECIMAL PLACES AND THEN REMOVE THE DECIMAL
100 AND THEN ROUND OFF TO NO DECIMAL PLACES AND THEN REMOVE THE DECIMAL
PLACES **;
PLACES **;
DROCDY3 =round((DROCDY3 *100),1);
DROCDY3 =round((DROCDY3 *100),1);
_DRNKMO}\overline{4}=\mathrm{ ROUND(_DRNKMO4,}1)
_DRNKMO}\overline{4}=\mathrm{ ROUND(_DRNKMO4,}1)
__DRNKDY4=ROUND((_DRNKDY4*100),1);

```
    __DRNKDY4=ROUND((_DRNKDY4*100),1);
```


## Section 11: Immunization

_FLSHOT6 Calculated variable for adults aged $65+$ who have had a flu shot within the past year. _FLSHOT6 is derived from FLUSHOT6.

Age Less Than 65
SAS Code:

Respondents aged 65 or older who reported having a flu shot within the past 12 months. (AGE >= 65 and FLUSHOT6=1)
Respondents aged 65 or older who reported not having had a flu shot within the past 12 months. (AGE >= 65 and FLUSHOT6=2)
Respondents who did not know their age, those who refused to report their age, those who didn't know if they had a flu shot in the past 12 months, or those who refused to answer if they had a flu shot in the past 12 months, or those with missing responses. (AGE $>=65$ and FLUSHOT6 $=7,9$, or missing or AGE $=7,9$, or missing)
Respondents aged 18-64. ( $18<=$ AGE $<=64$ )

```
IF AGE GE 65 THEN DO;
        IF FLUSHOT6=1 THEN FLSHOT6=1;
        ELSE IF FLUSHOT6=2 THEN FLSHOT6=2;
        ELSE IF FLUSHOT6 IN (.,7,9) THEN _FLSHOT6=9;
        END;
        ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _FLSHOT6=9;
        ELSE _FLSHOT6=.;
```

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 11: Immunization

_PNEUMO2 Calculated variable for adults aged $65+$ who have ever had a pneumonia vaccination. _PNEUMO2 is derived from PNEUVAC3.

Yes

No

Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/

Missing

Respondents aged 65 or older who reported having a pneumonia shot. (AGE $>=65$ and FLUSHOT3=1)
2

Age Less Than 65 Respondents aged 18-64. ( $18<=$ AGE $<=64$ )
SAS Code: IF AGE GE 65 THEN DO; IF PNEUVAC3=1 THEN _PNEUMO2=1; ELSE IF PNEUVAC3=2 THEN PNEUMO2=2; ELSE IF PNEUVAC3 IN (., $7^{-}$,9) THEN _PNEUMO2=9; ELSE _PNEUMO2=.; END; ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _PNEUMO2=9; ELSE _PNEUMO2=.;

## Section 12: Falls

There are no calculated variables for Section 12.

## Section 13: Seatbelt Use

_RFSEAT2 Calculated variable for always or nearly always wear seat belts calculated variable. _RFSEAT2 is derived from SEATBELT.

1 Always or Almost Always Wear Seat Belt
2 Sometimes, Seldom, Respondents who reported they sometimes, seldom or never use a seatbelt when or Never Wear Seat they ride or drive in a car. (SEATBELT=3,4,5)

Belt
9

Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing
SAS Code: If SEATBELT In $(1,2,8)$ then _RFSEAT2=1; ELSE IF SEATBELT IN $(3,4,5)$ Th HEN _RFSEAT2=2; ELSE _RFSEAT2=9;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 13: Seatbelt Use

_RFSEAT3 Calculated variable for always wear seat belts calculated variable. _RFSEAT3 is derived from SEATBELT.
1 Always Wear Seat Respondents who reported they always use a seatbelt when they ride or drive in Belt a car or they never drive or ride in a car. (SEATBELT $=1,8$ )

2 Don't Always Wear Respondents who reported they nearly always, sometimes, seldom or never use a Seat Belt seatbelt when they ride or drive in a car. (SEATBELT $=2,3,4,5$ )
9 Don't know/ Not Respondents who reported they don't know, are not sure, refused or have Sure Or Refused/ missing responses to if they use a seatbelt when they ride or drive in a car. Missing (SEATBELT=7,9 or missing)

```
SAS Code: IF SEATBELT IN (1,8) THEN _RFSEAT3=1;
ELSE IF SEATBELT IN (2,3,4,5) THEN _RFSEAT3=2;
ELSE _RFSEAT3=9;
```


## Section 14: Drinking and Driving

There are no calculated variables for Section 14.

## Section 15: Breast and Cervical Cancer Screening

_RFMAM2Y Calculated variable for women respondents aged 40+ who have had a mammogram in the past two years. _RFMAM2Y is derived from SEX, AGE, HADMAM, and HOWLONG. Yes Female respondents aged 40 and older who have received a mammogram within the past two years. ( $\mathrm{Sex}=2$ and AGE $>=40$ and HADMAM $=1$ and HOWLONG=1,2)
Female respondents aged 40 and older who have not received a mammogram within the past two years. (Sex=2 and AGE $>=40$ and $\mathrm{HADMAM}=2$ or $\mathrm{HADMAM}=1$ and HOWLONG=3,4,5)
9 Don't know/ Not Sure/ Refused

Female respondents aged 40 and older with don't know, not sure, or refused responses for HADMAM or HOWLONG or female respondents with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses for AGE, HADMAM or HOWLONG. (Sex=2 and HADMAM=7,9, missing or HOWLONG=7,9, missing or AGE=7,9,missing)
Missing or Age less Female respondents less than 40 years old, or male respondents. (SEX=1 or SEX=2 than 40 or Male and AGE < 40)

```
SAS Code: IF SEX=2 AND AGE GE 40 THEN DO;
    IF HADMAM=1 THEN DO;
    IF HOWLONG IN (1,2) THEN RFMAM2Y=1;
    ELSE IF HOWLONG IN (3,4,5) THEN _RFMAM2Y=2;
    ELSE IF HOWLONG IN (7,9,.) THEN - RFMAM2Y=9;
    END;
    ELSE IF HADMAM=2 THEN _RFMAM2Y=2;
    ELSE IF HADMAM IN (7,9,.) THEN _RFMAM2Y=9;
    END;
    ELSE IF SEX=2 AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFMAM2Y=9;
    ELSE _RFMAM2Y=.;
```

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 15: Breast and Cervical Cancer Screening

_MAM502Y Calculated variable for women respondents aged 50+ who have had a mammogram in the past two years. _MAM502y is derived from SEX, AGE, HADMAM, and HOWLONG.
1 Yes Female respondents aged 50 and older who have received a mammogram within the past two years. ( $\mathrm{SEX}=2$ and $\mathrm{AGE}>=50$ and $\mathrm{HADMAM}=1$ and $\mathrm{HOWLONG}=1,2$ )

2
No Female respondents aged 50 and older who have not received a mammogram within the past two years. (SEX $=2$ and $\mathrm{AGE}>=50$ and $\mathrm{HADMAM}=2$ or $\mathrm{HADMAM}=1$ and HOWLONG=3,4,5)
9 Don't know/ Not Female respondents aged 50 and older with don't know, not sure, or refused Sure/ Refused responses for HADMAM or HOWLONG or female respondents with don't
know, not sure, refused or missing responses for AGE, HADMAM or HOWLONG. (SEX=2 and HADMAM=7,9, missing or HOWLONG=7,9, missing or AGE=7,9,missing)
Missing or Age less Female respondents less than 50 years old, or male respondents. (SEX=1 or SEX=2 than 50 or Male and AGE < 50)

```
SAS Code: IF SEX=2 AND AGE GE 50 THEN DO;
    IF HADMAM=1 THEN DO;
    IF HOWLONG IN (1,2) THEN MAM502Y=1;
    ELSE IF HOWLONG IN (3,4,5) THEN MAM502Y=2;
    ELSE IF HOWLONG IN (7,9) THEN _MA\overline{M5O2Y=9;}
    END;
    ELSE IF HADMAM=2 THEN _MAM502Y=2;
    ELSE IF HADMAM IN (7,9,.) THEN _MAM502Y=9;
    END;
    ELSE IF SEX=2 AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _MAM502Y=9;
    ELSE _MAM502Y=.;
```


## Section 15: Breast and Cervical Cancer Screening

_MAM5021 Calculated variable for women respondents aged 50-74 who have had a mammogram in the past two years. _MAM5021 is derived from SEX, AGE, HADMAM, and HOWLONG. the past 2 years.

Did not receive a mammogram within the past 2 years.

Missing, Age less than 50 or greater than 74 or Male

## SAS Code:

```
IF SEX=2 AND 50 LE AGE LE 74 THEN DO;
    IF HADMAM=2 THEN _MAM5021=2;
    ELSE IF HADMAM=1 THEN DO;
    IF HOWLONG IN (1,2) THEN MAM5021=1;
    ELSE IF HOWLONG IN (3,4,5) THEN _MAM5021=2;
    END;
    END;
```

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 15: Breast and Cervical Cancer Screening

_RFPAP32 Calculated variable for women respondents aged 18+ who have had a pap test in the past three years. _RFPAP32 is derived from the variables SEX, AGE, HADHYST2, PREGNANT, HADPAP2, and LASTPAP2.

Yes

No
Female respondents aged 18 and older, with intact cervix, who have received a pap smear within the past three years. (SEX=2 and AGE GE 18 and HADHYST2 NE 1 or PREGNANT $=1$ and HADPAP2 $=1$ and LASTPAP2 $=1,2,3$ )
.
Female respondents aged 18 and older, with intact cervix, who have not received a pap smear within the past three years. (SEX=2 and AGE GE 18 and HADHYST2 NE 1 or PREGNANT $=1$ and HADPAP2 $=2$ or HADPAP2 $=1$ and LASTPAP2 $=4,5$ )
9 Don't know/ Not Female respondents aged 18 and older, with intact cervix, with don't know, not Sure/ Refused sure or refused responses for HADPAP2 or LASTPAP2 or females with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses to AGE. (SEX=2 and AGE GE 18 and HADHYST2 NE 1 or PREGNANT $=1$ and HADPAP2 $=7,9$ or LASTPAP2 $=7,9$ or AGE=7,9,missing)
Missing or Male Female respondents aged 18 and older with missing responses for HADPAP2 or LASTPAP2, or with yes, responses for having had a hysterectomy or male respondents. (SEX=2 and AGE $>=18$ and HADHYST2=1 AND PREGNANT NE 1 or HADPAP2 $=$ missing or LASTPAP2 $=$ missing or SEX=1)
SAS Code: IF SEX=2 AND HADHYST2=1 AND PREGNANT NE 1 THEN DO; _RFPAP32=.;
END;
ELSE DO;
IF SEX=2 AND AGE >= 18 THEN DO;
IF HADPAP2=1 THEN DO;
IF 1 LE LASTPAP2 LE 3 THEN RFPAP32=1;
ELSE IF 4 LE LASTPAP2 LT 7 THEN RFPAP32=2;
ELSE IF LASTPAP2 IN $(7,9)$ THEN $\bar{R} F P A P 32=9$;
ELSE IF LASTPAP2=. THEN _RFPAP3 $\overline{2}=. ;$
END;
ELSE IF HADPAP2=2 THEN RFPAP32=2;
ELSE IF HADPAP2 IN $(7,9)$ THEN RFPAP32=9;
ELSE IF HADPAP2=. THEN _RFPAP32=.;
END;
ELSE IF SEX=2 AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFPAP32=9;
ELSE RFPAP32=.;
END;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 15: Breast and Cervical Cancer Screening

_RFPAP33 Calculated variable for women respondents aged 21-65 who have had a pap test in the past three years._RFPAP33 is derived from the variables SEX, AGE, HADHYST2, HADPAP2, and LASTPAP2.

Received a Pap test Female respondents aged 21-65, with intact cervix, who have received a pap within the past 3 smear within the past three years. (SEX=2 and $21<=$ AGE $<=65$ and HADHYST2 NE 1 years. and HADPAP2 $=1$ and LASTPAP2 $=1,2,3$ )
Did not receive a Pap test within the past 3 years.
Missing or Male
Female respondents aged 21-65, with intact cervix, who have not received a pap smear within the past three years. (SEX=2 and AGE GE 18 and HADHYST2 NE 1 and HADPAP2 $=2$ or HADPAP2 $=1$ and LASTPAP2 $=4,5$ )
Female respondents aged 18-20 or aged 65+ or aged 21-65 with missing responses for HADPAP2 or LASTPAP2, or with yes, responses for having had a hysterectomy or male respondents. (SEX=2 and AGE $<21$ or AGE $>65$ or $\mathrm{SEX}=2$ and $21<=$ AGE < $=65$ and HADHYST2=1 AND HADPAP2=missing or LASTPAP2=missing or SEX=1)
SAS Code: IF SEX=2 AND HADHYST2=2 AND 21 Le Age le 65 then do; IF HADPAP2=2 THEN RFPAP33=2; ELSE IF HADPAP2=1 THEN DO; IF LASTPAP2 IN $(1,2,3)$ THEN _RFPAP33=1; ELSE IF LASTPAP2 IN $(4,5)$ THEN _RFPAP33=2; END; END;

## Section 16: Prostate Cancer Screening

_RFPSA21 Calculated variable for male respondents aged 40+ who have had a psa test in the past 2 years. _RFPSA21 is derived from SEX, AGE, PSATEST1, and PSATIME.

1

2

9

Yes

No
Male respondents aged 40 and older who have had a PSA test within the past two years. (SEX=1 and AGE $>=40$ and PSATEST1 $=1$ and PSATIME $=1$ or 2 )

Male respondents aged 40 and older who have not received a PSA test within the past two years. ( $\mathrm{SEX}=1$ and AGE $>=40$ and PSATEST1 $=2$ or PSATEST $=1$ and PSATIME $=3$ or 4 or 5)

Don't know/ Not Male respondents aged 40 and older with don't know, not sure or refused Sure/ Refused responses for PSATEST or PSATIME or male respondents with don't know, not
sure, refused or missing responses to AGE. (SEX=1 and AGE $>=40$ and PSATEST1=7,9 or PSATIME=7,9 or SEX=1 and AGE=7,9,missing)
Missing or Age less Male respondents aged 40 and older with missing responses for PSATEST or than 40 or Female PSATIME, Male respondents aged less than 40, or female respondents. (SEX=1 and AGE $>=40$ and PSATEST $1=$ missing or PSATIME=missing or SEX $=1$ and AGE $<40$ or SEX=2)
SAS Code:

IF (SEX=1) AND (AGE GE 40) THEN DO;
IF PSATEST1=1 THEN DO;
IF PSATIME IN (1,2) THEN _RFPSA21=1;
ELSE IF PSATIME IN $(3,4,5)$ THEN RFPSA21=2;
ELSE IF PSATIME IN $(7,9)$ THEN RFPSA21=9;
ELSE IF PSATIME=. THEN _RFPSA2 $\overline{1}=. ;$
END;
ELSE IF PSATEST1=2 THEN _RFPSA21=2;
ELSE IF PSATEST1 IN (7,9) THEN RFPSA21=9;
ELSE IF PSATEST1=. THEN _RFPSA21=.;
END;
ELSE IF (SEX=1) AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN RFPSA21=9; ELSE _RFPSA21=.;

## Section 17: Colorectal Cancer Screening

_RFBLDS2 Calculated variable for respondents aged 50+ who have had a blood stool test within the past two years. _RFBLDS2 is derived from AGE, BLDSTOOL, and LSTBLDS3.

1

2

9

Yes

No

Don't know/ Not Sure/ Refused

Respondents aged 50 and older who have had a blood stool test within the past two years. (AGE $>=50$ and BLDSTOOL $=1$ and $\operatorname{LSTBLDS3}=1,2$ )

Respondents aged 50 and older who have not received a blood stool test within the past two years. ( $\mathrm{AGE}>=50$ and BLDSTOOL $=2$ or $\operatorname{BLDSTOOL}=1$ and LSTBLDS3 $=3,4$ )
Yes
No
Don't know/ Not
Sure/ Refused

Respondents aged 50 and older with don't know, not sure or refused responses to BLDSTOOL or LSTBLDS3 or with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses for AGE. (AGE $>=50$ and BLDSTOOL=7,9 or LSTBLDS3 $=7,9$ or AGE=7,9,missing)
Missing or Age less Respondents aged 50 and older with missing responses for BLDSTOOL or than 50 LSTBLDS3, or respondents aged less than 50. (AGE $>=50$ and BLDSTOOL=missing or LSTBLDS3=missing or AGE<50)

SAS Code: IF AGE>=50 THEN DO;
IF BLDSTOOL=1 THEN DO;
IF LSTBLDS3 IN (1,2) THEN RFBLDS2=1;
ELSE IF LSTBLDS3 IN $(3,4,5)$ THEN RFBLDS2=2;
ELSE IF LSTBLDS3 IN $(7,9)$ THEN RFBLDS2=9;
ELSE IF LSTBLDS3=. THEN _RFBLDS2=.;
END;
ELSE IF BLDSTOOL=2 THEN RFBLDS2=2;
ELSE IF BLDSTOOL IN (7,9) THEN RFBLDS2=9;
ELSE IF BLDSTOOL=. THEN _RFBLDS2=.;
END;
ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFBLDS2=9;
ELSE _RFBLDS2=.;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 17: Colorectal Cancer Screening

_RFBLDS3 Calculated variable for respondents aged 50-75 who have had a blood stool test within the past year. _RFBLDS3 is derived from AGE, BLDSTOOL, and LSTBLDS3.
1 Had a blood stool Respondents aged 50-75 who have had a blood stool test within the past year. test in the past year $\quad(50<=\mathrm{AGE}<=75$ and BLDSTOOL=1 and LSTBLDS3 $=1,2$ )

2
Have not had a Respondents aged 50-75 who have not received a blood stool test within the past blood stool test in the year. ( $50<=\mathrm{AGE}<=75$ and BLDSTOOL $=2$ or BLDSTOOL $=1$ and LSTBLDS3 $=3,4$ ) past year
Missing, Age less Respondents aged 50-75 with don't know, refused or missing responses for than 50, Age greater BLDSTOOL or LSTBLDS3, or respondents aged less than 50, or respondents than 75 aged greater than 75. ( $50<=$ AGE $<=75$ and BLDSTOOL=missing or LSTBLDS3=missing or AGE $<50$ or AGE $>75$ )
SAS Code: IF 50 <= AGE <= 75 THEN DO; IF BLDSTOOL=2 THEN _RFBLDS3=2; ELSE IF BLDSTOOL=1 THEN DO; IF LSTBLDS3=1 THEN _RFBLDS3=1; ELSE IF LSTBLDS3 IN $^{-}(2,3,4,5)$ THEN RFBLDS3=2; END; END;

## Section 17: Colorectal Cancer Screening

_RFSIGM2 Calculated variable for respondents aged 50 or older who have had a sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy. _RFSIGM2 is derived from AGE and HADSIGM3.

Respondents aged 50 and older who have never had a sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy. (AGE >=50 and HADSIGM3=2)
9 Don't know/ Not Sure/ Refused

Respondents aged 50 and older with don't know, not sure or refused responses to HADSIGM or with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses to AGE. (AGE $>=50$ and HADSIGM3 $=7,9$ or AGE $=7,9$,missing)
Missing or Age less Respondents aged 50 and older with missing responses for HADSIGM3, or
than 50 respondents aged less than 50. (AGE $>=50$ and HADSIGM3=missing or AGE $<50$ )
SAS Code: IF AGE>=50 THEN DO;
IF HADSIGM3=1 THEN RFSIGM2=1;
ELSE IF HADSIGM3=2 THEN RFSIGM2=2;
ELSE IF HADSIGM3 IN (7,9) THEN RFSIGM2=9;
ELSE IF HADSIGM3=. THEN _RFSIGM $2=. ;$
END;
ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFSIGM2=9;
ELSE _RFSIGM2=.;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 17: Colorectal Cancer Screening

_COL10YR Calculated variable for respondents aged 50-75 that who have had a colonoscopy in the past 10 years. _COL10YR is derived from AGE, HADSIGM3 and LASTSIG3.
1
Received a
Respondents aged 50-75 who have had a colonoscopy in the past 10 years ( $50<=$ colonoscopy within AGE $<=75$ and HADSIGM3 $=1$ and HADSGCO1 $=2$ and LASTSIG3 $=1,2,3,4,5$ ) the past 10 years
Did not receive a Respondents aged 50-75 who have not had a colonoscopy in the past 10 years. colonoscopy within ( $50<=$ AGE $<=75$ and HADSIGM3 $=2$, or HADSIGM3 $=2$ and LASTSIG3 $=6$ ) the past 10 years
Missing or Age less Respondents aged 50-75 with missing responses for HADSIGM3 or LASTSIG3, than 50 or Age greater than 75
SAS Code: or respondents aged less than 50 , or respondents aged greater than 75. ( $50<=$ AGE $<=75$ and HADSIGM3=missing or LASTSIG3=missing or AGE $<50$ or AGE $>75$ )

```
IF 50 <= AGE <= 75 THEN DO;
    IF HADSIGM3=2 THEN COL1OYR=2;
    ELSE IF HADSIGM3=1 THEN DO;
    IF HADSGCO1=2 AND LASTSIG3 IN (1,2,3,4,5) THEN _COL1OYR=1;
    ELSE IF LASTSIG3=6 THEN _COL10YR=2;
    END;
    END;
```


## Section 17: Colorectal Cancer Screening

_HFOB3YR Calculated variable for respondents aged 50-75 who have had a blood stool test within the past 3 years. _HFOB3YR is derived from AGE, BLDSTOOL, HADSGCO1 and LSTBLDS3.
1 Received a home Respondents aged 50-75 who have had a blood stool test within the past 3 years. FOBT within the past ( $50<=\mathrm{AGE}<=75$ and BLDSTOOL $=1$ and LSTBLDS3 $=1,2,3$ )

3 years
Did not receive a Respondents aged 50-75 who have not received a blood stool test within the past home FOBT within 3 years. ( $50<=\mathrm{AGE}<=75$ and $\mathrm{BLDSTOOL}=2$ or BLDSTOOL=1 and LSTBLDS3=4) the past 3 years
Missing or Age less than 50 or Age greater than 75 pondents aged 50-75 with missing responses for BLDSTOOL or LSTBLDS3 or HADSGCO1, or respondents aged less than 50 or respondents aged greater than 75. ( $50<=$ AGE $<=75$ and BLDSTOOL=missing or LSTBLDS3=missing or AGE $<50$ or AGE>75)
SAS Code: IF $50<=$ AGE <= 75 THEN DO; IF BLDSTOOL=2 THEN _HFOB3YR=2; ELSE IF BLDSTOOL=1 THEN DO; IF LSTBLDS3 IN $(1,2,3)$ THEN _HFOB3YR=1; ELSE IF LSTBLDS3 IN $(4,5)$ THEN _HFOB3YR=2; END; END;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 17: Colorectal Cancer Screening

_FS5YR Calculated variable for respondents aged 50-75 who have had a sigmoidoscopy within the past 5 years. _FS5YR is derived from AGE, HADSIGM3, HADSGCO1 and LASTSIG3.
1 Received a Respondents aged 50-75 who have had a sigmoidoscopy within the past 5 years. sigmoidoscopy within ( $50<=$ AGE $<=75$ and HADSIGM3 $=1$ and HADSGCO1 $=1$ and LASTSIG3 $=1,2,3,4$ ) the past 5 years
Did not receive a Respondents aged 50-75 who have not received a sigmoidoscopy within the past sigmoidoscopy within 5 years. ( $50<=$ AGE $<=75$ and HADSIGM3 $=2$, or HADSIGM3 $=1$ and LASTSIG3 $=5,6$ ) the past 5 years
Missing or Age less Respondents aged 50-75 with missing responses for HADSIGM3 or LASTSIG3
than 50 or Age greater than 75 or HADSCO1, or respondents aged less than 50 or respondents aged greater than 75. ( $50<=$ AGE $<=75$ and HADSIGM3 $=$ missing or LASTSIG3=missing or HADSGCO1=missing or AGE $<50$ or AGE $>75$ )
SAS Code: IF 50 <= AGE <= 75 THEN DO;
IF HADSIGM3=2 THEN _FS5YR=2;
ELSE IF HADSIGM3=1 THEN DO;
IF HADSGCO1=1 AND LASTSIG3 IN (1,2,3,4) THEN _FS5YR=1;
ELSE IF LASTSIG3 IN $(5,6)$ THEN _FS5YR=2;
END;
END;

## Section 17: Colorectal Cancer Screening

_FOBTFS Calculated variable for respondents aged 50-75 who have had a blood stool test within the past 3 years and a sigmoidoscopy within the past 5 years. _FOBTFS is derived from AGE, _HFOB3YR, and _FS5YR
Did have had a Respondents aged 50-75 who have had a sigmoidoscopy within the past 5 years sigmoidoscopy within and a blood stool test within the past 3 years. ( $50<=\mathrm{AGE}<=75$ and _HFOB3YR=1 and the past 5 years and a _FS5YR=1)
blood stool test
within the past 3 years.
Did not receive a Respondents aged 50-75 who have not received a sigmoidoscopy within the past sigmoidoscopy within 5 years or did not receive a blood stool test within the past 3 years ( $50<=$ AGE the past 5 years or did $<=75$ and _HFOB3YR=2 or_FS5YR=2)
not receive a blood
stool test within
Missing or Age less Respondents aged 50-75 with missing responses for _HFOB3YR or _FS5YR, or
than 50 or Age
greater than 75

## SAS Code:

respondents aged less than 50 or respondents aged greater than 75. ( $50<=$ AGE
$<=75$ and _HFOB3YR=missing or _FS5YR=missing or both are missing)
IF $50<=$ AGE <= 75 THEN DO; IF _HFOB3YR=1 AND _FS5YR=1 THEN _FOBTFS=1; ELSE IF _HFOB3YR=2 or _FS5YR=2 THEN _FOBTFS=2; END;

Calculated Variables in the 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File (continued)

## Section 17: Colorectal Cancer Screening

_CRCREC Calculated variable for respondents aged 50-75 who have fully met the USPSTF recommendation. _CRCREC is derived from AGE,_HFOB1YR, _FOBTFS, _COL10YR, _HFOB3YR, HADSIGM3, LASTSIG3
Received one or Respondents age 50-75 that did received one or more of the recommended CRC more of the recommended CRC tests within the recommended time interval ( $50<=\mathrm{AGE}<=75$ and RFBLDS3 $=1$ or _FOBTFS $=1$ or _COL10YR $=1$ or _HFOB3YR=1 AND HADSIGM3=1 AND LASTSIG3 IN tests within the $\quad(1,2,3,4))$ recommended time interval

Did not receive one Respondents age 50-75 that did not receive one or more of the recommended or more of the CRC tests within the recommended time interval ( $50<=\mathrm{AGE}<=75$ and recommended CRC _RFBLDS3=2 AND _FOBTFS=2 AND _COL10YR=2)
tests within the recommended time interval
Missing or Age less Respondents aged 50-75 with missing responses for _HFOB1YR or _FOBTFS than 50 or Age or _COL10YR or _HFOB3YR or HADSIGM3 or LASTSIG3, or respondents
greater than 75 aged less than 50 or respondents aged greater than 75 . $(50<=\mathrm{AGE}<=75$ and _RFBLDS3 $=$ missing or don't know or refused or FOBTFS=missing don't know or refused or _COL10YR=missing don't know or refused or AGE $<50$ or AGE $>75$ )
SAS Code: IF 50 <= AGE <= 75 THEN DO; IF RFBLDS $3=1$ or $\quad$ FOBTFS $=1$ or COL10YR=1 THEN _CRCREC=1; ELSE IF _RFBLDS3 $=\overline{2}$ AND _FOBTFS $=2$ AND _COLIOYR= $\overline{2}$ THEN _CRCREC=2; ELSE IF ${ }^{-}$-HFOB3YR=1 AND ${ }^{\text {HADSIGM3=1 }}$ AND $\operatorname{LASTSIG3}$ IN (1, $\overline{2}, 3,4$ ) THEN _CRCREC=1;
END;

## Section 18: HIV/AIDS

_AIDTST3 Calculated variable for adults who have ever been tested for HIV. _AIDTST3 is derived from HIVTST6.

Yes Respondents who reported to having been tested for HIV. (HIVTST6=1)
No Respondents who did not report having been tested for HIV. (HIVTST6=2)
Don't know/ Not Respondents who reported they did not know if they had been tested for HIV, or Sure/ Refused those who refused to answer if they had been tested for HIV. (HIVTST6=7,9)
Not asked or missing Respondents with missing responses for HIVTST6. (HIVTST6=missing)
SAS Code:

```
IF HIVTST6=1 THEN _AIDTST3=1;
    ELSE IF HIVTST6=2 THEN _AIDTST3=2;
    ELSE IF HIVTST6 IN (7,9) THEN _AIDTST3=9;
    ELSE IF HIVTST6=. THEN _AIDTST\overline{3}=.;
```

List of all calculated variables in the 2014 data set.

DRNKANY5
DROCDY3_
HTIN4
HTM4
WTKG3
_AGE80
_AGE65YR
_AGEG5YR
_AGE_G
_AIDTST3
_ALTETH2
_ASTHMS1
_BMI5
_BMI5CAT
_CASTHM1
_CHLDCNT
_CLLCPWT
_COL10YR
_CRCREC
_DENVST2
_DRDXAR1
_DRNKDY4
_DRNKMO4
_DUALCOR
_DUALUSE
_EDUCAG
_EXTETH2
_FLSHOT6
_FOBTFS
_FS5YR
_HCVU651
_HFOB3YR
_HISPANC
_IMPEDUC
_IMPHOME
_IMPMRTL
_IMPNPH
_IMPRACE
_INCOMG
_LTASTH1
_MAM5021
_MAM502Y
_MRACE1
_PNEUMO2
_PRACE1
_RACE
_RACEG21
_RACEGR3
_RACE_G1
_RAWRAKE
_RFBING5
_RFBLDS2
_RFBLDS3
_RFBMI5
_RFDRHV4
_RFDRMN4
_RFDRWM4
_RFHLTH
_RFMAM2Y
_RFPAP32
_RFPAP33
_RFPSA21
_RFSEAT2
_RFSEAT3
_RFSIGM2
_RFSMOK3
_SMOKER3
_TOTINDA

