

Evaluation of Decontaminated N95 Respirators

Date Tested: 12/4/2020 – 12/7/2020 **Respirator Model(s):** Moldex 1513 Large

Tests: Filtration with NaCl (modified version of STP-0059), Manikin Fit Factor with Static Advanced Headform, and Strap

Integrity with Tensile Testing

Decontamination Method: UV-C germicidal irradiation, with a UV-C dose > 2 J/cm² for 1 minute per cycle.

Decontamination Cycles: 20 cycles

While decontamination and reuse of FFRs are not consistent with standard and approved usage, these options may need to be considered when FFR shortages exist. This assessment was developed to quantify the filtration efficiency and manikin fit factor¹ of an N95 respirator that has been decontaminated. This assessment is not to determine the effectiveness of the decontamination procedure at killing pathogenic microorganisms. The results provided in this report are specific to the subset of samples that were provided to NPPTL for evaluation. These results may be used to update the CDC guidance for Crisis Capacity Strategies (during known shortages).

Twenty respirators that were unworn and not subjected to any pathogenic microorganisms were submitted for evaluation. This included 15 respirators that were subjected to 20 cycles of the UV-C irradiation decontamination process and an additional 5 respirators that served as controls. Figure 1 photos document the procedures used. The samples were tested using a modified version of the NIOSH Standard Test Procedure (STP) TEB-APR-STP-0059 to determine particulate filtration efficiency. The TSI, Inc. model 8130 using sodium chloride aerosol was used for the filtration evaluation. For the laboratory fit evaluation, a static manikin headform was used to quantify changes in manikin fit factor. The TSI, Inc. PortaCount® PRO+ 8038 in "N95 Enabled" mode was used for this evaluation. Additionally, tensile strength testing of the straps was performed to determine changes in strap integrity. The Instron® 5943 Tensile Tester was used for this evaluation. The full assessment plan can be found here.

Filtration Efficiency Results: The minimum and maximum filter efficiencies were 98.38% and 99.97%, respectively. All respirators measured efficiencies more than 95%. See Table 1.

Manikin Fit Factor Results: The manikin fit factor showed passing fit factors (≥ 100) for all controls and four out of five treated respirators evaluated. See Table 2.

Strap Integrity Results: The top straps showed a 3.27% decrease in recorded force and the bottom straps showed a 3.13% decrease in force. See Table 3.

Other notes: Treated sample 14's foam nosepiece was beginning to detach from the respirator, exposing the inside of the respirator to the ambient particle concentration during manikin fit testing. This observation can be seen in Figure 1A.

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¹The American Industrial Hygiene Association defines the Manikin Fit Factor as "An expression related to the amount of leakage measured through the face or neck seal of a respirator mounted to a manikin under specified airflow and environmental conditions. If the challenge to the seal is an airborne substance, it is the ratio of its airborne concentration outside the respirator divided by the concentration that enters the respirator through the seal. If the challenge is airflow or air pressure, conditions and assumptions for quantifying leakage must be specified. Leakage from other sources (e.g., air purifying elements) must be essentially zero. The respirator may be mounted to the manikin without sealants; be partially sealed to the manikin; or be sealed to the manikin with artificially induced leaks."

Figure 1: Sample Observations

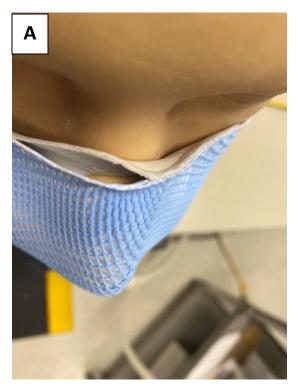


Fig. 1A. Treated Sample 14 Foam Nosepiece

Figure 2. Laboratory Test Photos





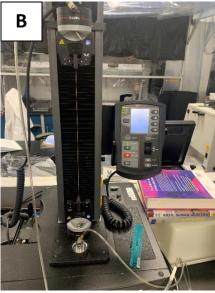


Fig. 2B. Instron 5943 Tensile Tester



Fig. 2C. TSI 8130 Filter Tester

Table 1. Filter Efficiency Evaluation

Respirator Model, Decon Method, # of cycles	Treated Sample #	Flow Rate (Lpm)	Initial Filter Resistance (mmH₂O)	Initial Percent Leakage (%)	Maximum Percent Leakage (%)	Filter Efficiency (%)
	Control 1	85	9.1	0.870	0.870	99.13
Moldex 1513 Large, Controls	Control 2	85	9.9	1.310	1.310	98.69
	Control 3	85	10.3	0.749	0.891	99.11
Moldex 1513 Large, UV-C Irradiation, 20 cycles	1	85	9.8	0.642	0.700	99.30
	2	85	10.9	0.720	0.720	99.28
	3	85	9.9	0.698	0.698	99.30
	4	85	10.3	0.667	0.675	99.33
	5	85	9.5	1.620	1.620	98.38
	6	85	10.1	0.423	0.423	99.58
Min Fil Eff: 98.38%	7	85	24.1	0.280	0.028	99.97
Max Fil Eff: 99.97%	8	85	10.1	0.769	0.785	99.22
	9	85	10.1	0.569	0.569	99.43
	10	85	10.3	0.444	0.444	99.56

Notes:

• The test method utilized in this assessment is not the NIOSH standard test procedure that is used for certification of respirators. Respirators assessed to this modified test plan do not necessarily meet the requirements of STP-0059, and therefore cannot be considered equivalent to N95 respirators that were tested to STP-0059.

Table 2. Manikin Fit Evaluation

Manikin Fit Factor of Decontaminated N95s								
Respirator Model, Decon Method, # of cycles	Treated Sample #	mFF Normal Breathing 1	mFF Deep Breathing	mFF Normal Breathing 2	Overall Manikin Fit Factor			
Moldex 1513 Large, Controls	Control 4	154	87	96	106			
	Control 5	200+	200+	200+	200+			
Moldex 1513 Large, UV-C Irradiation, 20 cycles Static Advanced Large Headform (Lunar Studios)	11	200+	200+	200+	200+			
	12	193	93	139	129			
	13	200+	192	157	181			
	14	19	14	14	16			
	15	194	200+	185	193			

Notes:

- Per OSHA 1910.134(f)(7), if the fit factor as determined through an OSHA-accepted quantitative fit testing protocol is equal to or greater than 100 for tight-fitting half facepieces, then the fit test has been passed for that respirator.
- This assessment does not include fit testing of people and only uses two exercises (normal and deep breathing) on a manikin headform.
- This assessment is a laboratory evaluation using a manikin headform and varies greatly from the OSHA individual fit test. This headform testing only includes normal breathing and deep breathing on a stationary (non-moving) headform; therefore, fit results from this assessment cannot be directly translated to using the standard OSHA-accepted test. Instead, this testing provides an indication of the change in fit performance (if any) associated with the decontamination of respirators.
- **BOLD** overall manikin fit factors < 100.

Table 3. Strap Integrity Evaluation

Tensile Force in Respirator Straps of Decontaminated N95s								
(recorded force values are at 150% strain)								
Respirator Model, Decon Method, # of cycles	Straps from Treated Sample #	Force in Top Strap (N)	Force in Bottom Strap (N)					
Moldov 1512 Loves Controls	Control 1	3.195	3.106					
	Control 2	3.221	3.237					
Moldex 1513 Large, Controls	Control 3	3.313	3.040					
	Control Strap Average	3.243	3.128					
	1	3.036	2.947					
	2	3.244	3.099					
	3	3.139	3.130					
Moldex 1513 Large, UV-C	4	3.129	2.944					
Irradiation, 20 cycles	Decontaminated Strap Average	3.137	3.030					
	% Change ((Deconned - Controls)/ Controls)	-3.27%	-3.13%					